# **Project Assignment 2**

**50 Points** 

References: Referenced Textbook and Week 2, 3, 4, 5, & 6 handouts

Due date: Monday, Mar 6 2017, by 11:59pm

# **Skills Required:**

- 1. Object concepts: instantiation, multiple objects, constructors, private/public, static/instance methods, and object methods/constructors
- 2. Generate random numbers using Math.random() method
- 3. Object data field of another object
- 4. Message dialogs GUIs
- 5. Arrays of objects
- 6. Pass parameters to methods and method returns
- 7. Arithmetic operations, such as mode (%) function

### **Description:**

- 1. Create a new java project and name it PP2.
- 2. This project performs a payment for a number of customers, the payment is successful if and only if the customer credit card number s valid
- 3. All the program interactions are performed using Message Dialog Boxes of the JOptionPane class
- 4. Data entries validations are required for the empty entries and/or invalid entries
- 5. The program must implement the Hans Luhn check algorithm to validate the customer card based on **Mod 10 checks**, as described below:

Credit card numbers follow certain patterns. A credit card number must have between 13 and 16 digits. It must start with:

4 for Visa cards

5 for Master cards

37 for American Express cards

6 for Discover cards

In 1954, Hans Luhn of IBM proposed an algorithm to check credit card numbers. The algorithm determines if a card number is entered correctly by a user. Almost all credit card numbers are following the Luhn check or named as the Mod 10 check. For illustration, consider the card number 4388576018402626, and the algorithm follows these steps:

1. Double every second digit from right to left. If doubling of a digit results in a two-digit number, add up the two digits to get a single-digit number.

```
2*2 = 4
2*2 = 4
4*2 = 8
1*2 = 2
6*2 = 12 (1 + 2 = 3)
5*2 = 10 (1 + 0 = 1)
8*2 = 16 (1 + 6 = 7)
4*2 = 8
```

2. Now add all single-digit numbers from Step 1.

```
4+4+8+2+3+1+7+8=37
```

3. Add all digits in the odd places from right to left in the card number.

$$6+6+0+8+0+7+8+3=38$$

4. Sum the results from Step 2 and Step 3.

$$37 + 38 = 75$$

5. If the result from Step 4 is divisible by 10, the card number is valid; otherwise, it is invalid. For example, the number 4388576018402626 is invalid, but the number 4388576018410707 is valid.

Write a program that prompts the user to enter a credit card number as a long integer. Display whether the number is valid or invalid.

Here are sample runs of the program, using Message Dialog Boxes for user interactions:

# Sample 1:

Enter a credit card number as a long integer: 4246345689049834 4246345689049834 is invalid

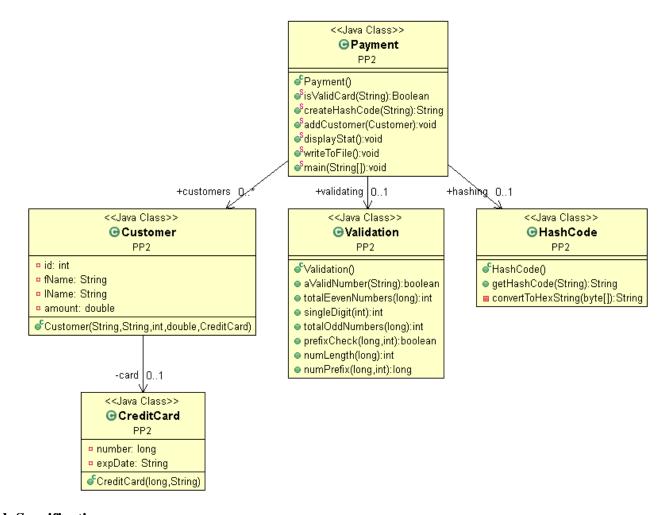
# Sample 2:

Enter a credit card number as a long integer: 4388576018410707 4388576018410707 is valid

You must only use **Mod 10 and/or division** (/) **100 checks** (NO String or Character classes' methods are allowed to use) in the program to test for some valid and invalid card numbers.

Use the credit card numbers in the associated text file (CreditCards.txt) for testing in your program.

- 6. The implementation of the Luhn check algorithm must NOT use any custom arrays, such as arrays of Strings, Int, Long, etc, it must only be implemented based on the Mode 10 or division 100 arithmetic operation
- 7. Once the entered card number by a user is valid, the program can perform the payment, and it adds the customer object data to an array of customers, such as Customer[] customers
- 8. The program must provide a scratch card discount and this is simulated using **Math.Random()** to generate a discount between 5% and 20%.
- 9. For simplicity, make the size of the customers' array is equal to 10, so it must hold at most 10 Customer objects, that means you must check the array size before adding a new a Customer object to the array, and a user must see a notification message if the user input exceeds the array size
- 10. The program must allow users to enter customer payments information, until a user enters a customer id equals to **0**, or until it acceptably adds at most 10 customer payments information
- 11. The program displays some simple statistics at the end. When a user completes entering the payment information, the program must traverse the array of customers objects to find out the payments average, the *maximum* customer payment, and the *minimum* customer payment value
- 12. After showing the statistics to the user, the customer information with only valid card numbers must be stored in a text file (Customer.txt), all customer information is stored as a plain text, except for the card numbers that must be encrypted using the one-way hash method in the provided HashCode.java class
- 13. Each customer object information must be stored in an exactly one line, so that approximately, there will be at most 10 lines in the output text file



# **Task Specifications:**

- 1. Design your project PP2 as specified in the UML class diagram model shown above
- 2. You must copy the Java source code files associated with this document into your eclipse under project PP2, copy all java files in the source SourceFiles folder to your PP2 project folder
- 3. You must not add any extra methods in these classes, unless it is stated in the Java source files comments to be added
- 4. Implement the class methods as described in the Java files comments
- 5. Payment.java is the main class that has the static main (entry method) method that must interact with users, and it implements the business logic of the project using the associated classes as shown in the UML class diagram
- 6. All the Payment.java attributes/data fields must be class variables, and also all methods are class methods
- 7. Since all the Payment.java methods are class methods, that means, no need to create an object to call these methods
- 8. Payment.java must have a class array attribute of the Customer objects with size 10, Customer[] customers

- 9. Payment. java methods must perform the following business logic requirements:
  - a) isValidCard() // this will check whether a card is valid using the Validation.java class
  - b) createHashCode() // creates a hash code for the credit card number to be stored in file using the HashCode.java class
  - c) addCustomer() // it adds a new customer to the array of customers once the payment was made successful
  - d) displayStat() // it displays the customers payments AVG, MAX, and MIN payments, only for accepted payments with valid cards numbers
  - e) writeToFile() // writes customer data to file, the credit card number must be encrypted using one-way hash method in the HashCode.java class before storing it in the output file
  - f) main (String[] args) // Runs once the program starts, it must use Message Dialog Boxes to receive data from users and displays data to users
- 10. All the other class attributes/methods are object/instance attributes/methods; attributes are only accessed within the same class only, and object methods are accessible from outside
- 11. A user must enter all the customer payment information as shown in the Customer.java data fields, and also the credit card information as shown in the CreditCard.java data fields
- 12. You must complete the setter/getter and toString methods in the Customer.java and CreditCard.java classes
- 13. Use the toString methods in the Customer.java and CreditCard.java classes to display the customer information, once the payment is performed successfully with a valid card number
- 14. No methods are needed to be implemented in the HashCode.java class, you only need to create an object of this class, and use its getHashCode() method to encrypt the customer card number
- 15. All instance methods in the Validation.java class are required to be implemented following the aforementioned Luhn check algorithm, except for aValidNumber() method that only need to be called from an outside class, which in turn, it calls other methods in the Validation.java class, this method must not be changed
- 16. The unimplemented instance methods in the Validation.java class must be implemented as described in the method comments, NO custom arrays must be used to implement these methods

### **Evaluation Criteria:**

- 1. All tasks must be completed to receive complete credit for this project
- 2. The application must perform all the requirements correctly, including read user inputs and write data to file

- 3. The application must not crash from improper input or other user's interactions
- 4. The application must notify the user for improper inputs or empty text fields for validation
- 5. The application must stop when a user enters id 0, or successfully enter 10 customers payments

#### **Submission:**

Copy the .java source files from the *src* folder in your *work space* to another folder that must be named following the provided naming format in this course, then zip and upload the file under this assignment answer in Canvas. You must read the project demo document in Canvas before the review time.

*File Name:* FLLLLPP2.zip (F = first letter in your first name and <math>LLLL = your last name)

## **Grading Rubric - PP02**

Name:						

Requirements	Comments	Max Points Allocated	Points Earned
General Code Structure:		12	
Coding of the Java classes, Payment, Customer etc. classes with the expected methods (3)			
Use of Java comments in the source code (2)			
Indentations, good variable names/class members (2)			
Successful compilation (no compile error) and running of code			
(able to execute the program) (5)			
Input, Output, User Interface:		10	
Exception handling of the input values (e.g., program will not			
crash is no value is entered, empty space is entered, invalid			
value is entered) (4)			
Use of dialog boxes, as appropriate (3)			
Formatting of the output values (3)			
Functionality:		38	
Validation of credit card number and Mod10 check (10)			
Generate a discount between 5% and 20% (3)			
Hold at most 10 Customer objects (3)			

Program must allow users to enter customer payments		
information, until a user enters a customer id equals to '0' (3)		
Finding payments average, the maximum customer payment,		
and the minimum customer payment value (10)		
Each customer object information must be stored in an exactly		
one line (3)		
Use of array (3)		
Use of Math.random (3)		
	F.0	
Total	50	

Total: \_\_\_\_\_/50