


```
In [11]: #IMPORTING LIBRARIES
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
In [2]: #READING THE CSV FILE
df= pd.read_csv("Student_data.csv")
```

```
In [3]: #DISPLAYS FIRST FEW ROWS
df.head()
```

Out[3]:


	StudentID	Age	Gender	Ethnicity	ParentalEducation	StudyTimeWeekly	Absences	Tutor
0	1001	17	1	0	2	19.833723	7	
1	1002	18	0	0	1	15.408756	0	
2	1003	15	0	2	3	4.210570	26	
3	1004	17	1	0	3	10.028829	14	
4	1005	17	1	0	2	4.672495	17	



```
In [4]: #DISPLAYS LAST FEW ROWS
df.tail()
```

Out[4]:

	StudentID	Age	Gender	Ethnicity	ParentalEducation	StudyTimeWeekly	Absences	Tutor
2387	3388	18	1	0	3	10.680555	2	
2388	3389	17	0	0	1	7.583217	4	
2389	3390	16	1	0	2	6.805500	20	
2390	3391	16	1	1	0	12.416653	17	
2391	3392	16	1	0	2	17.819907	13	



```
In [5]: #INFO ABOUT THE DATASET
df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 2392 entries, 0 to 2391
Data columns (total 15 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype  
---  -
0   StudentID             2392 non-null   int64   
1   Age                   2392 non-null   int64   
2   Gender                 2392 non-null   int64   
3   Ethnicity              2392 non-null   int64   
4   ParentalEducation      2392 non-null   int64   
5   StudyTimeWeekly        2392 non-null   float64  
6   Absences               2392 non-null   int64   
7   Tutoring               2392 non-null   int64   
8   ParentalSupport        2392 non-null   int64   
9   Extracurricular        2392 non-null   int64   
10  Sports                 2392 non-null   int64   
11  Music                  2392 non-null   int64   
12  Volunteering           2392 non-null   int64   
13  GPA                    2392 non-null   float64  
14  GradeClass             2392 non-null   float64  
dtypes: float64(3), int64(12)
memory usage: 280.4 KB
```

```
In [6]: df.head(5)
```

```
Out[6]:
```

	StudentID	Age	Gender	Ethnicity	ParentalEducation	StudyTimeWeekly	Absences	Tutor
0	1001	17	1	0	2	19.833723	7	
1	1002	18	0	0	1	15.408756	0	
2	1003	15	0	2	3	4.210570	26	
3	1004	17	1	0	3	10.028829	14	
4	1005	17	1	0	2	4.672495	17	

```
In [7]: #DESCRIBES THE DATASET
df.describe()
```

```
Out[7]:
```

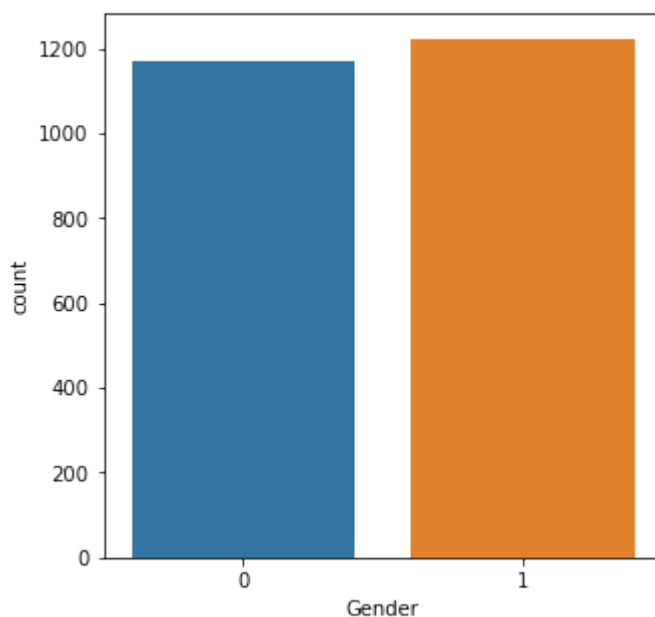
	StudentID	Age	Gender	Ethnicity	ParentalEducation	StudyTimeWe
count	2392.000000	2392.000000	2392.000000	2392.000000	2392.000000	2392.000000
mean	2196.500000	16.468645	0.510870	0.877508	1.746237	9.777500
std	690.655244	1.123798	0.499986	1.028476	1.000411	5.652476
min	1001.000000	15.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	1598.750000	15.000000	0.000000	0.000000	1.000000	5.041667
50%	2196.500000	16.000000	1.000000	0.000000	2.000000	9.700000
75%	2794.250000	17.000000	1.000000	2.000000	2.000000	14.400000
max	3392.000000	18.000000	1.000000	3.000000	4.000000	19.975000

```
In [9]: # CHECKING FOR NULL VALUES
df.isnull().sum()
```

```
Out[9]: StudentID      0
Age      0
Gender    0
Ethnicity 0
ParentalEducation 0
StudyTimeWeekly 0
Absences   0
Tutoring   0
ParentalSupport 0
Extracurricular 0
Sports     0
Music      0
Volunteering 0
GPA        0
GradeClass 0
dtype: int64
```

GENDER DISTRIBUTION

```
In [19]: plt.figure(figsize=(5,5))
sns.countplot(data=df,x="Gender")
plt.show()
```



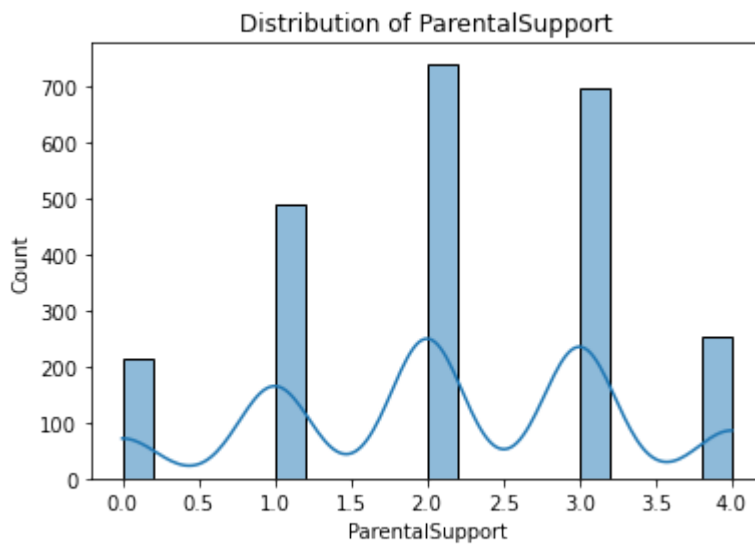
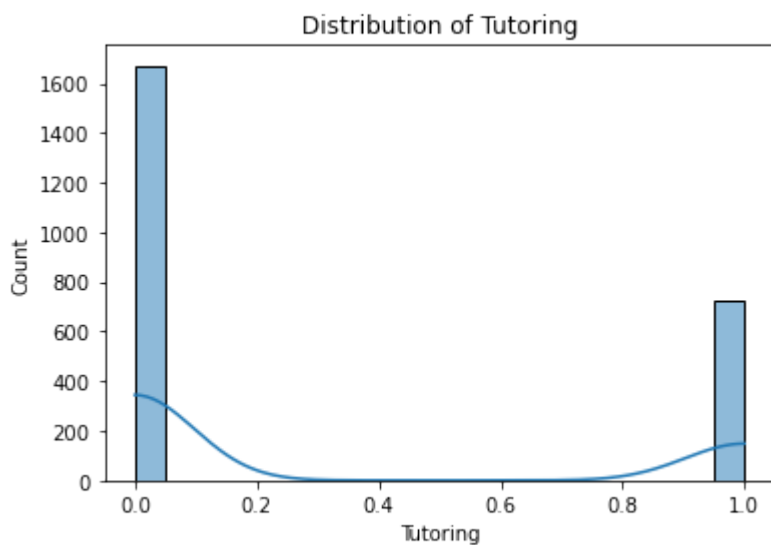
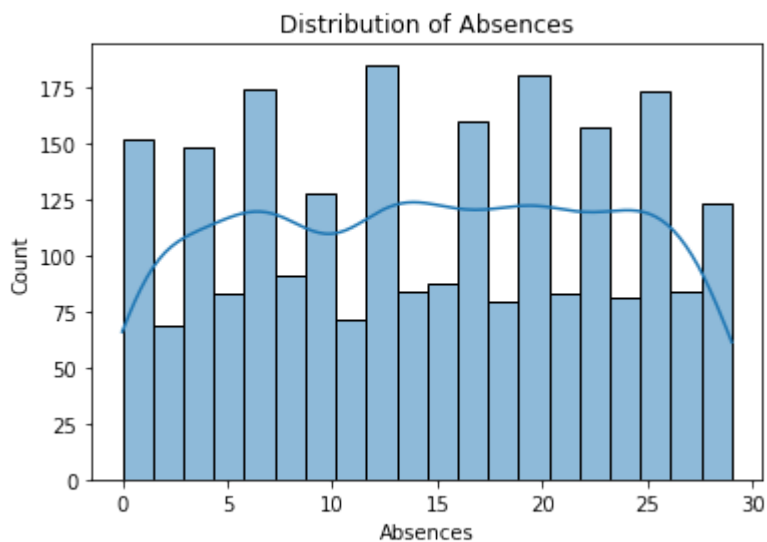
```
In [20]: #IF WE ASSUME 0 TO BE MALES AND 1 TO BE FEMALES, FROM THE ABOVE CHART WE CA
```

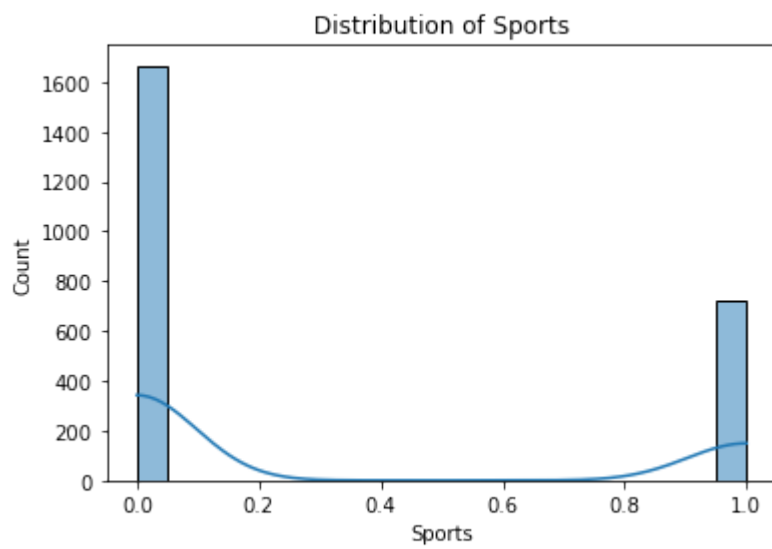
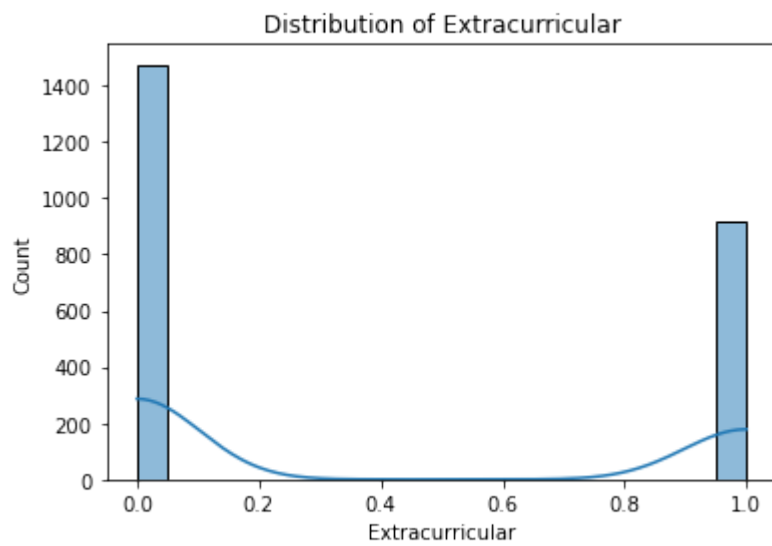


Data distribution - Numerical columns

In [27]:

```
numerical_columns = ['Absences', 'Tutoring', 'ParentalSupport', 'Extracurricular']  
for col in numerical_columns:  
    plt.figure()  
    sns.histplot(df[col], bins=20, kde=True)  
    plt.title(f'Distribution of {col}')  
    plt.show()
```

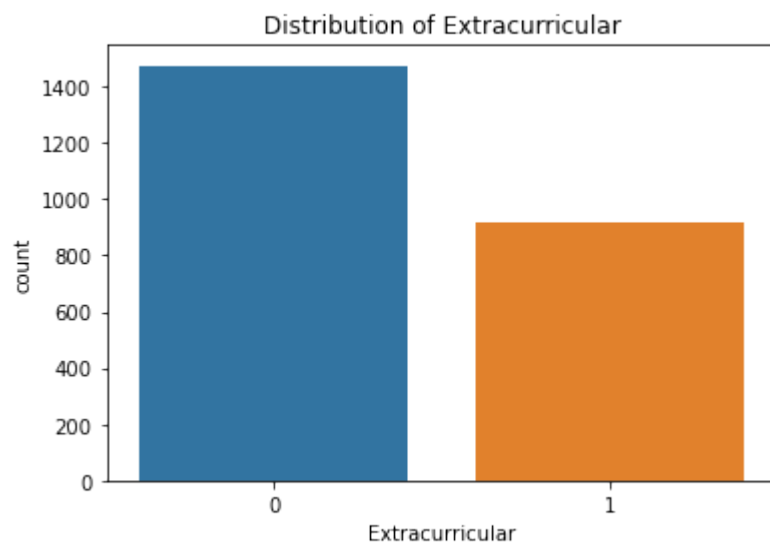
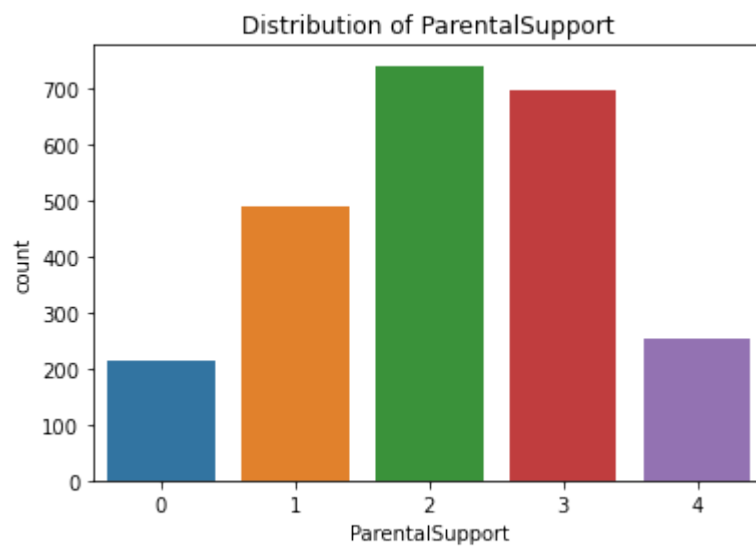
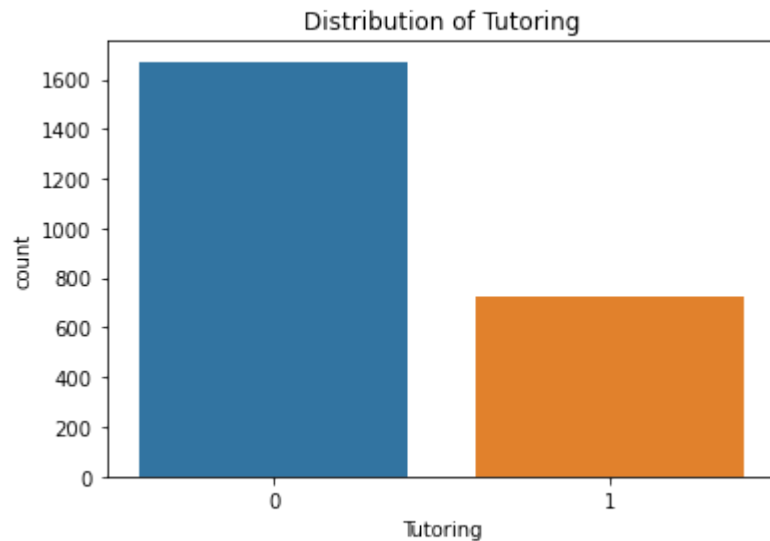


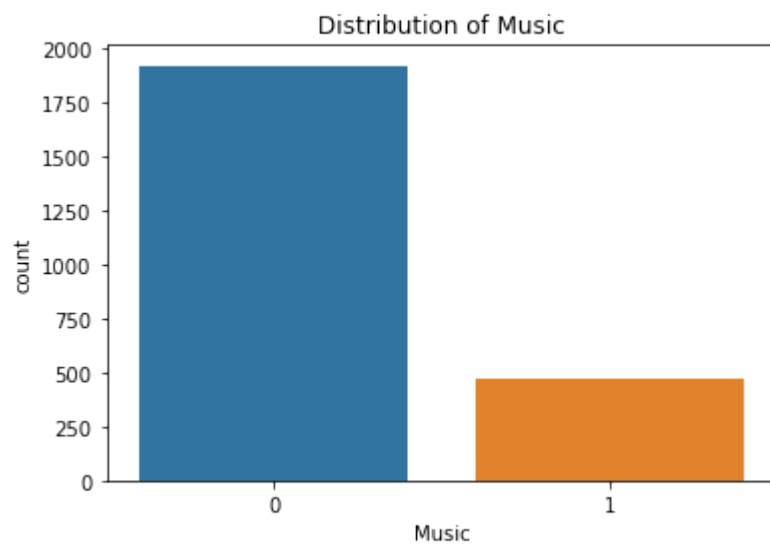
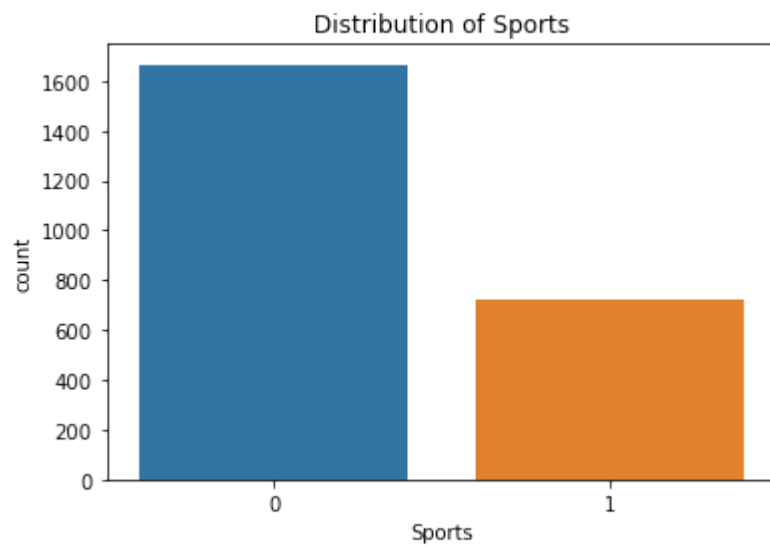


Categorical variables

In [28]:

```
categorical_columns = ['Tutoring', 'ParentalSupport', 'Extracurricular', 'S  
for col in categorical_columns:  
    plt.figure()  
    sns.countplot(x = df[col])  
    plt.title(f'Distribution of {col}')
```





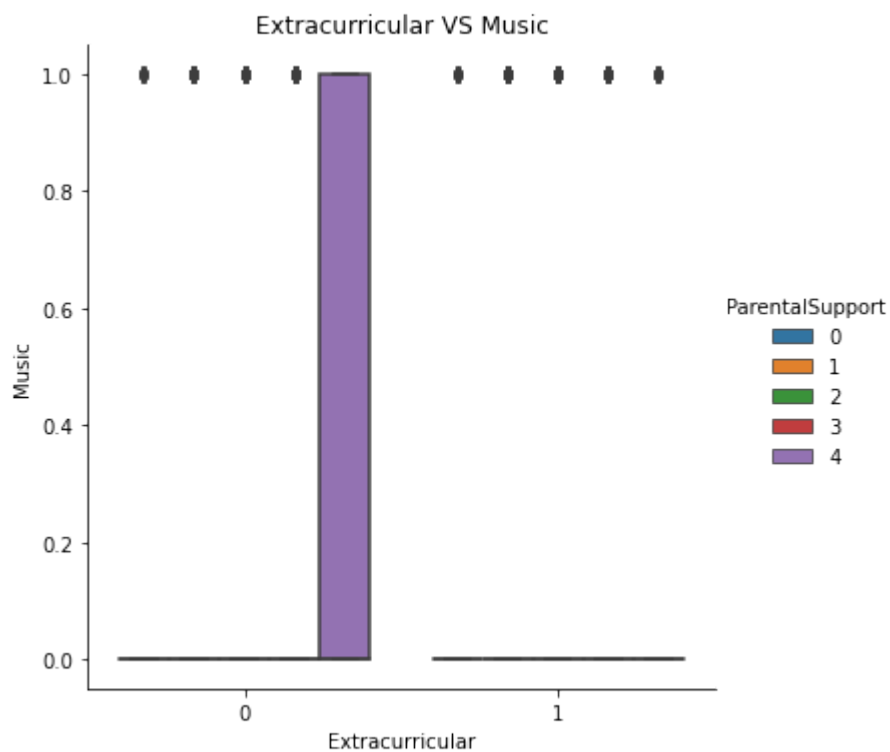
Looking at Extracurricular and ParentalSupport against Music

In [31]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=(20,20))
sns.catplot(x="Extracurricular", y="Music", hue="ParentalSupport", kind="bar")
plt.title("Extracurricular VS Music")
plt.xlabel("Extracurricular")
plt.ylabel("Music")
```

Out[31]: Text(15.06222222222218, 0.5, 'Music')

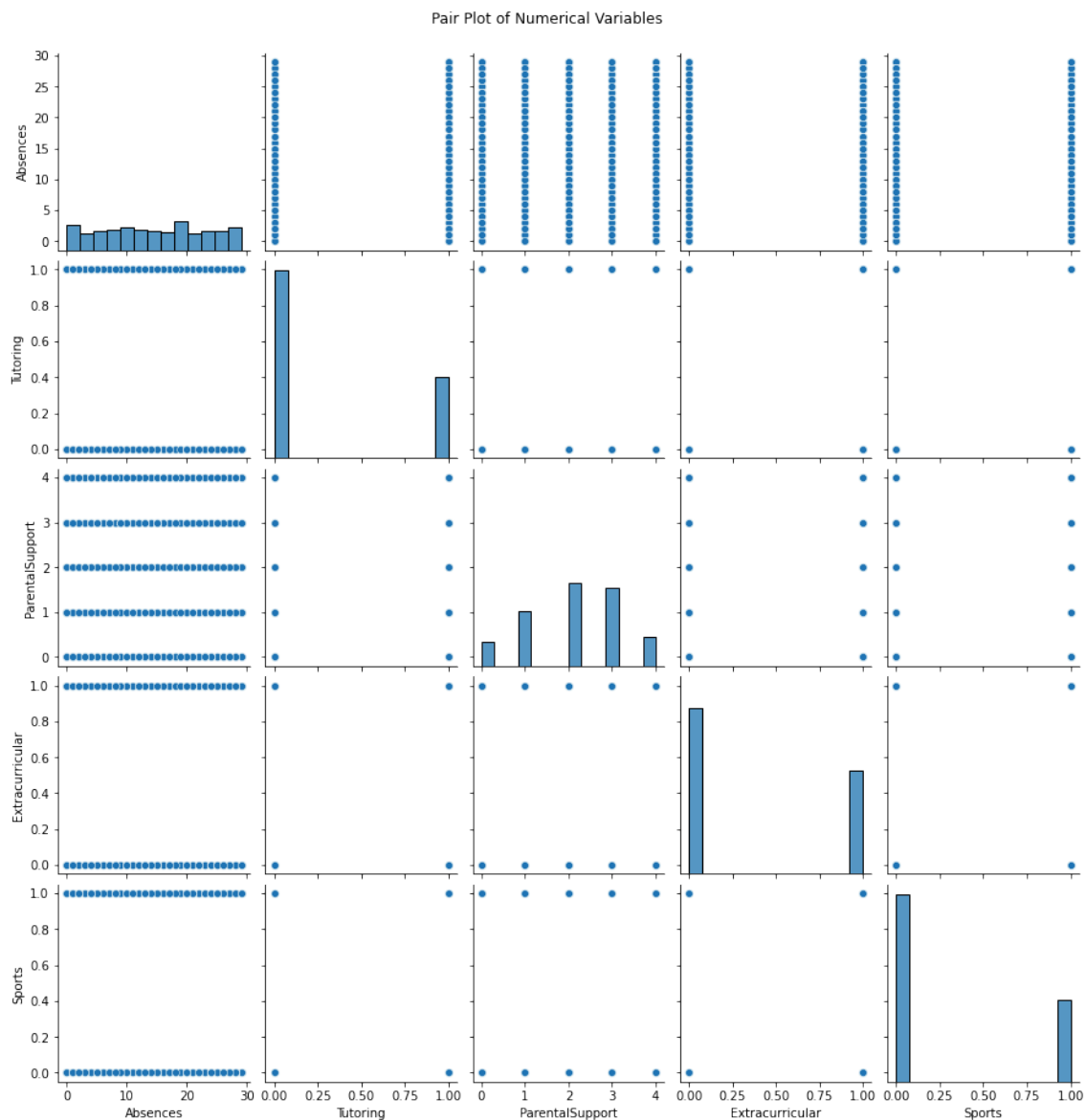
<Figure size 1440x1440 with 0 Axes>



Data Visualization - Pair Plot

In [32]:

```
sns.pairplot(df[numerical_columns])  
plt.suptitle('Pair Plot of Numerical Variables', y=1.02)  
plt.show()
```



In [33]: df.corr()

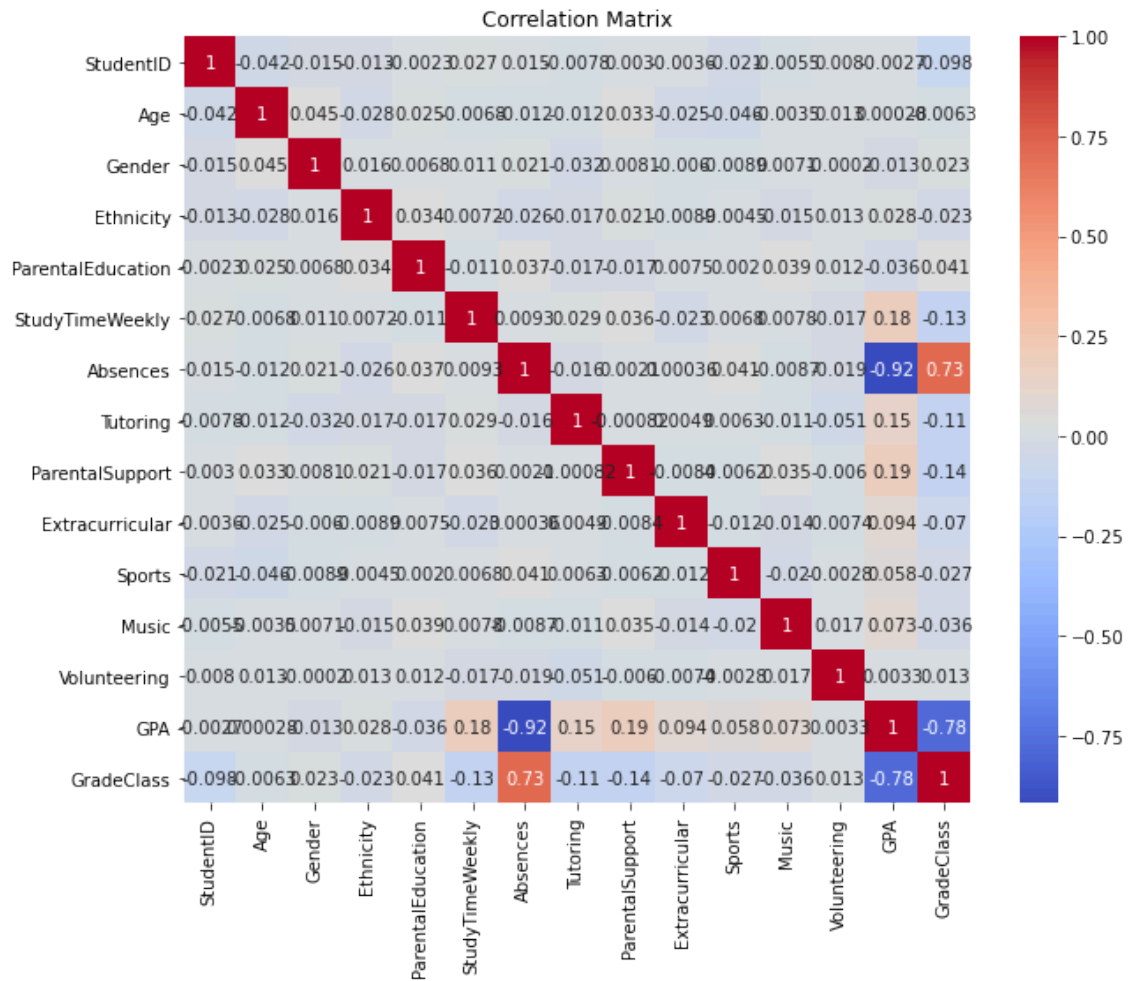
Out[33]:

	StudentID	Age	Gender	Ethnicity	ParentalEducation	StudyTi
StudentID	1.000000	-0.042255	-0.014625	-0.012990	-0.002307	
Age	-0.042255	1.000000	0.044895	-0.028473	0.025099	
Gender	-0.014625	0.044895	1.000000	0.016010	0.006771	
Ethnicity	-0.012990	-0.028473	0.016010	1.000000	0.033595	
ParentalEducation	-0.002307	0.025099	0.006771	0.033595	1.000000	
StudyTimeWeekly	0.026976	-0.006800	0.011469	0.007184	-0.011051	
Absences	0.014841	-0.011511	0.021479	-0.025712	0.036518	
Tutoring	-0.007834	-0.012076	-0.031597	-0.017440	-0.017340	
ParentalSupport	0.003016	0.033197	0.008065	0.020922	-0.017463	
Extracurricular	-0.003611	-0.025061	-0.005964	-0.008927	0.007479	
Sports	-0.020703	-0.046320	-0.008897	-0.004484	0.002029	

Correlation analysis

In [34]:

```
correlation_matrix = df.corr()  
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 8))  
sns.heatmap(correlation_matrix, annot=True, cmap='coolwarm')  
plt.title('Correlation Matrix')  
plt.show()
```



In []: