Introduction

Relational Database Concept

- Dr. E. F. Codd proposed the relational model for database systems in 1970.
- It is the basis for the relational database management system (RDBMS).
- The relational model consists of the following:
 - Collection of objects or relations
 - Set of operators to act on the relations
 - Data integrity for accuracy and consistency

Definition of a Relational Database

 A relational database is a collection of relations or twodimensional tables.

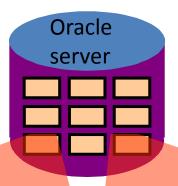


Table name: EMPLOYEES

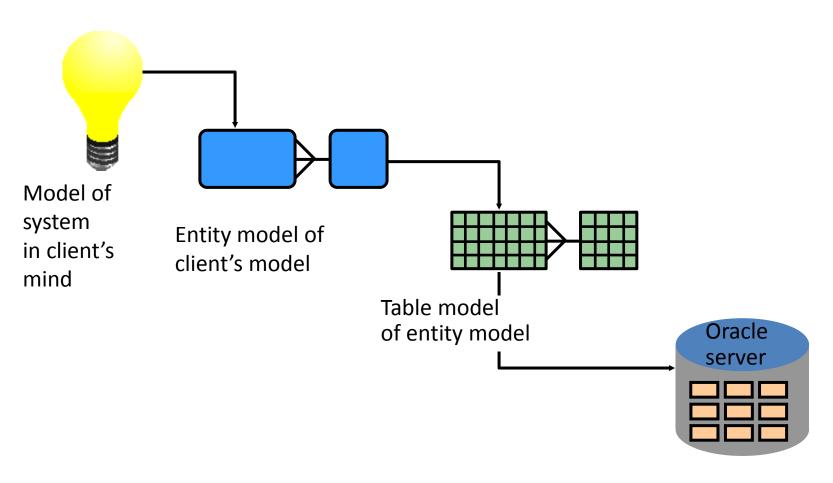
EMPLOYEE_ID	FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	EMAIL	P
100	Steven	King	SKING	51
101	Neena	Kochhar	NKOCHHAR	51
102	Lex	De Haan	LDEHAAN	51

Table name: DEPARTMENTS

DEPARTMENT_ID	DEPARTMENT_NAME	MANAGER_ID			
10	Administration	200			
20	Marketing	201			
50	Shipping	124			

...

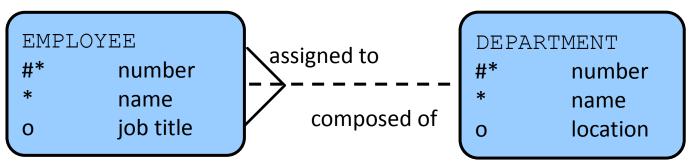
Data Models



Tables on disk

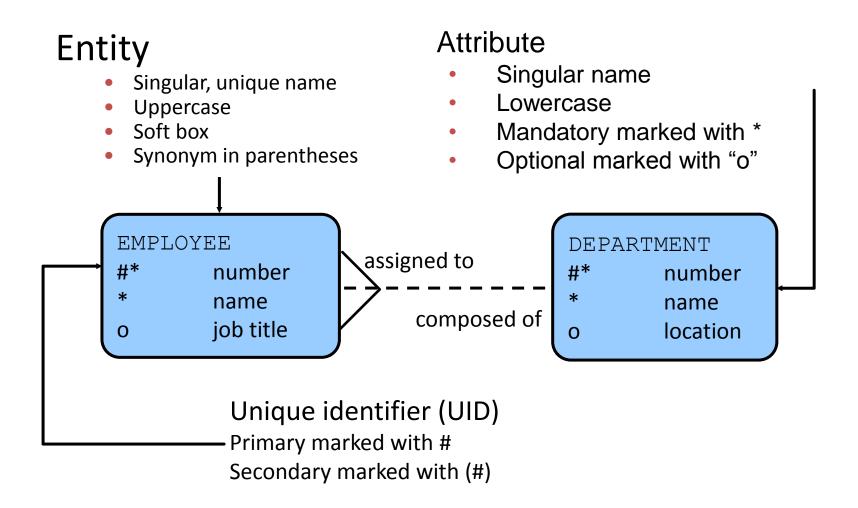
Entity Relationship Model

 Create an entity relationship diagram from business specifications or narratives:



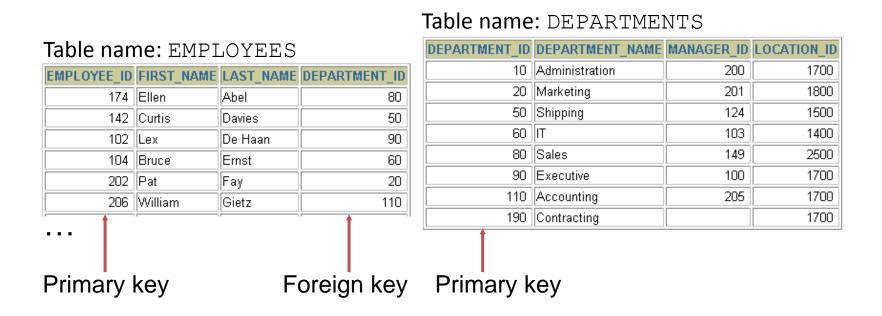
- Scenario
 - "... Assign one or more employees to a department ..."
 - "... Some departments do not yet have assigned employees . . ."

Entity Relationship Modeling Conventions



Relating Multiple Tables

- Each row of data in a table is uniquely identified by a primary key (PK).
- You can logically relate data from multiple tables using foreign keys (FK).



Relational Database Terminology

EMPLOYEE ID LAST NAME FIRST NAME SALARY COMMISSION PCT DEPARTMENT 24000 90 100 King Steven Kochhar 17000 Neena 102 De Haan 17000 90 Lex 103 Hunold Alexander 9000 104 Ernst 6000 60 Bruce 107 Lorentz 4200 60 Diana 124 Mourgos Kevin 5800 50 141 Rajs 3500 Trenna 142 Davies Curtis 3100 143 Matos Randall 2600 50 144 Vargas Peter 2500 149 Zlotkey 10500 80 Eleni 174 Abel Ellen 11000 .3 80 176 Taylor Jonathon 8600

7000

4400

13000

6000

12000

8300

.15

Kimberely

Jennifer

Michael

Shelley

William.

Pat



1: row

2: primary key

3: column

4: foreign key

5: field

10

20

20

110

110

6: null value



178

Grant

200 Whalen

205 Higgins

Gietz

202 Fay

201 Hartstein

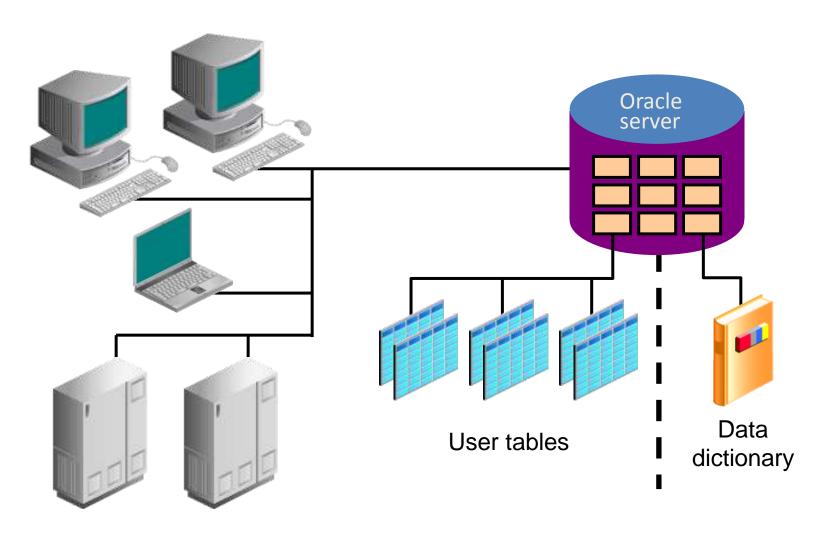
Relational Database Properties

- A relational database:
 - Can be accessed and modified by executing structured query language (SQL) statements
 - Contains a collection of tables with no physical pointers
 - Uses a set of operators

Communicating with an RDBMS Using SQL

SQL statement is entered. Statement is sent to Oracle server. SELECT department name departments; FROM Oracle DEPARTMENT NAME server Administration Marketing Shipping Sales Executive Accounting Contracting

Oracle's Relational Database Management System



SQL Statements

- SELECT
- INSERT
- Data manipulation language (DML) UPDATE

Data definition language (DDL)

- DELETE
- MERGE
- CREATE
- ALTER
- DROP
- RENAME
- TRUNCATE
- COMMENT
- GRANT
 - Data control language (DCL) REVOKE
- COMMIT
- ROLLBACK Transaction control
- SAVEPOINT

Tables Used in the Course

EMPLOYEES

	EMPLOYE	E_ID	FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	E	MAIL	PHON	IE,	NUMBER	HIRE_DATE	JOB	_ID	SALA	
		100	Steven	King	SKING		515.123.4567		4567	17-JUN-87	AD_PRES		240	
		101	Neena	Kochhar					21-SEP-89	AD_VP AD_VP		170		
		102	Lex	De Haan					13-JAN-93			170		
		103	Alexander	Hunold	nold AHUNOLD		590.423.4567		4567	03-JAN-90	IT_PROG		90	
			Ernst	entz DLORENTZ urgos KMOURGOS		590.423.4568		21-MAY-91	IT_PROG IT_PROG ST_MAN ST_CLERK		60			
			Lorentz			590.423.5567					07-FEB-99	42		
			Mourgos					16-NOV-99			58			
		141 Trenna Rajs						17-OCT-95			35			
		142	Curtis	Davies	CDAVIES		650.121.2994		2994	29-JAN-97	ST_CLERK		31	
VED A DT	MENT ID	DED	ADTRICATE NA	AE MANAGEE	LID	LOCATIO	NI ID	1.	2874	15-MAR-98	ST_CLE	RK	26	
EPART	_		ARTMENT_NAI		_			1.	2004	09-JUL-98	ST_CLE	RK	25	
	10 Administration					1700	.1	244.420044		O A KAANI		405		
	20 Marketing			201		1800	=	GRA	LOWEST_S	SAL	HIG		SAL	
	50 Shipping			124		1500	=	Α	1000			2999		
	60 IT		103		1400	. '	В	3000			5999			
	80	Sale	S	149		149 2			С	6000			9999	
	90	Exec	cutive		100		1700		D	10000				14999
	110	Acco	ounting		205		1700		E	15000				24999
	190 Contracting			1700		F		25000			40000			