# **SQL Queries for Pizza Sales**





## A. KPI's

#### 1. Total Revenue

SELECT ROUND((SUM(total\_price)/1000),1) AS Total\_revenue FROM pizza\_sales;

### Output 1:

|   | total_revenue<br>numeric |  |
|---|--------------------------|--|
| 1 | 817.9                    |  |

#### 2. Total Pizzas Sold

#### Output 2:

SELECT ROUND((SUM(quantity)/1000.0),1) AS Total\_pizzas\_sold FROM pizza\_sales;



#### 3. Total Orders

#### Output 3:

SELECT ROUND((COUNT(DISTINCT(order\_id))/1000.0),1) AS Total\_orders FROM pizza\_sales;



## 4. Average Pizzas Per Order

#### Output 4:

SELECT ROUND((SUM(quantity)\*1.0/COUNT(DISTINCT(order\_id))),2) AS Avg\_Pizzas\_Per\_order FROM pizza\_sales;



#### 5. Average Order Value

#### Output 5:

SELECT ROUND((SUM(total\_price)\*1.0/COUNT(DISTINCT(order\_id))),2) AS Avg\_Order\_Value FROM pizza\_sales;



# B. Hourly Trend for Total Pizzas Sold

SELECT date\_part('hour',order\_time) AS Hour\_in, ROUND(SUM(quantity)/1000.0,1) AS pizzas\_sold FROM pizza\_sales GROUP BY date\_part('hour',order\_time) ORDER BY 1;

# Output:

|    | hour_in<br>double precision | pizzas_sold<br>numeric |
|----|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| 1  | 9                           | 0.0                    |
| 2  | 10                          | 0.0                    |
| 3  | 11                          | 2.7                    |
| 4  | 12                          | 6.8                    |
| 5  | 13                          | 6.4                    |
| 6  | 14                          | 3.6                    |
| 7  | 15                          | 3.2                    |
| 8  | 16                          | 4.2                    |
| 9  | 17                          | 5.2                    |
| 10 | 18                          | 5.4                    |
| 11 | 19                          | 4.4                    |
| 12 | 20                          | 3.5                    |
| 13 | 21                          | 2.5                    |
| 14 | 22                          | 1.4                    |
| 15 | 23                          | 0.1                    |

# C. Weekly Trend for Orders

SELECT date\_part('week',order\_date),date\_part('year',order\_date),COUNT(DISTINCT(order\_id))
FROM pizza\_sales GROUP BY date\_part('week',order\_date),date\_part('year',order\_date);

# Output:

|    | date_part double precision | date_part double precision | count<br>bigint |
|----|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| 1  | 1                          | 2015                       | 254             |
| 2  | 2                          | 2015                       | 427             |
| 3  | 3                          | 2015                       | 400             |
| 4  | 4                          | 2015                       | 415             |
| 5  | 5                          | 2015                       | 436             |
| 6  | 6                          | 2015                       | 422             |
| 7  | 7                          | 2015                       | 423             |
| 8  | 8                          | 2015                       | 393             |
| 9  | 9                          | 2015                       | 409             |
| 10 | 10                         | 2015                       | 420             |
| 11 | 11                         | 2015                       | 404             |
| 12 | 12                         | 2015                       | 416             |
| 13 | 13                         | 2015                       | 427             |
| 14 | 14                         | 2015                       | 433             |
| 15 | 15                         | 2015                       | 408             |
| 16 | 16                         | 2015                       | 414             |
| 17 | 17                         | 2015                       | 437             |
| 18 | 18                         | 2015                       | 423             |
| 19 | 19                         | 2015                       | 399             |
| 20 | 20                         | 2015                       | 458             |
| 21 | 21                         | 2015                       | 414             |
| 22 | າາ                         | 2015                       | 200             |

## WITH valuess(week,yr,ord) AS (SELECT

date\_part('week',order\_date),date\_part('year',order\_date),COUNT(DISTINCT(order\_id)) FROM pizza\_sales GROUP BY date\_part('week',order\_date),date\_part('year',order\_date)) SELECT ROUND(SUM(ord)\*1.0/count(week),1) AS avge,MAX(ord) AS max\_ord,MIN(ord) AS min\_ord FROM valuess;

| ' | avge<br>numeric | max_ord bigint | min_ord<br>bigint |
|---|-----------------|----------------|-------------------|
| 1 | 402.8           | 491            | 171               |
|   |                 |                |                   |

# D. % of sales by Pizza Category

SELECT pizza\_category,ROUND(SUM(total\_price)/1000,2) AS Total\_revenue,
CAST(ROUND((SUM(total\_price)/(SELECT SUM(total\_price) FROM pizza\_sales))\*100,2)AS
VARCHAR(10))||'%' AS percent\_of\_sales FROM pizza\_sales GROUP BY pizza\_category;

#### Output:

|   | pizza_category<br>character varying (50) | total_revenue numeric | percent_of_sales text |
|---|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| 1 | Supreme                                  | 208.20                | 25.46%                |
| 2 | Chicken                                  | 195.92                | 23.96%                |
| 3 | Veggie                                   | 193.69                | 23.68%                |
| 4 | Classic                                  | 220.05                | 26.91%                |

# E. % of sales by Pizza Size

SELECT CASE WHEN pizza\_size='M' THEN 'Medium' WHEN pizza\_size='L' THEN 'Large' WHEN pizza\_size='S' THEN 'Small' WHEN pizza\_size='XL' THEN 'X - Large' WHEN pizza\_size='XXL' THEN 'XX - Large' END AS pizza\_size, CAST(ROUND((SUM(total\_price)/(SELECT SUM(total\_price) FROM pizza\_sales))\*100,1)AS VARCHAR(10))||'%' AS percent\_of\_revenue FROM pizza\_sales GROUP BY pizza\_size ORDER BY 2 DESC;

#### Output:

|   | pizza_size text | percent_of_revenue text |
|---|-----------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | Large           | 45.9%                   |
| 2 | Medium          | 30.5%                   |
| 3 | Small           | 21.8%                   |
| 4 | X - Large       | 1.7%                    |
| 5 | XX - Large      | 0.1%                    |

# F. Total Pizzas sold by Pizza category

SELECT pizza\_category,SUM(quantity) AS Total\_Pizzas\_Sold, COUNT(DISTINCT(order\_id)) AS Total\_orders FROM pizza\_sales GROUP BY pizza\_category;

| , | pizza_category<br>character varying (50) | total_pizzas_sold bigint | total_orders<br>bigint |
|---|--|--------------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | Chicken                                  | 11050                    | 8536                   |
| 2 | Classic                                  | 14888                    | 10859                  |
| 3 | Supreme                                  | 11987                    | 9085                   |
| 4 | Veggie                                   | 11649                    | 8941                   |

# G. Top 5 & Bottom 5 Pizzas by Revenue

SELECT pizza\_name,ROUND(SUM(total\_price)/1000.0,2) AS total\_revenue FROM pizza\_sales GROUP BY pizza\_name ORDER BY total\_revenue DESC LIMIT 5;

## Output:

|   | pizza_name<br>character varying (50) | total_revenue numeric |
|---|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1 | The Thai Chicken Pizza               | 43.43                 |
| 2 | The Barbecue Chicke                  | 42.77                 |
| 3 | The California Chicke                | 41.41                 |
| 4 | The Classic Deluxe Pi                | 38.18                 |
| 5 | The Spicy Italian Pizza              | 34.83                 |

SELECT pizza\_name,ROUND(SUM(total\_price)/1000.0,2) AS total\_revenue FROM pizza\_sales GROUP BY pizza\_name ORDER BY total\_revenue ASC LIMIT 5;

## Output:

|   | pizza_name character varying (50) | total_revenue numeric |
|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1 | The Brie Carre Pizza              | 11.59                 |
| 2 | The Green Garden Pizza            | 13.96                 |
| 3 | The Spinach Supreme Pizza         | 15.28                 |
| 4 | The Mediterranean Pizza           | 15.36                 |
| 5 | The Spinach Pesto Pizza           | 15.60                 |

# H. Top 5 & Bottom 5 Pizzas by Quantity

 $SELECT\ pizza\_name, ROUND ((SUM(quantity)/1000.0), 2)\ AS\ total\_quantity\ FROM\ pizza\_sales\ GROUP\ BY\ pizza\_name\ ORDER\ BY\ total\_quantity\ DESC\ LIMIT\ 5;$ 

| · | pizza_name character varying (50) | total_quantity<br>numeric <b>⊕</b> |
|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1 | The Classic Deluxe Pizza          | 2.45                               |
| 2 | The Barbecue Chicken Pi           | 2.43                               |
| 3 | The Pepperoni Pizza               | 2.42                               |
| 4 | The Hawaiian Pizza                | 2.42                               |
| 5 | The Thai Chicken Pizza            | 2.37                               |

SELECT pizza\_name,SUM(quantity) AS total\_quantity FROM pizza\_sales GROUP BY pizza\_name ORDER BY total\_quantity ASC LIMIT 5;

#### Output:

|   | pizza_name<br>character varying (50) | total_quantity bigint |
|---|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1 | The Brie Carre Pizza                 | 490                   |
| 2 | The Mediterranean Pizza              | 934                   |
| 3 | The Calabrese Pizza                  | 937                   |
| 4 | The Spinach Supreme Piz              | 950                   |
| 5 | The Soppressata Pizza                | 961                   |

# I. Top 5 & Bottom 5 Pizzas by Total Orders

SELECT pizza\_name,COUNT(DISTINCT(order\_id)) AS total\_orders FROM pizza\_sales GROUP BY pizza\_name ORDER BY total\_orders DESC LIMIT 5;

### Output:

|   | pizza_name<br>character varying (50) | total_orders<br>bigint |
|---|--------------------------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | The Classic Deluxe Pizza             | 2329                   |
| 2 | The Hawaiian Pizza                   | 2280                   |
| 3 | The Pepperoni Pizza                  | 2278                   |
| 4 | The Barbecue Chicken Pi              | 2273                   |
| 5 | The Thai Chicken Pizza               | 2225                   |

SELECT pizza\_name,COUNT(DISTINCT(order\_id)) AS total\_orders FROM pizza\_sales GROUP BY pizza\_name ORDER BY total\_orders ASC LIMIT 5;

# Output:

|   | pizza_name character varying (50) | total_orders<br>bigint |  |
|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------|--|
| 1 | The Brie Carre Pizza              | 480                    |  |
| 2 | The Mediterranean Pizza           | 912                    |  |
| 3 | The Calabrese Pizza 9             |                        |  |
| 4 | The Spinach Supreme Piz           | 918                    |  |
| 5 | The Chicken Pesto Pizza           | 938                    |  |

# J. Filter\_Check

SELECT ROUND(SUM(quantity)/1000.0,1) AS pizzas\_sold

FROM pizza\_sales WHERE date\_part('hour',order\_time)=18 AND pizza\_category='Chicken';

#### Output:

|   | pizzas_sold<br>numeric |
|---|------------------------|
| 1 | 1.2                    |

# Tableau Report:



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#### WITH valuess(week,yr,ord) AS

(SELECT date\_part('week',order\_date),date\_part('year',order\_date),COUNT(DISTINCT(order\_id))
FROM pizza\_sales WHERE date\_part('hour',order\_time)=18 AND pizza\_category='Chicken' GROUP
BY date\_part('week',order\_date),date\_part('year',order\_date)) SELECT
ROUND(SUM(ord)\*1.0/count(week),1) AS avge,MAX(ord) AS max\_ord,MIN(ord) AS min\_ord FROM valuess;

## Output:

|   | avge<br>numeric | max_ord<br>bigint <b>a</b> | min_ord<br>bigint | ì |
|---|-----------------|----------------------------|-------------------|---|
| 1 | 18.5            | 28                         | 7                 | 7 |

SELECT ROUND((SUM(total\_price)/1000),2) AS Total\_revenue FROM pizza\_sales WHERE date\_part('hour',order\_time)=18 AND pizza\_category='Chicken';

| • | total_revenue numeric |
|---|-----------------------|
| 1 | 21.45                 |