# **Practical 9**

## **Configuring Apache**

## (Basic, Secure & Password Protected)

### **Basic Web Hosting**

We will host a website www.student.com on Apache web server. Create a document root directory for this website and an index page.

1) Check the IP address of machine.

```
File Edit View Search Terminal Help

[root@localhost ~]# ifconfig
ens33: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
    inet 10.0.0.100 netmask 255.0.0.0 broadcast 10.255.255.255
    inet6 fe80::20c:29ff:feaf:d3cb prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
    ether 00:0c:29:af:d3:cb txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
    RX packets 95 bytes 8277 (8.0 KiB)
    RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
    TX packets 35 bytes 4752 (4.6 KiB)
    TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
```

2) Check for httpd package.

```
[root@localhost ~]# rpm -q httpd
httpd-2.4.6-67.el7.x86_64
```

3) Document root directory is /var/www/html and index page is to be save in this directory. Change the directory to /var/www/html and open index.html in vi editor.

```
[root@localhost ~]# cd /var/www/html
[root@localhost html]# vi index.html
```

4) Enter the following contents in the file.

```
<html>
<head>
<title> Hello Title </title>
<body>
<hl> Hello Page </hl>
 This is a hello page 
</body>
</html>
```

Press esc:wq to save and exit from vi editor.

5) Now, change the directory to /etc/httpd/conf and list down its contents.

```
[root@localhost html]# cd /etc/httpd/conf
[root@localhost conf]# ls
httpd.conf magic
```

6) Copy the httpd.conf file to httpd.conf.sample and open the httpd.conf file using vi editor.

```
[root@localhost conf]# cp httpd.conf httpd.conf.sample
[root@localhost conf]# vi httpd.conf
```

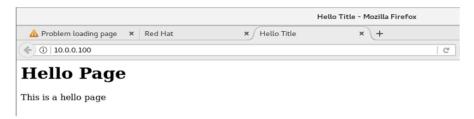
7) Now add the following lines at the end of the file.

```
<VirtualHost 10.0.0.102:80>
ServerAdmin root@www.student.com
ErrorLog logs/student.com_access_error_log
CustomLog logs/student.com_access_log common
</VirtualHost>
```

Press esc:wq to save and exit from vi editor.

8) Now, restart the httpd service, check status and disable firewall.

9) Go to browser and enter http://10.0.0.10 to test the apache service. If it runs successfully, you will get the following output.



### **Source Web Hosting**

1) Install the utilities to create a self-signed certificate.

```
[root@localhost conf]# yum install -y crypto-utils mod_ssl
Loaded plugins: langpacks, product-id, search-disabled-repos, subscription-manager
This system is not registered with an entitlement server. You can use subscription-manager
Resolving Dependencies
--> Running transaction check
--> Package crypto-utils.x86_64 0:2.4.1-42.el7 will be installed
--> Processing Dependency: perl(Newt) for package: crypto-utils-2.4.1-42.el7.x86_64
--> Package mod_ssl.x86_64 1:2.4.6-67.el7 will be installed
--> Running transaction check
--> Package perl-Newt.x86_64 0:1.08-36.el7 will be installed
--> Finished Dependency Resolution

Dependencies Resolved
```

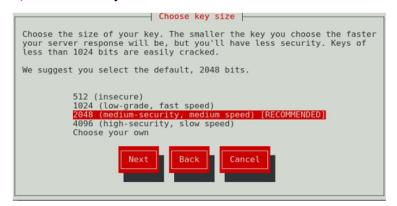
2) Create a certificate for 365 days for the website.

[root@localhost ~]# genkey --days 365 www.student.com

3) The following window appears for Keypair generation. Click on Next.



4) Choose the key size as 2048 and click on Next.

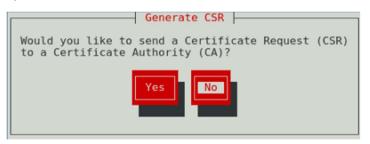


5) It will now start generating random bits.

```
(this may take some time)

2%
```

6) It will now ask to Generate CSR. Click on No.



7) Now, a window for protecting your private key appears. Click on Next.



8) Enter the details for certificate as follows:



9) Now, click on Next and it takes you back to prompt.

Generating key. This may take a few moments...

Made a key
Opened tmprequest for writing
/usr/bin/keyutil Copying the cert pointer
Created a certificate
Wrote 1682 bytes of encoded data to /etc/pki/tls/private/www.student.com.key
Wrote the key to:
/etc/pki/tls/private/www.student.com.key

### 10) Open the certificate using following command.

```
[root@localhost ~]# openssl x509 -text < /etc/pki/tls/certs/www.student.com.crt
Certificate:
        el:ec:b4:68
-BEGIN CERTIFICATE-
 MIIDSTCCAjGgAwIBAgIFAMRYpiUwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEFBQAwZjELMAkGA1UEBhMC
SU4xFDASBgNVBAgTC01haGFyYXNodHJhMREwDwYDVQQHEwhEb21iaXZsaTEUMBIG
A1UEChMLc3R1ZGVudC5jb20xGDAWBgNVBAMTD3d3dy5zdHVkZW50LmNvbTAeFw0y
AluEchMLc3R1Z6VudC5jb20x6DAWBghVBAMTD3d3dy5zdHVkZW50LmNvbTaeFw0y
NDASMjMw0DI5NDlaFw0yNTASMjMw0DI5NDlaMGYxCzAJBghVBAYTAKlOMRQwEgyD
VQQIEwtNYWhhcmFzaHRYYTERMA8GA1UEBxMIRG9tYmlzbGkxFDASBghVBAOTC3N0
dWRlbnQuY29tMRgwFgYDVQQDEw33d3cuc3R1Z6VudC5jb20wggEiMA9GC5qG5lb3
DQEBAQUAA4IBDwAwggEKAo1BAQDgudyX9UbuZmvpfNaqKTgC5N6DcQ464Zd19ohV
kBj1uR13znLRf0zxgC6xVewKNXIdfYrDAd35eZtOHE3xZ0ettZMwg/VuL5gvR1Y
6+j007juBpqjxzvsP6NP0km0v39cqyL5NPNCtzUb0o0/YjRjsHucVdgAP9w821UU
ZJ9QkG70gu2jx5kDn1NHeNDdV/KxuHVmMswH/r0XMjjeABp6L1HhemakKTP92JMI
/MM6w+PTELnVnP0mN153bulqAzkbdWN8c1DBoccd69AaHtMaitMYN147gsZurrc
NLN1Y4KjLsjRoF8zbsecjbw/gjEcd8be+rzlPFHau2Uvh53/AgMBAAEwDQYJKoZI
hvcNAQEFBQADggEBAEFQzhK/yozpRKKSj/Gamey1pgtAPkDQvs4d55Trj5x60D1X
voxAQEFBQADggEBAEFQzhK/yozpRKKSj/Gamey1pgtAPkDQvs4d55Trj5x60D1X
JVBXDZ1NQb144xvjUf0/Hibdnf92tgFkMFWvbr9E19\ty29iQhn4+0RWy0PL5dd67
JG7R7AAmeMknsVyqaQuU0s3UgE13t5001EzukU7wqk/eafz+o1qz+yIsxKvpVc0
WPfiFQ+C11fWsw9Ey3nwXX7jFj/GR9M8y0HstGg=
----END CERTIFICATE------
```

# 11) Change the directory to etc/httpd/conf.d and list down its contents. Copy the ssl.conf to ssl.conf.sample and open the ssl.conf using vi editor.

```
[root@localhost ~]# cd /etc/httpd/conf.d
[root@localhost conf.d]# ls
autoindex.conf lookup_identity.conf nss.conf README ssl.conf userdir.conf welcome.conf
[root@localhost conf.d]# cp ssl.conf ssl.conf.sample
[root@localhost conf.d]# vi ssl.conf
```

#### 12) Make following changes in the file.

```
<VirtualHost 10.0.0.100:443>

# General setup for the virtual host, inherited from global configuration
DocumentRoot "/var/www/html"
ServerName www.student.com:443

# Use separate log files for the SSL virtual host; note that LogLevel
# is not inherited from httpd.conf.
ErrorLog logs/ssl_error log
TransferLog logs/ssl_ercs_log
LogLevel warn

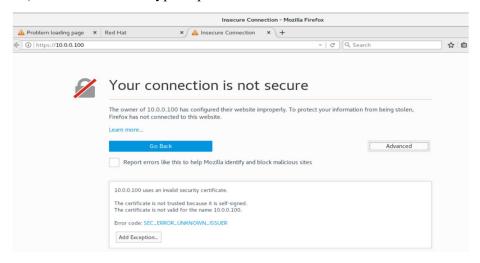
# SSL Engine Switch:
# Enable/Disable SSL for this virtual host.
SSLEngine on

# SSL Protocol support:
# List the enable protocol levels with which clients will be able to
# connect. Disable SSLv2 access by default:
SSLProtocol all -SSLv2
```

Press esc:wq to save and exit from vi editor.

13) Restart the httpd service, check its status and disable firewall.

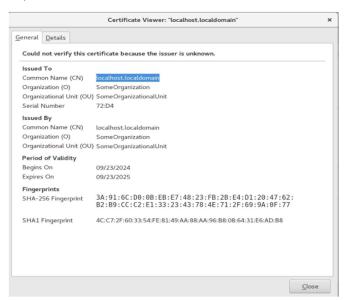
14) Go to browser and type https://10.0.0.100 It shows that the connection is not secure.



15) Click on Advanced and then Click on Add Exception.



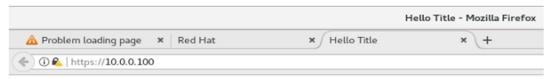
## 16) Click on View.



17) Close it and go back to previous window and click on Confirm Security Exception.



18) Your website will now be visible.



# **Hello Page**

This is a hello page

### **Password Protected Web Hosting**

1) Open the httpd.conf file in the /etc/httpd/conf directory.

```
[root@localhost ~]# vi /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf
[root@localhost ~]#
```

2) Make following changes in the file.

```
102 <Directory /var/www/html>
103 AllowOverride AuthConfig
104 Require valid-user
105 </Directory>
```

3) Create a hidden file httpasswd in the /etc/httpd directory and create a user apache01.

```
[root@localhost ~]# htpasswd -c /etc/httpd/.htpasswd apache01
New password:
Re-type new password:
Adding password for user apache01
[root@localhost ~]# ■
```

4) Display the contents of hidden file.

```
[root@localhost ~]# cat /etc/httpd/.htpasswd
apache01:$apr1$WrZs9HDc$asGiL8o./6NvgTVc7Hp0X1
[root@localhost ~]#
```

5) Create a hidden file with name htaccess in /var/www/html directory.

```
[root@localhost ~]# vi /var/www/html/.htaccess
```

6) Enter following contents in the file.

```
AuthType Basic
AuthName "Password Protected Website, Please provide valid credentials"
AuthUserFile /etc/httpd/.htpasswd
Require valid-user
```

Press esc :wq to save and exit from vi editor.

7) Go to /etc/httpd/conf.d directory and make changes in the ssl.conf file.

```
[root@localhost ~]# cd /etc/httpd/conf.d
[root@localhost conf.d]# ls
autoindex.conf lookup_identity.conf nss.conf README ssl.conf ssl.conf.sample userdir.conf welcome.conf
[root@localhost conf.d]# vi ssl.conf
```

8) Add following lines in the file.

```
178 <Directory "/var/www/html">
179 AllowOverride AuthConfig
180 </Directory>
```

Press esc :wq to save and exit from vi editor.

9) Restart httpd service, check its status and disable firewall.

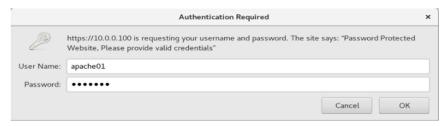
```
[root@localhost conf.d]# systemctl restart httpd
[root@localhost conf.d]# systemctl status httpd

• httpd.service - The Apache HTTP Server
Loaded: loaded (/usr/lib/system/system/httpd.service; disabled; vendor preset: disabled
Active: active (running) since Mon 2024-09-23 15:12:11 IST; 15s ago
Docs: man:httpd(8)
man:apachectl(8)

Process: 6118 ExecStop=/bin/kill -WINCH ${MAINPID} (code=exited, status=0/SUCCESS)
Main PID: 6125 (httpd)
Status: "Total requests: 0; Current requests/sec: 0; Current traffic: 0 B/sec"
CGroup: /system.slice/httpd.service
|-6125 /usr/sbin/httpd -DFOREGROUND
|-6127 /usr/libexec/nss pcache 917507 off
|-6128 /usr/sbin/httpd -DFOREGROUND
|-6130 /usr/sbin/httpd -DFOREGROUND
|-6131 /usr/sbin/httpd -DFOREGROUND
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|-6130 /usr/sbin/httpd -DFOREGROUND
|-6130 /usr/sbin/httpd -DFOREGROUND
|-6130 /usr
```

(clear history before accessing the website)

10) Access the website from the browser. You will get the following window. Enter user name and password and click on ok.



11) Now the website is visible.



# Hello Page

This is a hello page