

Machine learning for MRI modality conversion

Names of participating students redacted for privacy

Contents

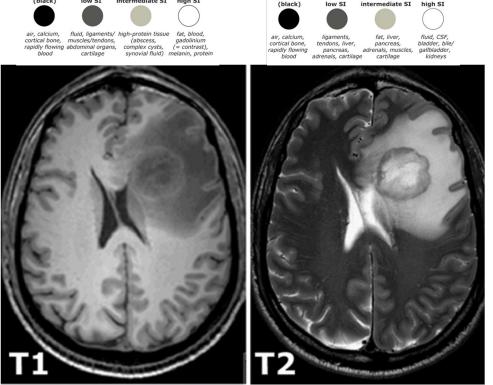


https://www.drugtargetreview.com/news/40651/mri-imaging/

- Introduction
- Image-to-Image translation
- Conditional Generative
 Adversarial Net (cGAN)
- Technical information
- Audience tests
- Results
- Conclusions

The project aims to develop and evaluate machine learning techniques for producing synthetic T2-weighted images from T1-weighted images, and vice versa

T2 weighted image



T1 weighted sequence

intermediate SI high SI

Paired MRI data improves automatic image segmentation and registration techniques

Image-to-image translation

- Image-to-image translation: translating an input image into a corresponding output image.
- Mapping pixels to pixels.
- Conditional adversarial nets
 (cGAN) are generally used to
 solve image-to-image translation
 problems.



Generative Adversarial Net (GAN)

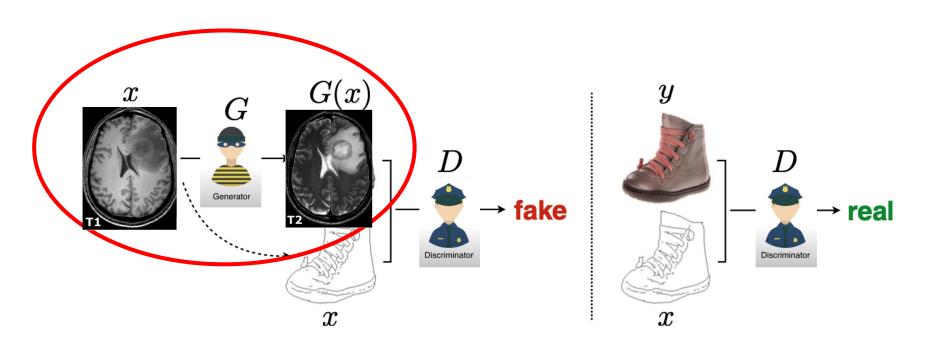






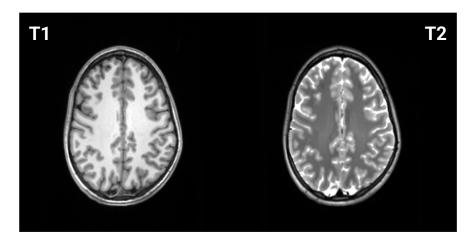
Pix2Pix cGAN





Technical information

- Python 3.8
- Tensorflow 2.4.1
- Modified version of Pix2Pix architecture
- 60 epochs
- Training set: 8160 combined images of T1 and T2



Is the image generated by our model?

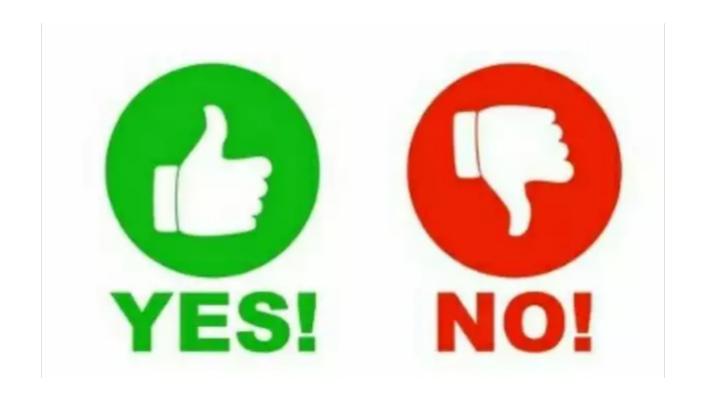
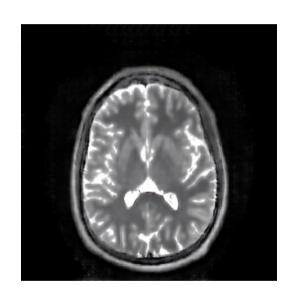


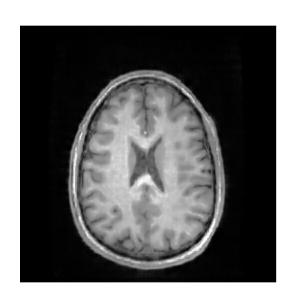
Image #1



Answer



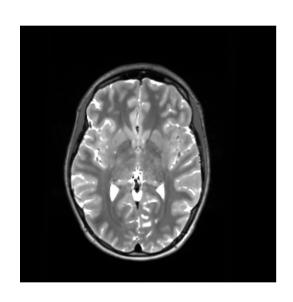
Image # 2



Answer



Image # 3

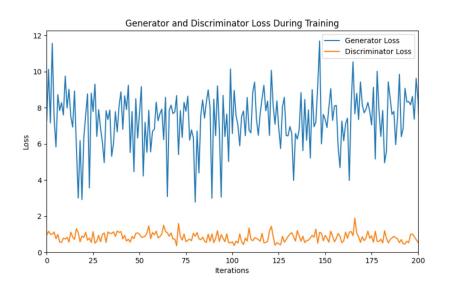


Answer

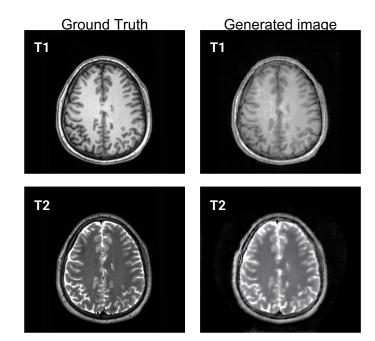


Results

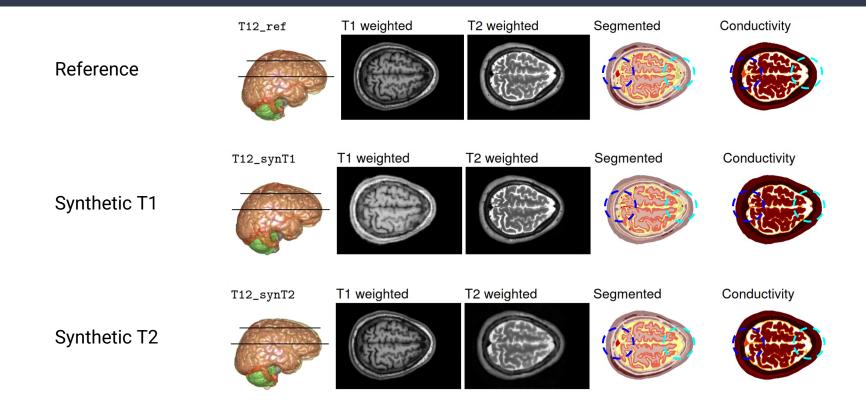
Model validation with 200 epochs and 300 images as training data.



Results from trained model with 60 epochs and 8160 images as training data.



Segmentation results



Conclusion

