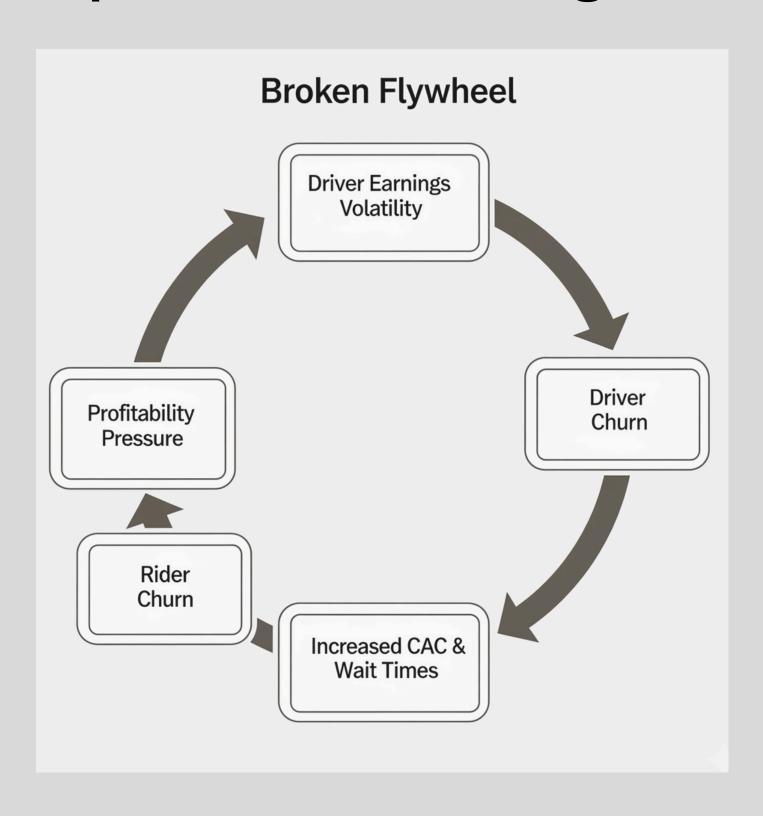
### Case Study: Uber

The Silent Killer of Uber's Business Model Balancing Growth, Profitability & Ecosystem Trust



# Problem Statement Drivers face unpredictable earnings → income instability







#### Market Landscape

#### The Gig Economy Playground

- India → 7.7M gig workers (2024), fastest growing globally
- Uber = category creator, but low switching cost for drivers & riders
- Fierce rivals: Ola, Rapido, inDrive
- Policy pressure: fair pay, benefits, social security rising

#### Uber at a Crossroads

Keep Riders Happy

Cheap rides, unhappy drivers.

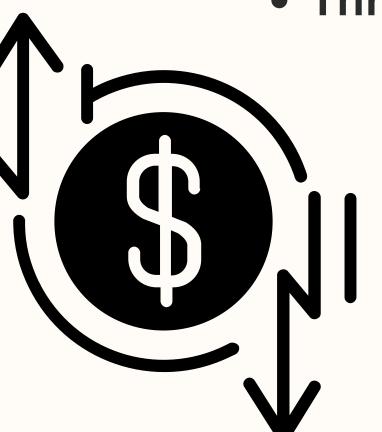


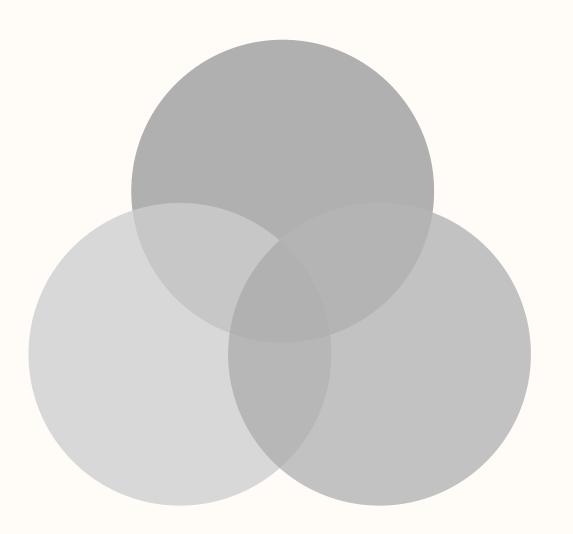
#### **Keep Drivers Happy**

Happy drivers, expensive rides.

## SWOT

- Strengths: Global scale, brand recall, tech-first platform
- Weaknesses: Earnings volatility, low margins, weak loyalty
- Opportunities: Subscription models, flexible work innovation
- Threats: Local rivals, policy crackdowns, bad social reputation

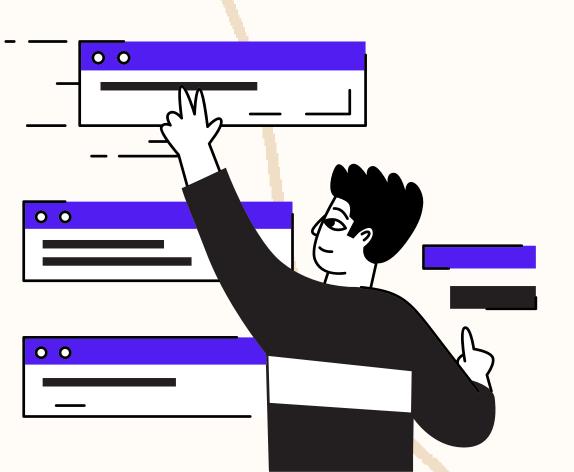




Rewiring the Flywheel

# The 2-Part Formula: Happy Drivers → Happy Riders → Healthy Uber

- Guaranteed Minimum Earnings (GMEH): Stability for drivers
- Smart Incentives Dashboard: Transparency + efficiency



### Guaranteed Minimum Earnings (GMEH)

- Ensures drivers never fall below a baseline income
- Builds trust by reducing earnings volatility
- Encourages part-time/casual drivers to stay active
- Drivers must maintain a minimum acceptance rate (e.g., 80%).
- Rejecting too many rides disqualifies them.
- Uber sets a cap (e.g., ₹300/hr max guarantee).
- Ensures it's a safety net, not a passive income stream.

### Smart Incentives Dashboard

#### **Transparency**

- Real-time demand heatmaps & surge alerts
- Tracks progress toward earnings targets
- Reduces frustration by showing clear rules upfront
- Real-time demand heatmaps & surge alerts → shows exactly where riders are waiting
- Gamification: streaks, badges, and tier progress (Silver → Gold → Platinum drivers)
- Upcoming incentives preview → e.g., "Drive 3 more trips today, earn +₹500"

#### The Domino Effect



## Happy Drivers Happy Riders



#### The Rider Happiness Formula

- Fast pickup: lower wait times because more drivers are online (a result of driver fixes).
- Fewer cancellations: drivers don't drop rides since earnings are fairer.
- Consistent availability: especially in peak hours or tough geographies.
- Value for money: riders perceive Uber as affordable & reliable.

### Uber Happiness Formula

- 1. Stable Supply = Lower Costs
  - Fewer driver churn issues hence less money wasted on bonuses and reacquisition.
- 2. Satisfied Riders = Sticky Demand
  - Higher rider retention.
  - Word-of-mouth and trust improve brand reputation.
  - Lower CAC
- 3. Healthy Marketplace = Profitable Uber
  - Balanced supply-demand reduces surge drama and cancellations.
  - Uber becomes compliant & socially reputable, easier regulatory approvals.

### Campaign Landscape

# Uber will run campaigns for two sides

Rider acquisition & retention



Driver recruitment & engagement



## Rider campaigns measure:

- CTR
- Installs
- Cost per Ride

## Driver campaigns measure:

- Sign-ups
- Active drivers
- Cost per Acquisition

# Campaign Strategy Recommendations Add a subheading

- Optimize spend: shift from low-ROI (FB) → high-ROI (Google/In-App)
- Use segmentation (new vs loyal riders, full-time vs part-time drivers)
- Introduce real-time campaign dashboards for leadership
- Focus on ROI-driven, measurable campaigns → reduce wastage

#### Campaigns in the Uber Flywheel

- Rider campaigns → higher demand inflow
- Driver campaigns → stable supply base
- Balanced campaigns = fewer cancellations, lower CAC
- Campaign strategy + driver incentives → reinforce Uber's marketplace

"Uber's journey teaches us a simple truth: fix the driver, and you fix the rider; fix the rider, and you fix Uber. Data Analysis is about solving the root, not the symptom.

