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#### 1. Fins – S algorithm

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
data = pd.read_csv('data.csv')
concepts = np.array(data)[:,:-1]
concepts
target = np.array(data)[:,-1]
target
def train(con, tar):
  for i, val in enumerate(tar):
     if val == 'yes':
        specific_h = con[i].copy()
        break
  for i, val in enumerate(con):
     if tar[i] == 'yes':
        for x in range(len(specific_h)):
           if val[x] != specific_h[x]:
             specific_h[x] = '?'
           else:
             pass
  return specific_h
print(train(concepts, target))
```

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
In [2]: data = pd.read_csv('data.csv')
In [3]: data
Out[3]:
               air temp humidity wind water forecast enjoy sport
         sky
        0 sunny warm
                       normal
                              strong warm same
        1 sunny
                       high
                               strong warm
        2 rainy
                               strong warm change
               cold
                                                 no
                       high
        3 sunny warm
                       high
                              strong cool change
In [4]: concepts = np.array(data)[:,:-1]
In [5]: concepts
In [6]: target = np.array(data)[:,-1]
In [7]: target
Out[7]: array(['yes', 'yes', 'no', 'yes'], dtype=object)
```

Rashmi Dhaduti 1BM18CS080

#### 2. Candidate elimination algorithm

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
data = pd.DataFrame(data=pd.read_csv('enjoysport.csv'))
concepts = np.array(data.iloc[:,0:-1])
print(concepts)
target = np.array(data.iloc[:,-1])
print(target)
def learn(concepts, target):
  specific_h = concepts[0].copy()
  print("initialization of specific_h and general_h")
  print(specific_h)
  general_h = [["?" for i in range(len(specific_h))] for i in
range(len(specific_h))]
  print(general_h)
  for i, h in enumerate(concepts):
     if target[i] == "yes":
       for x in range(len(specific_h)):
          if h[x]!= specific_h[x]:
             specific_h[x] ='?'
             general_h[x][x] = '?'
          print(specific_h)
     print(specific_h)
     if target[i] == "no":
       for x in range(len(specific h)):
          if h[x]!= specific_h[x]:
             general_h[x][x] = specific_h[x]
          else:
             general_h[x][x] = '?'
     print(" steps of Candidate Elimination Algorithm",i+1)
     print(specific_h)
     print(general_h)
  indices = [i for i, val in enumerate(general_h) if val ==
['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?']]
  for i in indices:
     general_h.remove(['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'])
  return specific_h, general_h
s_final, g_final = learn(concepts, target)
print("Final Specific_h:", s_final, sep="\n")
print("Final General_h:", g_final, sep="\n")
```

Rashmi Dhaduti 1BM18CS080

```
In [1]: import numpy as np import pandas as pd
In [2]: data = pd.DataFrame(data=pd.read_csv('enjoysport.csv'))
        concepts = np.array(data.iloc[:,0:-1])
        print(concepts)
        [['sunny' 'warm' 'normal' 'strong' 'warm' 'same']
['sunny' 'warm' 'high' 'strong' 'warm' 'same']
['rainy' 'cold' 'high' 'strong' 'warm' 'change']
['sunny' 'warm' 'high' 'strong' 'cool' 'change']]
In [3]: target = np.array(data.iloc[:,-1])
        print(target)
        ['yes' 'yes' 'no' 'yes']
print(specific h)

general_h = [["?" for i in range(len(specific_h))]for i in range(len(specific_h))]
            print(general_h)
            genera_n[x][x] = !
print(specific_h)
print(specific_h)
if target[i] == "no":
    for x in range(len(specific_h)):
        if h[x]!= specific_h[x]:
            general_h[x][x] = specific_h[x]
                           general_h[x][x] = '?'
                print(" steps of Candidate Elimination Algorithm",i+1)
                print(specific_h)
                print(general_h)
            indices = [i \ for \ i, \ val \ in \ enumerate(general\_h) \ if \ val == ['?', \ '?', \ '?', \ '?', \ '?']] for i in indices:
            general_h.remove(['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'])
return specific_h, general_h
In [5]: s_final, g_final = learn(concepts, target)
         initialization of specific_h and general_h
```

Rashmi Dhaduti 1BM18CS080

### 3. Decision Tree ID3 algorithm

```
import math
import csv
                                                                                                                            In [2]:
def load_csv(filename):
  lines = csv.reader(open(filename, "r"));
  dataset = list(lines)
  headers = dataset.pop(0)
  return dataset, headers
                                                                                                                            In [3]:
class Node:
   def init (self,attribute):
     self.attribute = attribute
     self.children = []
     self.answer = ""
                                                                                                                            In [4]:
def subtables(data,col,delete):
   dic = \{\}
   coldata = [row[col] for row in data]
   attr = list(set(coldata))
  counts=[0]*len(attr)
  r = len(data)
   c = len(data[0])
   for x in range(len(attr)):
     for y in range(r):
        if data[y][col] == attr[x]:
           counts[x]+=1
   for x in range(len(attr)):
     dic[attr[x]] = [[0 \text{ for } i \text{ in } range(c)] \text{ for } j \text{ in } range(counts[x])]
     pos = 0
     for y in range(r):
        if data[y][col] == attr[x]:
           if delete:
              del data[y][col]
           dic[attr[x]][pos] = data[y]
           pos+=1
  return attr, dic
                                                                                                                            In [5]:
def entropy(S):
   attr = list(set(S))
  if len(attr) == 1:
     return 0
   counts = [0,0]
   for i in range(2):
     counts[i] = sum([1 \text{ for } x \text{ in } S \text{ if } attr[i] == x])/(len(S)*1.0)
```

```
sums = 0
  for cnt in counts:
     sums+=-1*cnt*math.log(cnt,2)
  return sums
                                                                                                                 In [6]:
def compute_gain(data,col):
  attr,dic = subtables(data, col, delete = False)
  total\_size = len(data)
  entropies = [0]*len(attr)
  ratio = [0]*len(attr)
  total_entropy = entropy([row[-1] for row in data])
  for x in range(len(attr)):
     ratio[x] = len(dic[attr[x]])/(total\_size*1.0)
     entropies[x] = entropy([row[-1] for row in dic[attr[x]]])
     total_entropy -= ratio[x]*entropies[x]
  return total_entropy
                                                                                                                 In [7]:
def build_tree(data, features):
  lastcol = [row[-1]  for row  in data]
  if(len(set(lastcol))) == 1:
     node = Node("")
     node.answer = lastcol[0]
     return node
  n = len(data[0])-1
  gains = [0] * n
  for col in range(n):
     gains[col] = compute_gain(data, col)
  split = gains.index(max(gains))
  node = Node(features[split])
  fea = features[:split]+features[split+1:]
  attr, dic = subtables(data, split, delete = True)
  for x in range(len(attr)):
     child = build_tree(dic[attr[x]], fea)
     node.children.append((attr[x], child))
  return node
                                                                                                                 In [8]:
def print_tree(node, level):
  if node.answer != "":
     print(" "*level, node.answer)
  print(" "*level, node.attribute)
  for value,n in node.children:
     print(" "*(level+1), value)
                                                                                                                 In [9]:
     print_tree(n, level+2)
```

Rashmi Dhaduti 1BM18CS080

```
def classify(node, x_test, features):
  if node.answer != "":
     print(node.answer)
     return
  pos = features.index(node.attribute)
  for value, n in node.children:
     if x_{test[pos]} == value:
       classify(n, x_test, features)
                                                                                                               In [10]:
"Main Program"
dataset, features = load_csv("data3.csv")
model = build_tree(dataset, features)
print("The decision tree for the dataset using ID3 algorithm is")
print_tree(model, 0)
testdata, features = load_csv("data3_test.csv")
for xtest in testdata:
  print("The test instance: ", xtest)
  print("The label for test instance: ", end = " ")
  classify(model, xtest, features)
```

```
In [11]: '''Main Program'''
            dataset, features = load_csv("data3.csv")
model = build_tree(dataset, features)
            print("The decision tree for the dataset using ID3 algorithm is")
            classify(model, xtest, features)
            The decision tree for the dataset using ID3 algorithm is
             Outlook
overcast
                 yes
rain
                     Wind
                         strong
                         weak
                 sunny
                      Humidity
                         normal
            normal
yes
high
no
The test instance: ['rain', 'cool', 'normal', 'strong']
The label for test instance: no
The test instance: ['sunny', 'mild', 'normal', 'strong']
The label for test instance: yes
 In [ ]:
```

Rashmi Dhaduti 1BM18CS080

# 4. Naïve Bayesian algorithm

import pandas as pd from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB from sklearn import metrics	In [1]:
df = pd.read_csv("pima_indian.csv") feature_col_names = ['num_preg', 'glucose_conc', 'diastolic_bp', 'thickness', 'insulin', 'bmi', 'diab_pred', 'age'] predicted_class_names = ['diabetes']	In [2]:
<pre>X = df[feature_col_names].values y = df[predicted_class_names].values</pre>	In [3]: In [7]:
<pre>print(df.head) xtrain,xtest,ytrain,ytest=train_test_split(X,y,test_size=0.30)</pre>	m [/].
print ('\n the total number of Training Data:',ytrain.shape) print ('\n the total number of Test Data:',ytest.shape)	In [8]:
clf = GaussianNB().fit(xtrain,ytrain.ravel()) predicted = clf.predict(xtest) predictTestData= clf.predict([[6,148,72,35,0,33.6,0.627,50]])	In [9]:
<pre>print('\n Confusion matrix') print(metrics.confusion_matrix(ytest,predicted))</pre>	t. J
print('\n Accuracy of the classifier is',metrics.accuracy_score(ytest,predicted))	
print('\n The value of Precision', metrics.precision_score(ytest,predicted))	
<pre>print('\n The value of Recall', metrics.recall_score(ytest,predicted))</pre>	
print("Predicted Value for individual Test Data:", predictTestData)	

### Rashmi Dhaduti 1BM18CS080

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
    from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
    from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
    from sklearn import metrics
In [2]: df = pd.read_csv("pima_indian.csv")
    feature_col_names = ['num_preg', 'glucose_conc', 'diastolic_bp', 'thickness', 'insulin', 'bmi', 'diab_pred', 'age']
    predicted_class_names = ['diabetes']
In [3]: X = df[feature_col_names].values
y = df[predicted_class_names].values
In [7]: print(df.head)
           xtrain,xtest,ytrain,ytest=train_test_split(X,y,test_size=0.30)
          print ('\n the total number of Training Data :',ytrain.shape)
print ('\n the total number of Test Data :',ytest.shape)
                                                      num_preg glucose_conc diastolic_bp thickness insulin bmi \
           <bound method NDFrame.head of</pre>
                                                           72
66
                                                                        35
29
                                                                                     0 33.6
0 26.6
                                          85
                                                                                    0 23.3
94 28.1
                                        183
                                                           66
                                                                         23
                                          89
                         0
                                        137
                                                           40
                                                                         35
                                                                                   168 43.1
           ..
763
                                                                                   180 32.9
                        10
                                         101
           764
                                        122
                                                           70
                                                                         27
                                                                                        36.8
           766
                                        126
                                                                                     0 30.1
                diab_pred age diabetes
          0
                     0.627
0.351
                     0.672
                     0.167
                     2.288
                               33
                                             1
           ..
763
                     0.171
                                             0
                     0.340
           765
                     0.245
           766
                     0.349
                     0.315
          [768 rows x 9 columns]>
           the total number of Training Data : (537, 1) \,
           the total number of Test Data: (231, 1)
In [8]: clf = GaussianNB().fit(xtrain,ytrain.ravel())
          predictd = clf.predict(xtest)
predictTestData= clf.predict([[6,148,72,35,0,33.6,0.627,50]])
In [9]: print('\n Confusion matrix')
print(metrics.confusion_matrix(ytest,predicted))
           print('\n Accuracy of the classifier is',metrics.accuracy_score(ytest,predicted))
           print('\n The value of Precision', metrics.precision_score(ytest,predicted))
           print('\n The value of Recall', metrics.recall_score(ytest,predicted))
          print("Predicted Value for individual Test Data:", predictTestData)
            Confusion matrix
          [[129 28]
[ 27 47]]
           Accuracy of the classifier is 0.7619047619047619
            The value of Precision 0.626666666666667
            The value of Recall 0 6351351351351351
```

Rashmi Dhaduti 1BM18CS080

#### 5. Bayesian Network Classifier algorithm

```
In [1]:
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import csv
from pgmpy.estimators import MaximumLikelihoodEstimator
from pgmpy.models import BayesianModel
from pgmpy.inference import VariableElimination
                                                                                                                                                                                                    In [3]:
heartDisease = pd.read_csv('heart.csv')
heartDisease = heartDisease.replace('?',np.nan)
print('Sample instances from the dataset are given below')
print(heartDisease.head())
print('\n Attributes and datatypes')
print(heartDisease.dtypes)
                                                                                                                                                                                                    In [4]:
model= BayesianModel([('age', 'Heartdisease'), ('sex', 'Heartdisease'), ('exang', 'Heartdisease'), ('e
rtdisease'),('cp','Heartdisease'),('Heartdisease','restecg'),('Heartdisease','chol')])
print('\nLearning CPD using Maximum likelihood estimators')
model.fit(heartDisease,estimator=MaximumLikelihoodEstimator)
                                                                                                                                                                                                    In [7]:
print('\n Inferencing with Bayesian Network:')
HeartDiseasetest_infer = VariableElimination(model)
print('\n 1. Probability of HeartDisease given evidence= restecg')
q1=HeartDiseasetest_infer.query(variables=['Heartdisease'],evidence={'restecg':
print(q1)
print('\n 2. Probability of HeartDisease given evidence= cp ')
q2=HeartDiseasetest_infer.query(variables=['Heartdisease'],evidence={'cp':2})
print(q2)
```

Rashmi Dhaduti 1BM18CS080

```
In [1]: import numpy as np import pandas as pd
                                  import csv
                                from pgmpy.estimators import MaximumLikelihoodEstimator from pgmpy.models import BayesianModel from pgmpy.inference import VariableElimination
       In [3]: heartDisease = pd.read_csv('heart.csv')
heartDisease = heartDisease.replace('?',np.nan)
                                print('Sample instances from the dataset are given below')
print(heartDisease.head())
                                 print('\n Attributes and datatypes')
                                print(heartDisease.dtypes)
                                Sample instances from the dataset are given below
                                           age sex cp trestbps chol fbs restecg thalach exang 63 1 1 145 233 1 2 150 0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                              oldpeak slope \
                                                                                                                  233 1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          2.3
                                                                                                   160
                                1
2
3
4
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           2.6
                                            67
                                                                                                  120
                                                                                                                     229
                                                                                                                                                                                           129
                                                                                                   130
                                          41
                                                                                                  130
                                      ca thal Heartdisease
                                1 3
                                        0
                            Attributes and datatypes age int64
                          age
sex
                                                                                 int64
                                                                                 int64
                           trestbps
                          chol
                                                                                 int64
                                                                                 int64
                          restecg
thalach
                                                                                 int64
                          exang
oldpeak
                                                                                 int64
                                                                           float64
                           slope
                                                                                 int64
                                                                              object
                          thal
Heartdisease
                                                                             object
int64
                          dtype: object
In [4]: model= BayesianModel([('age','Heartdisease'),('sex','Heartdisease'),('exang','Heartdisease'),('cp','Heartdisease'),('Heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease'),('heartdisease
                           Learning CPD using Maximum likelihood estimators
In [7]: print('\n Inferencing with Bayesian Network:')
                            HeartDiseasetest_infer = VariableElimination(model)
                          print('\n 1. Probability of HeartDisease given evidence= restecg')
q1=HeartDiseasetest_infer.query(variables=['Heartdisease'],evidence={'restecg':1})
                           print(q1)
                          print('\n 2. Probability of HeartDisease given evidence= cp ')
q2=HeartDiseasetest_infer.query(variables=['Heartdisease'],evidence={'cp':2})
print(q2)
```

```
| 0/5 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
| 5/5 [00:00<00:00, 78.41it/s]
              Finding Elimination Order: : 0%|
              Finding Elimination Order: : 0%|
0%|
Eliminating: age: 0%|
Eliminating: chol: 0%|
Eliminating: cp: 0%|
Eliminating: sex: 0%|
Eliminating: exang: 190%|
Finding Elimination Order: : 190%|
                Inferencing with Bayesian Network:
                1. Probability of HeartDisease given evidence= restecg
               Heartdisease
                                                     phi(Heartdisease)
               | Heartdisease(0) |
                                                                        0.1012
               | Heartdisease(1)
                                                                        0.0000
                | Heartdisease(2)
                                                                        0.2392
               | Heartdisease(3) |
                                                                        0.2015
               | Heartdisease(4) |
                                                                        0.4581
                2. Probability of HeartDisease given evidence= cp
                                                                                                                                                                                            0/5 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
              Finding Elimination Order: : 0%| 0%|
              Eliminating: age: 0%|
Eliminating: restecg: 0%|
Eliminating: chol: 0%|
Eliminating: sex: 0%|
Eliminating: exang: 100%|
                                                                                                                                                                              5/5 [00:00<00:00, 125.34it/s]
                Heartdisease
                                                      phi(Heartdisease)
                | Heartdisease(0) |
                                                                         0.3610
                 Heartdisease(1)
                                                                         0.2159
                Heartdisease(2)
                                                                         0.1373
                  Heartdisease(3)
                                                                         0.1537
                Heartdisease(4)
                                                                         0.1321
In [ ]:
```

Rashmi Dhaduti 1BM18CS080

#### 6. Bayesian Network using cancer dataset

```
from pgmpy.models import BayesianModel from
pgmpy.factors.discrete import TabularCPD
from pgmpy.inference import VariableElimination
cancer_model=BayesianModel([('Pollution', 'Cancer'), ('Smoker', 'Cancer'), ('Cancer', 'Xray'), ('Cancer', 'Dyspnoea')
print('Bayesian network models are :')
print('\t',cancer_model.nodes())
print('Bayesian edges are:')
print('\t',cancer_model.edges())
cpd_poll = TabularCPD(variable='Pollution', variable_card=2,
              values=[[0.9], [0.1]])
cpd_smoke = TabularCPD(variable='Smoker', variable_card=2,
              values=[[0.3], [0.7]])
cpd_cancer = TabularCPD(variable='Cancer', variable_card=2,
               values=[[0.03, 0.05, 0.001, 0.02],
                    [0.97, 0.95, 0.999, 0.98]],
               evidence=['Smoker', 'Pollution'],
               evidence card=[2, 2])
cpd_xray = TabularCPD(variable='Xray', variable_card=2,
              values=[[0.9, 0.2], [0.1, 0.8]],
              evidence=['Cancer'], evidence_card=[2]) cpd_dysp
= TabularCPD(variable='Dyspnoea', variable_card=2,
              values=[[0.65, 0.3], [0.35, 0.7]],
              evidence=['Cancer'], evidence card=[2])
# Associating the parameters with the model structure.
cancer_model.add_cpds(cpd_poll, cpd_smoke, cpd_cancer, cpd_xray, cpd_dysp)
# Checking if the cpds are valid for the model.
cancer_model.check_model()
cancer_infer=VariableElimination(cancer_model)
print('All local independecies are as follows')
cancer_model.get_independencies()
print('Displaying CPDs')
print(cancer_model.get_cpds('Pollution'))
```

Rashmi Dhaduti 1BM18CS080

```
print(cancer_model.get_cpds('Smoker'))
print(cancer_model.get_cpds('Cancer'))
print(cancer_model.get_cpds('Xray'))
print(cancer_model.get_cpds('Dyspnoea'))

print('\n Probablity of Cancer given smoker')
q=cancer_infer.query(variables=['Cancer'],evidence={'Smoker':1}) print(q)

print('\n Probablity of Cancer given smoker, pollution')
q=cancer_infer.query(variables=['Cancer'],evidence={'Smoker':1,'Pollution':1})
print(q)
```

```
In [4]: cancer_model.add_cpds(cpd_poll, cpd_smoke, cpd_cancer, cpd_xray, cpd_dysp)
    print('Model generated by adding conditional probability distributions(cpds)')
           Model generated by adding conditional probability distributions(cpds)
In [5]: print('Checking for correctness of model: ', end="")
print(cancer_model.check_model())
           Checking for correctness of model: True
In [6]: print("Displaying CPDs")
           print(classing prise prise print(cancer model.get_cpds('Pollution'))
print(cancer model.get_cpds('Smoker'))
print(cancer_model.get_cpds('Xencer'))
print(cancer_model.get_cpds('Xeny'))
           print(cancer_model.get_cpds('Dyspnoea'))
           Displaying CPDs
            Pollution(0) | 0.9 |
             Pollution(1) | 0.1 |
             Smoker(0) | 0.3 |
             Smoker(1) | 0.7 |
                                                                                          Smoker(1)
                           | Smoker(0)
                                                | Smoker(0)
                                                                    | Smoker(1)
             Smoker
             Pollution | Pollution(0) | Pollution(1) | Pollution(0) | Pollution(1) |
             Cancer(0) | 0.03
                                                1 0.05
                                                                     0.001
                                                                                           0.02
             Cancer(1) | 0.97
                                                0.95
                                                                     0.999
                                                                                         0.98
             Cancer | Cancer(0) | Cancer(1) |
             XRay(0) | 0.9
             XRay(1) | 0.1
                                         0.8
                             | Cancer(0) | Cancer(1) |
             Cancer
             Dyspnoea(0) | 0.65
                                              0.3
             Dyspnoea(1) | 0.35
In [7]: cancer_infer = VariableElimination(cancer_model)
In [8]: print("\nInferencing with Bayesian Network")
           print("\nProbability of Cancer given Smoker")
q = cancer_infer.query(variables=['Cancer'], evidence={'Smoker':1})
print(q)
                                                                                                                                                 0/3 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
0/3 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
0/3 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
0/3 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
           Finding Elimination Order: : 0%|
          Finding Elimination of Str. 0%|
%|
Eliminating: Dyspnoea: 0%|
Eliminating: Pollution: 0%
Eliminating: XRay: 100%|
                                                                                                                                 3/3 [00:00<00:00, 375.83it/s]
           Inferencing with Bayesian Network
           Probability of Cancer given Smoker
            Cancer
                                 phi(Cancer)
             Cancer(0) |
                                       0.0029
             Cancer(1) |
```

Machine Lea	arning Lab Report	
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	18	

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19	

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