

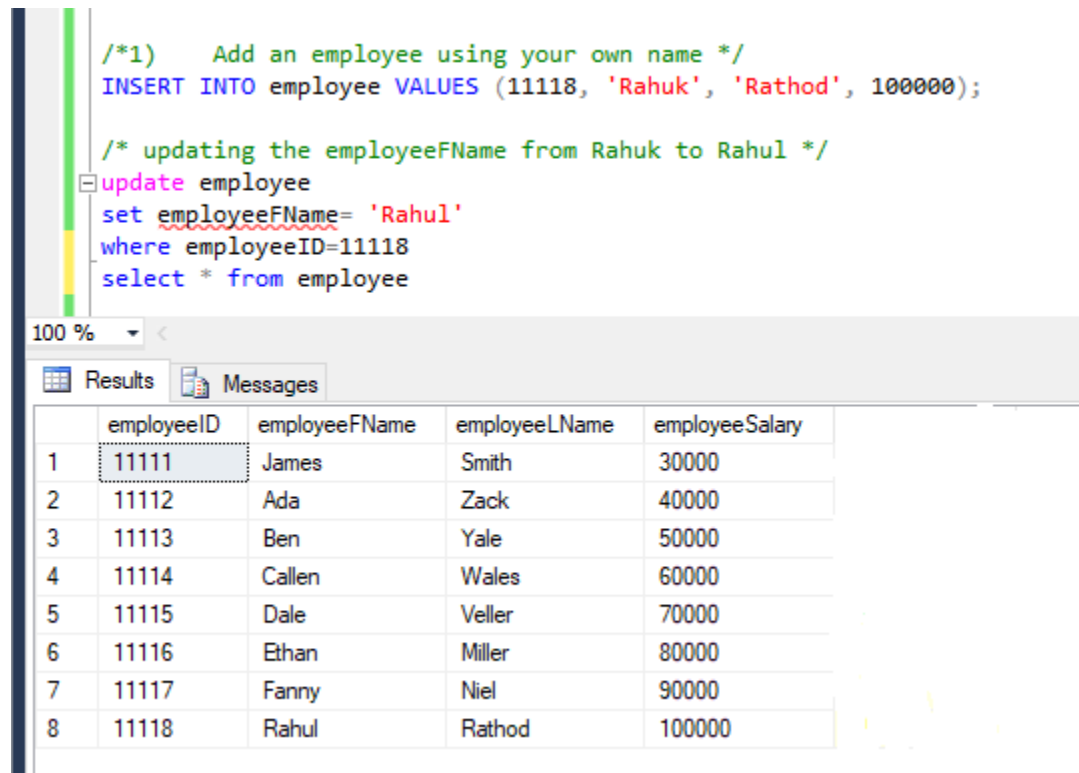
## IST 659 LAB Assignment NO -7

- 1) Add an employee using your own name and create a project assignment for yourself using existing project id.

### Query:

```
/*1) Add an employee using your own name */  
INSERT INTO employee VALUES (11118, 'Rahuk', 'Rathod', 100000);  
  
/* updating the employeeFName from Rahuk to Rahul */  
update employee  
set employeeFName= 'Rahul'  
where employeeID=11118  
  
/* create a project assignment for yourself using existing project id. */  
INSERT INTO projectAssignment VALUES (11118, 1003, 'manager');
```

### Result:



```
/*1) Add an employee using your own name */  
INSERT INTO employee VALUES (11118, 'Rahuk', 'Rathod', 100000);  
  
/* updating the employeeFName from Rahuk to Rahul */  
update employee  
set employeeFName= 'Rahul'  
where employeeID=11118  
select * from employee
```

	employeeID	employeeFName	employeeLName	employeeSalary
1	11111	James	Smith	30000
2	11112	Ada	Zack	40000
3	11113	Ben	Yale	50000
4	11114	Callen	Wales	60000
5	11115	Dale	Veller	70000
6	11116	Ethan	Miller	80000
7	11117	Fanny	Niel	90000
8	11118	Rahul	Rathod	100000

```
/*create a project assignment for yourself using existing project id.*/  
INSERT INTO projectAssignment VALUES (11118, 1003, 'manager');  
select * from projectAssignment
```

100 %

Results Messages

	employeeID	projectID	projectRole
1	11111	1001	manager
2	11112	1001	PHP programmer
3	11113	1001	Oracle DBA
4	11113	1002	test engineer
5	11114	1001	quality assurance
6	11114	1002	quality assurance
7	11115	1001	test engineer
8	11115	1002	manager
9	11116	1002	test engineer
10	11117	1001	Oracle DBA
11	11117	1002	test engineer
12	11118	1003	manager

- 1) Write a scalar function that returns the average salary of the Employees  
**Query:**

```
/* scalar function that returns the average salary of the Employees */  
create function averageSalary(@i int)  
returns decimal(10,1)  
as  
begin  
declare @ret INT;  
select @ret= avg(employeeSalary)  
from employee  
return @ret;  
end;  
  
/* call the function averageSalary */  
select dbo.averageSalary(8) as averageSalary
```

## Result:

```
/* scalar function that returns the average salary of the Employees*/
create function averageSalary(@i int)
returns decimal(10,1)
as
begin
declare @ret INT;
select @ret= avg(employeeSalary)
from employee
return @ret;
end;

/* call the function averageSalary*/
select dbo.averageSalary(8) as averageSalary

/* create table-valued function that returns the Projects given an EmployeeID as a paramete*/
```

100 %

Results Messages

	averageSalary
1	65000.0

3. Write a table-valued function that returns the Projects given an EmployeeID as a parameter and
  - a. Show the function created
  - b. return the results for your own project

## Query:

```
/* create table-valued function that returns the Projects given an EmployeeID as a paramete */
create function employeeProject(@employeeID int)
returns table
as
return
(
select pa.projectId as employeeProject
from projectAssignment pa
Inner Join employee e on pa.employeeID = e.employeeID
Inner Join project p on pa.projectID = p.projectID
where e.employeeID = @employeeID
)
drop function dbo.employeeProject

/* call the function employeeProject */
select * from employeeProject(11118);
```

## Result:

```
/* create table-valued function that returns the Projects given an EmployeeID as a paramete*/
create function employeeProject(@employeeID int)
returns table
as
return
(
select pa.projectID as employeeProject
from projectAssignment pa
Inner Join employee e on pa.employeeID = e.employeeID
Inner Join project p on pa.projectID = p.projectID
where e.employeeID = @employeeID
)

/* call the function employeeProject*/
select * from employeeProject(11118);
```

100 %

Results Messages

employeeProject	
1	1003

4. Alter the Employee table to add a new column called 'Num of Projects' which can be **INTEGER** data type. Write a procedure that updates employee table with the total projects assigned to each employee (to the newly created column)

## Query:

```
/* Alter the Employee table to add a new column called 'Num of Projects' */
alter table employee add NumOfProjects int;
select * from employee
```

```
CREATE PROCEDURE TOTAL_PROJ
AS
BEGIN
UPDATE EMPLOYEE
SET NumOfProjects = projCount.total_count
FROM
(
SELECT employeeID, count(projectID) AS total_count
FROM projectAssignment
GROUP BY employeeID
) projCount
WHERE employee.employeeID=projCount.employeeID
END;
```

EXEC TOTAL\_PROJ;

## Result:

```
/*Alter the Employee table to add a new column called 'Num of Projects' */  
alter table employee add NumOfProjects int;  
select * from employee
```

100 %

Results Messages

	employeeID	employeeFName	employeeLName	employeeSalary	NumOfProjects
1	11111	James	Smith	30000	NULL
2	11112	Ada	Zack	40000	NULL
3	11113	Ben	Yale	50000	NULL
4	11114	Callen	Wales	60000	NULL
5	11115	Dale	Veller	70000	NULL
6	11116	Ethan	Miller	80000	NULL
7	11117	Fanny	Niel	90000	NULL
8	11118	Rahul	Rathod	100000	NULL

```
2 CREATE PROCEDURE TOTAL_PROJ
AS
BEGIN
UPDATE EMPLOYEE
SET NumOfProjects = projCount.total_count
FROM
(
SELECT employeeID, count(projectID) AS total_count
FROM projectAssignment
GROUP BY employeeID
) projCount
WHERE employee.employeeID=projCount.employeeID
END;

EXEC TOTAL_PROJ;
select * from employee
```

100 %

Results Messages

	employeeID	employeeFName	employeeLName	employeeSalary	NumOfProjects
1	11111	James	Smith	30000	1
2	11112	Ada	Zack	40000	1
3	11113	Ben	Yale	50000	2
4	11114	Callen	Wales	60000	2
5	11115	Dale	Veller	70000	2
6	11116	Ethan	Miller	80000	1
7	11117	Fanny	Niel	90000	2
8	11118	Rahul	Rathod	100000	1

5. Create a trigger that can update the num of projects whenever a new project is assigned to an employee.

Test the trigger with the below insert

- INSERT INTO projectAssignment VALUES (11114, 1003, 'quality assurance');
- INSERT INTO projectAssignment VALUES (11115, 1003, 'test engineer');

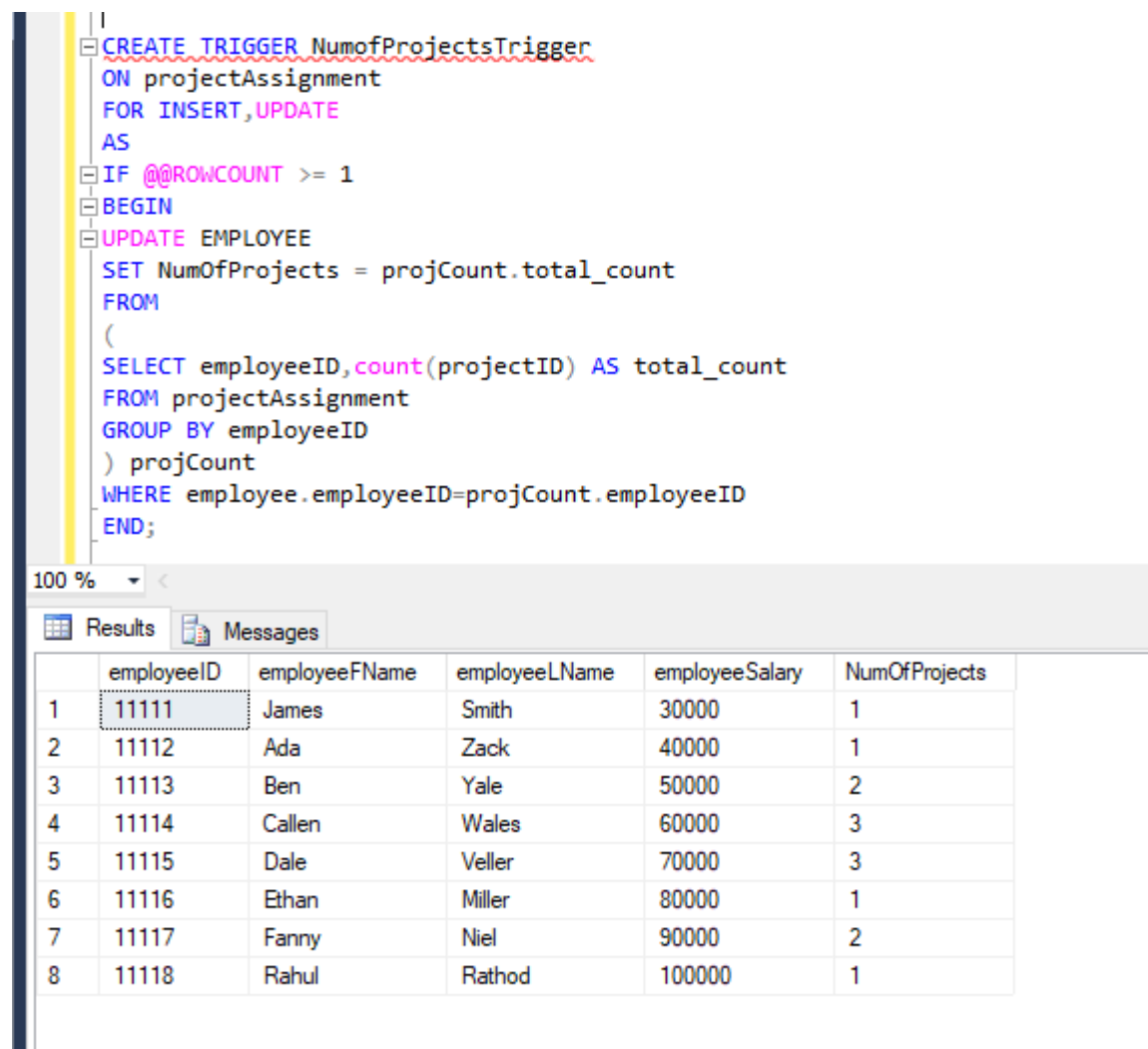
Query:

```
CREATE TRIGGER NumofProjectsTrigger
ON projectAssignment
FOR INSERT, UPDATE
AS
IF @@ROWCOUNT >= 1
BEGIN
```

```
UPDATE EMPLOYEE
SET NumOfProjects = projCount.total_count
FROM
(
SELECT employeeID, count(projectID) AS total_count
FROM projectAssignment
GROUP BY employeeID
) projCount
WHERE employee.employeeID=projCount.employeeID
END;
```

```
INSERT INTO projectAssignment VALUES (11114, 1003, 'quality assurance');
INSERT INTO projectAssignment VALUES (11115, 1003, 'test engineer');
```

### Result:



The screenshot displays the SQL Server Enterprise Manager interface. The top pane shows the definition of a trigger named 'NumofProjectsTrigger' on the 'projectAssignment' table, which fires for INSERT and UPDATE operations. The trigger's logic is to update the 'NumOfProjects' column in the 'EMPLOYEE' table based on a subquery that counts the number of projects assigned to each employee. The bottom pane shows the 'Results' tab with a table containing 8 rows of employee data, including their IDs, names, salaries, and the number of projects they are assigned to.

```
CREATE TRIGGER NumofProjectsTrigger
ON projectAssignment
FOR INSERT, UPDATE
AS
IF @@ROWCOUNT >= 1
BEGIN
UPDATE EMPLOYEE
SET NumOfProjects = projCount.total_count
FROM
(
SELECT employeeID, count(projectID) AS total_count
FROM projectAssignment
GROUP BY employeeID
) projCount
WHERE employee.employeeID=projCount.employeeID
END;
```

	employeeID	employeeFName	employeeLName	employeeSalary	NumOfProjects
1	11111	James	Smith	30000	1
2	11112	Ada	Zack	40000	1
3	11113	Ben	Yale	50000	2
4	11114	Callen	Wales	60000	3
5	11115	Dale	Veller	70000	3
6	11116	Ethan	Miller	80000	1
7	11117	Fanny	Niel	90000	2
8	11118	Rahul	Rathod	100000	1

