Homework Four Final

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```
library(dplyr)
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
      filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
      intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
##
library(ggplot2)
library(tidyverse)
## -- Attaching packages -----
                                                            ----- tidyverse 1.2.1 --
## v tibble 1.4.2
                     v purrr
                              0.2.5
          0.8.1
                    v stringr 1.3.1
## v tidyr
## v readr
           1.1.1
                     v forcats 0.3.0
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                    masks stats::lag()
library(lubridate)
##
## Attaching package: 'lubridate'
## The following object is masked from 'package:base':
##
##
      date
library(readr)
library(stringr)
library(purrr)
library(broom)
library(tibble)
# Read in the data as an R Object
homicides <- read_csv("/Users/anastasiaratcliff/Desktop/R- Programing /Homework_Four/Data/homicide-data
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
    uid = col_character(),
##
##
    reported_date = col_integer(),
    victim_last = col_character(),
##
    victim_first = col_character(),
##
    victim_race = col_character(),
    victim_age = col_character(),
##
```

```
##
    victim_sex = col_character(),
##
    city = col_character(),
    state = col character(),
##
##
    lat = col_double(),
##
    lon = col_double(),
##
     disposition = col_character()
#create new column called city_name
homicides <- homicides %>%
  unite(city_name, city, state, sep = ",", remove =FALSE )
#new dataframe
#one row per city that gives total homicides
#one row number of unsolved homicides
unsolved <- homicides %>%
  select(city name, disposition)%>%
  mutate(disposition = factor(disposition))%>%
  mutate(disposition = fct_recode(disposition, '1' = 'Closed without arrest',
                                  '1'= 'Open/No arrest',
                                  '0' = 'Closed by arrest '))%>%
  group_by(city_name)%>%
  mutate(total_homicides = n()) %>%
  mutate(tote_unsolved = disposition == '1') %>%
  mutate(tote_unsolved = sum(tote_unsolved))%>%
  group_by(city_name, tote_unsolved)%>%
  count()%>%
  ungroup () %>%
  rename(total_homicides = n)
## Warning: Unknown levels in `f`: Closed by arrest
#city of Baltimore use prop.test
baltimore <- unsolved %>%
  filter(city_name == 'Baltimore,MD')
#prop.test
prop.test(baltimore$tote_unsolved,
          baltimore$total_homicides)
##
## 1-sample proportions test with continuity correction
##
## data: baltimore$tote_unsolved out of baltimore$total_homicides, null probability 0.5
## X-squared = 239.01, df = 1, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true p is not equal to 0.5
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.6275625 0.6631599
## sample estimates:
## 0.6455607
```

```
#object from prop test
baltimore_pt <- prop.test(baltimore$tote_unsolved,</pre>
                          baltimore $total homicides)
#tidy function from broom
baltimore_pt %>%
 tidy() %>%
 select(estimate, conf.low, conf.high)
## # A tibble: 1 x 3
   estimate conf.low conf.high
##
        <dbl>
                 <dbl>
                           <dbl>
## 1
        0.646
                 0.628
                           0.663
#running prop.test for all of them
test1 <- purrr::map2(unsolved$tote_unsolved,unsolved$total_homicides,</pre>
                     ~ prop.test(.x, n = .y))
## Warning in prop.test(.x, n = .y): Chi-squared approximation may be
## incorrect
unsolved <- unsolved %>%
 mutate( sts_col = purrr::map2(unsolved$tote_unsolved,unsolved$total_homicides,
                                ~ prop.test(.x, n = .y)\%>%
                                {tibble(estimate =.[["estimate"]],
                                         CI_lower = .[["conf.int"]][[1]],
                                        CI upper =.[["conf.int"]][[2]])}))%>%
  unnest()%>%
  mutate(city_name = factor (city_name, levels = city_name[order(estimate)]))
## Warning in prop.test(.x, n = .y): Chi-squared approximation may be
## incorrect
#plot data
unsolved_plot <- ggplot(unsolved)+
  geom_errorbarh(aes(xmin = CI_lower,
                     xmax = CI_upper,
                     y = reorder(city name, estimate)), height = 0, color = "white")+
  geom_point(mapping = aes(x = estimate, y = reorder(city_name, estimate)),
             color = "white", size = 2) +
  ggtitle("Unsolved homicides by city",
         subtitle = "Bars show 95% confidence interval") +
  labs(x = "Percent of homicides that are unsolved",
       v = "") +
  scale_x_continuous(breaks = c(0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7),
                     limits = c(.2,.8),
                     label = c("20.0\%", "30.0\%",
                                "40.0%", "50.0%",
                               "60.0%", "70.0%")) +
  theme_dark()
```