

# **RDBMS Assignment**

- 1. Create a database named employee, then import data\_science\_team.csv proj\_table.csv and emp\_record\_table.csv into the employee database from the given resources.**

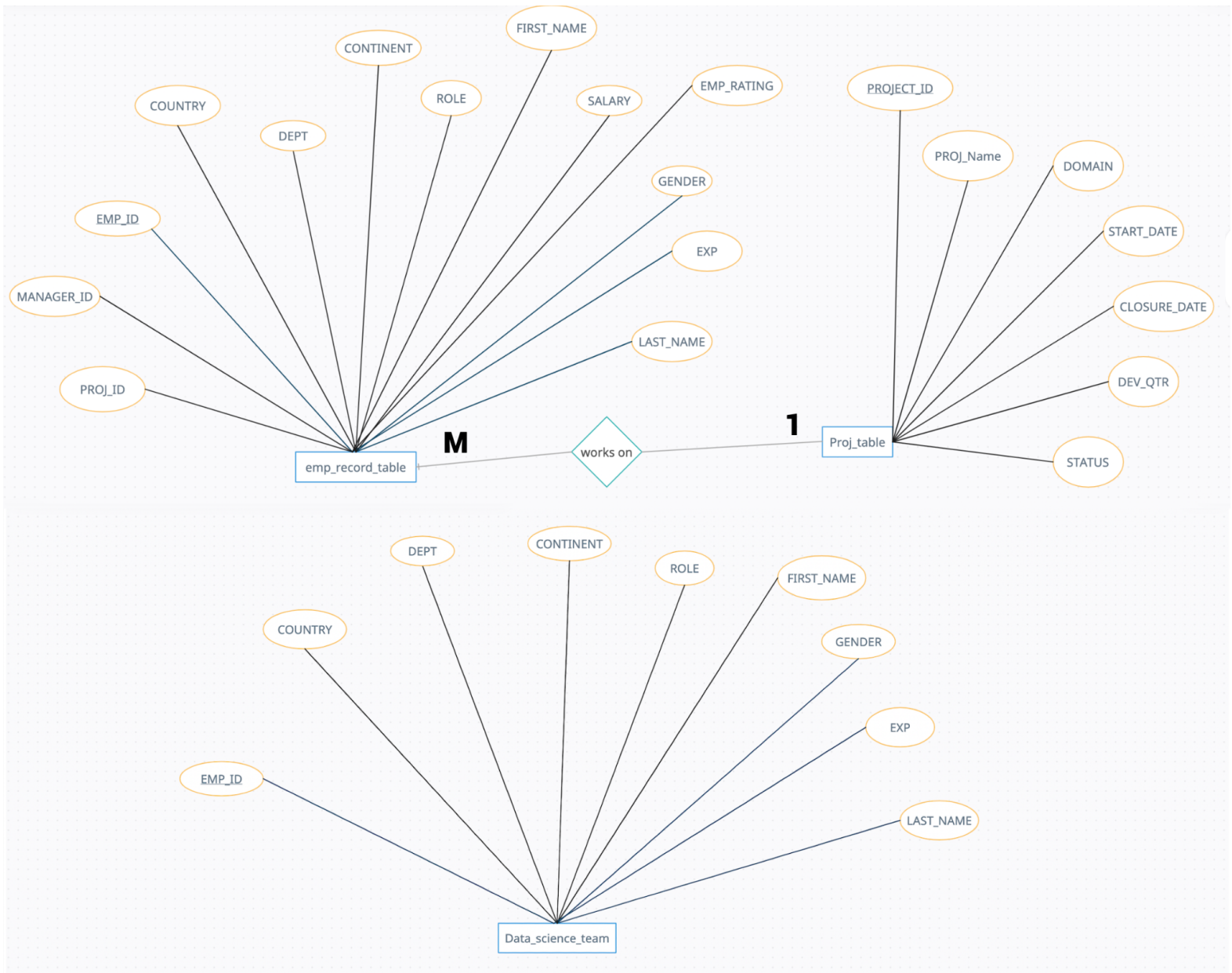
## **Query:**

create database employee;

use employee;

- Subsequently I imported data\_science\_team.csv, proj\_table.csv and emp\_record\_table.csv into the employee database from the given resources using MySQLWorkbench.

## 2. Create an ER diagram for the given employee database.



**3. Write a query to fetch EMP\_ID, FIRST\_NAME, LAST\_NAME, GENDER, and DEPARTMENT from the employee record table, and make a list of employees and details of their department.**

**Query:**

```
SELECT emp_id, first_name, last_name, gender, dept  
FROM emp_record_table;
```

**4. Write a query to fetch EMP\_ID, FIRST\_NAME, LAST\_NAME, GENDER, DEPARTMENT, and EMP\_RATING if the EMP\_RATING is:**

- less than two
- greater than four
- between two and four

**Query:**

**4a:**

```
SELECT emp_id, first_name, last_name, gender, dept, emp_rating  
FROM emp_record_table  
WHERE emp_rating<2;
```

**4b:**

```
SELECT emp_id, first_name, last_name, gender, dept, emp_rating  
FROM emp_record_table
```

WHERE emp\_rating>4;

**4c:**

```
SELECT emp_id, first_name, last_name, gender, dept, emp_rating  
FROM emp_record_table  
WHERE emp_rating BETWEEN 2 AND 4;
```

**5. Write a query to concatenate the FIRST\_NAME and the LAST\_NAME of employees in the Finance department from the employee table and then give the resultant column alias as NAME.**

**Query:**

```
SELECT CONCAT(first_name, ' ', last_name) as NAME  
FROM emp_record_table  
WHERE dept='Finance';
```

**6. Write a query to list only those employees who have someone reporting to them. Also, show the number of reporters (including the President).**

**Query:**

```
SELECT mgr.emp_id, mgr.first_name, mgr.last_name,  
COUNT(e.emp_id)
```

```
FROM emp_record_table AS e INNER JOIN emp_record_table AS  
mgr  
ON e.manager_id = mgr.emp_id  
GROUP BY mgr.emp_id, mgr.first_name, mgr.last_name;
```

**7. Write a query to list down all the employees from the healthcare and finance departments using union. Take data from the employee record table.**

**Query:**

```
SELECT emp_id, first_name, last_name, dept  
FROM emp_record_table  
WHERE dept='Healthcare'  
  
UNION  
  
SELECT emp_id, first_name, last_name, dept  
FROM emp_record_table  
WHERE dept='Finance';
```

**8. Write a query to list down employee details such as EMP\_ID, FIRST\_NAME, LAST\_NAME, ROLE, DEPARTMENT, and EMP\_RATING grouped by dept. Also include the respective employee rating along with the max emp rating for the department.**

**Query:**

```
SELECT emp_id, first_name, last_name, role, dept, emp_rating,  
max(emp_rating) OVER(PARTITION BY dept) as max_rating_by_dept  
FROM emp_record_table;
```

**9. Write a query to calculate the minimum and the maximum salary of the employees in each role. Take data from the employee record table.**

**Query:**

```
SELECT MIN(salary) as min_sal_by_role, MAX(salary) as  
max_sal_by_role  
  
FROM emp_record_table  
  
GROUP BY role;
```

**10. Write a query to assign ranks to each employee based on their experience. Take data from the employee record table.**

**Query:**

```
SELECT DISTINCT emp_id, exp, DENSE_RANK() OVER(ORDER BY  
exp DESC) AS rank_by_exp  
  
FROM emp_record_table;
```

**11. Write a query to create a view that displays employees in various countries whose salary is more than six thousand. Take data from the employee record table.**

**Query:**

```
CREATE OR REPLACE VIEW sal_greater_six_K  
AS SELECT emp_id, first_name, last_name, country, salary  
FROM emp_record_table  
WHERE salary>6000;
```

**12. Write a nested query to find employees with experience of more than ten years. Take data from the employee record table.**

**Query:**

```
SELECT *  
FROM emp_record_table  
WHERE emp_id IN  
(SELECT emp_id  
FROM emp_record_table  
WHERE exp>10);
```

**13. Write a query to create a stored procedure to retrieve the details of the employees whose experience is more than three years. Take data from the employee record table.**

**Query:**

delimiter \$\$

create procedure emp\_details()

begin

select \* from emp\_record\_table

where exp>3;

end\$\$

delimiter ;

call emp\_details();

**14. Write a query using stored functions in the project table to check whether the job profile assigned to each employee in the data science team matches the organization's set standard. The standard being:**

**For an employee with experience less than or equal to 2 years assign 'JUNIOR DATA SCIENTIST', For an employee with the experience of 2 to 5 years assign 'ASSOCIATE DATA SCIENTIST',**



**For an employee with the experience of 5 to 10 years assign  
'SENIOR DATA SCIENTIST',**

**For an employee with the experience of 10 to 12 years assign  
'LEAD DATA SCIENTIST',**

**For an employee with the experience of 12 to 16 years assign  
'MANAGER'.**

**Query:**

delimiter \$\$

create function emp\_details() returns tinyint(1) deterministic

begin

declare v\_exp int default 0;

declare v\_role varchar(50) default "";

declare finished int default 0;

declare dummy\_cursor cursor for

select exp, role from emp\_record\_table;

declare continue handler for not found

set finished=1;

open dummy\_cursor;

check\_role: loop

fetch dummy\_cursor into v\_exp, v\_role;

```
    if finished = 1 then
        leave check_role;
    end if;

    if (v_exp<=2 and v_role!='JUNIOR DATA SCIENTIST') then
        return false;

        elseif (v_exp>2 and v_exp<=5 and v_role!='ASSOCIATE
DATA SCIENTIST') then
            return false;

            elseif (v_exp>5 and v_exp<=10 and v_role!='SENIOR DATA
SCIENTIST') then
                return false;

                elseif (v_exp>10 and v_exp<=12 and v_role!='LEAD DATA
SCIENTIST') then
                    return false;

                    elseif (v_exp>12 and v_exp<=16 and v_role!='MANAGER')
then
                        return false;
                    end if;

end loop check_role;
close dummy_cursor;
```

```
        return true;
end$$

delimiter ;

delimiter $$

create procedure helper_procedure()
begin
    if emp_details() then
        select 'The job profile assigned to each employee
in the data science team matches the organization's set standard.' as
message;
    else
        select 'The job profile assigned to each employee
in the data science team does not match the organization's set
standard.' as message;
    end if;
end$$

delimiter ;

call helper_procedure();
```

**15. Create an index to improve the cost and performance of the query to find the employee whose FIRST\_NAME is 'Eric' in the employee table after checking the execution plan.**

**Query:**

```
create index ename_index  
on emp_record_table(first_name);  
  
select *  
from emp_record_table  
where first_name = 'Eric';
```

**16. Write a query to calculate the bonus for all the employees, based on their ratings and salaries (Use the formula: 5% of salary \* employee rating).**

**Query:**

```
select emp_id, emp_rating, salary, (0.05*salary*emp_rating) as bonus  
from emp_record_table;
```

**17. Write a query to calculate the average salary distribution based on the continent and country. Take data from the employee record table.**

**Query:**

```
select distinct continent, avg(salary) over(partition by continent) as  
avg_sal_by_continent,  
country, avg(salary) over(partition by country) as avg_sal_by_country  
from emp_record_table;
```