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1. What unit is sample rate measured in?
 - A. Bits per second (bps)
 - B. Hertz (Hz)
 - C. Megabits per second (Mbps)
 - D. Decibels (dB)

2. Which of the following is true if you increase the sample rate? (more than one should be selected)
 - A. Better quality of recording
 - B. Needs greater storage space
 - C. Larger file size
 - D. Decrease in quality

3. What sample rate is used for CD quality sound?
 - A. 44,100 Hz
 - B. 88,200 Hz
 - C. 22,100 Hz

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4. What is a sampling rate?
 - A. The number of samples taken per second
 - B. The number of bits per second needed to store sound
 - C. The number of different volume levels per second
 - D. The highest frequency in the sound file
5. The higher the resolution, the _____ the file size.
 - A. Smaller
 - B. Larger
6. Define the term 'bit depth'.
 - A. Snapshots of sound are taken as the wave cannot be represented as a series of continuous changes.
 - B. The number of samples taken each second
 - C. The number of bits used per second of audio
 - D. The number of bits available to record each sample

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7. The resolution of a sound file is the same as...
- A. its bit depth
 - B. its bit rate
 - C. its highest frequency
 - D. its sample rate
8. If a CD uses a bit depth of 16 bits, how many different levels of amplitude are available for each sample recording?
- A. $2^{16} = 65,536$ different levels
 - B. 16 different levels
 - C. without the sample frequency we can't know
 - D. 16 x the resolution of the file

ملحوظة: تحتاج البحث للإجابة على هذا السؤال