

# CREDIT RISK ANALYSIS

## EDA Case Study

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# **Problem Statement**

- Minimise the loan approval of those who are more likely to default the loan
- Minimise of loan rejection who are more likely to repay the loan.
- Analysis to be done in python.



# Analysis Steps

- Sanity check for both the data set.
- Identification of missing values from all columns
- Required action taken for the null values (e.g replacing it with mean, median, mode or zero etc.)
- Identification of outliers
- Required action taken to deal with outliers
- Creation of functions to perform similar operations on various columns
- Default percentage is calculated for different columns



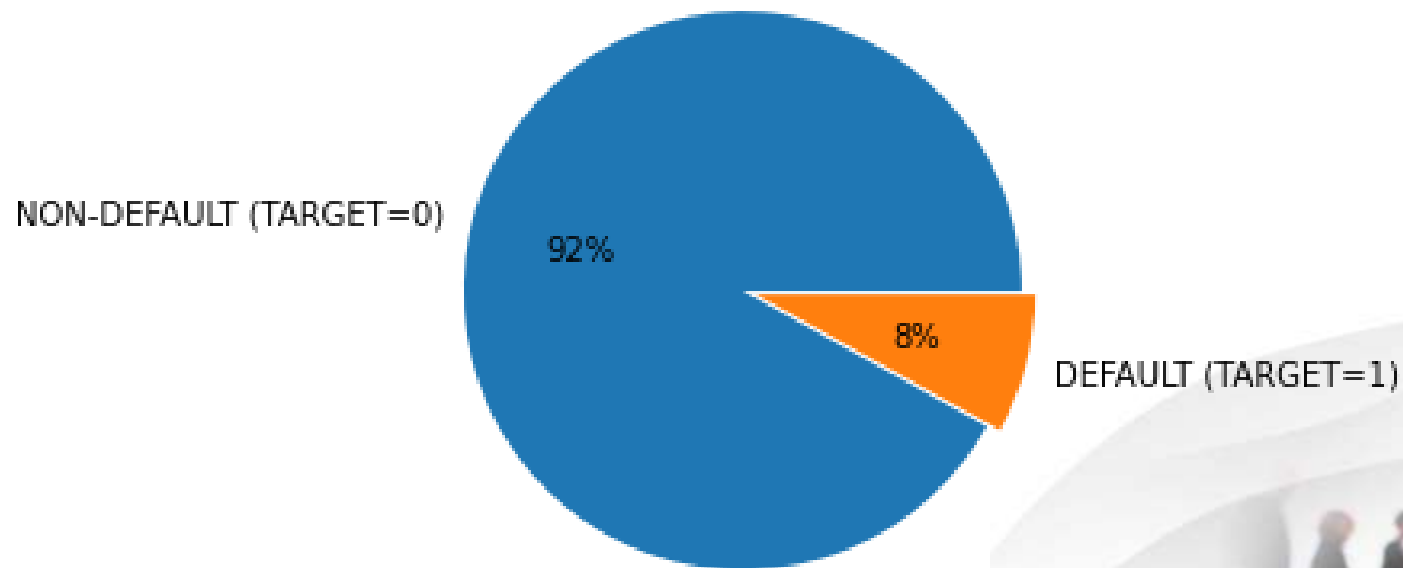
- Data imbalance is checked
- Univariate analysis is done on few columns
- Bivariate analysis is done on few columns
- Correlation analysis done on all numeric columns
- Top 10 correlation for defaulters and non-defaulters are found out
- Graphs are plotted for visual analysis



# Defaulter & Non-Defaulter Ratio

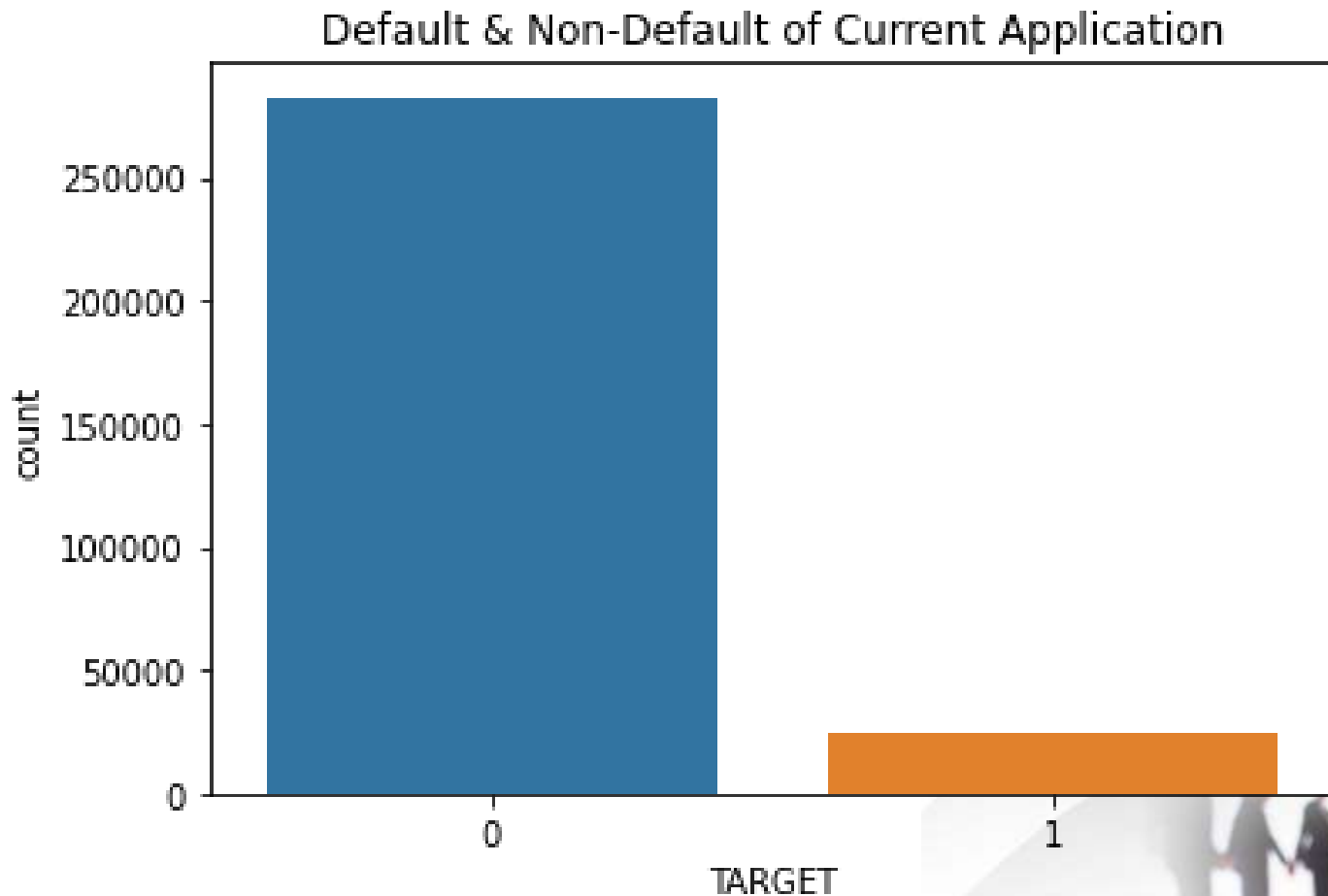
- Defaulters are around 8 %

Payment Status of Current Application -- DEFAULTER Vs NONDEFAULTER



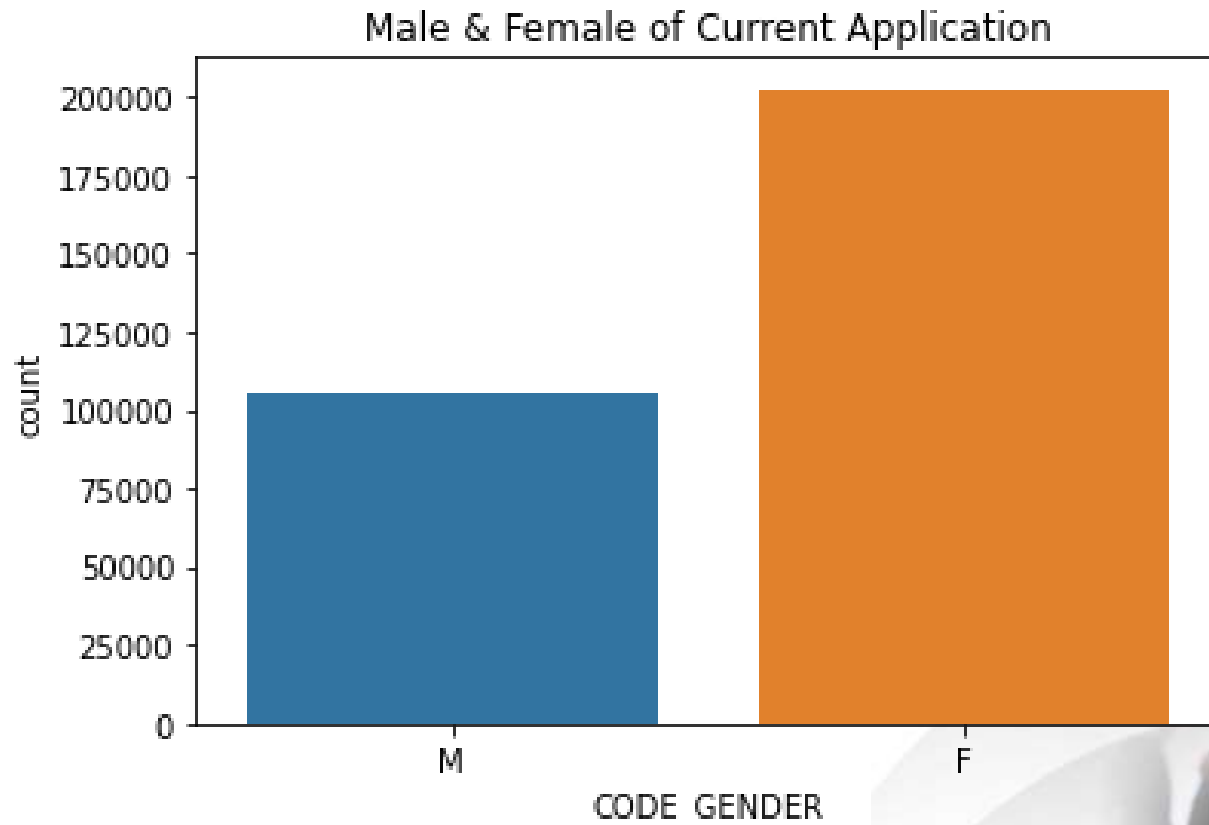
# Imbalance in Target

Graph showing imbalance in Target column where defaulters are around 22500

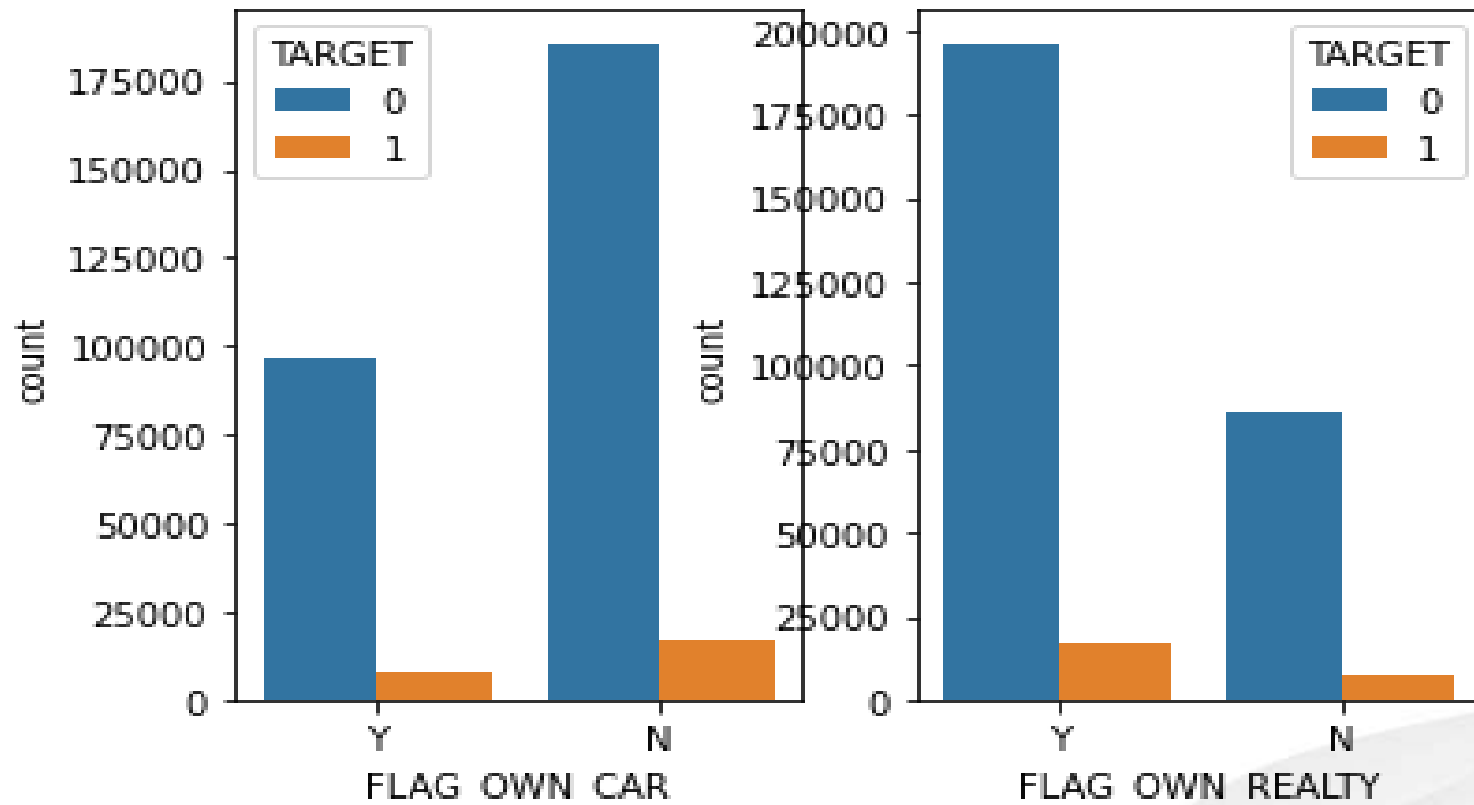


# Imbalance in Gender

2 lakhs female and 1.1 lakhs male applied for loan



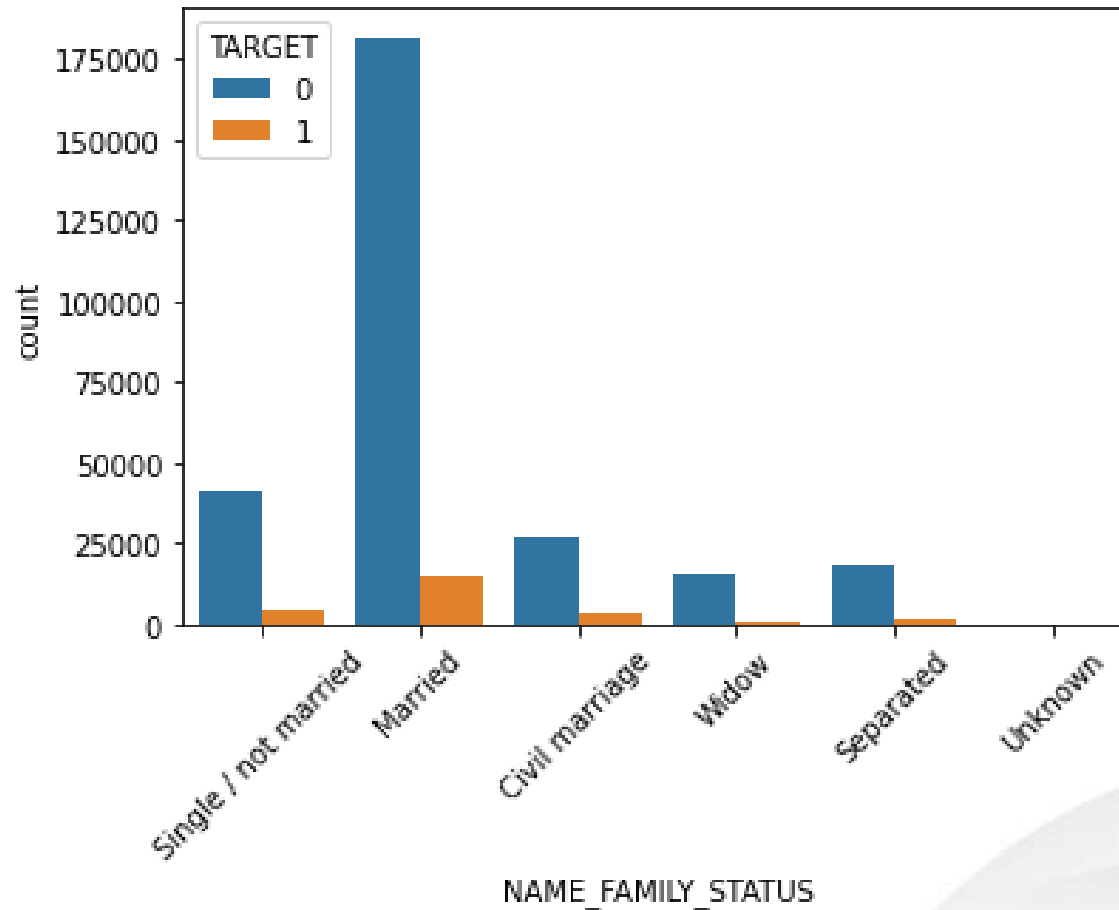
# Defaulters Ratio by Cars & Realty



- People not owning reality and car and have a slightly higher default rate than the people who own reality and car



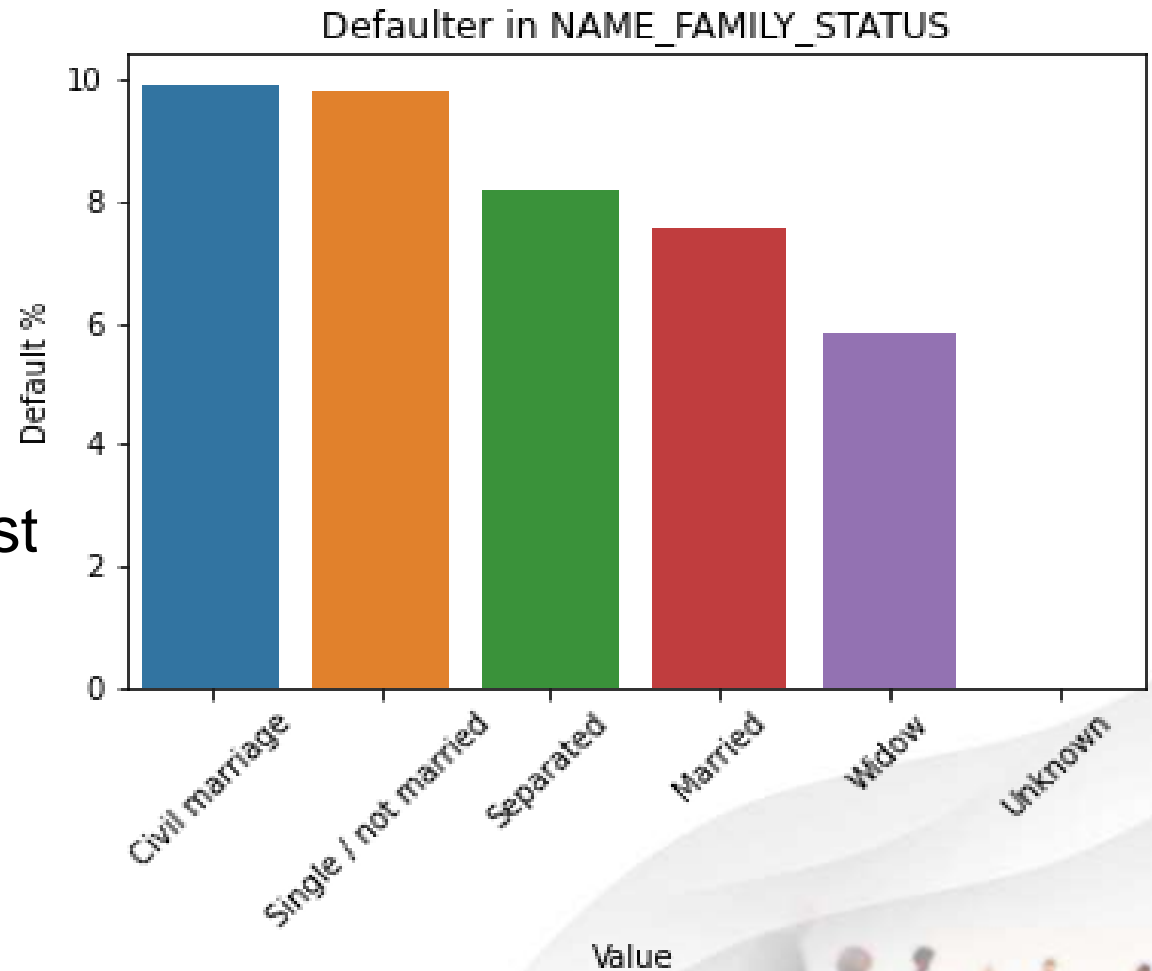
# Defaulter & Non-Defaulter Proportion (Family Status)



Graph showing defaulters and non-defaulters in each category of family status column

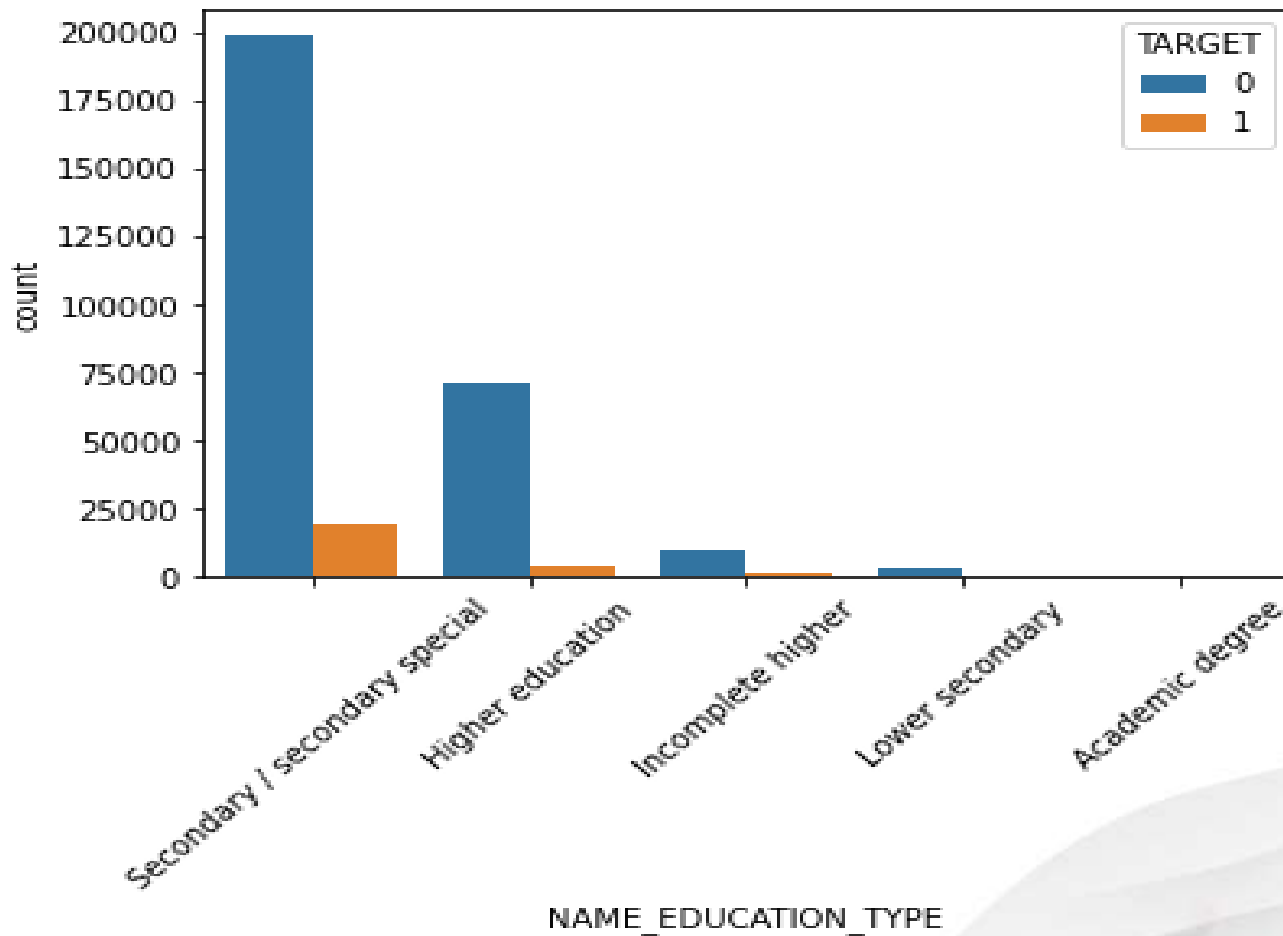
# Defaulter Percentage

- Default rate is highest for Civil Marriage and Single applicants
- Default rate is lowest for widow and married applicants



Graph showing defaulter percentage in each category of family status

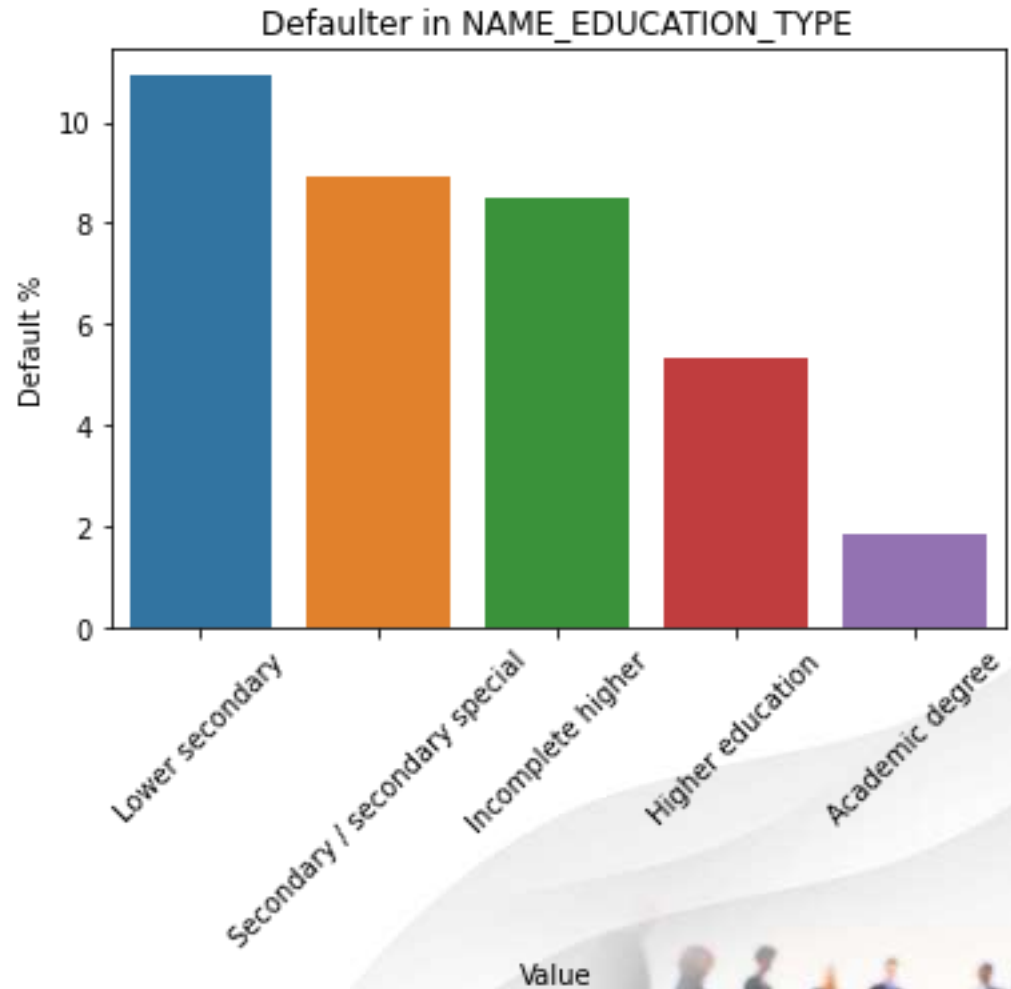
# Defaulter & Non-Defaulter Proportion (Education Type)



Graph showing defaulters and non-defaulters in each category of education type column

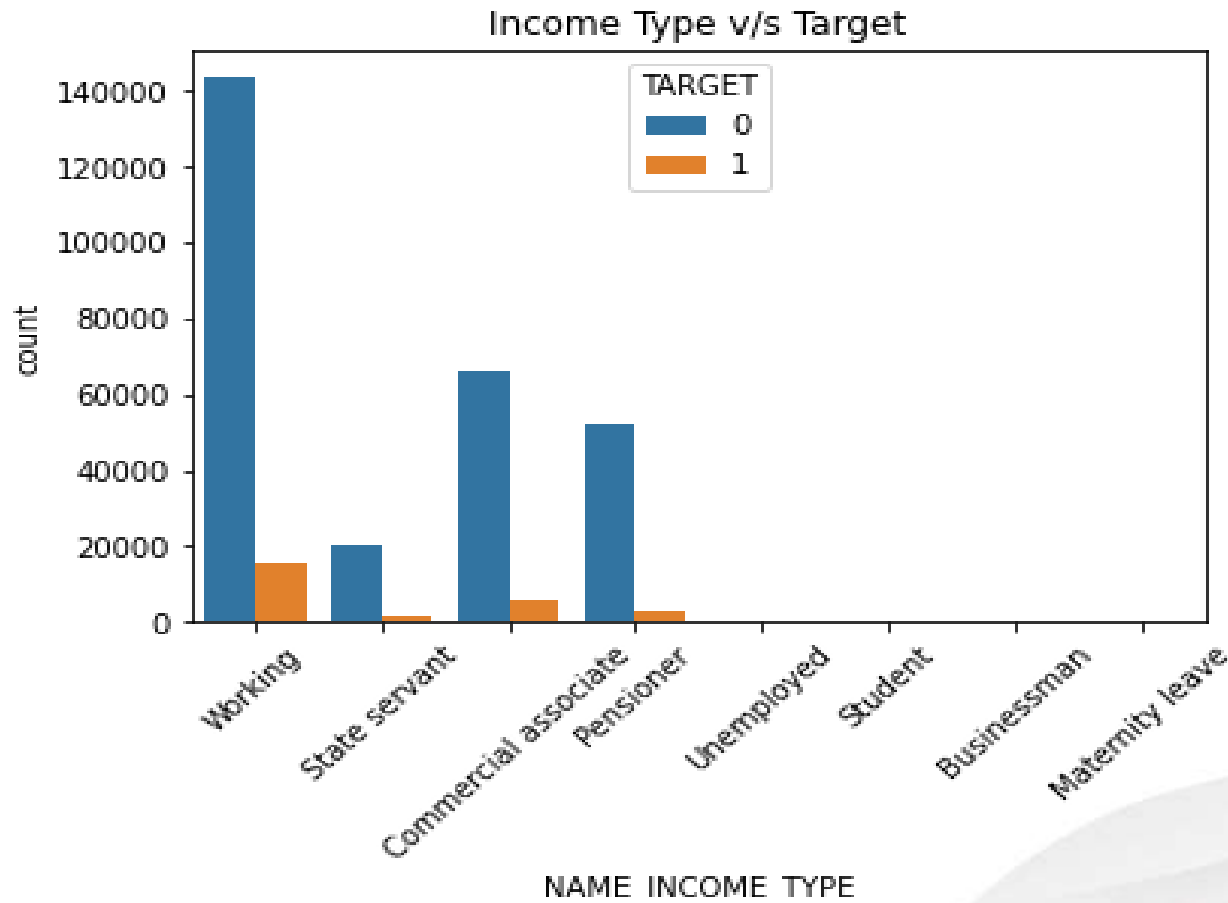
# Defaulter Percentage

- Default rate is highest for Lower secondary
- As education label increases the default percentage also decreases



Graph showing defaulter percentage in each category of education type

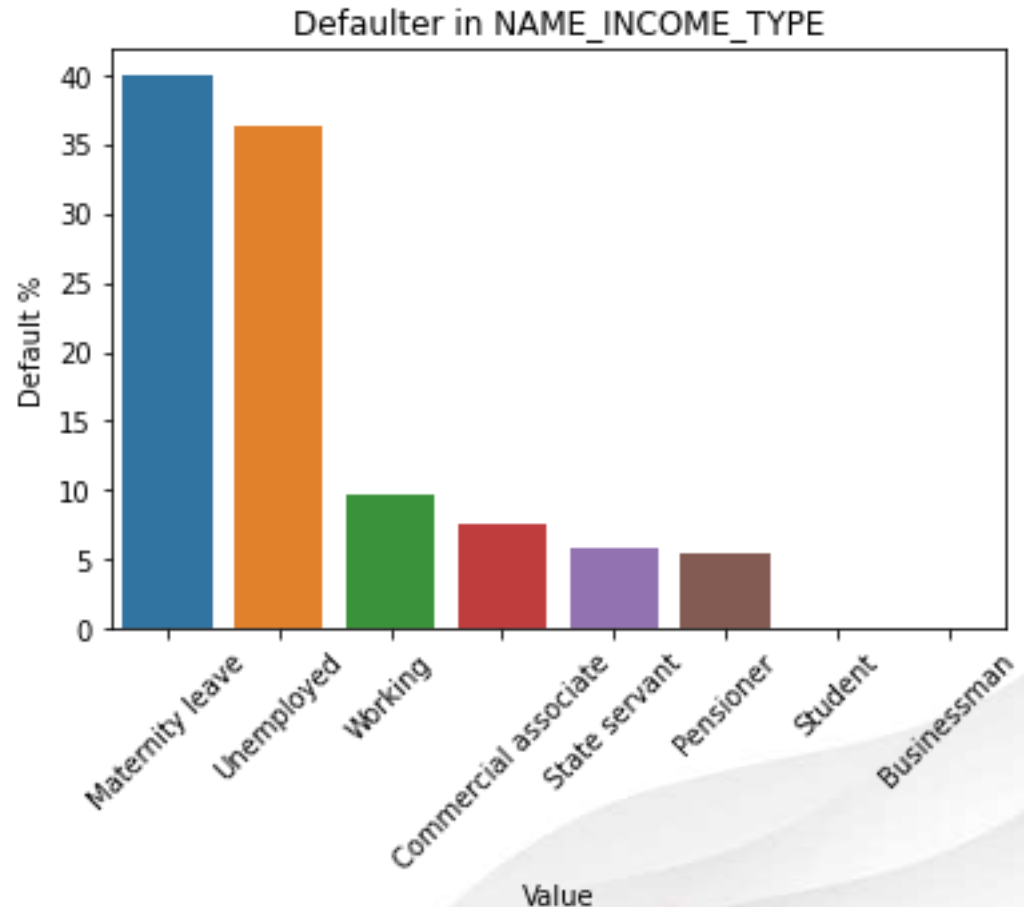
# Defaulter & Non-Defaulter Proportion (Income Type)



Graph showing defaulters and non-defaulters in each category of income type column

# Defaulter Percentage

- Default rate is highest for Maternity Leave and Unemployed
- Default rate is nearly zero for Businessman and Student

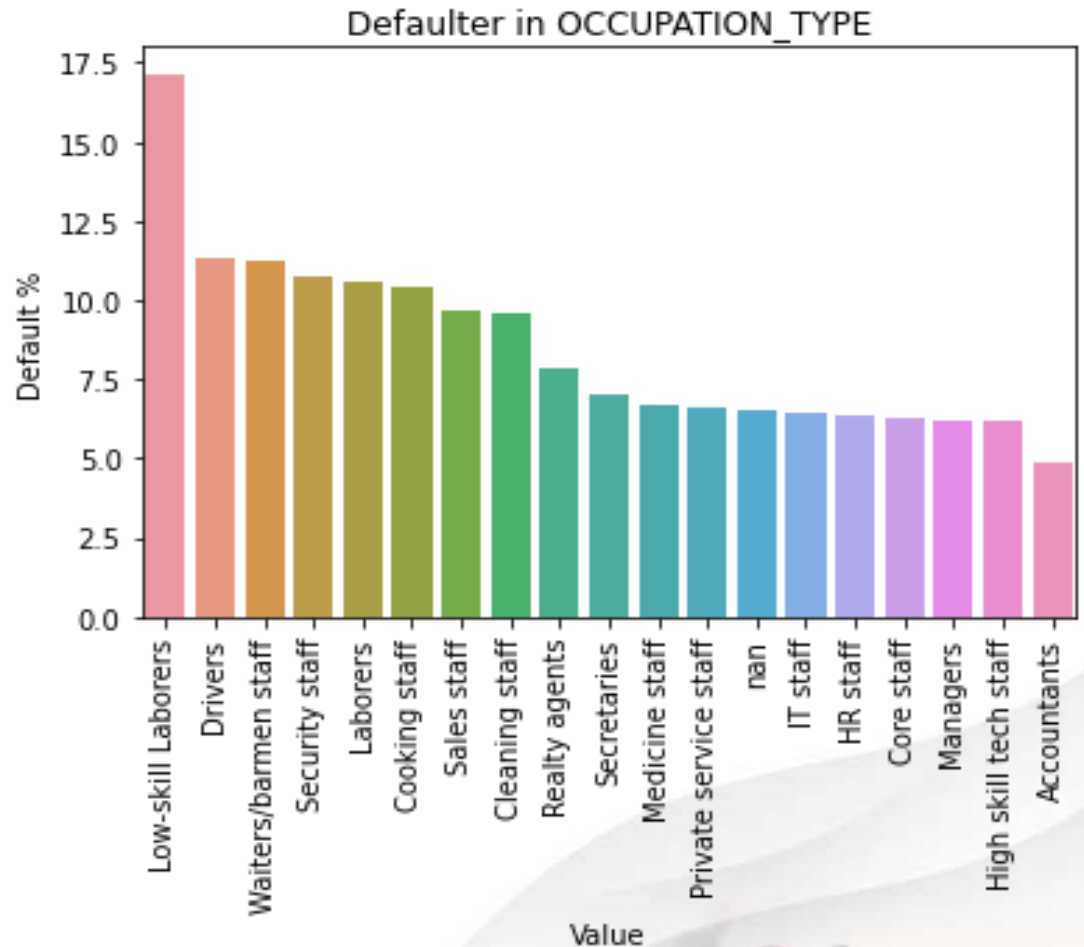


Graph showing defaulter percentage in each category of income type



# Defaulter Percentage

- Low skilled labourers have very high rate of defaulters in comparison to other occupations

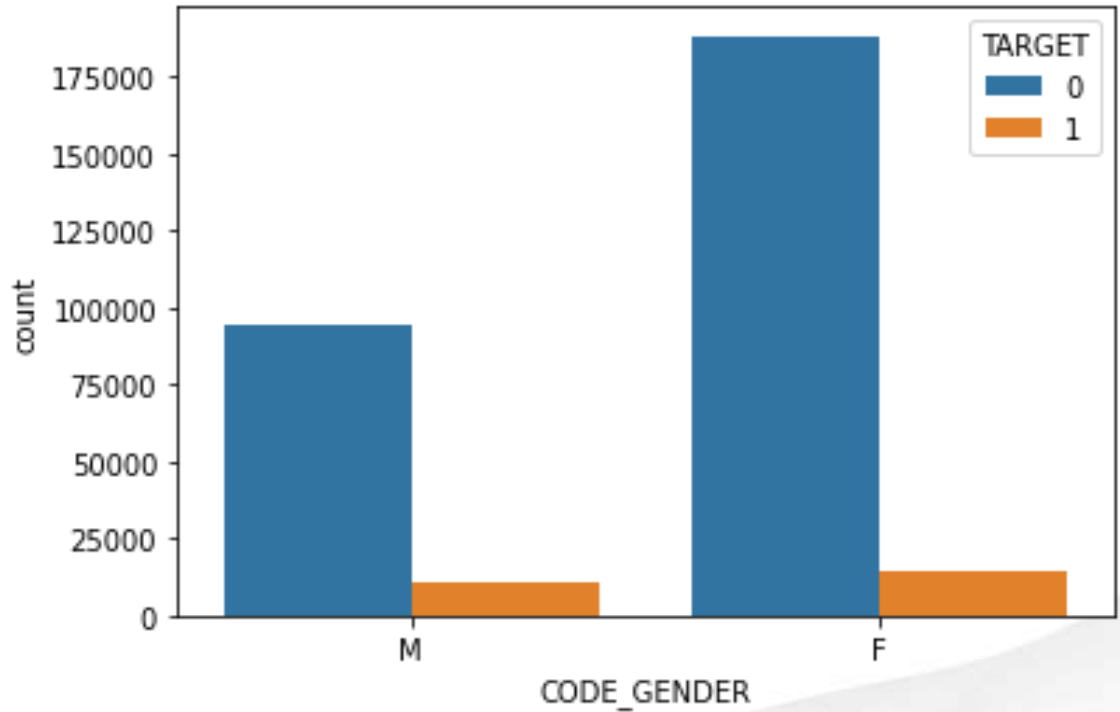


Graph showing defaulter percentage in each category of occupation type



# Defaulters Proportion by Gender

- Female applicants are more than male applicants
- Defaulter percentage is higher for male applicants



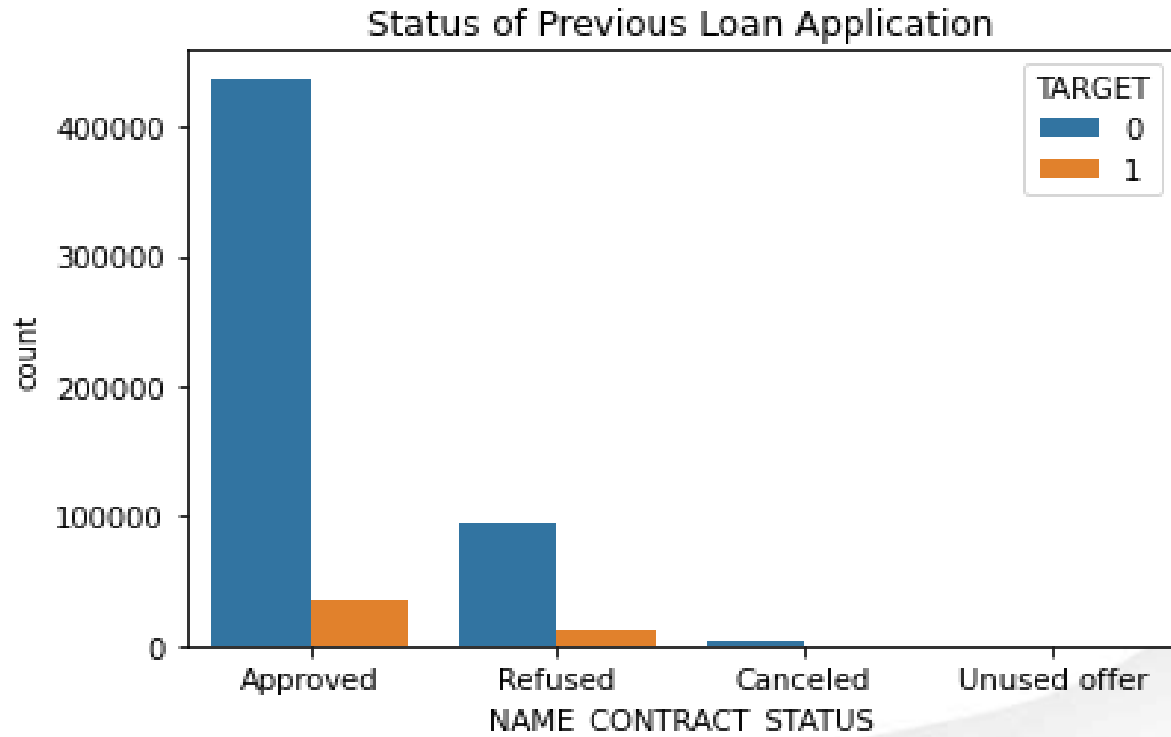
Graph showing defaulters and non-defaulters proportion by gender





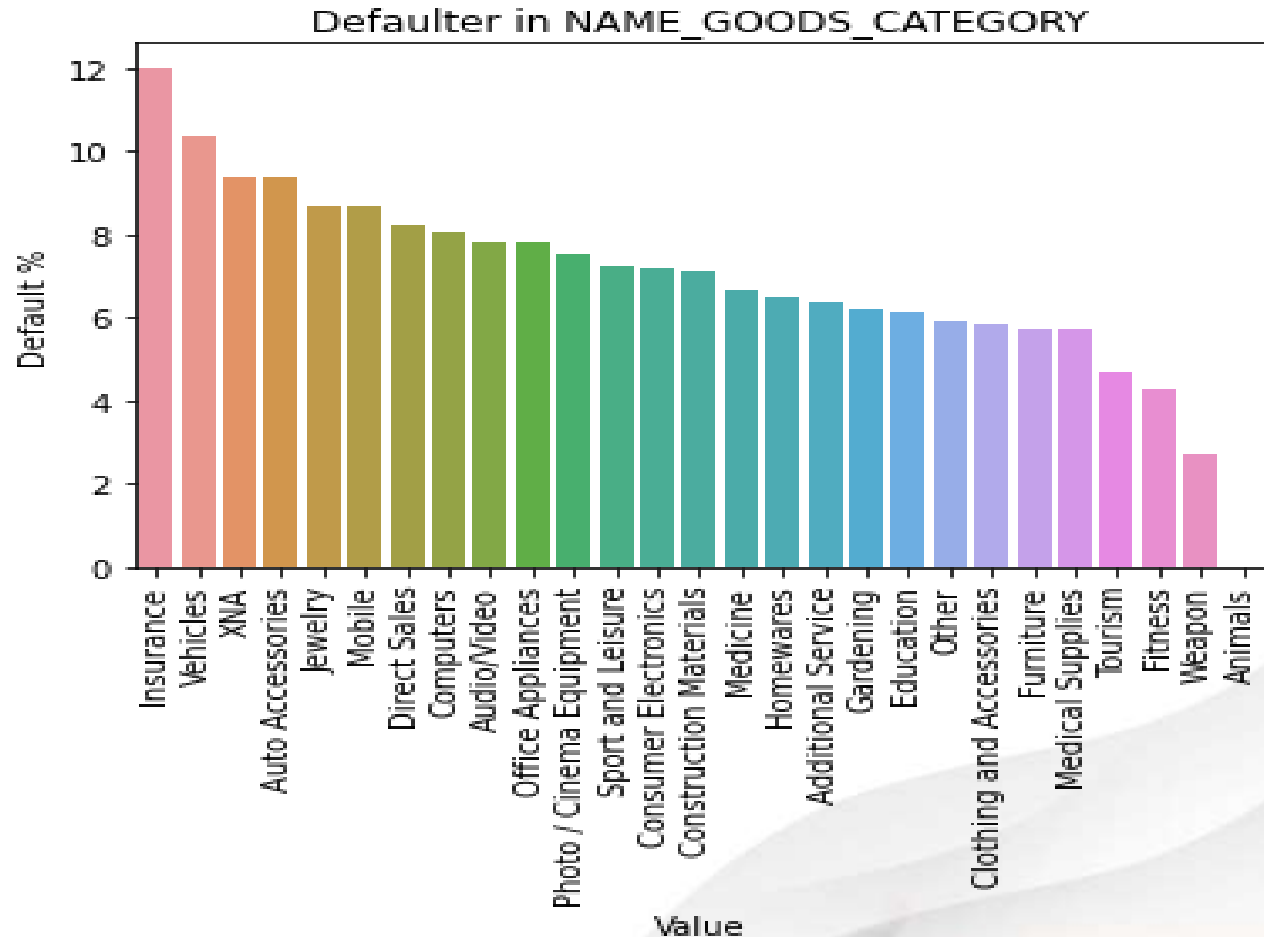
# Defaulters Ratio by Contract Status

- The applicants whose previous loans were approved are more likely to pay current loan in time, than the applicants whose previous loans were rejected.
- 7% of the previously approved loan applicants that defaulted in current loan
- 90 % of the previously refused loan applicants that were able to pay current loan



# Defaulter Percentage

- People with insurance and vehicles are among highest defaulters

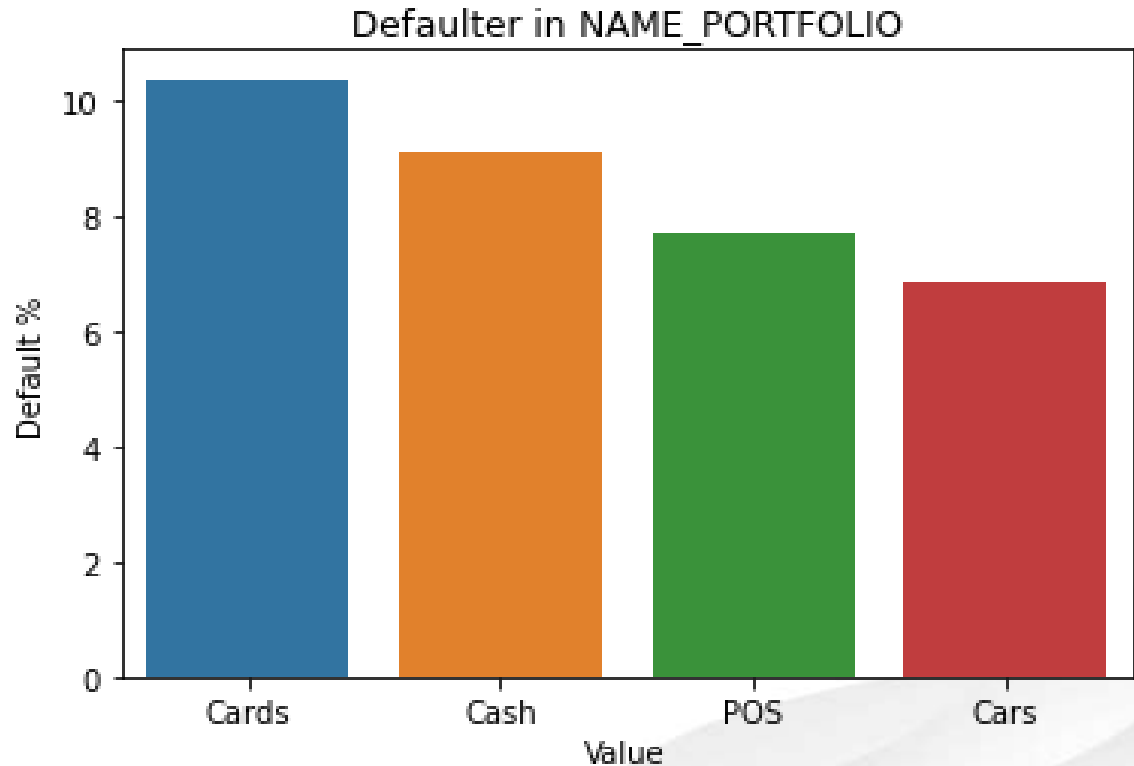


Graph showing defaulter percentage in each category of goods category



# Defaulter Percentage

- People with cards are among highest defaulters

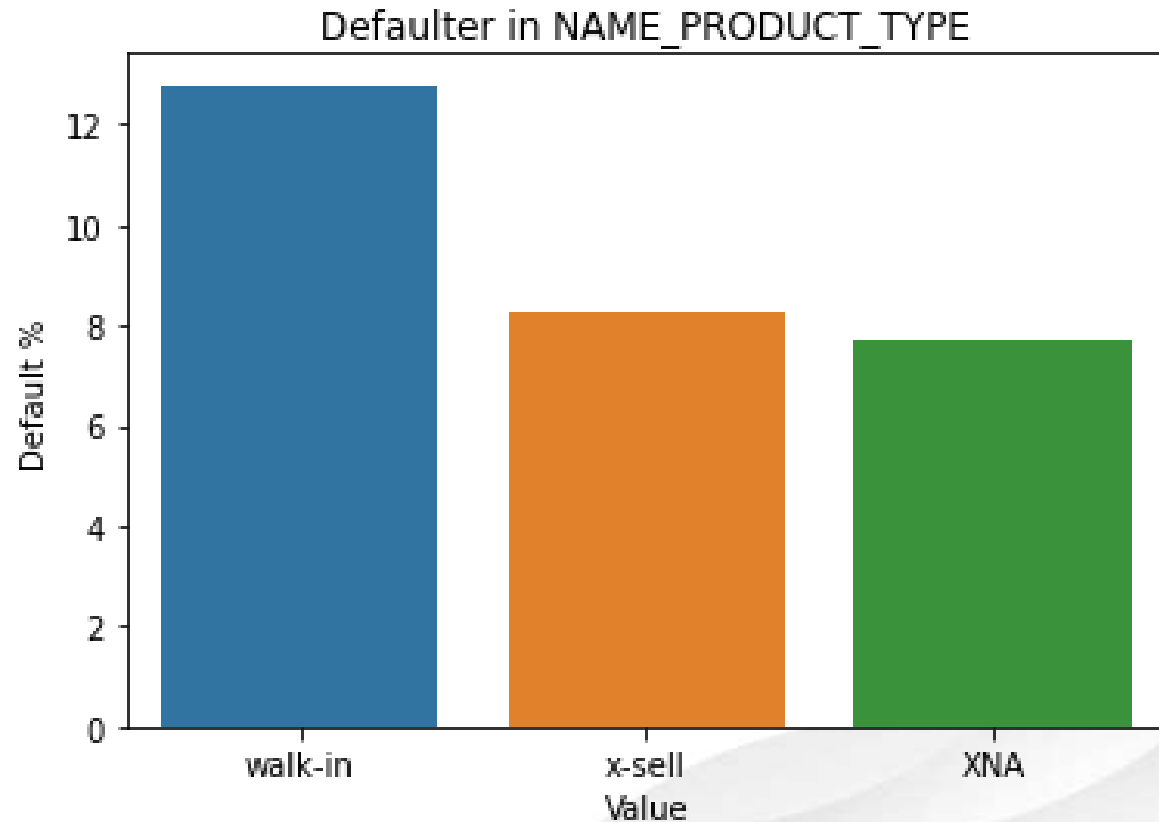


Graph showing defaulter percentage in each category of portfolio



# Defaulter Percentage

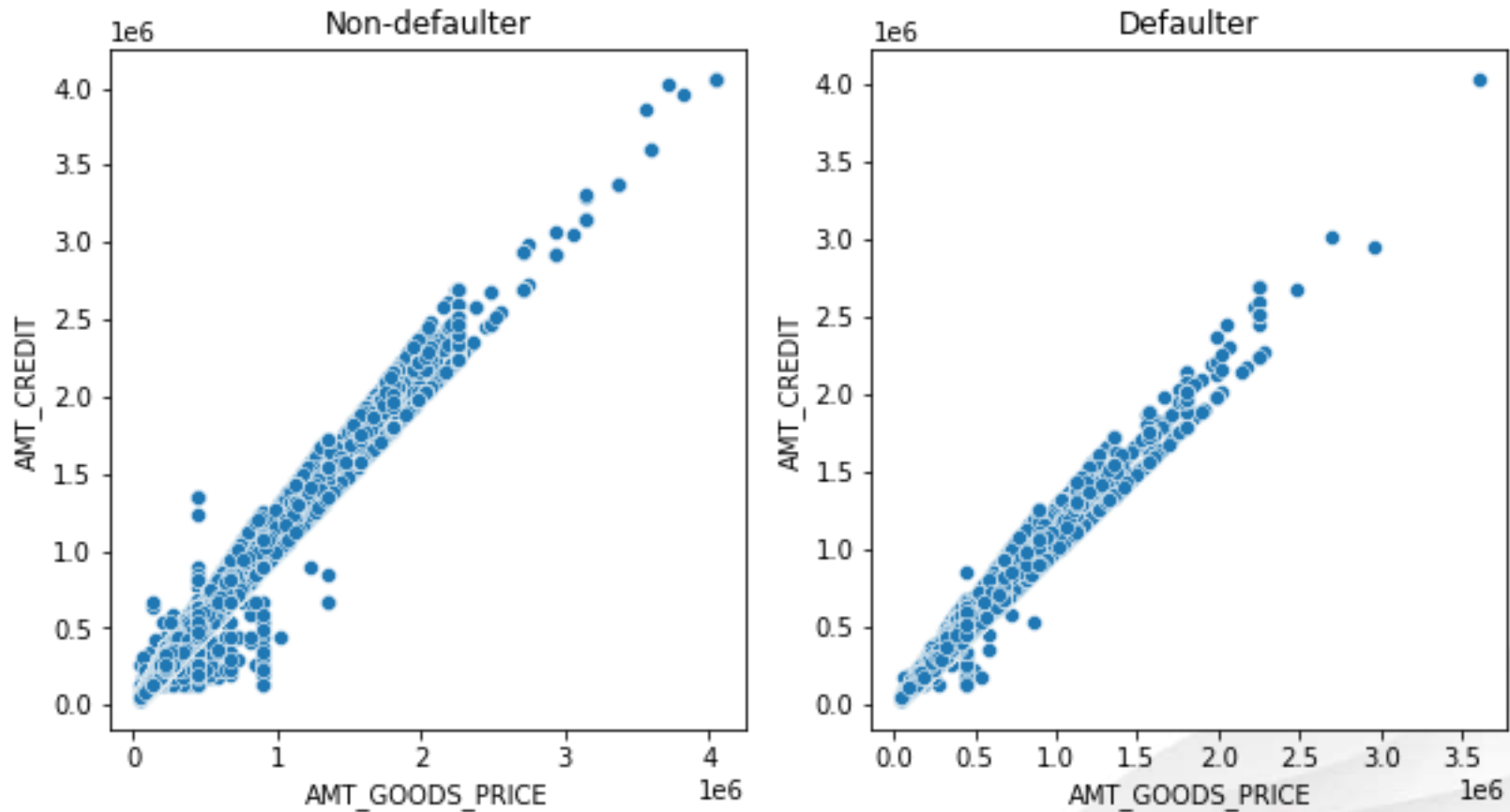
- People with walk-in are among highest defaulters



Graph showing defaulter percentage in each category of product type



# Bivariate analysis between goods price & amt credit

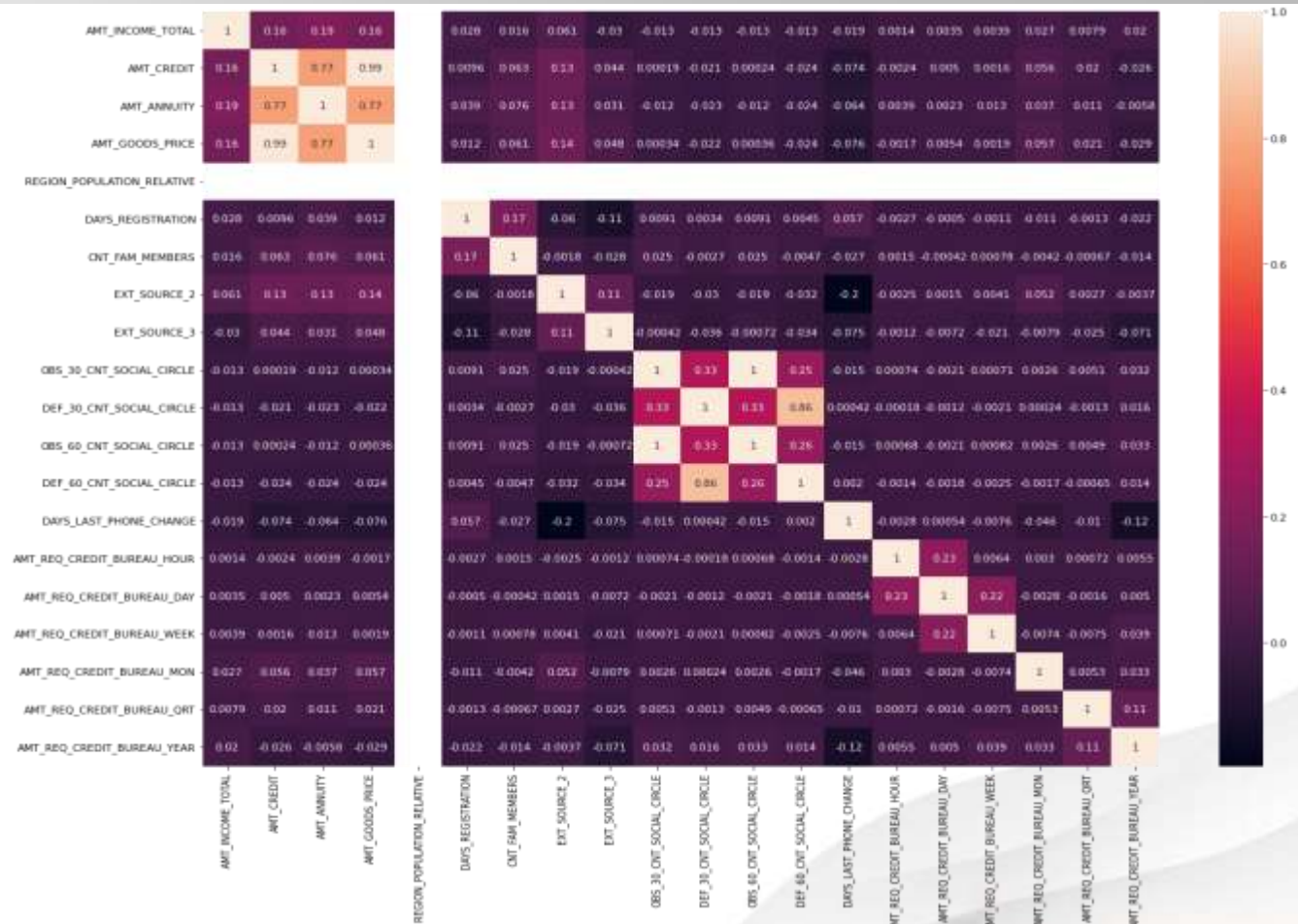


- Defaulters are less for lower range of credit amount and goods price amount



# Correlation Graph

- Light colour represent Positive correlation
- Dark colour represent Negative correlation



Graph showing correlation between all numeric columns

# Top Correlation for Defaulters & Non-Defaulters

- Top 10 correlated columns for defaulters

|                            |                             |          |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------|
| OBS_30_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE   | OBS_60_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE    | 0.998269 |
| AMT_GOODS_PRICE            | AMT_CREDIT                  | 0.982783 |
| REGION_RATING_CLIENT       | REGION_RATING_CLIENT_W_CITY | 0.956637 |
| CNT_CHILDREN               | CNT_FAM_MEMBERS             | 0.885484 |
| DEF_30_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE   | DEF_60_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE    | 0.868994 |
| REG_REGION_NOT_WORK_REGION | LIVE_REGION_NOT_WORK_REGION | 0.847885 |
| REG_CITY_NOT_WORK_CITY     | LIVE_CITY_NOT_WORK_CITY     | 0.778540 |
| AMT_ANNUITY                | AMT_GOODS_PRICE             | 0.752296 |

- Top 10 correlated columns for non-defaulters

|                             |                            |          |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------|
| OBS_30_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE    | OBS_60_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE   | 0.998508 |
| AMT_CREDIT                  | AMT_GOODS_PRICE            | 0.987024 |
| REGION_RATING_CLIENT_W_CITY | REGION_RATING_CLIENT       | 0.950148 |
| CNT_CHILDREN                | CNT_FAM_MEMBERS            | 0.878570 |
| LIVE_REGION_NOT_WORK_REGION | REG_REGION_NOT_WORK_REGION | 0.861861 |
| DEF_60_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE    | DEF_30_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE   | 0.859289 |
| REG_CITY_NOT_WORK_CITY      | LIVE_CITY_NOT_WORK_CITY    | 0.830381 |
| AMT_ANNUITY                 | AMT_GOODS_PRICE            | 0.776421 |
| AMT_CREDIT                  | AMT_ANNUITY                | 0.771296 |



## Conclusion

Hence, we conclude that in EDA of banking Data :

- There are 8% defaulters in current application
- Bank lends more loan to female and it is safer option as male defaulter percentage is more than female
- Approving loans who have cars & realty is safer
- Approving loans for widow & married people is safer
- As education level increases lending loans are safer
- It is riskier to approve loan for people with maternity leave and unemployed
- It is riskier to approve loan with low skills
- It is riskier to approve loan for those have rejected loan history





# Thank you !

## Relationships beyond Banking

