



Aalto University

Domestic Migration Networks

Progress reports

Meeting dates

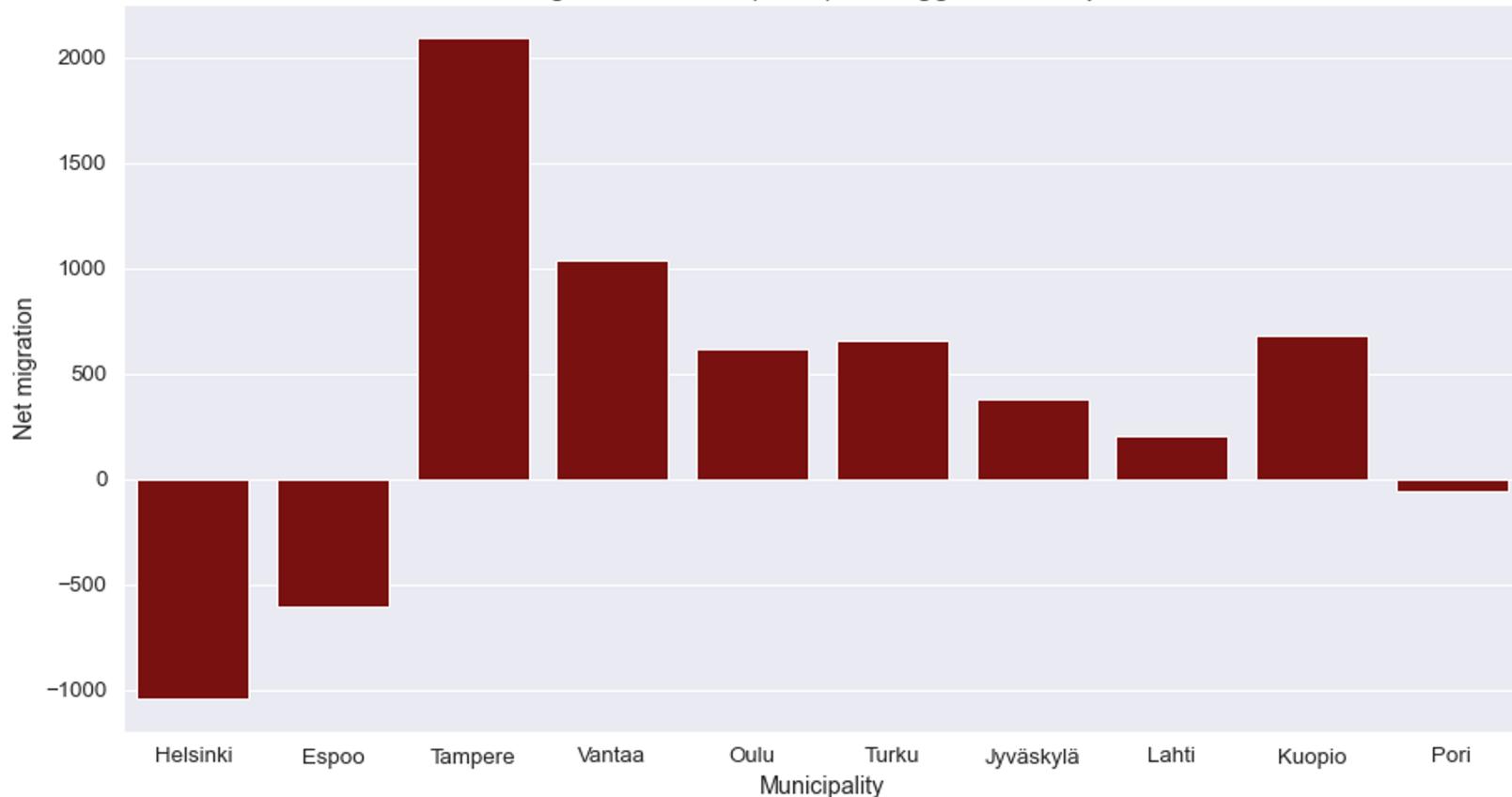
1. 25.3.2022
2. 08.04.2022

Research Questions

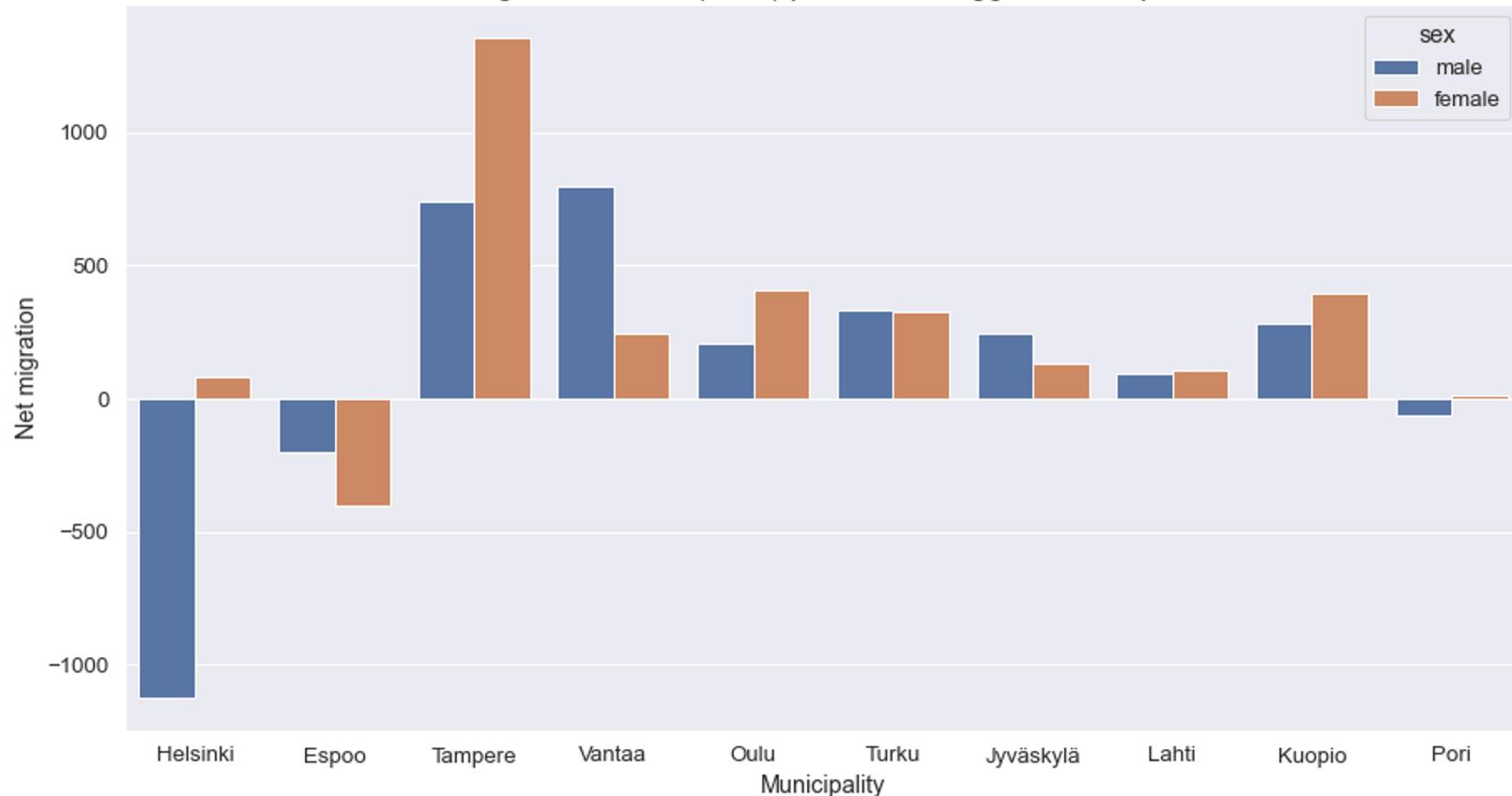
- Mitkä vaikutukset demografisilla tekijöillä on Suomen kuntien muuttoliikenteeseen?
- What demographic factors affect domestic migration in Finland?
- Miten muuttoliikenne on muuttunut vuosien 1990 ja 2020 välillä?
- How has domestic migration in Finland developed between 1990 and 2020?

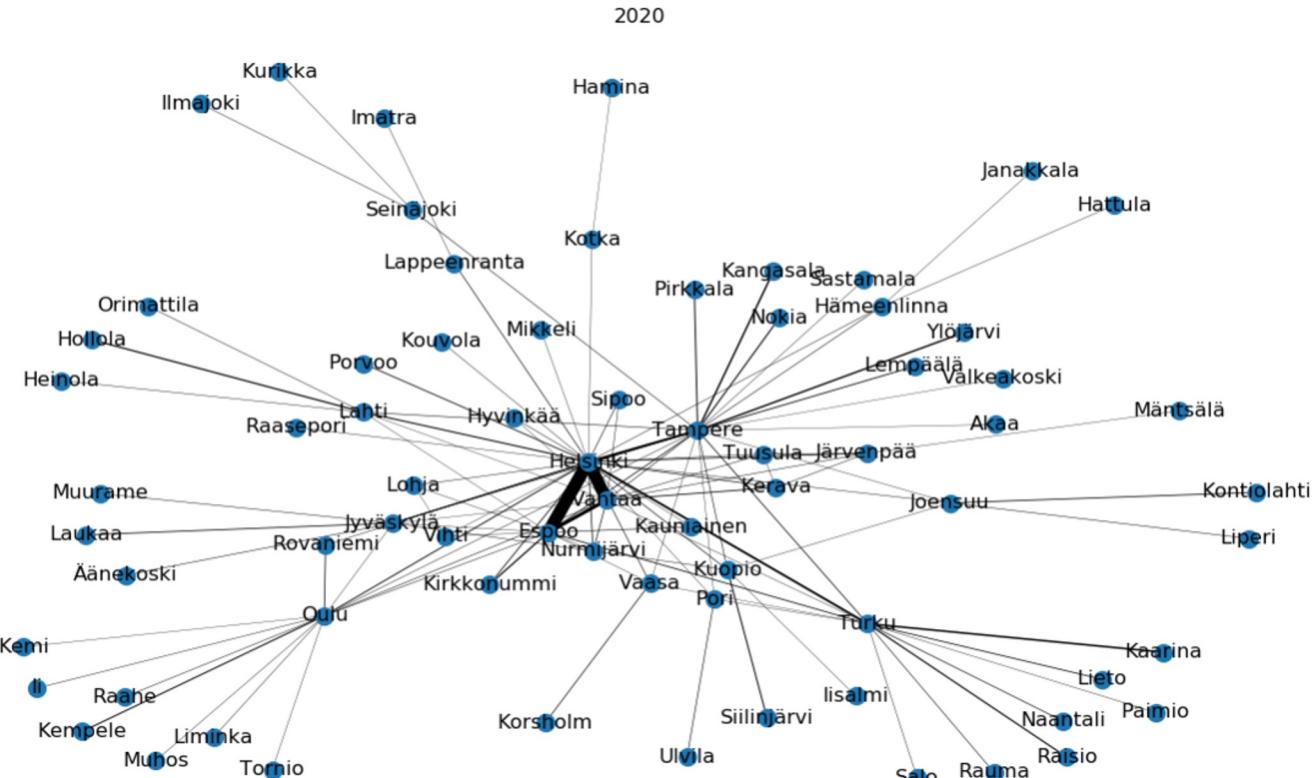
Friday 25.3.2022

Net migration counts (2020), 10 biggest municipalities



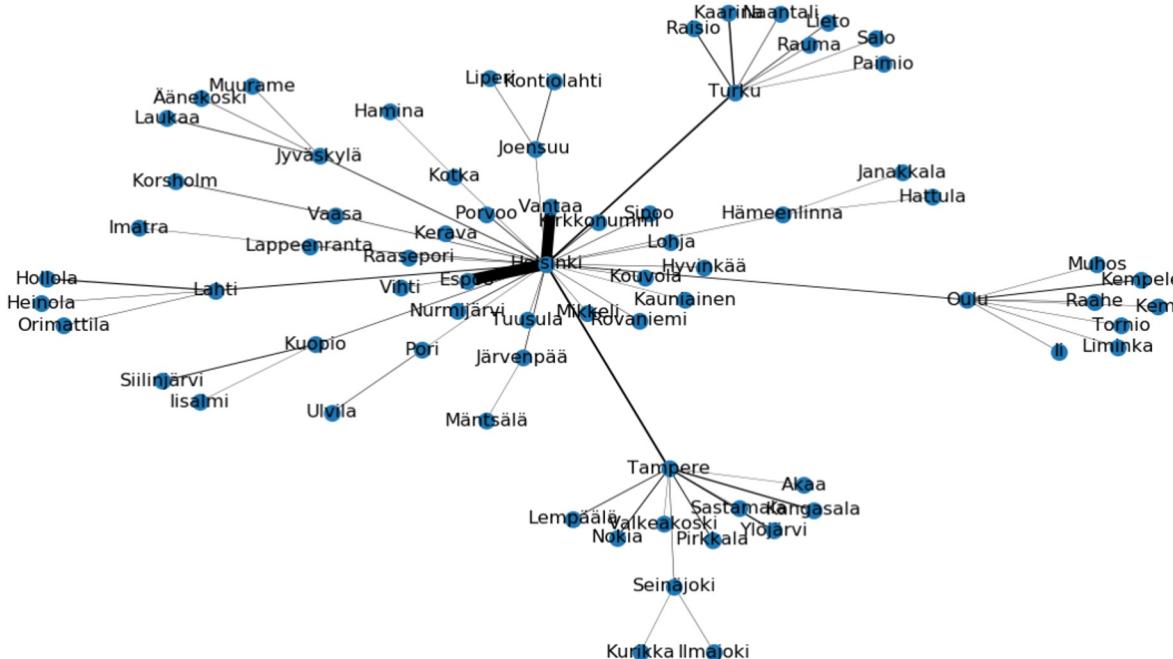
Net migration counts (2020) per sex, 10 biggest municipalities



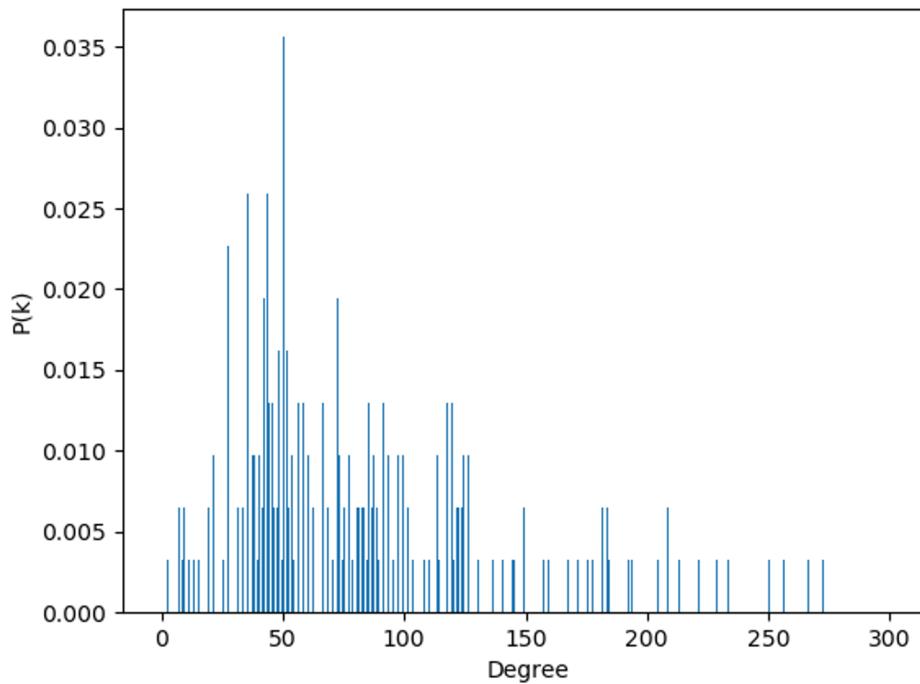


Maximum spanning tree

2020

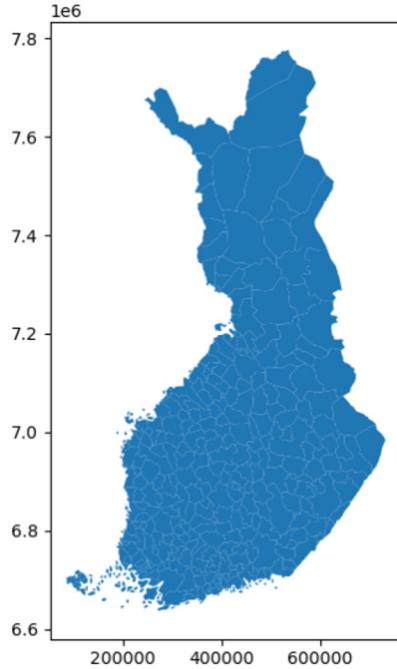


Degree distribution



Municipalities map visualization

GeoPandas plotting of .shp datafile

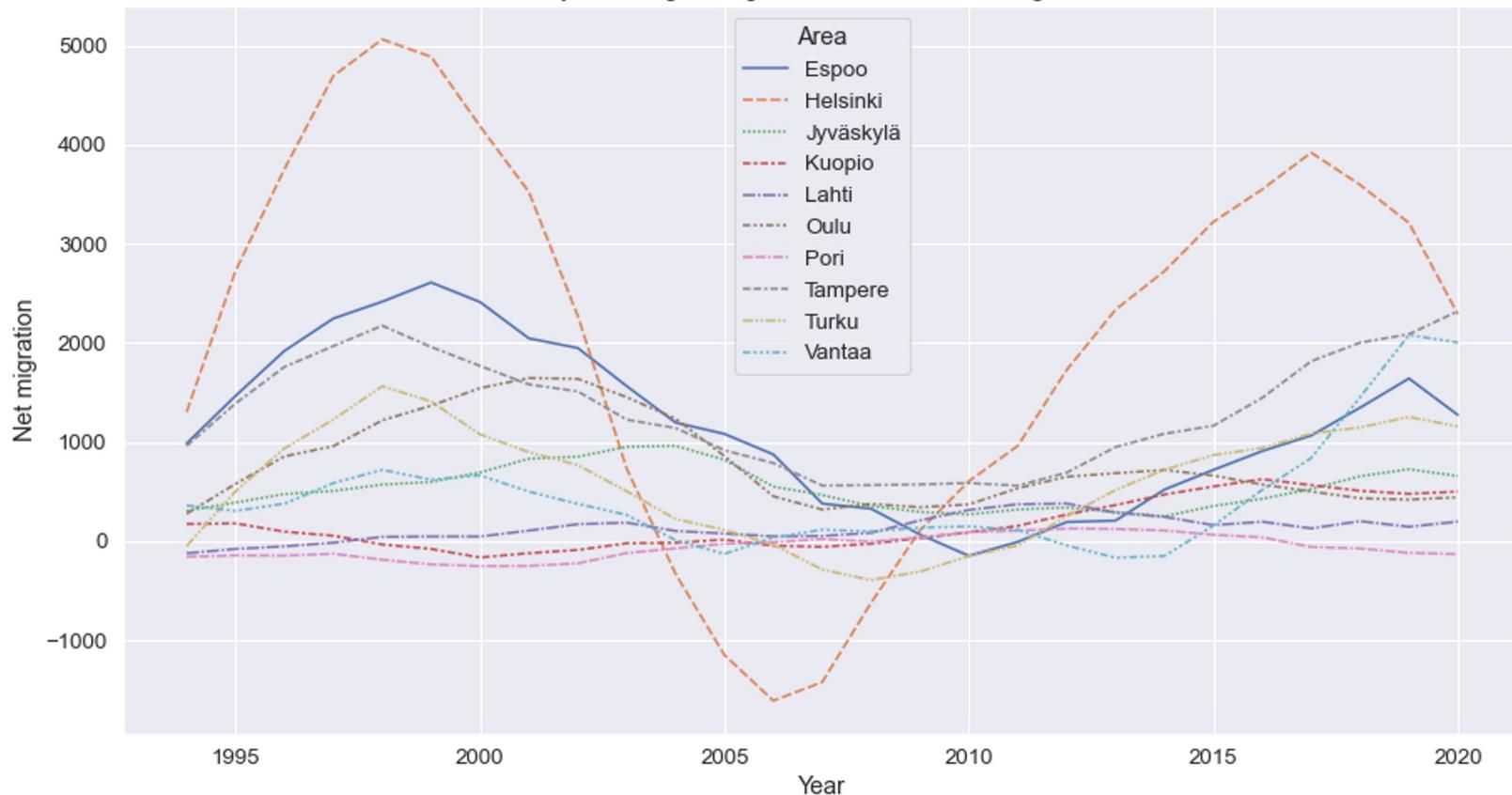


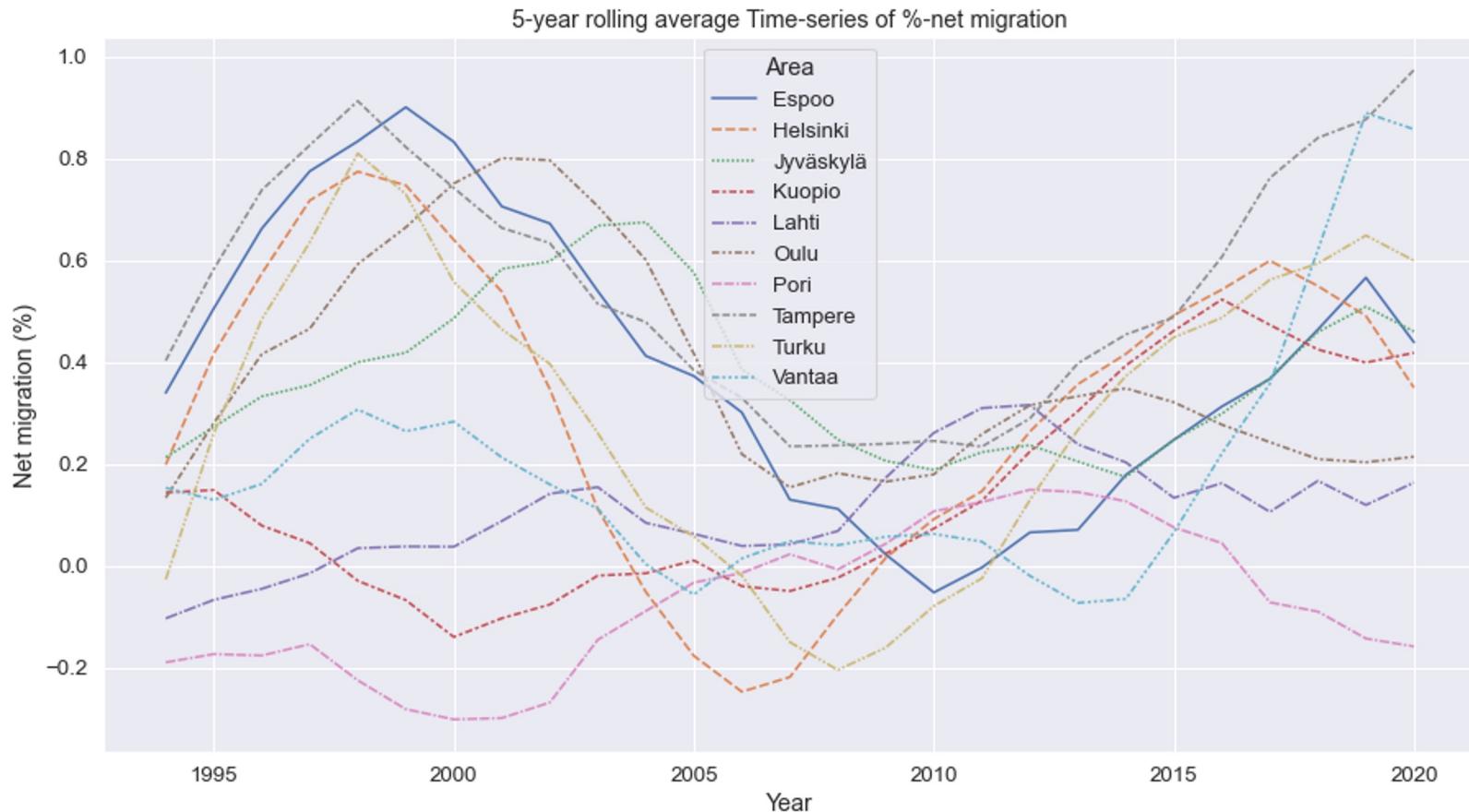
What next?

- **GeoPandas**
- **Visualize network on the Finnish map**
 - Combine network and GIS data
- **Time-series investigation**
- **More demographic features?**
- log of migration counts?
- mobility signature (check the paper)
- More network features (centralities → easy to do with networkx)
 - check how these have changed over the year
 - might also be useful to use as thresholds??

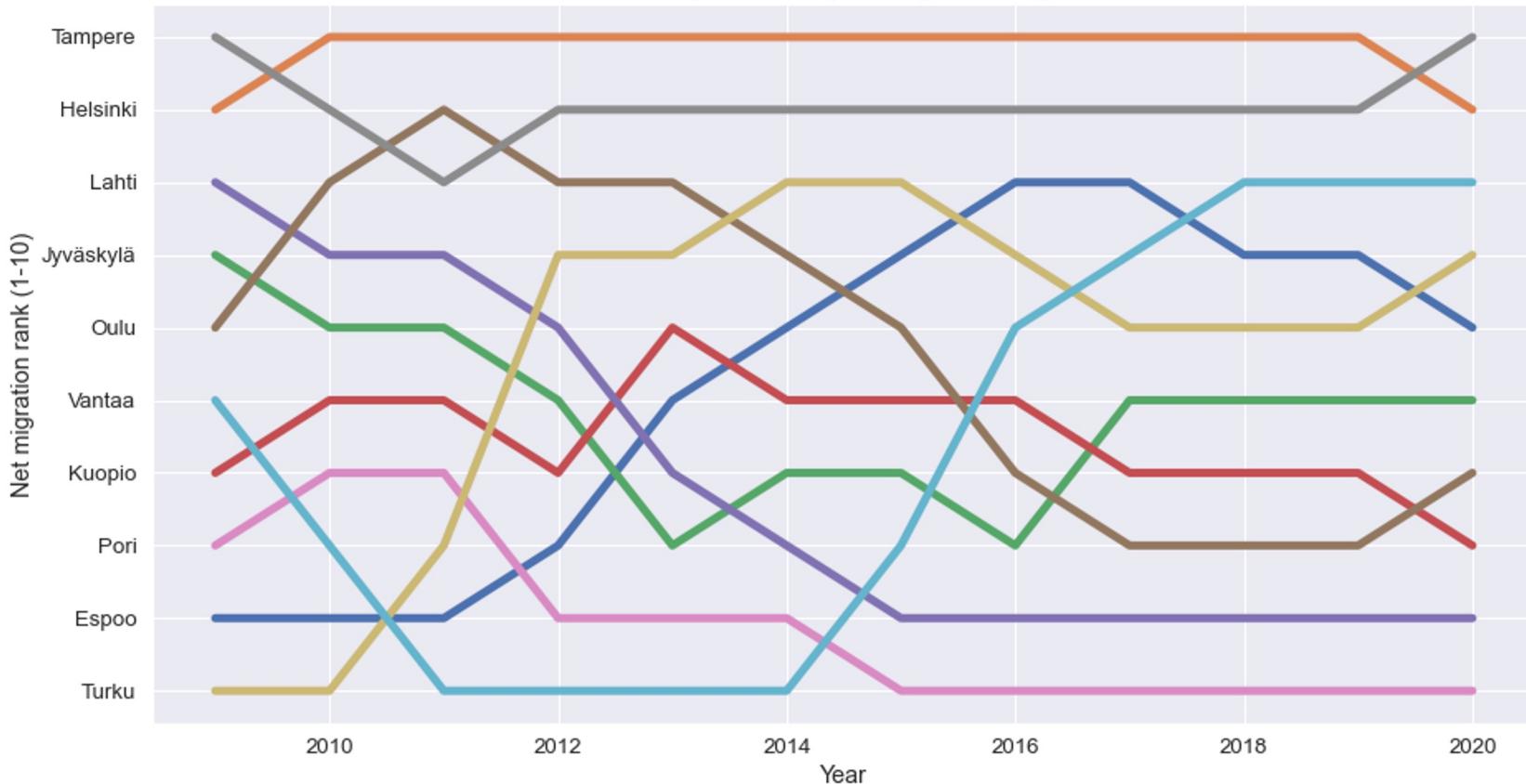
Friday 08.04.2022

5-year rolling average Time-series of %-net migration

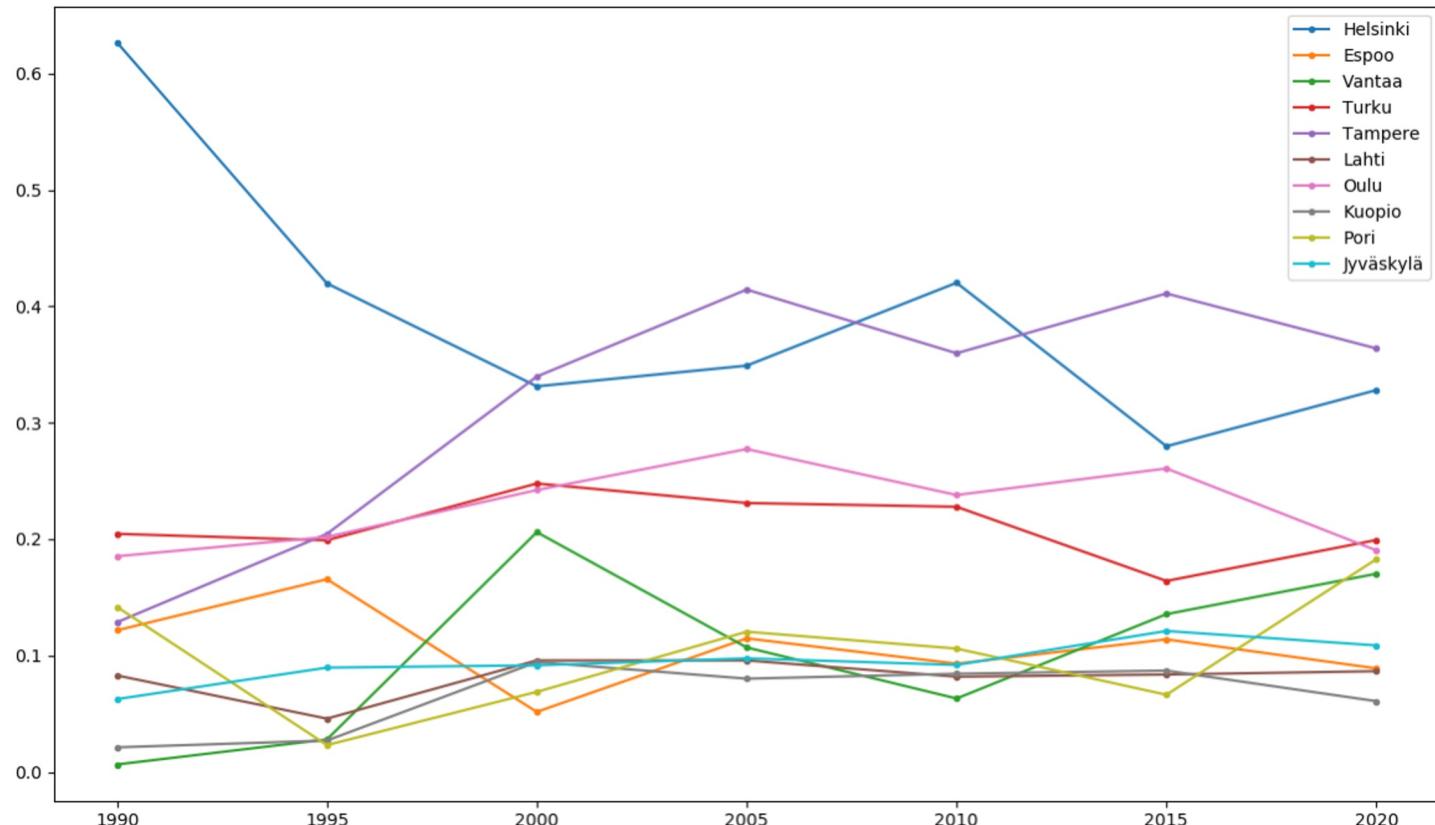




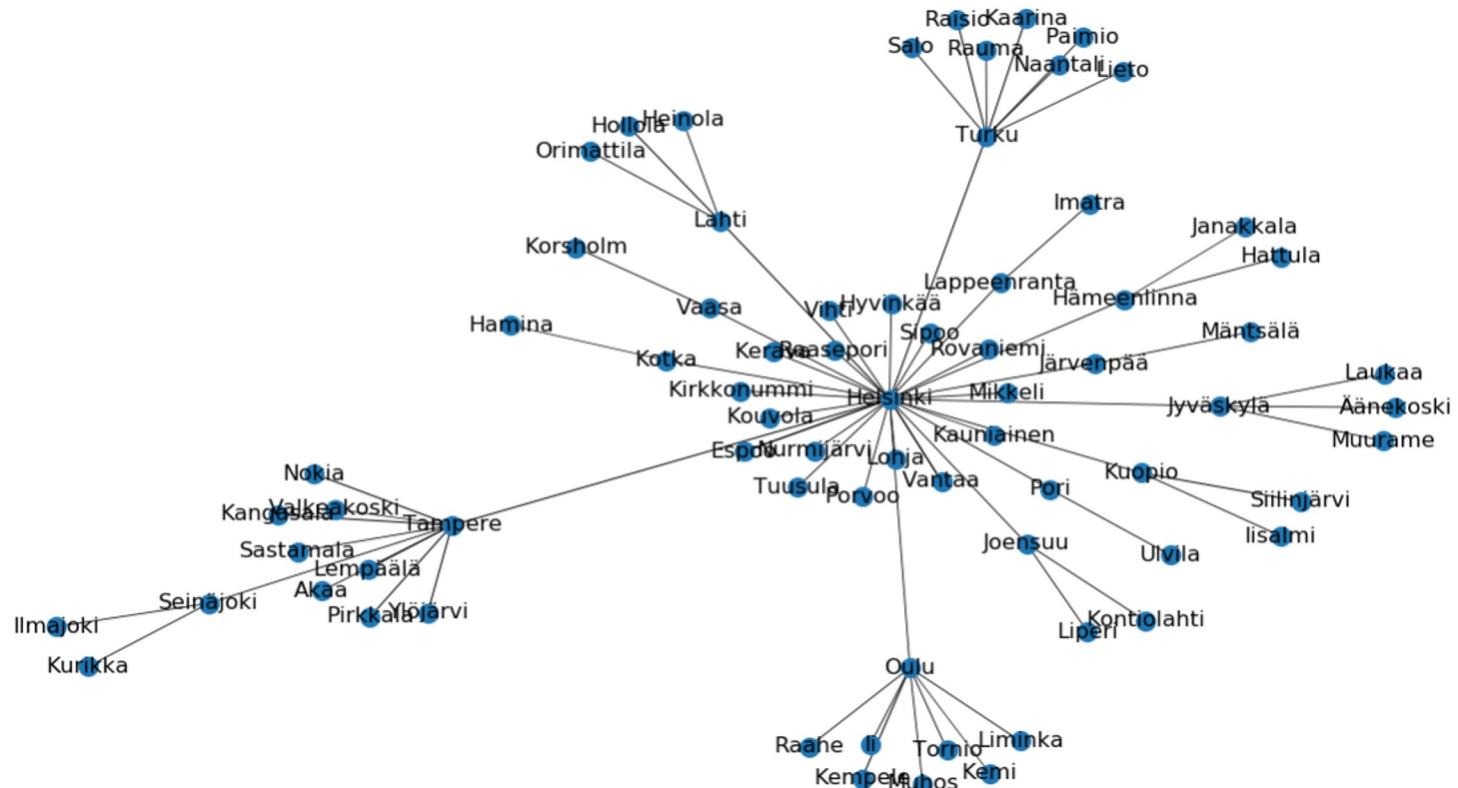
Rank of 4-year Rolling Average Net Migration



Betweenness Centralities

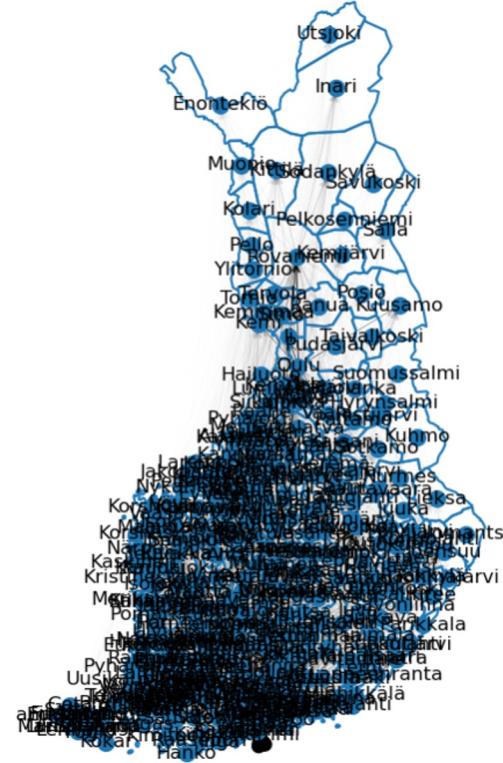


2020

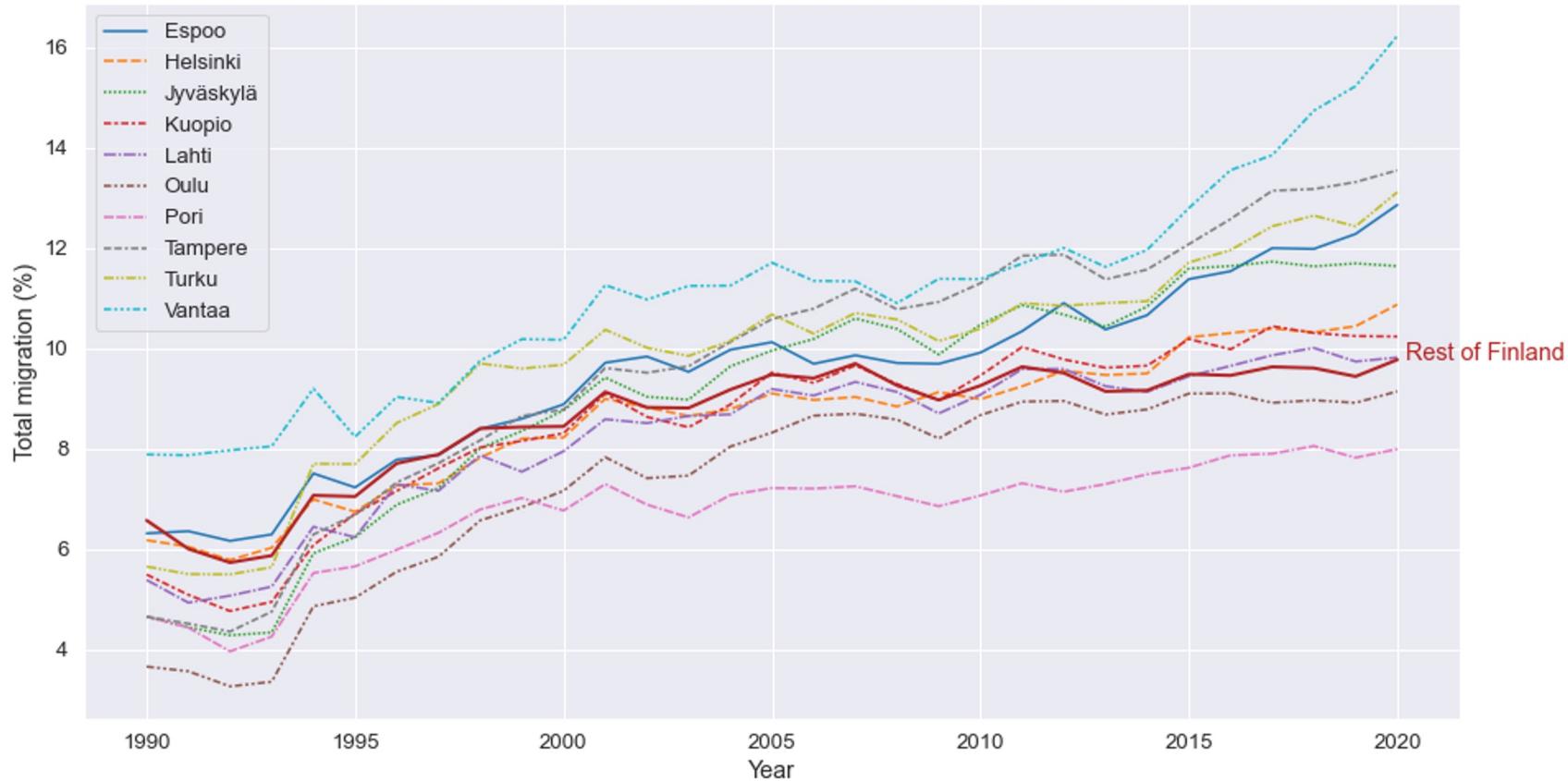


Visualization of migration networks on the map of Finland

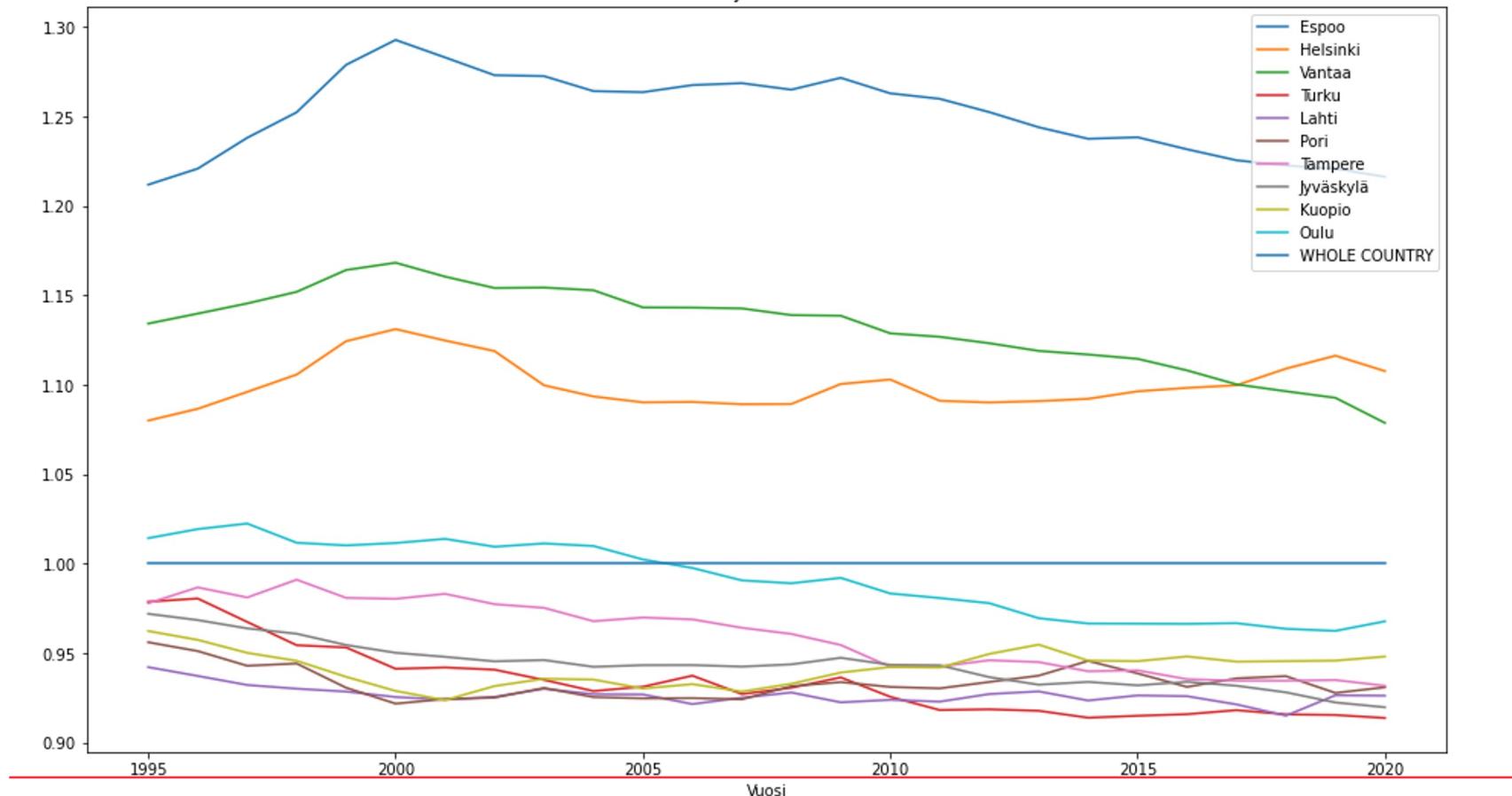
- All municipalities
 - Quite muddy, municipalities cannot be distinguished from one another



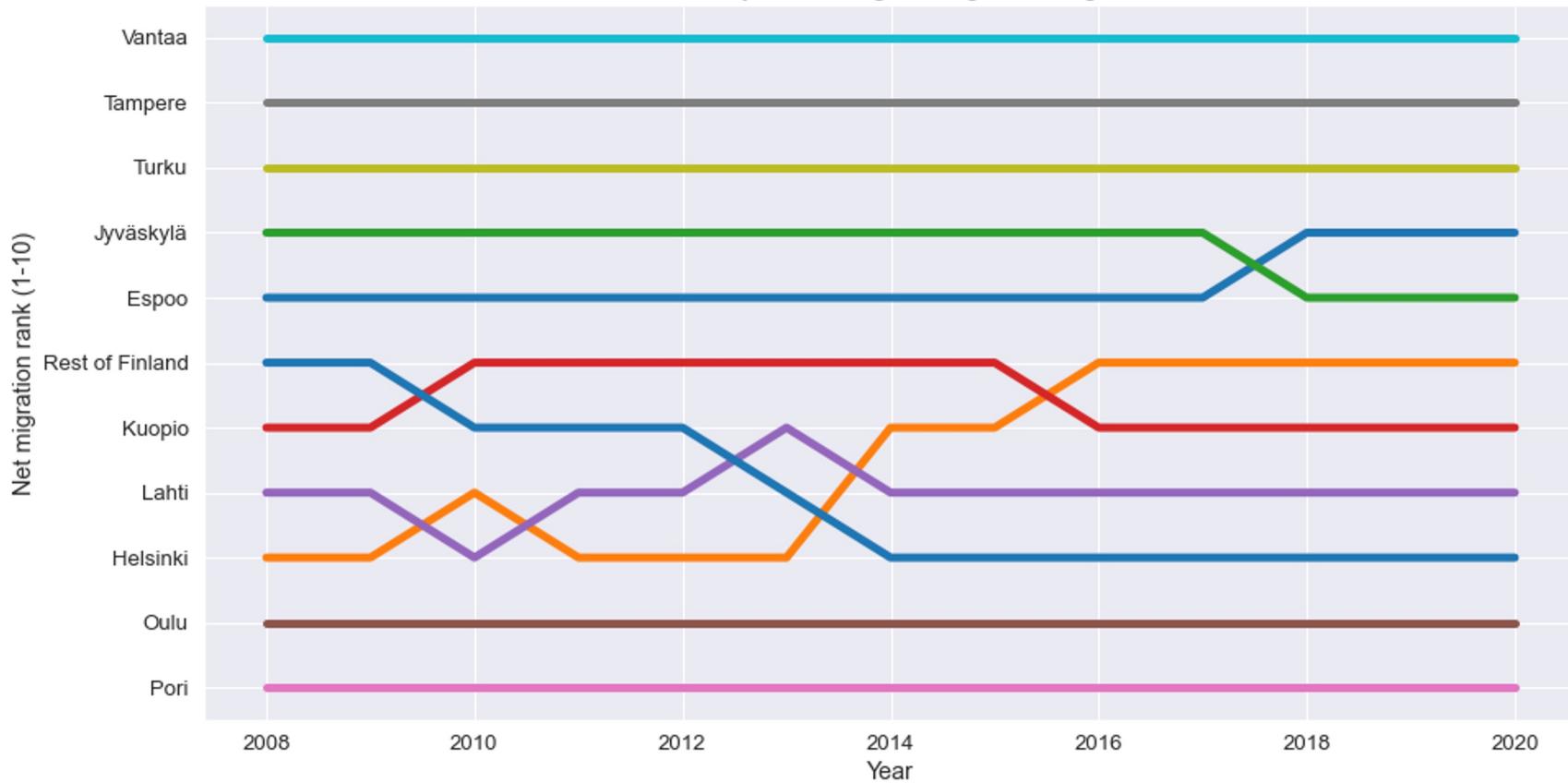
Time-series of sum migration data normalized by population



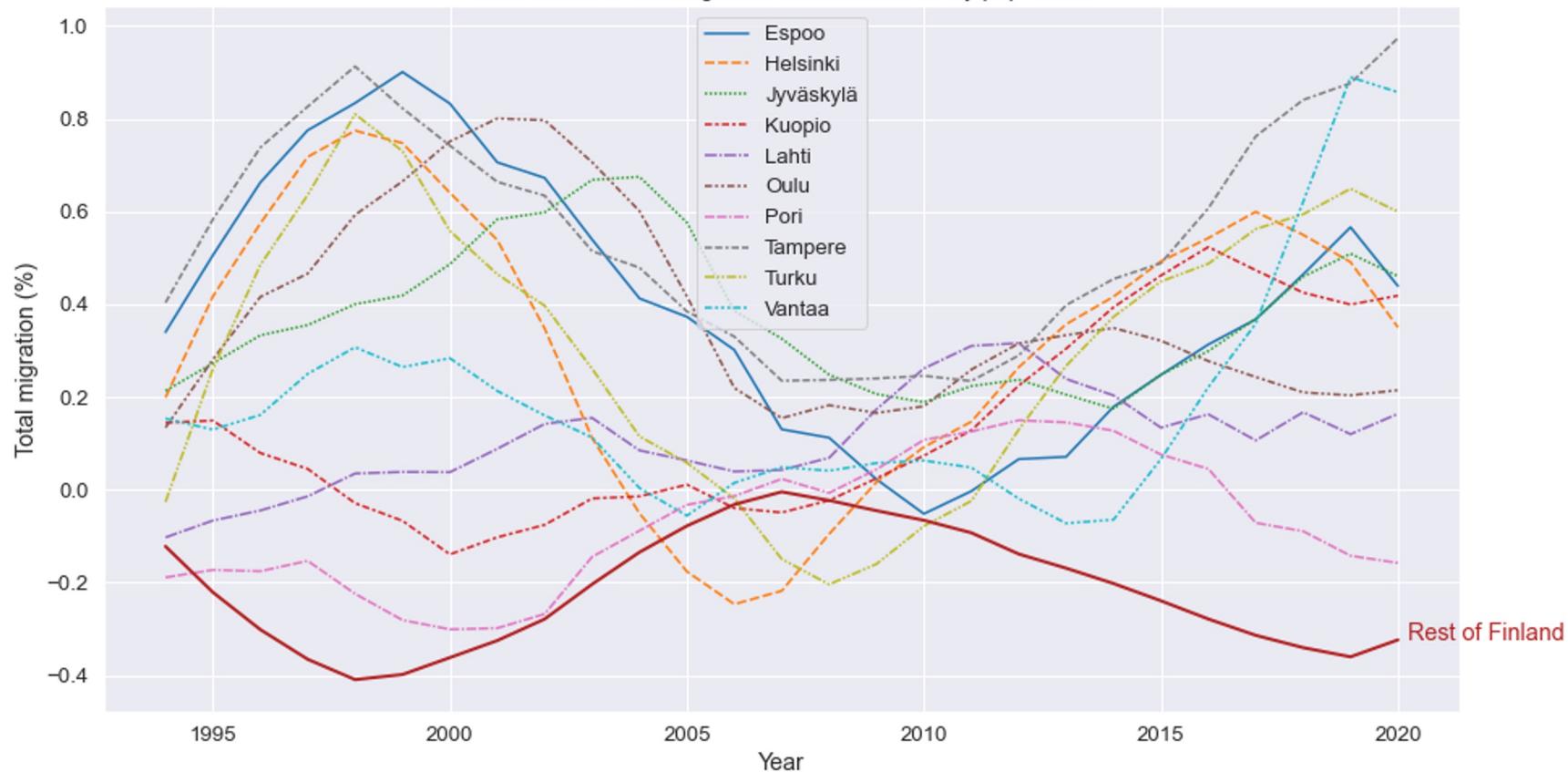
Mediaanitulon kehitys suhteessa koko maahan



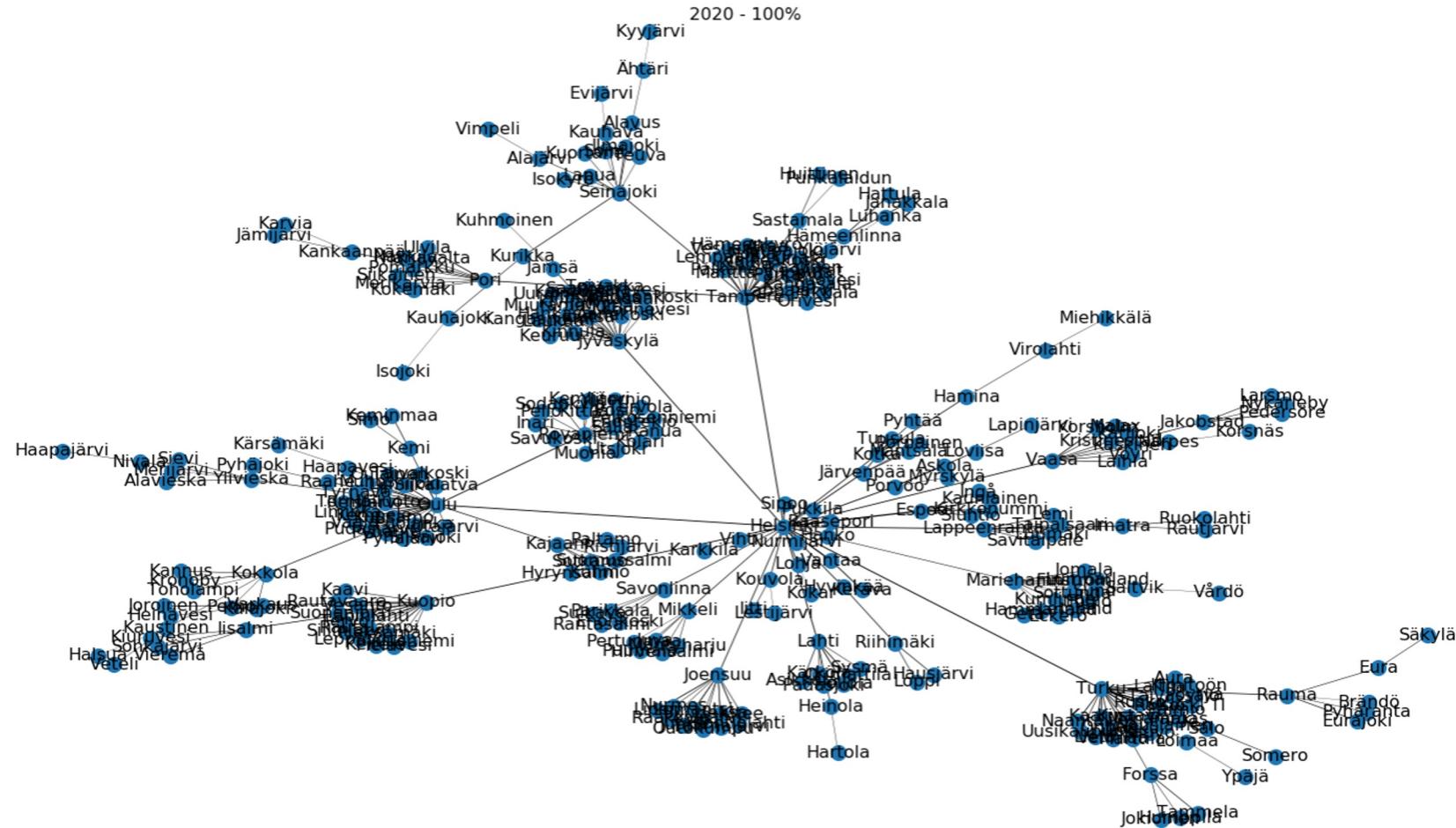
Rank of 3-year Rolling Average Net Migration



Time-series of sum migration data normalized by population

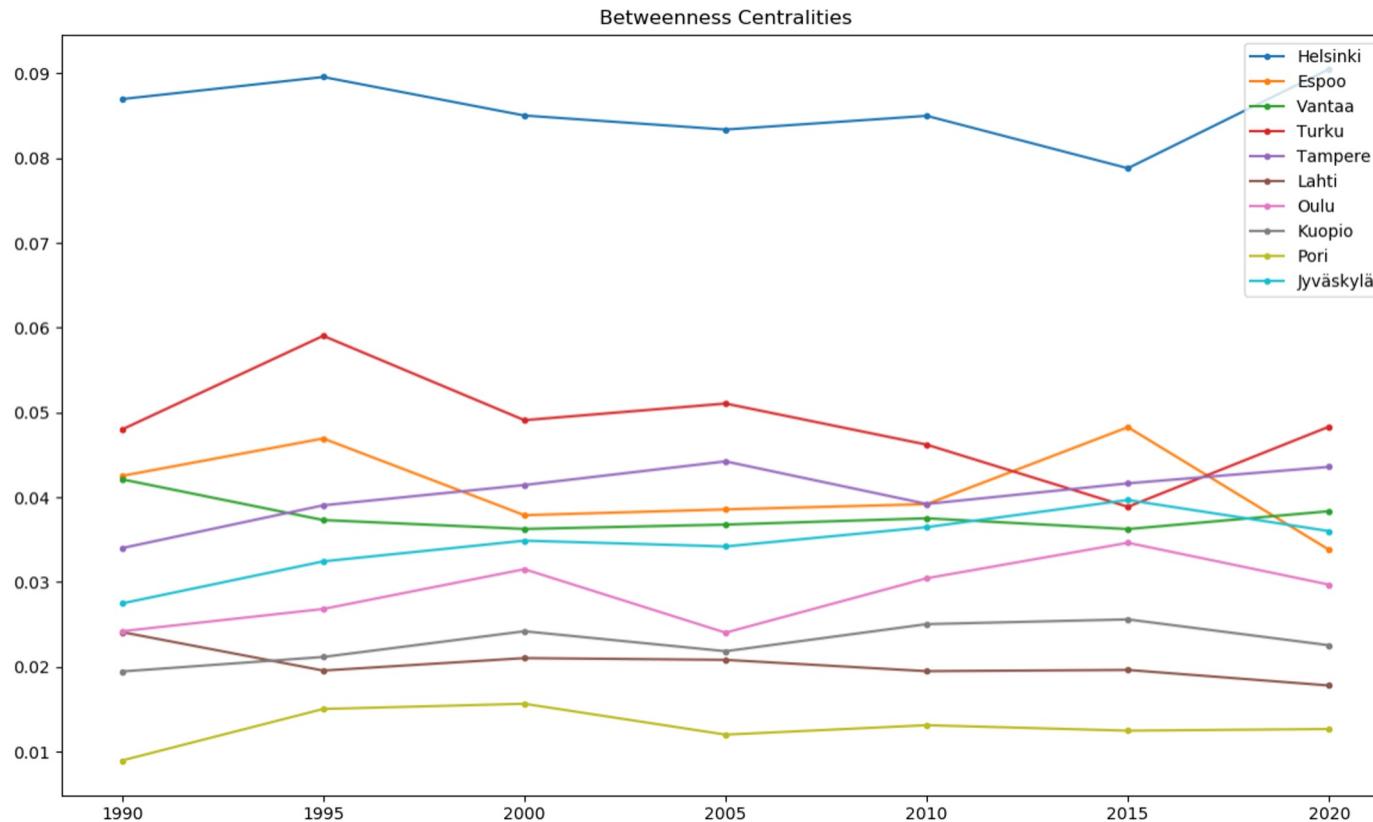


Maximum spanning tree, 100% of the links

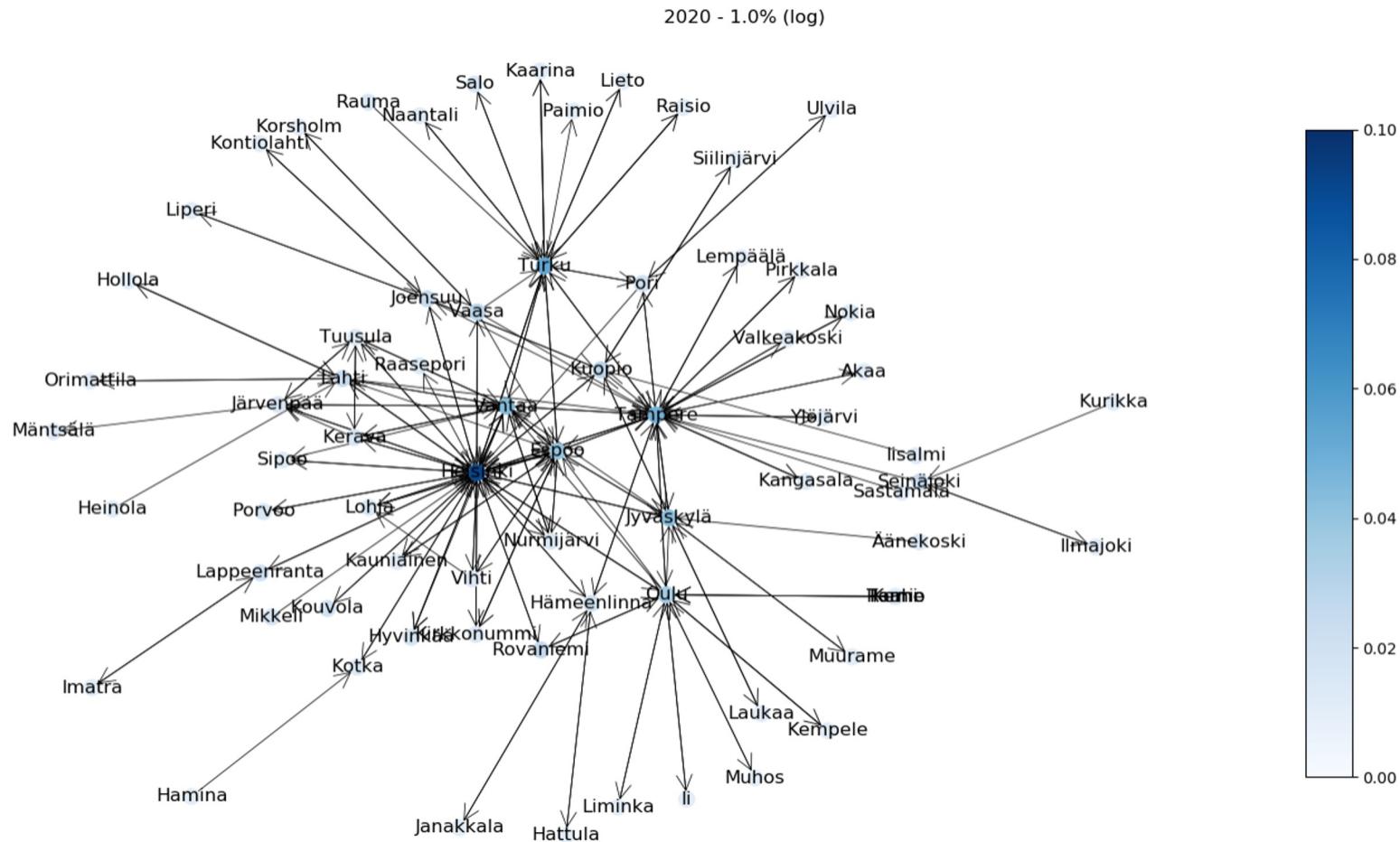


Betweenness centralities of 10 biggest municipalities

- Calculated with reciprocals of total migration values
- No major changes during the years, Helsinki is clearly the most central city

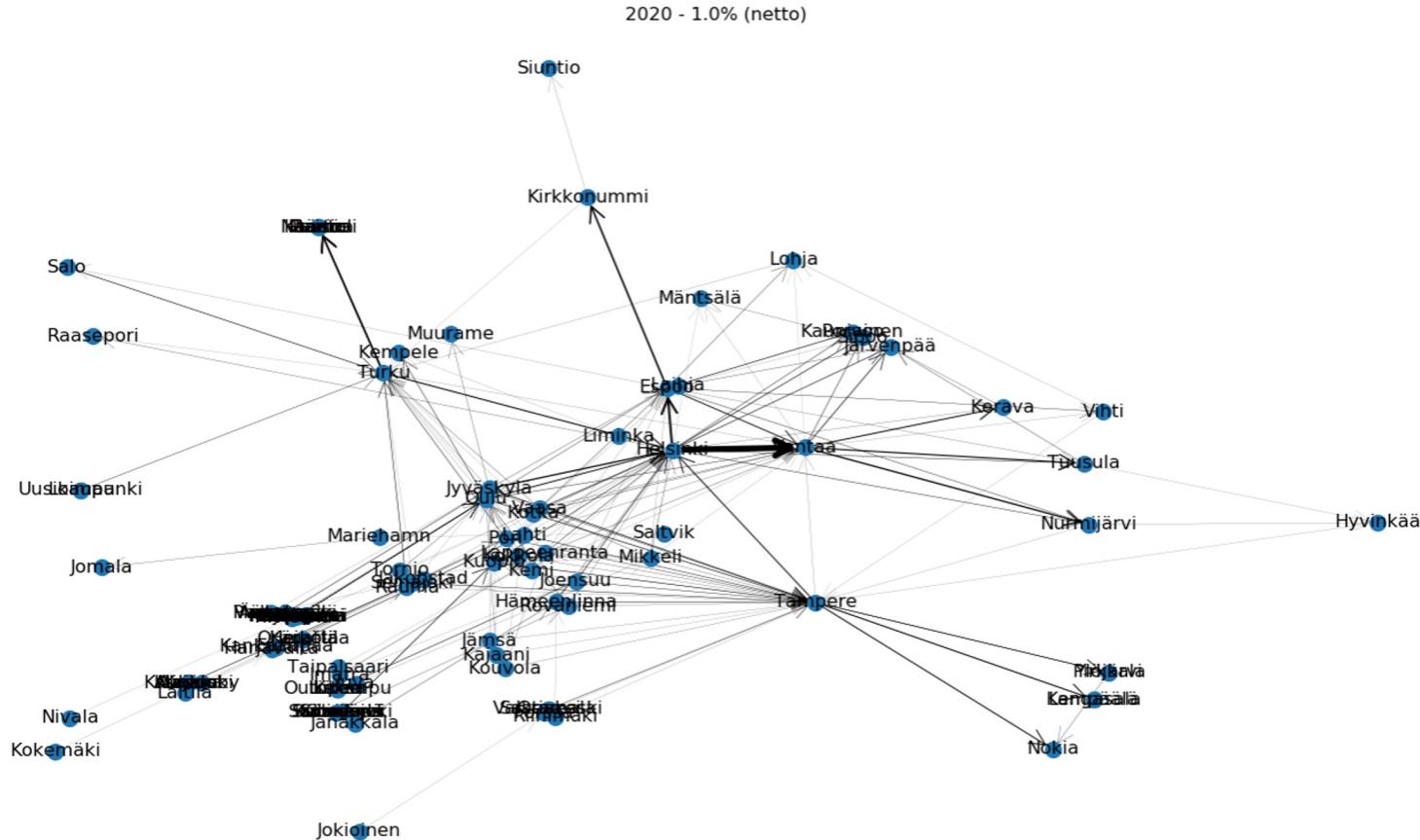


Directed graph visualization with betweenness centralities as node colors



Directed graph visualization with positive net migration as edge weight

- Some of the nodes overlap, fixed when the network is visualized on the map of Finland

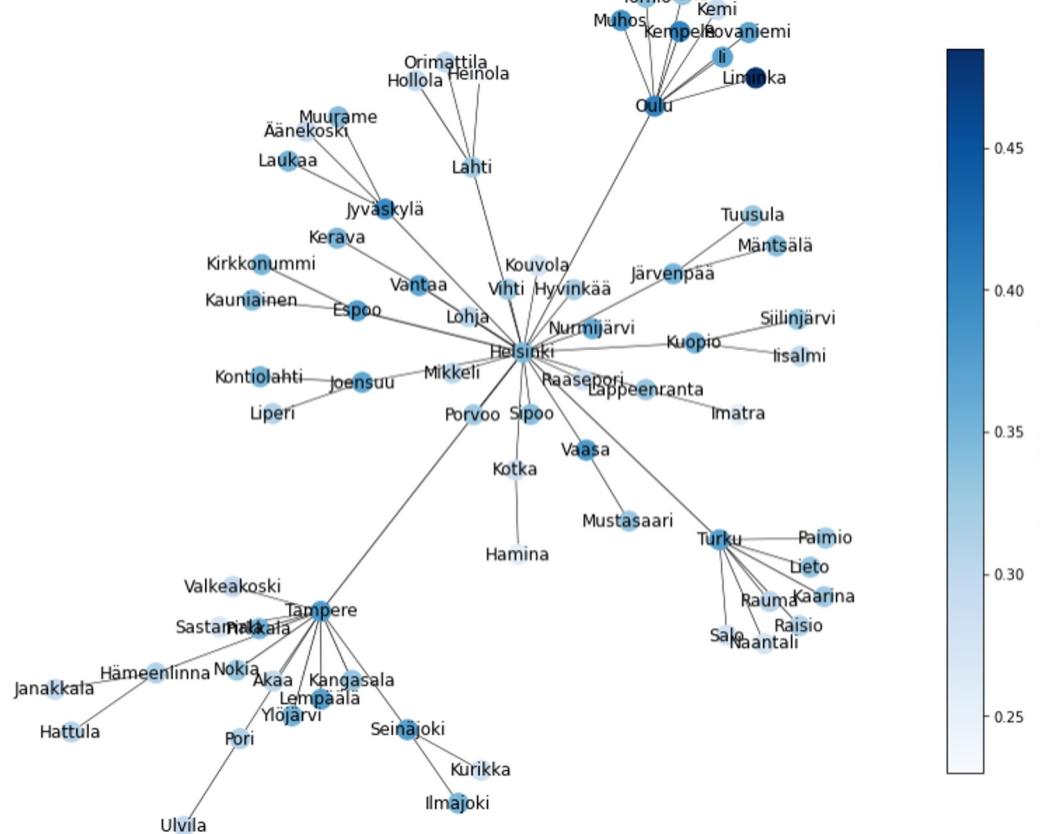


What next?

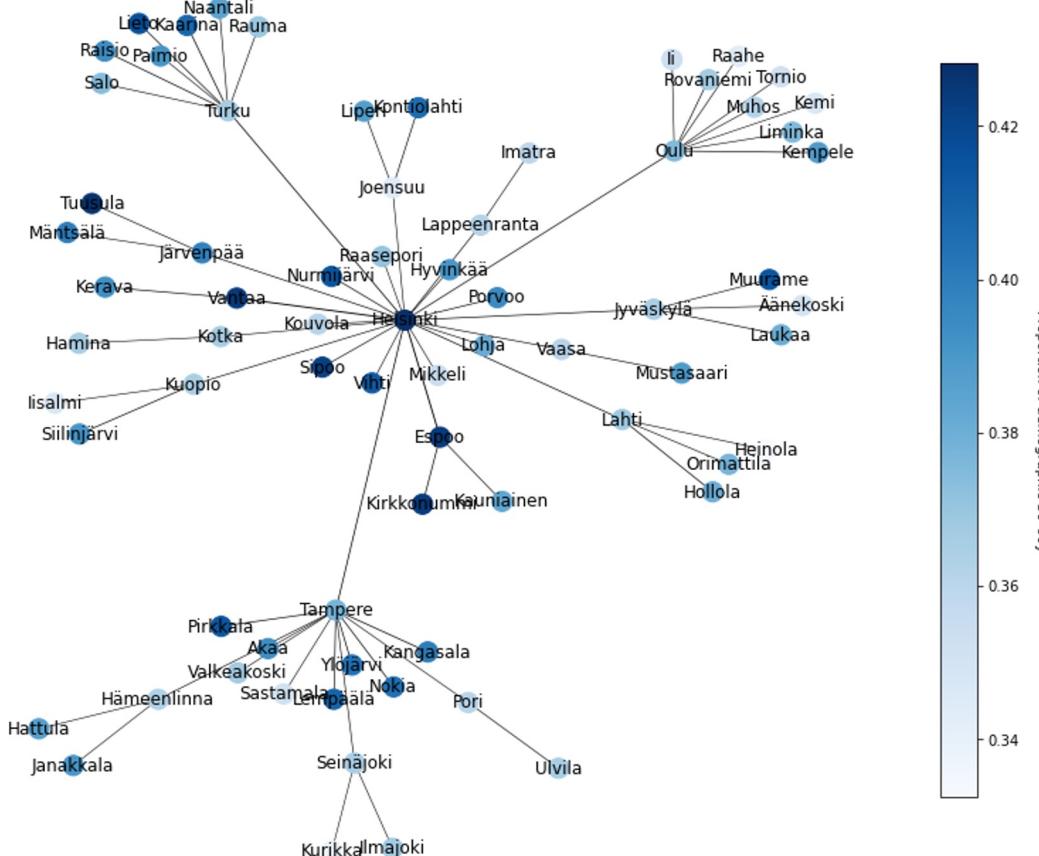
- Continue to visualize the networks on the finnish map
- Investigate connection of migration and municipality demographics
 - Visualizations on the map
 - Correlation heatmap
- Analysis of the migration and demographics
 - <https://towardsdatascience.com/interactive-geographical-maps-with-geopandas-4586a9d7cc10>

The effect of demographic factors to finnish migration

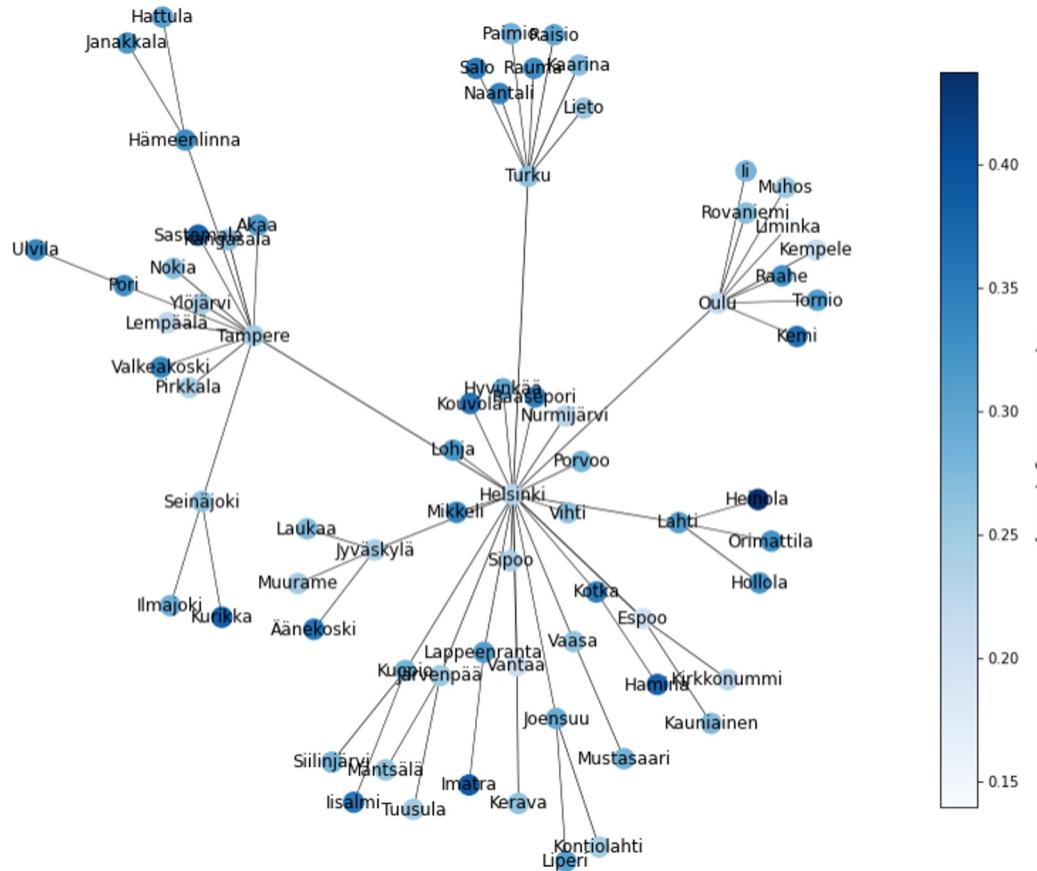
0-30 year-olds



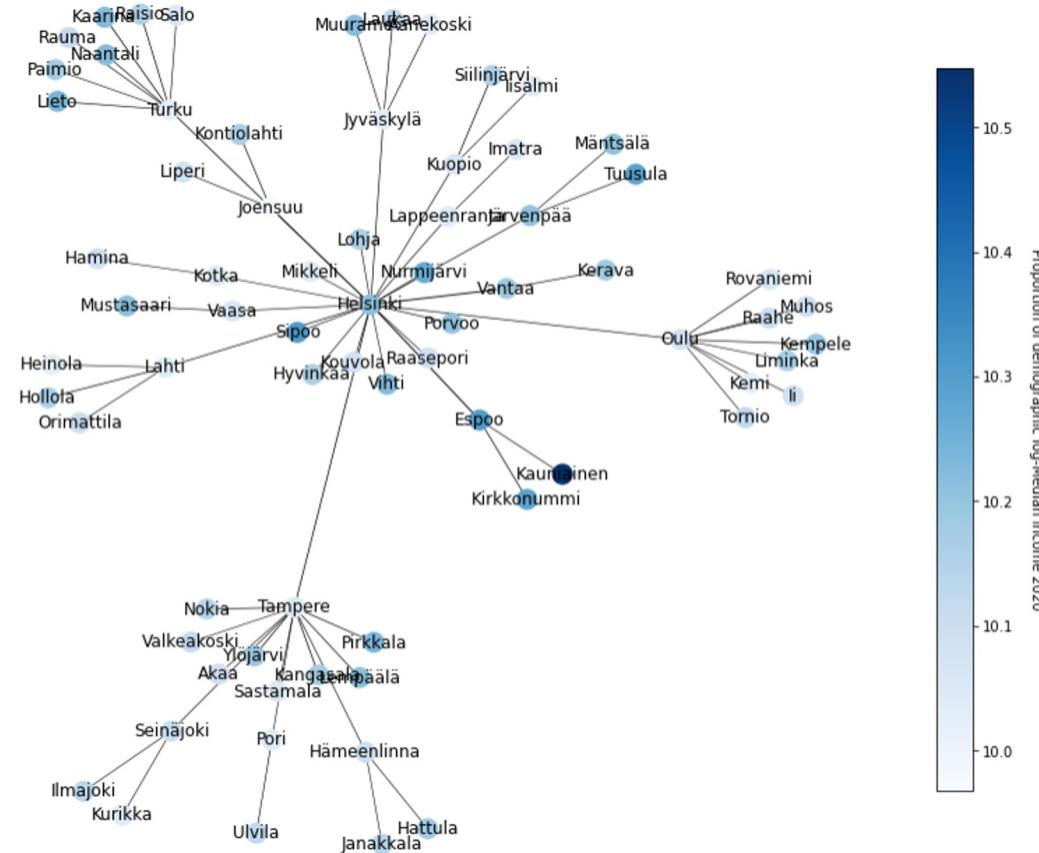
30-60 year-olds



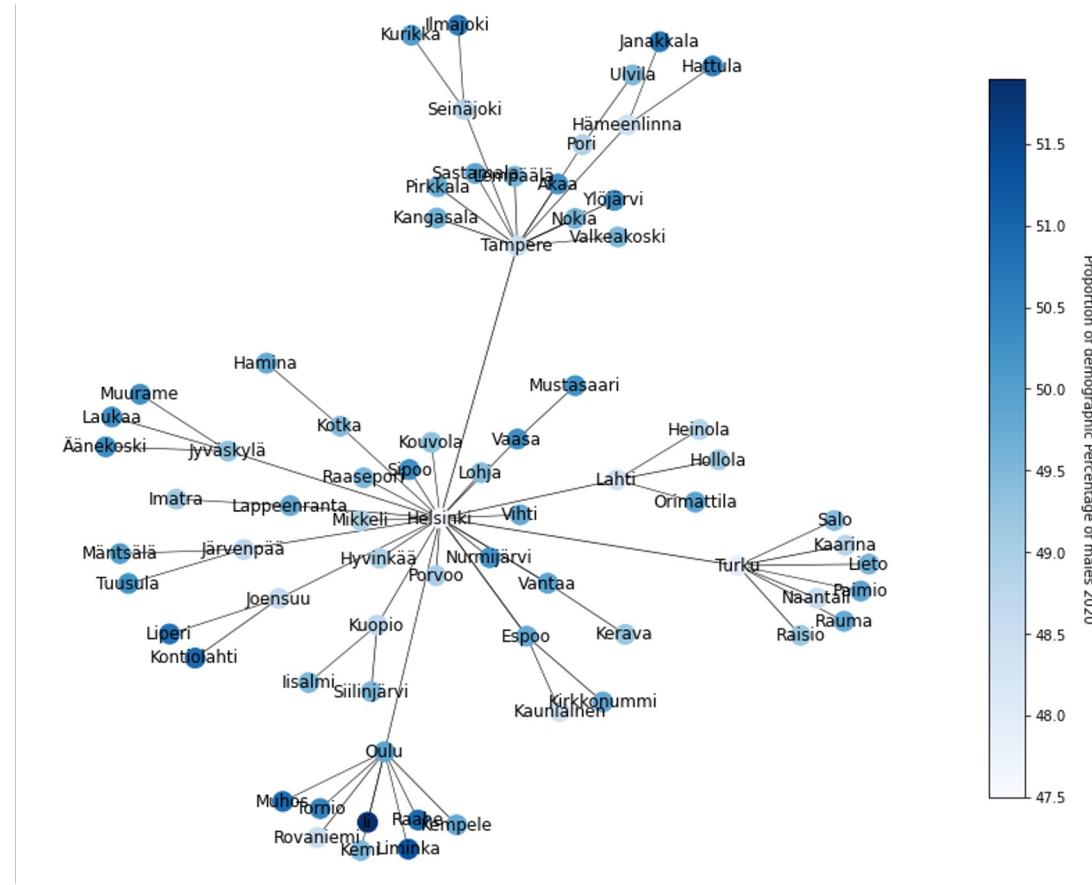
60+ year-olds



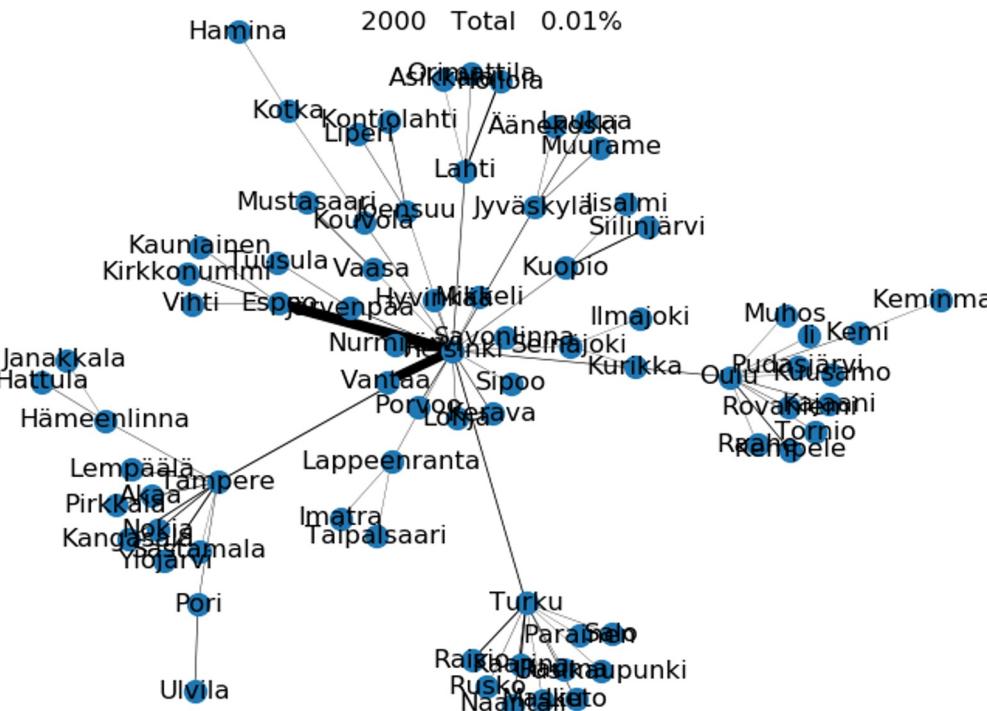
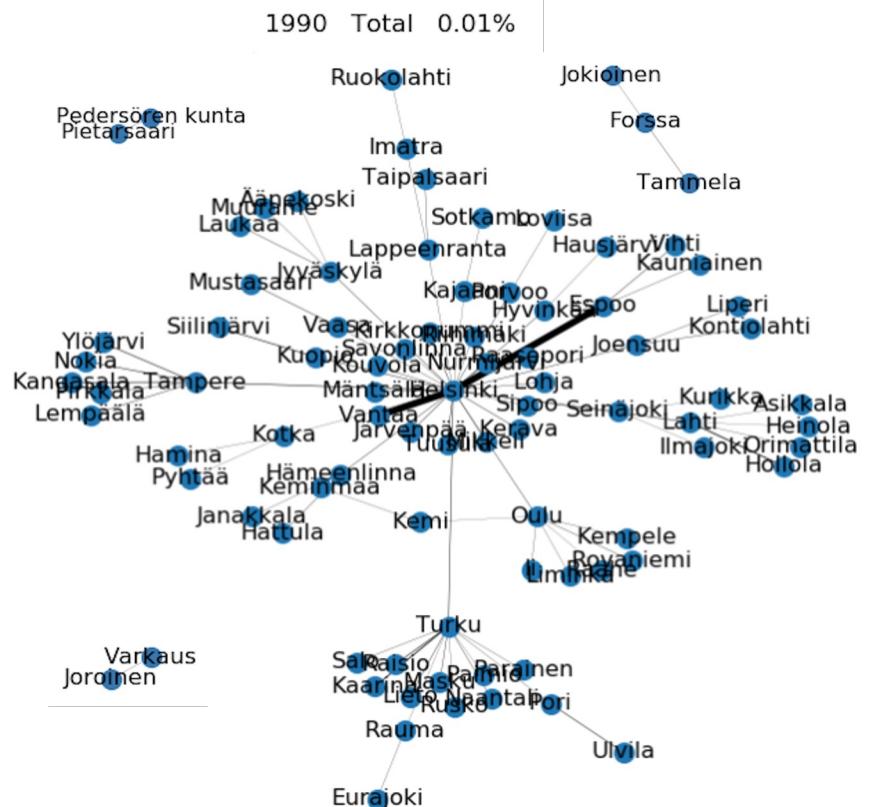
Log-median income

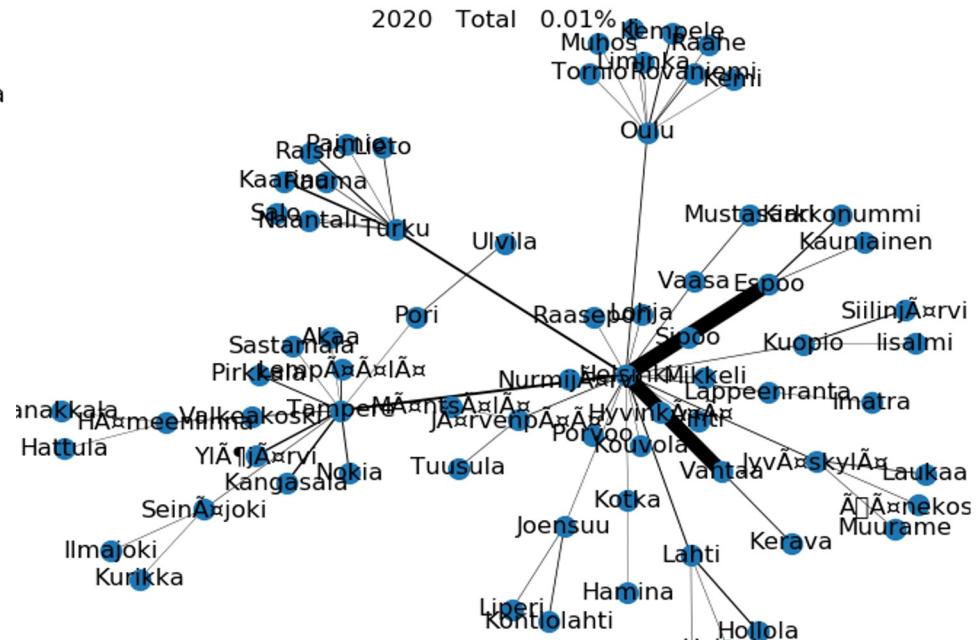
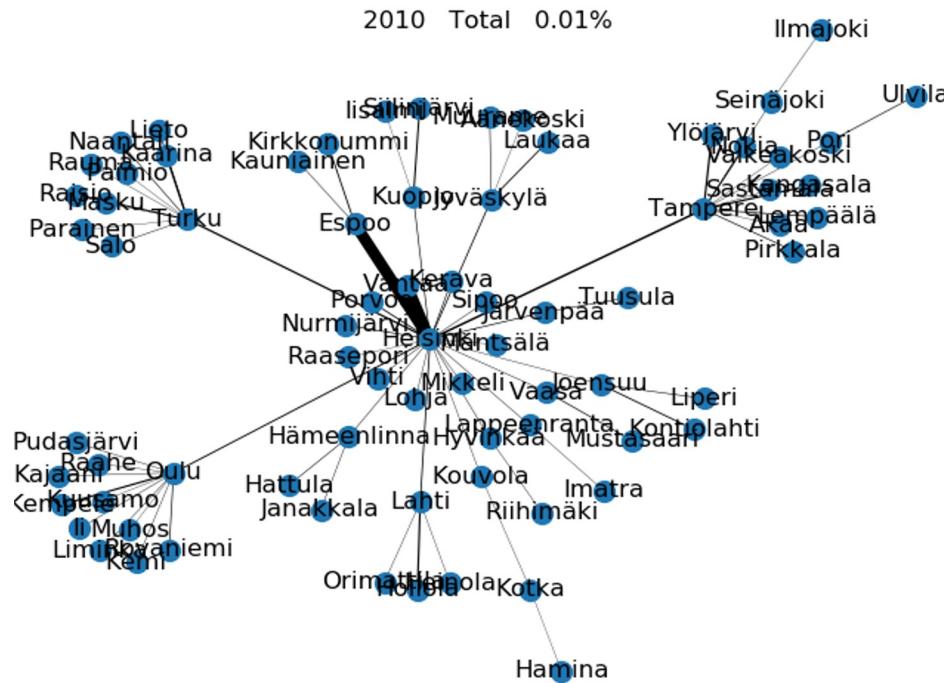


Binary sex-distribution

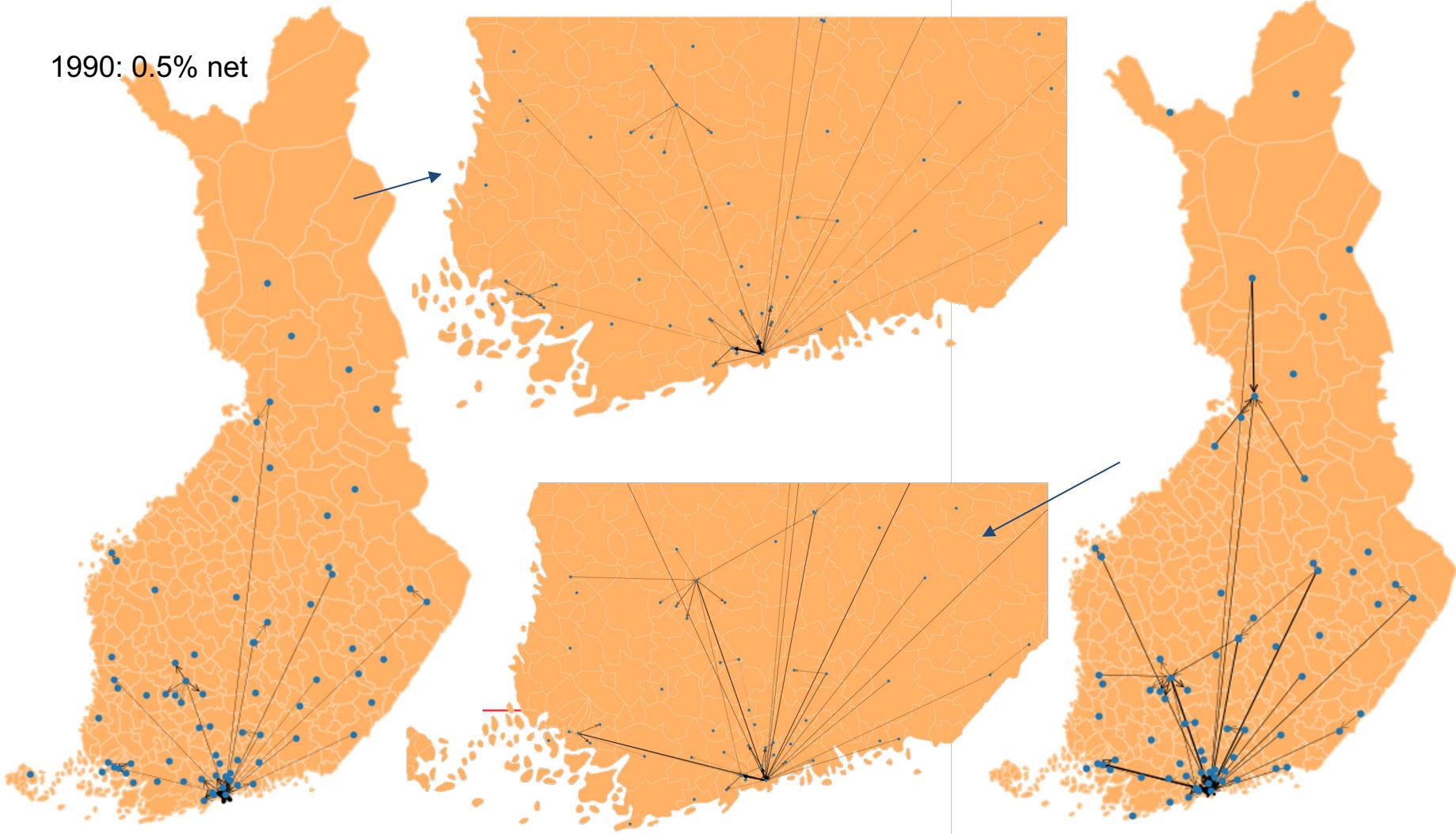


Changes in finnish migration between years 1990-2020

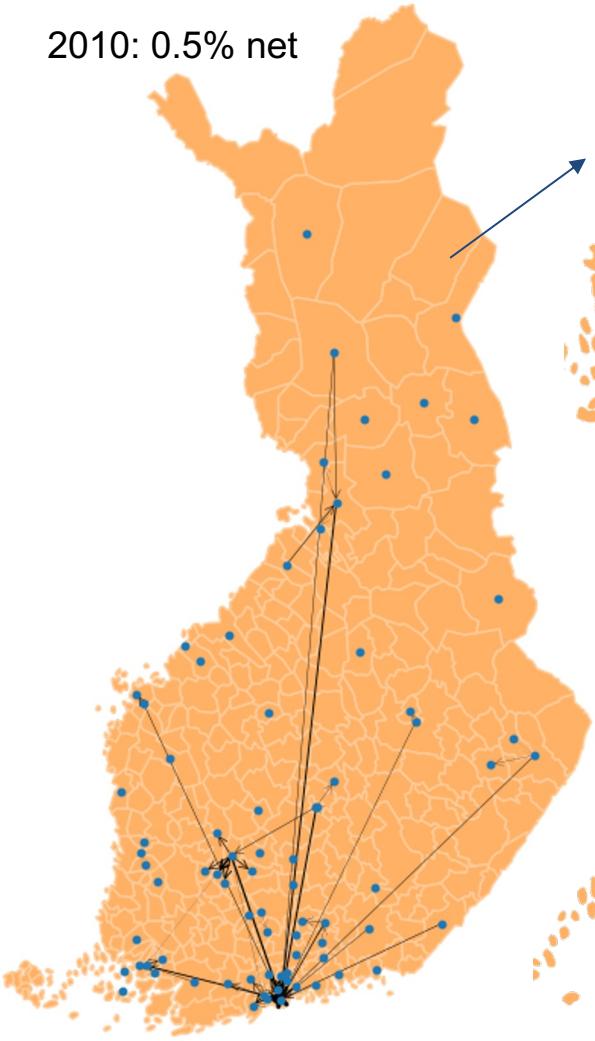




1990: 0.5% net



2010: 0.5% net



2020: 0.5% net

