Experiment Name: Write HTML code for following table and design it your own choice using CSS.

	Average		Red
	height	weight	eyes
Males	1.9	0.003	40%
Females	1.7	0.002	43%

Objective:

To create a test table with merged cells and style it using CSS.

Theory:

HTML tables are created using the , , and tags. The tag is used to define the start and end of the table. The tag is used to define a row in the table, and the tag is used to define a cell in a row.

To merge cells in a table, you can use the colspan and rowspan attributes. The colspan attribute specifies the number of columns that the cell should span, and the rowspan attribute specifies the number of rows that the cell should span.

CSS Design:

The CSS design for the table is simple, but effective. It uses a border-collapse model to collapse the borders between the table cells, and it sets the width of the table to 100% so that it will fill the width of the container element.

The header row of the table has a light gray background color and the text is centered. The merged cell in the header row has a text alignment of center as well. The table body rows have a black border on all sides and the text is left-aligned.

```
<style>
    table,tr,td,th{
       border: 2px solid black;
       border-collapse: collapse;
      width: 30%;
       text-align: center;
  </style>
</head>
<body>
  <center><h2> <i> A test table with merged cells</i></h2></center>
 <center>
   <br> 
   Average 
   Red eyes 
 height
   weight
 Male
  1.9
   0.003
   40%
 Female
  1.7
  0.002
   43%
</center>
</body>
</html>
```

A test table with merged cells

	Average		
	height	weight	eyes
Male	1.9	0.003	40%
Female	1.7	0.002	43%

Experiment Name: Create a web page for internal links; when the user clicks on different links on the webpage it should go to the appropriate locations/sections in the same page and display different order list.

Objective

The objective of this lab is to design and implement a web page with internal links, allowing users to navigate to specific sections within the same page. Each section will contain a different ordered list, offering a seamless and organized browsing experience.

Theory

Internal Links

Internal links, also known as anchor links, enable users to jump to specific parts of the same web page. These links use HTML anchor tags with unique IDs to connect different sections of content within the page.

Ordered Lists

Ordered lists in HTML are used to present items in a specific sequence. They are created using the (ordered list) tag and include list items defined by the (list item) tag. The 'start' attribute can specify the starting number for the ordered list.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Document</title>
  <link href='https://unpkg.com/boxicons@2.1.4/css/boxicons.min.css' rel='stylesheet'>
  <link rel="stylesheet" href="style.css">
  <style>
    /* Style for the navigation links */
    #nav {
        text-align: center;
        margin: 20px;
    }
    #nav a {
        text-decoration: none;
        margin: 10px;
```

```
/* Style for the ordered lists */
  #list1, #list2, #list3 {
     display: none;
   }
  /* Style for the visible ordered list */
  #list1.active, #list2.active, #list3.active {
     display: block;
  }
</style>
</head>
<body>
  <div id="nav">
    <a href="#home">Section 1</a>
    <a href="#services">Section 2</a>
    <a href="#portfolio">Section 3</a>
    <a href="#about">Section 4</a>
    <a href="#contact">Contact 5</a>
   </div>
 </header>
 <section class="home" id="home">
   <div class="home-content">
      <h2>Section 1</h2>
      Item 1
        Item 2
        Item 3
        Item 1
        Item 2
        Item 3
        Item 1
        Item 2
        Item 3
     </div>
 </section>
 <!-- services section design -->
<section class="services" id="services">
 <div>
   <h2>Section 2</h2>
   Item 1
     Item 2
      Item 3
     Item 1
     Item 2
```

```
Item 3
   Item 1
   Item 2
   Item 3
 </div>
</section>
<!-- portfolio design -->
<section class="portfolio" id="portfolio">
<div>
   <h2>Section 3</h2>
    Item 1
      Item 2
      Item 3
      Item 1
      Item 2
      Item 3
      Item 1
      Item 2
      Item 3
   </div>
</section>
<!-- About Sectiton Design -->
<section class="about" id="about">
  <div>
   <h2>Section 4</h2>
    Item 1
      Item 2
      Item 3
      Item 1
      Item 2
      Item 3
      Item 1
      Item 2
      Item 3
   </div>
</section>
<!-- Form Section Design -->
<section class="contact" id="contact">
  <div>
   <h2>Section 5</h2>
```

```
Item 1
      Item 2
      Item 3
      Item 1
      Item 2
      Item 3
      Item 1
      Item 2
      Item 3
     </div>
</section>
</body>
</html>
```

	Section 1	Section 2 Section 3	Section 4 Sec	etion 5	Section 2
Section 1					
					1. Item 1
1. Item 1					2. Item 2
2. Item 2					
3. Item 3					3. Item 3
4. Item 1					4. Item 1
5. Item 2					5. Item 2
6. Item 3					
7. Item 1					6. Item 3
8. Item 2					7. Item 1
9. Item 3					
					8. Item 2
					9. Item 3

9. Item 3

Section 3

- 1. Item 1 2. Item 2 3. Item 3 4. Item 1 5. Item 2 6. Item 3 7. Item 1 8. Item 2 9. Item 3
- **Section 4** 1. Item 1 1. Item 1 2. Item 2 2. Item 2 3. Item 3 3. Item 3 4. Item 1 4. Item 1 5. Item 2 5. Item 2 6. Item 3 6. Item 3 7. Item 1 7. Item 1 8. Item 2 8. Item 2

Section 5

9. Item 3

Experiment Name: Write HTML code for the following picture: i) Alignment text level and text box using CSS and ii) Connect this form into database using PHP.

Objective

The objective of this experiment is to create a web form with aligned text and text boxes using HTML and CSS for a visually pleasing user interface. Additionally, we aim to connect this form to a database using PHP to store user-submitted data securely.

Theory

Part I: HTML and CSS for Form Design

HTML (Hypertext Markup Language) is used for structuring web content, while CSS (Cascading Style Sheets) is used for styling and formatting web content. In this experiment, we will design a user-friendly form using HTML and CSS, allowing users to input their information.

Part II: Connecting to a Database with PHP

PHP (Hypertext Preprocessor) is a server-side scripting language used for creating dynamic web applications. We will use PHP to process the form data and store it in a database. Database integration is crucial for persistently storing and managing user information.

Materials

```
Text editor (Visual Studio Code)
Web server (XAMPP)
```

```
<?php
    $connect=mysqli_connect("localhost","root","","personal_info");
//require();
//Insert start
if(isset($_POST["insert"]))
{

    $first_name=$_POST["first_name"];
    $email=$_POST["email"];
    $password=$_POST["password"];</pre>
```

```
$gender=$_POST["gender"];
   $insert="insert into information1(First_Name,Email,Password,Gender)
values('$first_name','$email', '$password','$gender')";
   $result=mysqli_query($connect,$insert);
   if($result==1)
   {
      echo"Successfully insert a record!";
   }
   else
   {
      echo"Unsuccess";
   }
} //Insert end
?>
<html>
<head>
   <title>Personal Details</title>
   <style type="text/css">
      body{
          text-align: center;
         font-size: 25px;
      }
      input{
          font-size: 20px;
      }
      table
          margin: auto;
          font-size: 20px;
      }
   </style>
</head>
<body>
   <h2>Information Form </h2>
<form method="post"action="">
>
         First Name
      <input type="text" name="first_name" required>
       Email
         <input type="text" name="email" required>
       Password
         <input type="text" name="password">
```

Successfully insert a record!

Information Form

Information Form

First Name	Md Rashedul Islam		
Email	rashedulislam6256@gmail.c		
Password	•••••		
Gender	● Male ○ Female		
Submit			

First Name	
Email	
Password	
Gender	Male ○ Female
Submit	

First_Name	Email	Password
Md Rashedul	rashedulislam.200613@s.pust.ac.bd	01780340222@Rr
Md Rashedul	rashedulislam6256@gmail.com	01780340222
Amina khatun	aminakhatun251200@gmail.com	01780340222
Md Rashedul Islam	rashedulislam.200613@s.pust.ac.bd	01780340222
Md Rashedul Islam	rashedulislam6256@gmail.com	01780340222

Experiment Name: Write *JavaScript* to validate the following fields of the above registration page.

- i) Name (Name should contains alphabets and the length should not be less than 6characters).
- ii) Password (Password should not be less than 6 characters length).
- iii) E-mail id (should not contain any invalid and must follow the standard patternname@domain.com)
- iv) Phone number (Phone number should contain 10 digits only).

Objective

- To know about javascript function.
- To know about validation of name, email, number and password.
- To know about condition operator in javascript.

Theory

In this problem The validateForm() function is called when the form is submitted. It performs the following validations:

The name field should not be empty and should contain only alphabets with length not less than 6 characters.

The email field should not be empty and should match the standard email pattern.

The phone number field should not be empty and should contain 10 digits only.

The password field should not be empty and should have length not less than 6 characters.

If any of the validations fail, an alert message is displayed and the form submission is prevented. If all the validations pass, a success message is displayed and the form is submitted.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
    <title>Personal Details</title>
    <style type="text/css">
        body {
            text-align: center;
            font-size: 25px;
        }
```

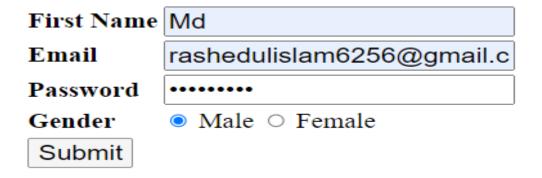
```
input {
          font-size: 20px;
      }
      table {
          margin: auto;
          font-size: 20px;
      }
   </style>
</head>
<body>
   <h2>Information Form</h2>
   <form method="post" action="" onsubmit="return validateForm()">
      First Name
                 <input type="text" name="first_name" required>
             Email
                 <input type="text" name="email" id="email" required>
             Password
                 <input type="password" name="password" id="password">
             Gender
                 <input type="radio" name="gender" value="Male" checked> Male
                    <input type="radio" name="gender" value="Female"> Female
                 >
                    <input type="submit" name="insert" value="Submit">
                 </form>
      <script>
          function validateForm() {
             var name = document.getElementsByName("first_name")[0].value;
             var email = document.getElementById("email").value;
             var password = document.getElementById("password").value;
             // Validate Name
             if (name.length < 6 || !/^[a-zA-Z ]+$/.test(name)) {</pre>
                 alert("Name should contain alphabets and be at least 6 characters
long.");
                 return false;
```

```
}
                // Validate Password
                if (password.length < 6) {</pre>
                    alert("Password should be at least 6 characters long.");
                    return false;
                }
                // Validate Email
                var emailPattern = /^[a-zA-Z0-9._%+-]+@[a-zA-Z0-9.-]+\.[a-zA-Z]{2,4}$/;
                if (!email.match(emailPattern)) {
                    alert("Invalid email address. Please use a valid email pattern (e.g.,
name@domain.com).");
                    return false;
                }
                return true;
        </script>
    </body>
</html>
```

This page says

Name should contain alphabets and be at least 6 characters long.





Experiment Name: Write HTML code to create a frameset with two vertical frames: the first frame is 250 pixelswide. Fill the first frame (left _vertical) with links of *ice.html* and *it.html*. Second frame further divided into two horizontal frames(400px,350px). Fill the Top frame (right_top) with *ice.html* and Bottom (right_bottom) with *it.html*

Objective:

- To divide webpage into multiple sections
- To display multiple web pages simultaneously
- To reduce page loading time

Theory:

HTML frames are a deprecated feature that allow you to divide a web page into multiple sections or frames, each of which can contain a separate HTML document. Each frame is defined by a separate <frame> element, and all of the frames are defined within a <frameset> element.

```
//Frameset.html code:
                                                      //ice.html code:
<!DOCTYPE html>
                                                      <!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
                                                      <html lang="en">
<head>
                                                      <head>
 <title>Frameset Example</title>
                                                          <meta charset="UTF-8">
</head>
<frameset cols="250,*,*">
                                                          <meta name="viewport"</pre>
                                                      content="width=device-width, initial-
 <!-- Left Vertical Frame -->
 <frame name="left_vertical" src="front.html">
                                                      scale=1.0">
  <!-- Right Vertical Frameset (Further Divided) -->
                                                          <title>Document</title>
  <frameset rows="400,350">
                                                      </head>
                                                        This is the technology-based department
    <!-- Right Top Frame -->
                                                      of Pabna University of Science and
    <frame name="right_top" src="b_left.html">
                                                      Technology," it indicates that
                                                          the ICE Department at Pabna University
    <!-- Right Bottom Frame -->
    <frame name="right_bottom" src="b_right.html">
                                                      of Science and Technology is focused on
                                                      technology-related fields,
  </frameset>
                                                            which may include subjects like
  <!-- This is a fallback content for browsers that don't support
                                                      computer science, information technology,
framesets -->
                                                      electronics, and communication
  <noframes>
                                                            engineering.
    <body>
   </body>
                                                      </body>
                                                      </html>
 </noframes>
</frameset>
</html>
```

//Left frame code:

//it.html code:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <meta name="viewport"</pre>
content="width=device-width, initial-
scale=1.0">
    <title>Document</title>
</head>
<body>
    Information Technology, often
abbreviated as IT, plays a pivotal role in
our modern world. It encompasses
        a wide range of technologies and
practices that enable individuals,
        businesses, organizations, and
governments to handle information
efficiently and effectively.
</body>
</html>
```

Output:

ice.html

Information of ICE

Information of IT

ice.html

This is the technology-based department of Pabna University of Science and Technology," it indicates that the ICE Department at Pabna University of Science and Technology is focused on technology-related fields, which may include subjects like computer science, information technology, electronics, and communication engineering.

Information Technology, often abbreviated as IT, plays a pivotal role in our modern world. It encompasses a wide range of technologies and practices that enable individuals, businesses, organizations, and governments to handle information efficiently and effectively.

Experiment Name: Write JavaScript code using a for loop that will iterate from 0 to 30. For each iteration, it will check if the current number is odd or even and display a message on the screen.

Objective(s):

- To know how using a loop and conditional operator we can determine a number is even or odd within a range
- To know how a loop working in javascript

Theory:

In this problem we developed a script to create a for loop based on the user input. The loop will start from the value entered by the user as the starting point and end at the value entered as the ending point. The loop will iterate over each value between the starting and ending points, and for each value, the script will check if it is even or odd. If the value is even, it will print a message saying so, and if it is odd, it will print a message saying so. The messages are displayed in the HTML document using the document.write() method. Finally, the script will display the range of the for loop on the HTML page using the innerHTML property of an HTML element with the id of for_loop.

```
listItem.textContent = `${i} is ${i % 2 === 0 ? 'even' : 'odd'}`;
numberList.appendChild(listItem);
}
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

Odd and Even Numbers

- 1 is odd
- 2 is even
- 3 is odd
- 4 is even
- 5 is odd
- 6 is even
- 7 is odd
- 8 is even
- 9 is odd
- 10 is even
- 11 is odd
- 12 is even
- 13 is odd
- 14 is even
- 15 is odd
- 16 is even
- 17 is odd
- 18 is even
- 19 is odd
- 20 is even
- 21 is odd
- 22 is even
- 23 is odd
- 24 is even
- 25 is odd
- 26 is even
- 27 is odd
- 28 is even
- 29 is odd
- 30 is even

Experiment Name: Write a PHP program to calculate Electricity bill in single page for units.

Conditions:

```
For units less 50 — Taka. 3.50/unit

For units 51 to 100 — Taka. 4.00/unit

For units 101 to 200 — Taka. 5.20/unit

For units above 250 — Taka. 6.50/unit
```

Objective:

- To know how to calculate electricity bill in php
- To know how to show calculated value in webpage

Theory:

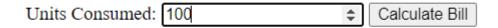
We will learn calculation of electricity bill using php if else conditional operator. The electricity bill's unit is varies based on unit. In this program we will find out the calculated value of electricity bill.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <title>Electricity Bill Calculator</title>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Electricity Bill Calculator</h1>
  <form action="<?php echo $_SERVER['PHP_SELF']; ?>" method="post">
    <label for="units">Units Consumed:</label>
    <input type="number" name="units" id="units">
    <input type="submit" value="Calculate Bill">
  </form>
  <?php
  if (isset($_POST['units'])) {
    $units = $_POST['units'];
    // Calculate the electricity bill based on the number of units consumed.
    $billAmount = 0;
    if ($units <= 50) {</pre>
      $billAmount = $units * 3.50;
    } elseif ($units <= 100) {</pre>
      billAmount = 50 * 3.50 + (units - 50) * 4.00;
```

```
} elseif ($units <= 200) {
    $billAmount = 50 * 3.50 + 50 * 4.00 + ($units - 100) * 5.20;
} else {
    $billAmount = 50 * 3.50 + 50 * 4.00 + 100 * 5.20 + ($units - 200) * 6.50;
}

// Display the calculated electricity bill.
    echo "<h2>Calculated Electricity Bill</h2>";
    echo "Your electricity bill for $units units is Taka $billAmount.";
}
?>
</body>
</html>
```

Electricity Bill Calculator



Calculated Electricity Bill

Your electricity bill for 100 units is Taka 375.

Experiment Name: Write a simple calculator program using PHP in single page. **Operations:** Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, Division.

Objectives:

- To know how to calculate addition in PHP
- To know how to calculate subtraction in PHP
- To know how to calculate multiplication in PHP
- To know how to calculate division in PHP

Theory:

Addition: The addition in PHP program, if we take two variables as x and y then result z = x + y;

Subtraction: The subtraction in PHP program, if we take two variables as x and y then result z = x - y;

Multiplication: The multiplication in PHP program, if we take two variables as x and y then result z = x * y;

Division: The division in PHP program, if we take two variables as x and y then result z = x / y;

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
    <title>Simple Calculator</title>
</head>
<body>
    <h1>Simple Calculator</h1>
    <form method="post" action="">
        <label for="num1">Enter the first number:</label>
        <input type="text" name="num1" id="num1">
        <br>
        <label for="num2">Enter the second number:</label>
        <input type="text" name="num2" id="num2">
        <br>
        <input type="submit" name="operation" value="Addition (+)">
        <input type="submit" name="operation" value="Subtraction (-)">
        <input type="submit" name="operation" value="Multiplication (*)">
        <input type="submit" name="operation" value="Division (/)">
    </form>
```

```
<?php
    if ($_SERVER["REQUEST_METHOD"] == "POST") {
       $num1 = $_POST["num1"];
       num2 = POST["num2"];
       $operation = $_POST["operation"];
       $result = 0;
       switch ($operation) {
           case 'Addition (+)':
               result = num1 + num2;
               break;
           case 'Subtraction (-)':
                result = num1 - num2;
               break;
           case 'Multiplication (*)':
                result = num1 * num2;
               break;
           case 'Division (/)':
               if ($num2 != 0) {
                   $result = $num1 / $num2;
                } else {
                   echo "Division by zero is not allowed.";
                }
                break;
           default:
               echo "Invalid operation selected.";
       }
    Result: <?php echo $result; ?>
    <?php
    }
    ?>
</body>
</html>
```

Simple Calculator

Enter the first number: 10
Enter the second number: 5
Addition (+) Subtraction (-) Multiplication (*) Division (/)
Result: 15

Experiment Name:

A. Solve the following **Task-1** and **Task-2**.

Task-1: Create a database called **Student** in XAMPP MySQL.

Task-2: Create a table called **Semester_Reg** in the **Student** database having the structure as shown below.

Field name	Data type	Requirement	
ID	Number/Text	Mandatory and primary key	
Name	Text	Mandatory	
Session	Text	Must follow the format like 2017-	
		2018	
Phone_No	Text	Optional	
City	Text	For example Pabna	
Gender	Text	Only (Male or Female)	

B. Solve the following **P** marked tasks.

Task 3: Insert some sample data into **Semester_Reg** table using PHP program.

Task 4: Write a PHP program to show the all records of **Semester_Reg** table.

Task 5: Delete single sample data from **Semester_Reg** table using PHP program.

Task 6: Update one sample data of **Semester_Reg** table using PHP program.

Objectives:

- To know how update data in database using php
- To know how delete data in database using php
- To know how insert data in database using php
- To know how create a database.

```
<?php
//$connect=mysqli_connect("localhost","root","","Student");
include("connection.php");
//require();
//Insert start
if(isset($_POST["insert"]))</pre>
```

```
$id =$_POST["id"];
    $name=$_POST["name"];
    $sess=$_POST["session"];
    $phone=$_POST["ph_number"];
    $city=$_POST["city"];
    $gender=$_POST["gender"];
    $insert="insert into semester_reg(ID,Name,Session,Ph_Num,City, Gender)
values('$id','$name','$sess', '$phone', '$city', '$gender')";
    $result=mysqli_query($connect,$insert);
    if($result==1)
    {
        echo"Successfully insert a record!";
    }
    else
    {
        echo"Unsucess";
} //Insert end
//Delete start
if(isset($_POST["delete"]))
{
    $id =$_POST["id"];
    $name=$_POST["name"];
    $sess=$ POST["session"];
    $delete="delete from semester_reg where ID='$id'and Name='$name' and Session='$sess'";
    $result=mysqli_query($connect,$delete);
    if($result==1)
    {
        echo"Successfully delete your record!";
    }
    else
        echo"Unsucess";
} //Delete end
//update start
if(isset($_POST["update"]))
{
    $id = $ POST["id"];
    $name=$_POST["name"];
    $sess=$_POST["session"];
    $phone=$_POST["ph_number"];
    $city=$_POST["city"];
    $gender=$_POST["gender"];
    $insert="update semester_reg set Name='$name',Session='$sess',Ph_Num='$phone',
City='$city',Gender='$gender' where ID='$id'";
    $result=mysqli_query($connect,$insert);
    if($result==1)
    {
        echo"Successfully updated your record!";
```

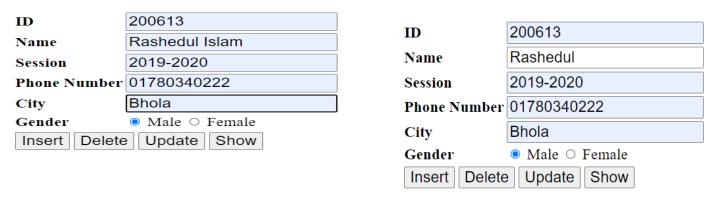
```
}
  else
   {
     echo"Unsucess";
}//update end
//show data start
if(isset($_POST["select"])){
$query="SELECT * FROM semester_reg"; //ORDER BY id ASC";";
$result=mysqli_query($connect,$query);
if($result==true){
  echo "All Registered Students List <br>";
echo "
ID
Name
Session
Phone Number
City
Gender
";
if(mysqli_num_rows($result) > 0)
while($row = mysqli_fetch_array($result))
{
echo "";
echo "" . $row['ID'] ."";
echo "" . $row['Name'] . "";
echo "" . $row['Session'] . "";
echo "" . $row['Ph_Num'] . "";
echo "" . $row['City'] . "";
echo "" . $row['Gender'] . "";
echo "";
}
echo "";
} else
{
  echo "No record found!";
}
}
//end of show data
?>
<html>
<head>
   <title>Student Registration Form</title>
   <style type="text/css">
     body{
```

```
text-align: center;
        font-size: 25px;
      }
      input{
        font-size: 20px;
      }
      table
         margin: auto;
         font-size: 20px;
      }
   </style>
</head>
<body>
   <h2>Student's Registration Form </h2>
<form method="post"action="">
ID
        <input type="text" name="id" required>
      Name
      <input type="text" name="name" required>
      Session
        <input type="text" name="session" required>
      Phone Number
        <input type="text" name="ph_number">
      City
        <input type="text" name="city" value="" >
      Gender
        <input type="radio" name="gender" value="Male" checked> Male
            <input type="radio" name="gender" value="Female"> Female
         <input type="submit" name="insert" value="Insert">
            <input type="submit" name="delete" value="Delete">
            <input type="submit" name="update" value="Update">
            <input type="submit" name="select" value="Show">
```

Successfully insert a record!

Successfully updated your record!

Student's Registration Form Student's Registration Form



Successfully delete your record!

Student's Registration Form

ID	200613		
Name	Rashedul Islam		
Session	2019-2020		
Phone Number	01780340222		
City	Bhola		
Gender Male Female			
Insert Delete Update Show			

All Registered Students List

ID	Name	Session	Phone Number	City	Gender
200613	Rashedul Islam	2019-2020	01780340222	Barisal	Male
200613	Rashedul Islam	2019-2020	01780340222	Bhola	Male

Experiment Name:

A. Solve the following Task-1 and Task-2.

Task-1: Create a database called Programmer- in XAMPP MySQL.

Task-2: Create a table called **Stu_Reg** in the **Programmer** database having the structure as shown below.

Field name	Data type	Requirement
ID	Varchar (30)	Mandatory and primary
		key
Name	Text	Optional
Image	Varchar(400)	Optional
Password	Number/ Varchar	Mandatory
	(20)	

B. Solve the following **P** marked tasks.

Task 3: Insert some sample data into **Stu_Reg** table including an encryption algorithm to secure the password.

Task 4: Write a PHP program to show the all records of Stu_Reg table.

Task 5: Delete single sample record from **Stu_Reg** table using PHP program.

Objectives:

- To know how delete data in database using php
- To know how insert data in database with image using php
- To know how create a database.

```
<?php
$connect=mysqli_connect("localhost","root","","Programmer");
//Insert start
if(isset($_POST["insert"]))
{
    $id =$_POST["id"];
    $name=$_POST["name"];
    //image
    $img=$_FILES["img"]["name"];
    // $extention=pathinfo($img,PATHINFO_EXTENSION); Use to rename the image
    // $img_new_name=$id.'.'.$extention;
    $password=$_POST["password"];
    //encrypt your password
    $pass = md5($password);
    //echo $password;</pre>
```

```
$insert="INSERT INTO Stu_Reg(ID,Name,Image,Password) VALUES
('$id','$name','images/$img', '$pass')";
   $result=mysqli_query($connect,$insert);
//upload image
       move_uploaded_file($_FILES['img']['tmp_name'], "images/" .
$_FILES['img']['name']);
   if($result==1)
   {
       echo"Successfully insert your record!";
   else
   {
       echo"Unsucess";
} //insert End
//delete start
if(isset($_POST['delete']))
    {
   $id = $ POST['id'];
   $password = $_POST['password'];
    $pass=md5($password);
    $query="SELECT * FROM Stu_Reg where ID = '$id' and Password='$pass'";
        $result=mysqli query($connect,$query);
        $row = mysqli_fetch_array($result);
  $query = "DELETE FROM Stu_Reg where ID = '$id' and Password='$pass'";
  $execute = mysqli_query($connect,$query);
  if($execute)
   {
       //remove image
                $image=$row['Image'];
              unlink("$image");
             echo "Succesfully deleted your record";
   }
  else
echo "Unsucess";
}//delete end
//show data from database
if(isset($_POST["select"])){
$query="SELECT * FROM Stu_Reg"; //ORDER BY id ASC";";
$result=mysqli_query($connect,$query);
if(mysqli_num_rows($result) > 0)
ID
Name
Image
<?php
```

```
while($row = mysqli_fetch_array($result))
{
?>
<?php echo $row['ID']?>
<?php echo $row['Name']?>
 <img width=100px height=80px src="<?php echo
$row['Image']?>">
<?php
?>
<?php
}
else
{
   echo "No Data Found!";
}
}
//end of show database
?>
<html>
<head>
<script>
function change(event)
{
   var output=document.getElementById('image_change');
   output.src=URL.createObjectURL(event.target.files[0]);
}
</script>
<style type="text/css">
   table
   {
       margin: auto;
       font-size: 25px;
       text-align: left;
   }
   input
   {
       font-size: 20px;
       width: 100%;
   }
   button
   {
       width: 100%;
       font-size: 20px;
       background-color: red;
       color: white;
       cursor: pointer;
</style>
</head>
```

```
<body>
  <h1 style="text-align:center;">Programmer Registration Form</h1>
<form method="post" action="" enctype="multipart/form-data">
  ID:
       <input type="text"name="id" required> 
     Name:
        <input type="text"name="name">
     <
       <img id="image_change" src="images/man_icon.jpg"</pre>
           height="160px" width="100%" border="1">
     >
       Image:
       <input type="file" name="img" id="img_id"onchange="change(event)">
     Password:
       <input type="password" name="password" required>
     <button name="select">Show</button>
       N.B. 1. To delete a record inter your ID and Password. <pr>Value
          2. To show all records enter your ID and Password.
       </form></body></html>
```

Programmer Registration Form



N.B. 1. To delete a record inter your ID and Password 2. To show all records enter your ID and Password.