## **Practice Problems - Asymptotic Analysis**

- 1. Show that f(n) = O(g(n)) where  $f(n) = n^2$  and  $g(n) = n^2 n$
- 2. Show that  $f(n) = \Omega(g(n))$  where  $f(n) = n^2$  and  $g(n) = n^2 + n$
- 3. Show that n is O(n log n)).
- 4. Can you think of positive functions f(n) and g(n) such that f(n) is neither O(g(n)) nor  $\Omega(g(n))$ .
- 5. Prove that if f(n) = O(g(n)), then  $g(n) = \Omega(f(n))$ .
- 6. Show that any polynomial of degree k is  $\theta(n^k)$ .
- 7. Arrange the following functions in non-decreasing order of their rate of growth:  $n, n^2, n^3, n^{1/2}, \log(n), n \log(n), n/\log(n)$
- 8. Are the following two statements equivalent? Justify.
  - The running time of algorithm A is always O(f(n)).
  - In the worst case, the running time of algorithm A is O(f(n)).
- 9. R 3.19 from the book
- 10. R 3.21 from the book
- 11. T(n) = 2T(n-1) if n>0, and 1 otherwise. What is T(n) in big-Oh notation?
- 12. T(n) = T(n/2) + n if n>1, and T(1) = c (where c is a constant). What is T(n) in big-Oh notation?
- 13. C 5.21 from the book