



Middle ware

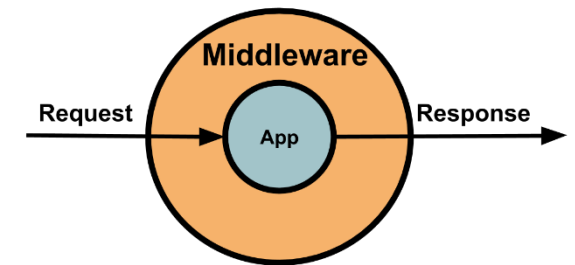
#Node JS Notes

| Middle ware



What is Middleware

- Middleware is a middle layer that is called between request and response. When the request is called middleware is called and it called before it sends response.
- The next middleware function is commonly denoted by a variable named next.
- Or
- Middleware functions are functions that have access to the request object (req), the response object (res), and the next middleware function in the application's request-response cycle. These functions are used to modify req and res objects for tasks like parsing request bodies, adding response headers, etc.



Why use middleware?

- On most websites, any time you interact with the browser, it requests information from a web server.
- The web server then sends a response back to the browser which it then converts and shows it to you as text, image, video, etc.



Middleware function can perform the following tasks.

- Can execute any code.
- Can make changes to the request and the response objects.
- Can end the request-response cycle.
- Can call the next middleware function in the stack.



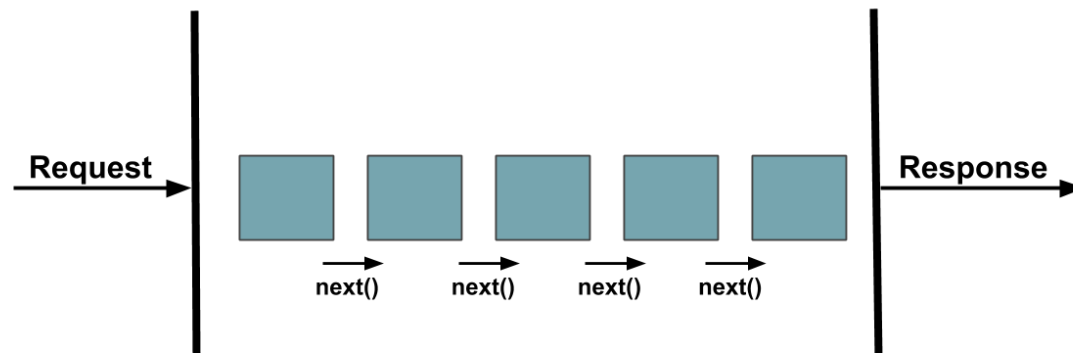
Express.js middleware

- **Express.js** is a routing and Middleware framework for handling the different routing of the webpage and it works between the request and response cycle.



What is next()?

- A middleware function typically receives three arguments: req, res and next . next is the next function which will be executed after the current one.



References

- <https://expressjs.com/en/guide/writing-middleware.html>
- <https://expressjs.com/en/guide/using-middleware.html>



Types of middlewares

1. Application level middleware
2. Router-level middleware
3. Error handling middleware
4. Built in middleware
5. Third Party middleware



Application Level Middleware



Application level middleware

- We use `app.use()` or `app.METHOD()` to bind the app instance to the application middleware.
- For instance, in the following code, we have created a middleware that serves no particular URL. The middleware runs for every request.

```
var app = express()

app.use(function (req, res, next) {
  console.log('Hello from the middleware !')
  next()
})
```



Example

```
1  var express = require('express')
2  var app = express()
3
4  // define middleware function
5  function logger(req, res, next) {
6    console.log(new Date(), req.url)
7    next()
8  }
9
10 // calls logger:middleware for each request-response cycle
11 app.use(logger)
12
13 // route that gets executed for the path '/'
14 app.get('/', function (req, res) {
15   res.send('This is a basic Example for Express.js ')
16 })
17
18 // start the server
19 var server = app.listen(8000, function(){
20   console.log('Listening on port 8000...')
21 })
```

- <http://localhost:8000/>
- <http://localhost:8000/hello-page/>

```
PROBLEMS  OUTPUT  DEBUG CONSOLE  TERMINAL

PS D:\workspace\nodejs\EXPRESS_WEB_SERVER> node app.js
Listening on port 8000...
2019-06-30T04:49:42.246Z '/'
2019-06-30T04:50:02.418Z '/hello-page/'
```

```
// define middleware function
function logger(req, res, next) {
  console.log(`Logged ${req.url} ${req.method} -- ${new Date()}`)
  next()
}

// calls logger:middleware for each request-response cycle
app.use(logger)
```



Cont.

- logger is the function name, req is the HTTP request object, res is the Node Response Object and next is the next function in request-response cycle.
- You can access all the properties and methods of request object req.
- Similarly, you can access all the properties and methods of response object res.
- Calling next() function inside the middleware function is optional. If you use next() statement, the execution continues with the next middleware function in request-response cycle. If you do not call next() function, the execution for the given request stops here.



following code, this middleware handles request for the route /data

```
app.use('/data', function (req, res, next) {  
  console.log('This middleware handles the data route')  
  next()  
})
```



Router Level



Router level middleware

- Router level middlewares are similar to application-level middlewares except that they are bound to an instance of `express.Router()`.
- The below middleware executes for every request to the router.



Example

- Load router-level middleware by using the `router.use()` and `router.METHOD()` functions.

```
var app = express()
var router = express.Router();

router.use(function (req, res, next) {
  console.log('This is a Router middleware');
  next();
})
```



Error Handling



Error handling middlewares

- Express JS comes with default error handling params, define error-handling middleware functions in the same way as other middleware functions, except error-handling functions have four arguments instead of three:
- To call an error-handling middleware, we need to send the error object in the next() method



Example

```
app.use(function (err, req, res, next) {  
  console.error("Error found !");  
  res.status(500).send('Something very wrong happened !')  
})
```



Built-in middlewares



Built-in middlewares

- Express also has some built-in middlewares such as -
- `express.static()` - serves static assets such as images, HTML files etc.
- `express.json()` - parses the incoming request object with JSON payloads.
- `express.urlencoded()` - parses incoming requests with URL-encoded payloads
- List :
- <https://expressjs.com/en/resources/middleware.html>



- Express provides you with middleware to deal with the (incoming) data (object) in the body of the request.
- a. `express.json()` is a method inbuilt in express to recognize the incoming Request Object as a JSON Object. This method is called as a middleware in your application using the code: `app.use(express.json());`
- b. `express.urlencoded()` is a method inbuilt in express to recognize the incoming Request Object as strings or arrays. This method is called as a middleware in your application using the code: `app.use(express.urlencoded());`



Third party middleware



Third party middleware

- We may use several third party middlewares to add functionality to our Express Apps
- To use third party modules, we need to install them first and then include it in our app
 - Morgan
 - body-parser



morgan

- morgan is a very popular logging middleware. It lets us see the requested data right in the console. To use it, install it first
- `npm install morgan`



Body Parser

- Body-parser is the Node.js body parsing middleware. It is responsible for parsing the incoming request bodies in a middleware before you handle it.
- Parse incoming request bodies in a middleware before your handlers, available under the `req.body` property.

```
const bodyparser = require('body-parser')

// Body-parser middleware
app.use(bodyparser.urlencoded({extended:false}))
app.use(bodyparser.json())

Console.log(req.body)
```



Calling middleware using app.use()

- Middleware is called before every request in the web page.

```
var express = require('express');  
var app = express();
```

```
app.use(function (req, res, next) {  
  console.log('Method is: ' + req.method + ' URL is: ' + req.url);  
  next();  
});
```

```
app.get('/', function (req, res) {  
  res.send('Hello This is home page');  
});
```

```
app.listen(3000, function () {  
  console.log('App listening on port 3000!');  
});
```



Calling for a specific route

- Middleware is called before a /students route. In this way, we call middleware before any specific routes.

```
var express = require('express');
var app = express();

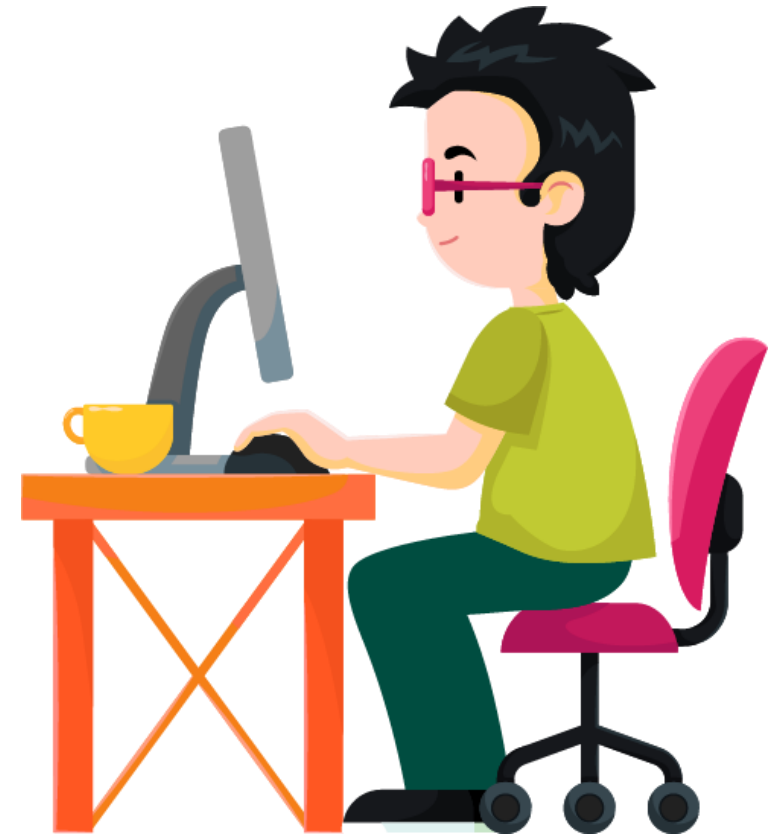
// Middleware get called before the original route and send the request
// This route is only called before /students route
app.use('/students', function (req, res, next) {
  console.log('Method is: ' + req.method + ' URL is: ' + req.url);
  next();
});

// Before the route is called middleware get activated
app.get('/students', function (req, res) {
  res.send('Get all Student Data');
});

app.listen(3000, function () {
  console.log('App listening on port 3000!');
});
```



Get Exclusive Video Tutorials



www.apptutorials.com

<https://www.youtube.com/user/Akashtips>





Get More Details

www.akashsir.com



If You Liked It !

Rating Us Now



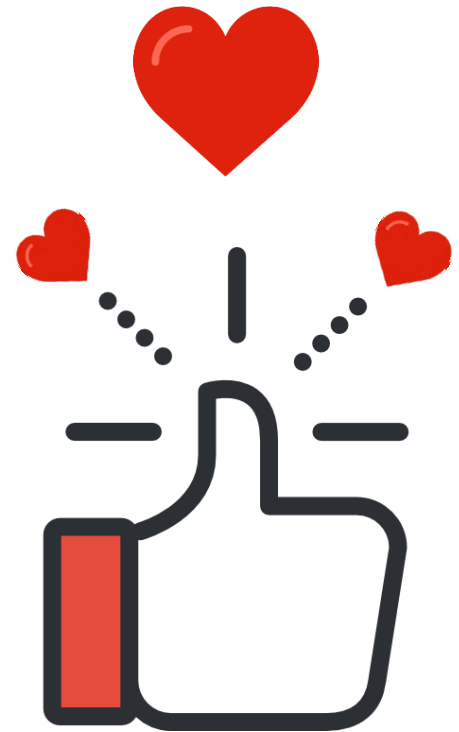
Just Dial

https://www.justdial.com/Ahmedabad/Akash-Technolabs-Navrangpura-Bus-Stop-Navrangpura/O79PXX79-XX79-170615221520-S5C4_BZDET



Sulekha

<https://www.sulekha.com/akash-technolabs-navrangpura-ahmedabad-contact-address/ahmedabad>



Connect With Me



Akash Padhiyar
#AkashSir

www.akashsir.com
www.akashtechlabs.com
www.akashpadhiyar.com
www.apptutorials.com

Social Info



Akash.padhiyar



Akashpadhiyar



Akash_padhiyar



+91 99786-21654



#Akashpadhiyar
#apptutorials