

# Measurement of Capacitance by Schering Bridge

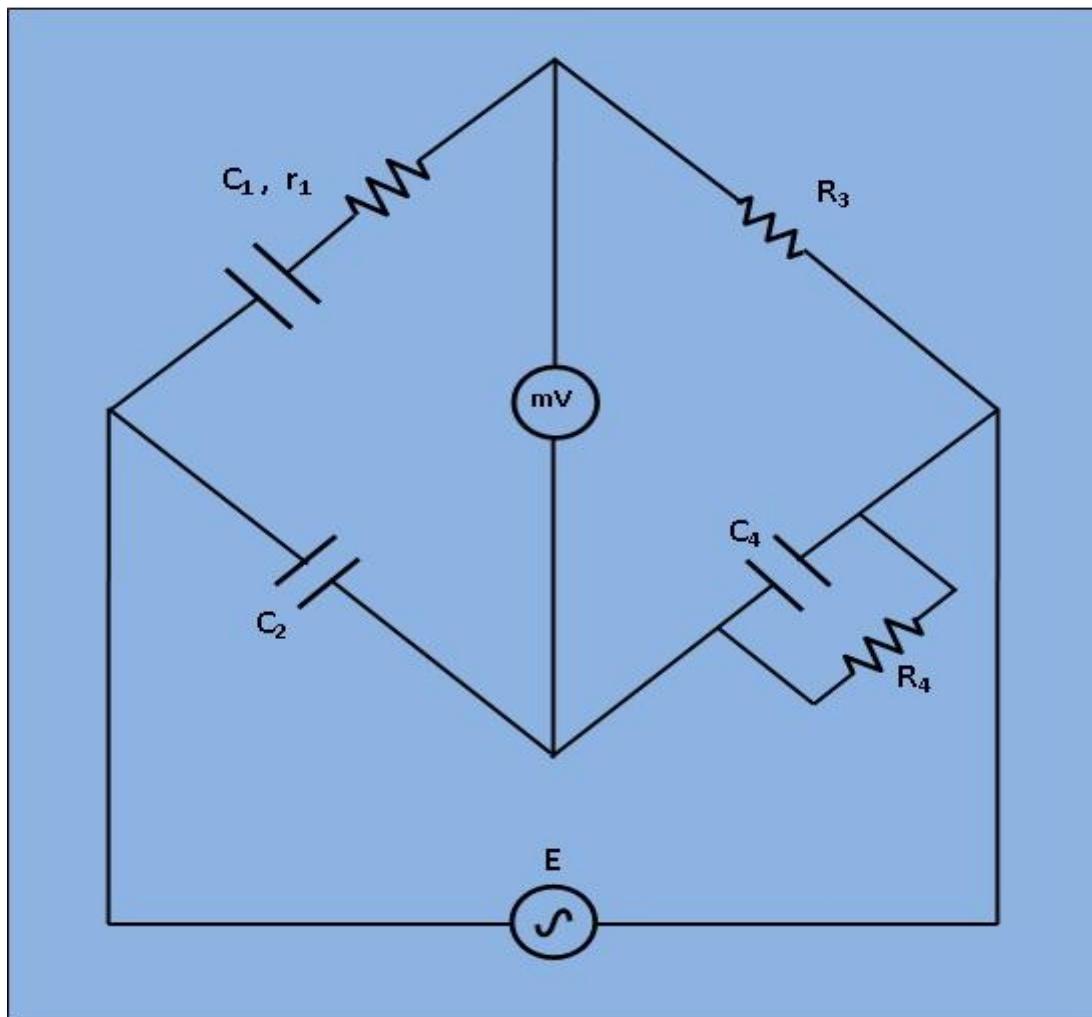
## Aim:

- To Determine the Capacitance of an unknown Capacitor.

## Apparatus Required:

1. Virtual Lab

## Theory:



**Fig 1: Circuit diagram for measurement of Capacitance by Schering Bridge**

Let,

$C_1$ =capacitor whose capacitance is to be measured.

$r_1$ = a series resistance representing the loss in the capacitor  $C_1$ .

$C_2$ = a standard capacitor.

$R_3$ = a non inductive resistance.

$C_4$ = a variable capacitor.

R4= a variable non inductive resistance.

At balance,

$$(r_1 + \frac{1}{j\omega C_1}) * (\frac{R_4}{j\omega C_4 R_4 + 1}) = \frac{R_3}{j\omega C_2} \dots\dots\dots(1)$$

$$r_1 R_4 - \frac{jR_4}{\omega C_1} = -\frac{jR_3}{\omega C_2} + \frac{R_3 R_4 C_4}{C_2} \dots\dots\dots(2)$$

Or Equating the real and imaginary terms in equa. (2), we obtain

$$r_1 = R_3 * \frac{C_4}{C_2} \dots\dots\dots(3)$$

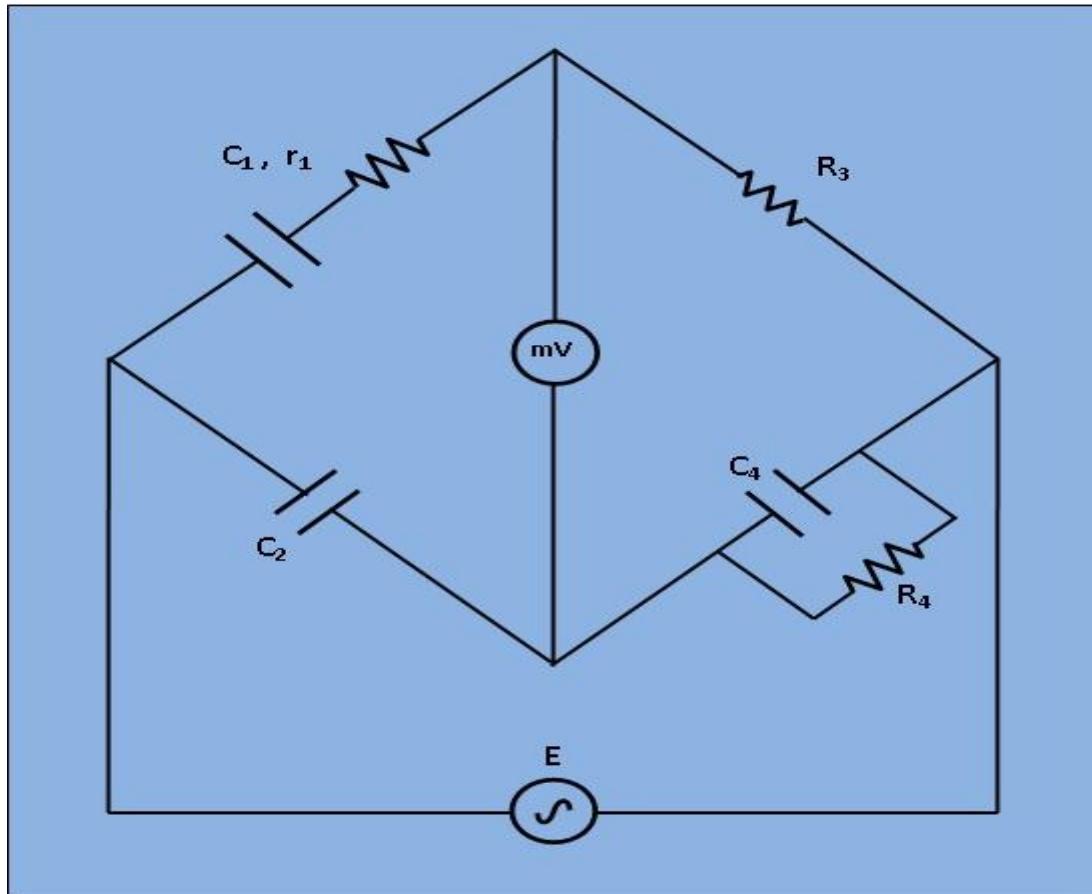
$$C_1 = R_4 * \frac{C_2}{R_3} \dots\dots\dots(4)$$

And, Two independent balance equations (3) and (4) are obtained if C4 and R4 are chosen as the variable elements.

Dissipation factor

$$D_1 = \omega C_1 r_1 \dots\dots\dots(5)$$

**Procedure:**

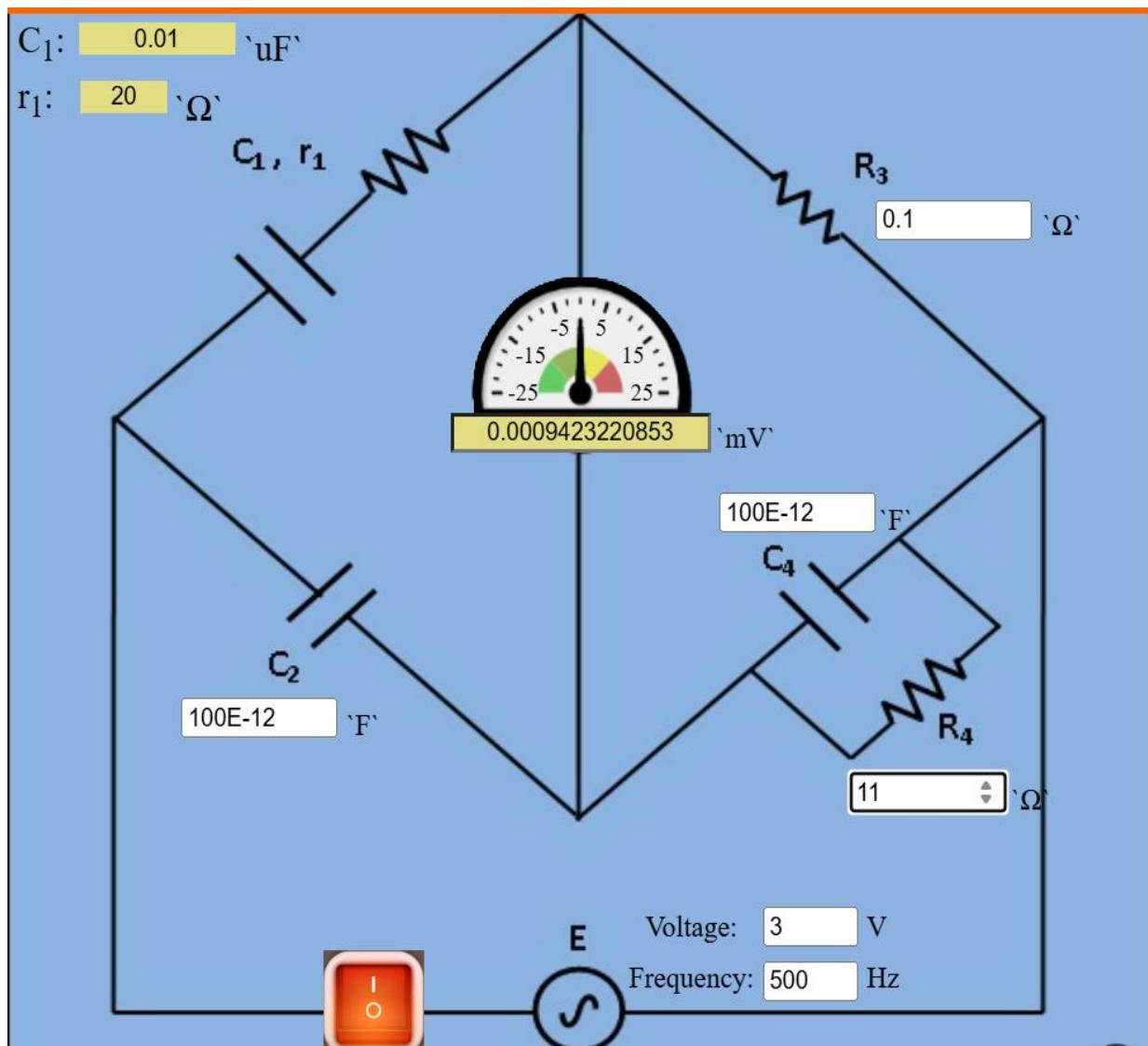


**Fig. 1. Circuit diagram of experimental set-up for Capacitance measurement by Schering Bridge.**

- 1) Apply Supply voltage from the signal generator with arbitrary frequency. ( $V = 3V$ ).  
Also set the unknown Capacitance value from 'Set Capacitor Value' tab.
- 2) Then switch on the supply to get millivoltmeter deflection.
- 3) Choose the values of  $C_2$ ,  $C_4$ ,  $R_3$  and  $R_4$  from the capacitance and resistance box. Varry the values to some particular values to achieve "NULL".
- 4) Observe the millivoltmeter pointer to achieve "NULL".
- 5) If "NULL" is achieved, switch to 'Measure Capacitor Value' tab and click on 'Simulate'. Observe the calculated values of unknown capacitance ( $C_1$ ) and it's internal resistance ( $r_1$ ).
- 6) Also observe the Dissipation factor of the unknwown capacitor which is defined as

$$\omega * C * r \text{ Where, } \omega = 2\pi f$$

### Simulation:



## **Calculation:**

The current voltmeter reading is:  mv. Now simulate to get:

Capacitor value (in  $\mu\text{F}$ ):

Resistance value (in  $\Omega$ ):

Dissipation Factor:

**Simulate**

## **Result:**

Thus the Measurement of Capacitance by Schering Bridge is verified and validated.