JBK Encapsulation Assignment

```
Example 1)
     class Area {
      // fields to calculate area
      int length;
      int breadth;
      // constructor to initialize values
      Area(int length, int breadth) {
       this.length = length;
       this.breadth = breadth;
      // method to calculate area
      public void getArea() {
       int area = length * breadth;
       System.out.println("Area: " + area);
     class Main {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
       // create object of Area
       // pass value of length and breadth
       Area rectangle = new Area(5, 6);
       rectangle.getArea();
     Example 2)
     class Person {
      // private field
1 | P a g e
                                                            www.jbktest.com
```

```
private int age;
 // getter method
 public int getAge() {
  return age;
                                         KIL
 // setter method
 public void setAge(int age) {
  this.age = age;
class Main {
 public static void main(String[] args) {
  // create an object of Person
  Person p1 = new Person();
  // change age using setter
  p1.setAge(24);
  // access age using getter
  System.out.println("My age is " + p1.getAge());
```

Example 3)

Student.java

//A Java class which is a fully encapsulated class.

//It has a private data member and getter and setter methods. public class Student{

```
//private data member
private String name;
//getter method for name
public String getName(){
return name;
//setter method for name
public void setName(String name){
this.name=name
Test.java
//A Java class to test the encapsulated class.
class Test{
public static void main(String[] args){
//creating instance of the encapsulated class
Student s=new Student();
//setting value in the name member
s.setName("javabykiran");
//getting value of the name member
System.out.println(s.getName());
Example 4)
class EncapsulationDemo{
  private int ssn;
  private String empName;
  private int empAge;
  //Getter and Setter methods
```

public int getEmpSSN(){

```
return ssn;
  }
  public String getEmpName(){
    return empName;
                                      KIL
  public int getEmpAge(){
    return empAge;
  public void setEmpAge(int newValue){
    empAge = newValue;
  public void setEmpName(String newValue){
    empName = newValue;
  }
  public void setEmpSSN(int newValue){
    ssn = newValue;
public class EncapsTest{
  public static void main(String args[]){
    EncapsulationDemo obj = new EncapsulationDemo();
    obj.setEmpName("Shalaka");
    obj.setEmpAge(32);
    obj.setEmpSSN(112233);
    System.out.println("Employee Name: " + obj.getEmpName());
    System.out.println("Employee SSN: " + obj.getEmpSSN());
    System.out.println("Employee Age: " + obj.getEmpAge());
```

}

```
Example 5)
// Java program to demonstrate encapsulation
class Encapsulate {
  // private variables declared
  // these can only be accessed by
  // public methods of class
  private String Name;
  private int Roll;
  private int Age;
  // get method for age to access
  // private variable Age
  public int getAge() { return Age; }
  // get method for name to access
  // private variable Name
  public String getName() { return Name; }
  // get method for roll to access
  // private variable Roll
  public int getRoll() { return Roll; }
  // set method for age to access
  // private variable age
  public void setAge(int newAge) { Age = newAge; }
  // set method for name to access
  // private variable Name
  public void setName(String newName)
    Name = newName;
```

```
}
  // set method for roll to access
  // private variable Roll
  public void setRoll(int newRoll) { Roll = newRoll; }
}
public class TestEncapsulation {
  public static void main(String[] args)
    Encapsulate obj = new Encapsulate();
    // setting values of the variables
    obj.setName("Harsh");
    obj.setAge(19);
    obj.setRoll(51);
    // Displaying values of the variables
    System.out.println(" name: " + obj.getName());
    System.out.println(" age: " + obj.getAge());
    System.out.println("roll: " + obj.getRoll());
    // Direct access of Roll is not possible
    // due to encapsulation
    // System.out.println("roll: " +
    // obj.Name);
```