```
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')
     Drive already mounted at /content/drive; to attempt to forcibly remount, call drive.mount("/content/drive", force remount=True).
import os
import time
import torch
import torch.nn as nn
import torchvision
from torchvision import datasets
from PIL import Image
from torchvision import transforms
from torch.utils.data import Dataset, DataLoader
import numpy as np
from tqdm import tqdm
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
def aspect_ratio_preserving_resize(image, target_size):
    width, height = image.size
    target width, target height = target size
    # Calculate the aspect ratio
    aspect_ratio = width / height
    if width > height:
        new width = target width
        new height = int(new width / aspect ratio)
    else:
        new_height = target_height
        new width = int(new height * aspect ratio)
    # Perform the resize
    image = transforms.functional.resize(image, (new height, new width))
    # Create a new image with the target size and paste the resized image in the center
    new image = Image.new("L", target size)
    new image.paste(image, ((target width - new width) // 2, (target height - new height) // 2))
    return new image
class MyDataset(Dataset):
    def __init__(self, data dir, transform=None):
        self.data dir = data dir
        self.transform = transform
        self.image paths = [os.path.join(data dir, file) for file in os.listdir(data dir)]
    def len (self):
        return len(self.image paths)
    def getitem (self, idx):
        image_path = self.image_paths[idx]
```

```
image = Image.open(image_path)
        # Apply aspect ratio-preserving resize
        resized image = aspect ratio preserving resize(image, (100, 100))
        if self.transform:
            transformed_image = self.transform(resized_image)
        else:
            transformed_image = resized_image
        return transformed image
# Define your data transformation
train_transform = transforms.Compose([
    transforms.Resize((100, 100)),
    transforms.RandomHorizontalFlip(p=0.2),
    transforms.RandomVerticalFlip(p=0.2),
    transforms.RandomRotation(degrees=(5, 15)),
    transforms.ToTensor(),
])
test transform = transforms.Compose([
    transforms.Resize((100, 100)),
    transforms.ToTensor(),
])
batch size = 16
# Load data
train dataset = MyDataset(data dir='/content/drive/MyDrive/AE xray/train', transform=test transform)
test dataset = MyDataset(data dir='/content/drive/MyDrive/AE xray/test', transform=test transform)
train_data, valid_data = train_test_split(train_dataset, test_size=0.15, random_state=42)
# Dataloader
train_dl = DataLoader(train_data, batch_size=batch_size, shuffle=True)
valid dl = DataLoader(valid data, batch size=batch size, shuffle=True)
test dl = DataLoader(test dataset, batch size=batch size, shuffle=True)
class VEncoder(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self, input_size=10000, hidden_size1=5000, hidden_size2=2000, hidden_size3=1000, hidden_size4=
        super().__init__()
        self.fc1 = nn.Linear(input_size, hidden_size1)
        self.fc2 = nn.Linear(hidden size1, hidden size2)
        self.fc3 = nn.Linear(hidden_size2, hidden_size3)
        self.fc4 = nn.Linear(hidden size3, hidden size4)
        self.fc mean = nn.Linear(hidden size4, z dim)
        self.fc_logvar = nn.Linear(hidden_size4, z_dim)
        self.relu = nn.ReLU()
    def forward(self, x):
        x = self.relu(self.fc1(x))
        x = self.relu(self.fc2(x))
        x = self.relu(self.fc3(x))
        x = self.relu(self.fc4(x))
        mean = self.fc mean(x)
```

```
toyvar = Seti.ic toyvar(x)
        return mean, logvar
class VDecoder(nn.Module):
   def init (self, output size=10000, hidden size1=5000, hidden size2=2000, hidden size3=1000, hidden size4
       super().__init__()
       self.fcl = nn.Linear(z_dim, hidden_size4)
       self.fc2 = nn.Linear(hidden_size4, hidden_size3)
       self.fc3 = nn.Linear(hidden_size3, hidden_size2)
       self.fc4 = nn.Linear(hidden size2, hidden size1)
       self.fc5 = nn.Linear(hidden_size1, output_size)
       self.relu = nn.ReLU()
   def forward(self, x):
       x = self.relu(self.fc1(x))
       x = self.relu(self.fc2(x))
       x = self.relu(self.fc3(x))
       x = self.relu(self.fc4(x))
       x = torch.sigmoid(self.fc5(x))
       return x
class VAE(nn.Module):
   def __init__(self, z_dim=100):
       super(). init ()
        self.encoder = VEncoder(z dim=z dim)
       self.decoder = VDecoder(z dim=z dim)
    def reparameterize(self, mean, logvar):
        std = torch.exp(0.5 * logvar)
        eps = torch.randn_like(std)
       return mean + eps * std
    def forward(self, x):
       mean, logvar = self.encoder(x)
       z = self.reparameterize(mean, logvar)
       x_recon = self.decoder(z)
        return x_recon, mean, logvar
device = torch.device("cuda" if torch.cuda.is available() else "cpu")
device
    device(type='cuda')
vae = VAE(z dim=100).to(device)
optimizer = torch.optim.Adam(vae.parameters(), lr=0.0000001,weight decay=1e-5)
loss_function = nn.MSELoss()
num epochs = 300
train losses = []
valid losses = []
path = "/content/drive/MyDrive/model/Autoencoder/another xray checkpoint 30z 5h 200e.pth"
# Check if a checkpoint exists to resume training
if os.path.exists(path):
  checkpoint = torch.load(path)
  vae.load state dict(checkpoint["model state dict"])
```

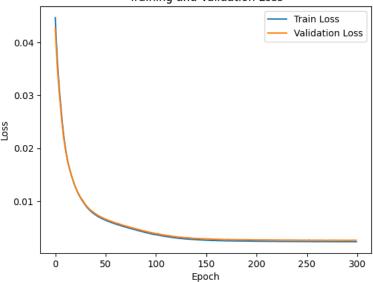
```
optimizer.load_state_dict(checkpoint["optimizer_state_dict"])
 train losses = checkpoint["train loss"]
 valid_losses = checkpoint["valid_loss"]
 start epoch = checkpoint["epoch"] + 1 # Start from the next epoch after the loaded checkpoint
 print("Resume training from epoch", start epoch)
 start_epoch = 1
for epoch in range(start epoch, num epochs+1):
   vae.train()
   train_loss = 0.0
   reconstruction loss = 0.0
   kl loss = 0.0
   for batch in train dl:
       batch = batch.to(device)
       optimizer.zero_grad()
       batch_size, num_channels, height, width = batch.shape
       batch = batch.view(batch_size, -1)
       # Forward pass through the model
       recon_batch, mean, logvar = vae(batch)
       # Compute the loss (including reconstruction loss and KL divergence)
       recon_loss = loss_function(recon_batch, batch)
       kl divergence = -0.5 * torch.sum(1 + logvar - mean.pow(2) - logvar.exp())
       reconstruction_loss += recon_loss.item()
       kl loss += kl divergence.item()
       loss = recon_loss + kl_divergence
       loss.backward()
       train loss += loss.item()
       optimizer.step()
   # Calculate average training loss for the epoch
   train_loss /= len(train_dl.dataset)
   train losses.append(train loss)
   # Validation loop
   vae.eval()
   valid loss = 0.0
   with torch.no grad():
       for batch in valid dl:
           batch = batch.to(device)
           batch size, num channels, height, width = batch.shape
           batch = batch.view(batch_size, -1)
            recon_batch, mean, logvar = vae(batch)
            recon loss = loss function(recon batch, batch)
           kl divergence = -0.5 * torch.sum(1 + logvar - mean.pow(2) - logvar.exp())
           loss = recon_loss + kl_divergence
           valid loss += loss.item()
   # Calculate average validation loss for the epoch
   valid loss /= len(valid dl.dataset)
   valid_losses.append(valid_loss)
```

```
# Print progress for each epoch
print(f"Epoch [{epoch}/{num epochs}] Train Loss: {train loss:.4f}, Reconstruction Loss: {reconstruction loss: .4f}, Kl Loss: {kl loss: .4f} Valid Loss: {valid loss:.4f}
# Save model checkpoint
checkpoint = {
    'epoch': epoch,
    'model state dict': vae.state dict(),
    'optimizer state dict': optimizer.state dict(),
    'train_loss': train_losses,
    'valid loss': valid losses
torch.save(checkpoint, path)
Resume training from epoch 201
Epoch [201/300] Train Loss: 0.0024, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4225, Kl Loss: 0.2911 Valid Loss: 0.0027
Epoch [202/300] Train Loss: 0.0024, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4244, Kl Loss: 0.2889 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [203/300] Train Loss: 0.0024, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4252, Kl Loss: 0.2877 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [204/300] Train Loss: 0.0024, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4172, Kl Loss: 0.2876 Valid Loss: 0.0027
Epoch [205/300] Train Loss: 0.0024, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4276, Kl Loss: 0.2864 Valid Loss: 0.0027
Epoch [206/300] Train Loss: 0.0024, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4252, Kl Loss: 0.2855 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [207/300] Train Loss: 0.0024, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4379, Kl Loss: 0.2847 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [208/300] Train Loss: 0.0024, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4186, Kl Loss: 0.2835 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [209/300] Train Loss: 0.0024, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4245, Kl Loss: 0.2824 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [210/300] Train Loss: 0.0024, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4138, Kl Loss: 0.2815 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [211/300] Train Loss: 0.0024, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4151, Kl Loss: 0.2808 Valid Loss: 0.0027
Epoch [212/300] Train Loss: 0.0024, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4284, Kl Loss: 0.2807 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [213/300] Train Loss: 0.0024, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4146, Kl Loss: 0.2792 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [214/300] Train Loss: 0.0024, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4096, Kl Loss: 0.2783 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [215/300] Train Loss: 0.0024, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4084, Kl Loss: 0.2770 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [216/300] Train Loss: 0.0024, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4283, Kl Loss: 0.2766 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [217/300] Train Loss: 0.0024, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4224, Kl Loss: 0.2756 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [218/300] Train Loss: 0.0024, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4203, Kl Loss: 0.2749 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [219/300] Train Loss: 0.0024, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4069, Kl Loss: 0.2745 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [220/300] Train Loss: 0.0024, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4084, Kl Loss: 0.2735 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [221/300] Train Loss: 0.0024, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4139, Kl Loss: 0.2725 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [222/300] Train Loss: 0.0024, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4087, Kl Loss: 0.2721 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [223/300] Train Loss: 0.0023, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4033, Kl Loss: 0.2704 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [224/300] Train Loss: 0.0024, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4111, Kl Loss: 0.2696 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [225/300] Train Loss: 0.0023, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4060, Kl Loss: 0.2691 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [226/300] Train Loss: 0.0024, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4137, Kl Loss: 0.2679 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [227/300] Train Loss: 0.0024, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4218, Kl Loss: 0.2670 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [228/300] Train Loss: 0.0023, Reconstruction Loss: 2.3951, Kl Loss: 0.2667 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [229/300] Train Loss: 0.0024, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4134, Kl Loss: 0.2667 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [230/300] Train Loss: 0.0023, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4017, Kl Loss: 0.2652 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [231/300] Train Loss: 0.0024, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4122, Kl Loss: 0.2646 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [232/300] Train Loss: 0.0023, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4110, Kl Loss: 0.2649 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [233/300] Train Loss: 0.0023, Reconstruction Loss: 2.3985, Kl Loss: 0.2631 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [234/300] Train Loss: 0.0023, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4128, Kl Loss: 0.2618 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [235/300] Train Loss: 0.0023, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4089, Kl Loss: 0.2611 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [236/300] Train Loss: 0.0023, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4000, Kl Loss: 0.2607 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [237/300] Train Loss: 0.0023, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4039, Kl Loss: 0.2599 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [238/300] Train Loss: 0.0023, Reconstruction Loss: 2.3975, Kl Loss: 0.2591 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [239/300] Train Loss: 0.0023, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4159, Kl Loss: 0.2585 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [240/300] Train Loss: 0.0023, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4048, Kl Loss: 0.2572 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [241/300] Train Loss: 0.0023, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4050, Kl Loss: 0.2570 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [242/300] Train Loss: 0.0023, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4093, Kl Loss: 0.2565 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [243/300] Train Loss: 0.0023, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4001, Kl Loss: 0.2557 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [244/300] Train Loss: 0.0023, Reconstruction Loss: 2.3993, Kl Loss: 0.2543 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [245/300] Train Loss: 0.0024, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4232, Kl Loss: 0.2536 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [246/300] Train Loss: 0.0023, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4109, Kl Loss: 0.2530 Valid Loss: 0.0026
Epoch [247/300] Train Loss: 0.0023, Reconstruction Loss: 2.3975, Kl Loss: 0.2523 Valid Loss: 0.0026
```

plt.show()

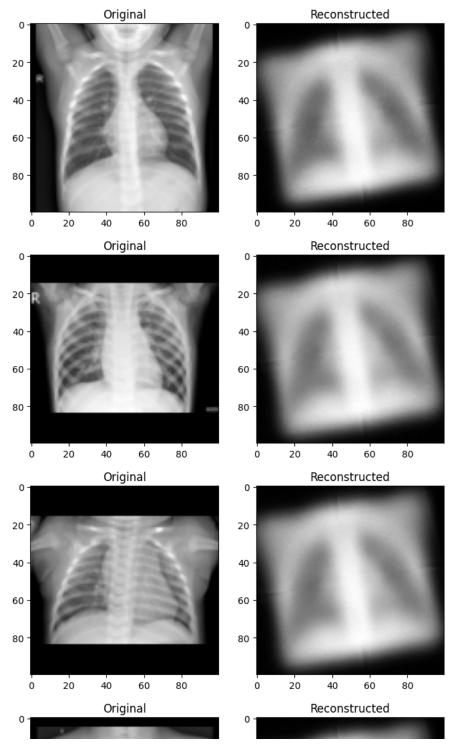
```
Epoch [248/300] Train Loss: 0.0023, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4072, Kl Loss: 0.2515 Valid Loss: 0.0026
    Epoch [249/300] Train Loss: 0.0023, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4219, Kl Loss: 0.2508 Valid Loss: 0.0026
    Epoch [250/300] Train Loss: 0.0023, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4006, Kl Loss: 0.2504 Valid Loss: 0.0026
    Epoch [251/300] Train Loss: 0.0023, Reconstruction Loss: 2.3985, Kl Loss: 0.2499 Valid Loss: 0.0026
    Epoch [252/300] Train Loss: 0.0023, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4034, Kl Loss: 0.2490 Valid Loss: 0.0026
    Epoch [253/300] Train Loss: 0.0023, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4022, Kl Loss: 0.2481 Valid Loss: 0.0026
    Epoch [254/300] Train Loss: 0.0023, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4063, Kl Loss: 0.2473 Valid Loss: 0.0026
    Epoch [255/300] Train Loss: 0.0023, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4046, Kl Loss: 0.2463 Valid Loss: 0.0026
    Epoch [256/300] Train Loss: 0.0023, Reconstruction Loss: 2.4083, Kl Loss: 0.2467 Valid Loss: 0.0026
    Enoch [257/200] Train Loss & GOZZ Poconstruction Loss 2 4002 KT Loss & 2452 Valid Loss & GOZA
# Plot the loss graph
plt.figure()
plt.plot(train_losses, label='Train Loss')
plt.plot(valid_losses, label='Validation Loss')
plt.legend()
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.title('Training and Validation Loss')
```

## Training and Validation Loss



```
# Plot some original and reconstructed images
n_samples = 5  # Number of samples to visualize
with torch.no_grad():
    for i, batch in enumerate(test_dl):
        if i >= n_samples:
            break
        batch = batch.to(device)
        batch = batch.flatten(1)
        reconstructed,_,_ = vae(batch)  # Pass the batch through your VAE
        plt.figure(figsize=(8, 4))
        plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
        plt.title('Original')
        plt.imshow(batch[0].view(100, -1).cpu().numpy(), cmap='gray')  # Reshape to original size
```

```
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
plt.title('Reconstructed')
plt.imshow(reconstructed[0].view(100, -1).cpu().numpy(), cmap='gray') # Reshape to original size
plt.show()
```



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