Concurrency:
Multi-core Programming
& Data Processing

Lab 5

-- Memory Barriers --

#### Do not confuse...

- Most important concepts:
  - Written code =/= machine code
  - Memory barriers =/= Java built-in barriers
- What you write is <u>not</u> what you get (most of the times)...

• Why?

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- ...and all this is fine as long as the execution obeys <u>"as-if-serial"</u> semantics and we are single-threaded

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- Enforce visibility (sounds familiar?)

#### Focus on Java

- Interpreted language: generates bytecode, interprets bytecode
- Also has <u>Just-In-Time (JIT)</u> compiler: bytecode of hot methods compiled to machine code, machine code run directly for them
  - Optimizes quite a lot the execution
- To see assembler code (needs <u>hsdis</u> disassembler plugin):

```
java -XX:+UnlockDiagnosticVMOptions -XX:+PrintAssembly
Application
```

- To check if a method was compiled: -XX:+PrintCompilation
- Interactive graphical interface: <u>JITWatch</u>

#### Exercise

- Install <u>hsdis</u> plugin or <u>JITWatch</u> on your system
- Download MemBarrier.java from lab5/exercises on ILIAS
- Modify it to use Atomic variables instead of volatile (call it MemBarrierAtomic.java)
- Run and disassemble (generate log file)
- Write a brief README with the observations (compare the use of volatile with Atomic), command line you used, OS, etc.
- Submit ZIP archive with new java file, log and README