

#Tower of Hanoi

```
def tower_of_hanoi(n, source, auxiliary, target):  
    if n == 1:  
        print(f"Move disk 1 from {source} to {target}")  
        return  
    tower_of_hanoi(n - 1, source, target, auxiliary)  
    print(f"Move disk {n} from {source} to {target}")  
    tower_of_hanoi(n - 1, auxiliary, source, target)
```

Get the number of disks from the user

```
n = int(input("Enter the number of disks: "))
```

Ensure the user enters a positive integer

```
if n > 0:  
    tower_of_hanoi(n, 'A', 'B', 'C')  
else:  
    print("Please enter a positive integer for the number of disks.")
```

#BFS

```
from collections import defaultdict
```

```
class Graph:
```

```
    def __init__(self):  
        self.graph = defaultdict(list)
```

```
    def add_edge(self, u, v):  
        self.graph[u].append(v)
```

```
    def bfs(self, start):  
        visited = set()  
        queue = [start]
```

```
        while queue:  
            vertex = queue.pop(0)  
            if vertex not in visited:  
                print(vertex, end=' ')  
                visited.add(vertex)  
                queue.extend([neighbor for neighbor in self.graph[vertex] if neighbor not in visited])
```

Create a graph

```
g = Graph()  
g.add_edge(0, 1)  
g.add_edge(0, 2)  
g.add_edge(1, 2)  
g.add_edge(2, 0)  
g.add_edge(2, 3)  
g.add_edge(3, 3)
```

```
# Get the start vertex from the user
start_vertex = int(input("Enter the start vertex: "))

# Perform BFS from the user-specified start vertex
print("Breadth-First Traversal (starting from vertex", start_vertex, "):")
g.bfs(start_vertex)
```

#DFS

```
from collections import defaultdict
```

```
class Graph:
```

```
    def __init__(self):
        self.graph = defaultdict(list)
```

```
    def add_edge(self, u, v):
        self.graph[u].append(v)
```

```
    def dfs(self, vertex, visited):
        visited.add(vertex)
        print(vertex, end=' ')
```

```
        for neighbor in self.graph[vertex]:
            if neighbor not in visited:
                self.dfs(neighbor, visited)
```

```
# Example usage:
```

```
g = Graph()
g.add_edge(0, 1)
g.add_edge(0, 2)
g.add_edge(1, 2)
g.add_edge(2, 0)
g.add_edge(2, 3)
g.add_edge(3, 3)
```

```
# Get the start vertex from the user
start_vertex = int(input("Enter the start vertex: "))
print("Depth-First Traversal (starting from vertex", start_vertex, "):")
visited = set()
g.dfs(start_vertex, visited)
```

#Salesman Pblm

```
def take_input():
    global n, cost
    n = int(input("Enter the number of nodes: "))
    cost = 0
    ary = []
```

```

completed = [0] * n

print("\nEnter the Cost Matrix:")

for i in range(n):
    row = list(map(int, input().split()))
    ary.append(row)
    completed[i] = 0

return ary, completed

def min_cost(city):
    global cost
    completed[city] = 1
    print(city + 1, end=" ---> ")
    ncity = least(city)

    if ncity == 999:
        ncity = 0
        print(ncity + 1, end=" ---> ")
        cost += ary[city][ncity]
        return

    min_cost(ncity)

def least(c):
    global cost
    nc = 999
    kmin = 999
    i = 0
    min = 999

    for i in range(n):
        if ary[c][i] != 0 and completed[i] == 0:
            if ary[c][i] + ary[i][c] < min:
                min = ary[c][i] + ary[i][c]
                kmin = ary[c][i]
                nc = i

    if min != 999:
        cost += kmin

    return nc
4

ary, completed = take_input()

print("\n\nThe Path is:")
min_cost(0) # passing 0 because it's the starting vertex

print("\n\nMinimum cost is", cost)

```

```

#Create and Load dataset and calculate mn,me,md,v,sd
import pandas as pd
data= {'Name': ['Jai','Princi','Gaurav','Anju','Ravi','Natasha','Riya'],
      'Age': [17,17,18,17,18,17,17],
      'Gender': ['M','F','M','M','M','F','F'],
      'Marks': [90,76,'NaN',74,65,'NaN',71]}

```

```

df =pd.DataFrame(data)
df
df = pd.read_csv('1.car driving risk analysis.csv')
df
df.head()
df.tail()

```

```

#calculation part
import csv
import random
import statistics

# Create a CSV file with random data
with open('dataset.csv', 'w', newline='') as csvfile:
    csv_writer = csv.writer(csvfile)
    csv_writer.writerow(['Value']) # Write the header

    for _ in range(100):
        value = random.randint(1, 100)
        csv_writer.writerow([value])

```

```

data = []
with open('dataset.csv', 'r') as csvfile:
    csv_reader = csv.DictReader(csvfile)
    for row in csv_reader:
        data.append(int(row['Value']))

    df = pd.read_csv('dataset.csv')
# Calculate statistics
mean = statistics.mean(data)
median = statistics.median(data)
mode = statistics.mode(data)
variance = statistics.variance(data)
stdev = statistics.stdev(data)

```

```

# Print the results
print(f"Mean: {mean}")
print(f"Median: {median}")
print(f"Mode: {mode}")
print(f"Variance: {variance}")
print(f"Standard Deviation: {stdev}")

```

```

#Regression
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
df=pd.read_csv('1.car driving risk analysis.csv')
df
x=df[['speed']] #only 3rd bracket,,two dimension for input means independent variable
y=df['risk'] #only 3rd bracket,,one dimension for output means dependent variable
plt.scatter(df['speed'],df['risk'])

```

```

plt.xlabel('Speed of Car')
plt.ylabel('Risk on driving')
plt.title('Car driving speed risk')
xtest
xtest
ytrain
ytest
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
reg=LinearRegression()
reg.fit(xtrain,ytrain)
LinearRegression()
reg.predict(xtest) #compare with ytest
plt.scatter(df['speed'],df['risk'],marker='*',color='red')
plt.xlabel('Speed of Car')
plt.ylabel('Risk on driving')
plt.title('Car driving speed risk')
plt.plot(df.speed,reg.predict(df[['speed']]))
reg.predict([[180]])
reg.coef_

```

```

#Find S
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
df= pd.read_csv('S algorithm.csv')
x = np.array(df)[:,-1] #ignore enjoy spot because it's dependent variable
y = np.array(df)[:,-1] #take only last column,it's dependent variable
def train(ind,dep):          #ind=independent,dep=dependent
    for i,val in enumerate(dep):      #i=index:0,1,2,3 /val=yes
        if val =='yes':
            specific= ind[i].copy()
            break
    for i, val in enumerate(ind):      #i=0(index),val=['sunny' 'warm' 'normal' 'strong' 'warm' 'same']
        #print(i)
        #print(val)
        if dep[i]=='yes':
            for j in range(len(specific)):
                if val[j] !=specific[j]:
                    specific[j]='?'
            else:
                pass
    return specific
result=train(x,y)
result
day=input("Enter 6 word to check: ")
day=day.split()
check=True
for i in range(len(result)):
    if result[i]=='?' or result[i]==day[i]:
        check=True;
    else:
        check=False;

```

```
        break;
if check:
    print("Enjoy spot")
else:
    print("Not Enjoy")
```

```
#SVM
```

```
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.svm import SVC
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, classification_report, confusion_matrix
```

```
# Load the dataset
data = pd.read_csv('Social_Network_Ads.csv')
```

```
# Select features and target variable
X = data.iloc[:, [0, 1]].values # Assuming columns 'Age' and 'EstimatedSalary' are the relevant features
y = data.iloc[:, 2].values # Assuming column 'Purchased' is the target variable
```

```
# Split the dataset into training and testing sets
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
```

```
# Feature scaling (important for SVM)
scaler = StandardScaler()
X_train = scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
X_test = scaler.transform(X_test)
```

```
# Create and train the SVM model
svm_classifier = SVC(kernel='linear', random_state=42)
svm_classifier.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
# Predict on the test set
y_pred = svm_classifier.predict(X_test)
```

```
# Evaluate the model
accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
confusion = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
report = classification_report(y_test, y_pred)
```

```
print(f'Accuracy: {accuracy}')
print('Confusion Matrix:')
print(confusion)
print('Classification Report:')
print(report)
```