Sense HAT random sparkles



For this activity, you can either use the physical Sense HAT hardware, the desktop emulator in Raspbian, or the web-based emulator on **trinket.io**

If you're using the Sense HAT, attach it to your Raspberry Pi before booting.

If you're using the Trinket emulator, open a web browser and go to **trinket.io/sense-hat**

Using set_pixel

First, we'll think up some random numbers and use the **set_pixel** function to place a random colour on a random location on the Sense HAT display.

- If you're using a Raspberry Pi, open **Mu**. If you're using the web emulator, delete the example code before you begin.
- 2 In the new file, start by importing the Sense HAT module.

If you're using a physical Sense HAT or the Trinket emulator, the import line is:

from sense_hat import SenseHat

The rest of the code will be identical for all versions.

Next, create a connection to your Sense HAT by adding:

sense = SenseHat()

Think of another random number between 0 and 7, then assign it to y:

y = 5

If you're using the desktop emulator, the import line is:

from sense_emu import SenseHat

Now think of a random number between 0 and 7 and assign it to the variable **x**, for example:

x = 4

Think of three random numbers between 0 and 255, then assign them to r, g, and b:

r = 19

g = 180

b = 230

Now use the **set_pixel** function to place your random colour at your random location on the display:

sense.set_pixel(x, y, r, g, b)

8 Now press the **Run** button to run your code. You should see a single pixel light up.

Now pick a new set of random numbers, change them all, and run the program again. A second pixel should appear on the display!

Using the random module

So far you have picked your own random numbers, but you can let the computer choose them instead.

Add another import line at the top of your program, below import SenseHat:

from random import randint

Now change your x = and y = lines to automatically select a random position:

```
x = randint(0, 7)

y = randint(0, 7)
```

4 Now change your colour value lines to:

```
r = randint(0, 255)
g = randint(0, 255)
b = randint(0, 255)
```

Run your program again, and you should see another random pixel being placed on the display. It will be the same colour as the last pixel you placed.

Now your program will automatically select a random colour.

Run it again, and you should see another pixel appear in a random location with a random colour.

Run it a few more times, and you should see more of the grid fill up with random pixels.

Add a loop

Rather than having to keep running your program, you can add a loop so that it will keep going.

1 First, add an import to the top of your file: You'll use this to pause the program between pixels.

```
from time import sleep
```

Add a while True: to your code so that the random lines, set_pixel and sleep are all within the loop:

```
while True:
    x = randint(0, 7)
    y = randint(0, 7)
    r = randint(0, 255)
    g = randint(0, 255)
    b = randint(0, 255)
    sense.set_pixel(x, y, r, g, b)
    sleep(0.1)
```

- Run the code and you should see random sparkles in action!
- 4 Try changing the sleep time to make it even shorter.