

AMERICAN UNIVERSITY OF ARMENIA  
College of Science and Engineering  
CS 120 Introduction to OOP

**HOMEWORK 01 (2 points)**

**Submission Deadline:** Thursday, January 25 2018, before the class at 09:00  
**Submission Contact:** [lsargsyan@aua.am](mailto:lsargsyan@aua.am)  
**Submission Instructions:** Send your written and tested codes as individual \*.java files or one \*.zip archive to the indicated above email using your AUA mailbox. Necessarily, include in the subject line your ID# and “HW01”.

**Grading:**

1. Failure to submit by the stated deadline – 0 points
2. Submission of **UNSTATED COLLABORATIVE** solutions – 0 points
3. Any other types of **ACADEMIC DISHONESTY** – 0 points
4. Submission of **EXPLICITLY STATED COLLABORATIVE** solutions – 1 point for each collaborator
5. Submission of **INDIVIDUALLY** written solutions with significant amount of errors or description of the solutions in words instead of working codes – 1 point
6. Submission of **INDIVIDUALLY** written working codes or solutions with minor deficiencies – 2 points

**Problem 1:** Consider a tennis tournament with  $n$  players starting. At each stage the players are randomly divided into pairs to play a game. From each pair the winner advances to the next stage and the loser is eliminated. If there are unpaired players, they advance to the next stage without playing a game. At the very last stage only two players remain, and they play the final game. The winner of the final wins the tournament.

Write a Java program that inputs from the console (keyboard) an amount of tennis players entering the tournament and prints the total amount of played games.

**Problem 2:** Write a Java program that inputs a valid time from the console using three integers: hours – a value within the range from 0 to 23 inclusive, minutes – a value within the range from 0 to 59 inclusive, and seconds – a value within the range from 0 to 59 inclusive. It adds one second and prints hours, minutes and seconds of the obtained time.

**Problem 3:** Write a Java program that inputs a positive 4-digit integer and checks, if it is a palindrome. A number is called a palindrome, if it reads the same from-left-to-right and from-right-to-left. For example, 1221 is a palindrome, while 1231 – not. The program outputs the number and a string *is a palindrome* , if the number is a palindrome, and a string *is not a palindrome* – otherwise.