Supplementary Materials

1 Proof of Theorem 1

The proof presented below is along the lines of Theorem 4 in [Reddi et al., 2018]. We further consider the terms modified by remote gradient observations, and provide a proof of convergence of NAMSG in the convex settings.

Proof.

In this proof, we use y_i to denote the i^{th} coordinate of a vector y.

From Algorithm 1,

$$x_{t+1} = \Pi_{\mathcal{F}, \sqrt{\hat{V}_t}} \left(x_t - \alpha_t \hat{V}_t^{-1/2} \left((1 - \mu_t) m_t + \mu_t g_t \right) \right)$$

$$= \min_{x \in \mathcal{F}} \left\| \hat{V}_t^{1/4} \left(x - \left(x_t - \alpha_t \hat{V}_t^{-1/2} \left((1 - \mu_t) m_t + \mu_t g_t \right) \right) \right) \right\|$$
(A1)

Furthermore, $\Pi_{\mathcal{F},\sqrt{\hat{V}_t}}(x^*) = x^*$ for all $x^* \in \mathcal{F}$. Using Lemma A1 with $\hat{u}_1 = x_{t+1}$ and $\hat{u}_2 = x^*$, we have

$$\begin{split} & \left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{1/4} \left(x_{t+1} - x^{*} \right) \right\|^{2} \leq \left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{1/4} \left(x_{t} - \alpha_{t} \hat{V}_{t}^{-1/2} \left((1 - \mu_{t}) \, m_{t} + \mu_{t} g_{t} \right) - x^{*} \right) \right\|^{2} \\ &= \left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{1/4} \left(x_{t} - x^{*} \right) \right\|^{2} + \alpha_{t}^{2} \left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{-1/4} \left((1 - \mu_{t}) \, m_{t} + \mu_{t} g_{t} \right) \right\|^{2} - 2\alpha_{t} \left\langle (1 - \mu_{t}) \, m_{t} + \mu_{t} g_{t}, x_{t} - x^{*} \right\rangle \\ &= \left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{1/4} \left(x_{t} - x^{*} \right) \right\|^{2} + \alpha_{t}^{2} \left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{-1/4} \left((1 - \mu_{t}) \, m_{t} + \mu_{t} g_{t} \right) \right\|^{2} \\ &- 2\alpha_{t} \left\langle (1 - \mu_{t}) \, \beta_{1t} m_{t-1} + \left(\mu_{t} + (1 - \mu_{t}) \left(1 - \beta_{1t} \right) \right) g_{t}, x_{t} - x^{*} \right\rangle \\ &\leq \left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{1/4} \left(x_{t} - x^{*} \right) \right\|^{2} + 2\alpha_{t}^{2} \left((1 - \mu_{t})^{2} \left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{-1/4} m_{t} \right\|^{2} + \mu_{t}^{2} \left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{-1/4} g_{t} \right\|^{2} \right) \\ &- 2\alpha_{t} \left\langle (1 - \mu_{t}) \, \beta_{1t} m_{t-1} + (1 - \beta_{1t} + \beta_{1t} \mu_{t}) \, g_{t}, x_{t} - x^{*} \right\rangle, \end{split} \tag{A2}$$

where the second inequality follows from Cauchy-Schwarz and Young's inequality.

Since $0 \le \beta_{1t} < 1$, $\mu_t = \eta_t (1 - \beta_{1t}) / \beta_{1t}$, and $\beta_{1t} \le \eta_t \le \beta_{1t} / (1 - \beta_{1t})$, we obtain

$$0 < 1 - \beta_{1t} \le \mu_t \le 1. \tag{A3}$$

Rearrange the inequity (A2), we obtain

$$\leq \frac{1}{2\alpha_{t}\left(1-\beta_{1t}\left(1-\mu_{t}\right)\right)}\left(\left\|\hat{V}_{t}^{1/4}\left(x_{t}-x^{*}\right)\right\|^{2}-\left\|\hat{V}_{t}^{1/4}\left(x_{t+1}-x^{*}\right)\right\|^{2}\right) \\
+\frac{\alpha_{t}}{1-\beta_{1t}\left(1-\mu_{t}\right)}\left(\left(1-\mu_{t}\right)^{2}\left\|\hat{V}_{t}^{-1/4}m_{t}\right\|^{2}+\mu_{t}^{2}\left\|\hat{V}_{t}^{-1/4}g_{t}\right\|^{2}\right) \\
-\frac{\left(1-\mu_{t}\right)\beta_{1t}}{1-\beta_{1t}\left(1-\mu_{t}\right)}\left\langle m_{t-1},x_{t}-x^{*}\right\rangle \\
\leq \frac{1}{2\alpha_{t}\left(1-\beta_{1t}\left(1-\mu_{t}\right)\right)}\left(\left\|\hat{V}_{t}^{1/4}\left(x_{t}-x^{*}\right)\right\|^{2}-\left\|\hat{V}_{t}^{1/4}\left(x_{t+1}-x^{*}\right)\right\|^{2}\right) \\
+\frac{\alpha_{t}}{1-\beta_{1t}\left(1-\mu_{t}\right)}\left(\left(1-\mu_{t}\right)^{2}\left\|\hat{V}_{t}^{-1/4}m_{t}\right\|^{2}+\mu_{t}^{2}\left\|\hat{V}_{t}^{-1/4}g_{t}\right\|^{2}\right) \\
+\frac{\left|1-\mu_{t}\right|\beta_{1t}\alpha_{t}}{2\left(1-\beta_{1t}\left(1-\mu_{t}\right)\right)}\left\|\hat{V}_{t}^{-1/4}m_{t-1}\right\|^{2}+\frac{\left|1-\mu_{t}\right|\beta_{1t}}{2\left(1-\beta_{1t}\left(1-\mu_{t}\right)\right)\alpha_{t}}\left\|\hat{V}_{t}^{1/4}\left(x_{t}-x^{*}\right)\right\|^{2}\right) \\
\leq \frac{1}{2\alpha_{t}\left(1-\beta_{1t}\left(1-\mu_{t}\right)\right)}\left(\left\|\hat{V}_{t}^{1/4}\left(x_{t}-x^{*}\right)\right\|^{2}-\left\|\hat{V}_{t}^{1/4}\left(x_{t+1}-x^{*}\right)\right\|^{2}\right) \\
+\frac{\alpha_{t}}{1-\beta_{1t}^{2}}\left(\beta_{1t}^{2}\left\|\hat{V}_{t}^{-1/4}m_{t}\right\|^{2}+\left\|\hat{V}_{t}^{-1/4}g_{t}\right\|^{2}\right) \\
+\frac{\beta_{1t}^{2}\alpha_{t}}{2\left(1-\beta_{1t}^{2}\right)}\left\|\hat{V}_{t}^{-1/4}m_{t-1}\right\|^{2}+\frac{\beta_{1t}^{2}}{2\left(1-\beta_{1t}^{2}\right)\alpha_{t}}\left\|\hat{V}_{t}^{1/4}\left(x_{t}-x^{*}\right)\right\|^{2},$$

where the second inequality also follows from Cauchy-Schwarz and Young's inequality, the last equity is due to (A3).

Because of the convexity of the objective function, the regret satisfies

$$R_{T} = \sum_{i=1}^{T} \left(f_{t}\left(x_{t}\right) - f_{t}\left(x^{*}\right) \right) \leq \sum_{t=1}^{T} \left\langle g_{t}, x_{t} - x^{*} \right\rangle$$

$$\leq \sum_{t=1}^{T} \left(\frac{1}{2\alpha_{t}\left(1 - \beta_{1t}\left(1 - \mu_{t}\right)\right)} \left(\left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{1/4}\left(x_{t} - x^{*}\right) \right\|^{2} - \left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{1/4}\left(x_{t+1} - x^{*}\right) \right\|^{2} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{\alpha_{t}\beta_{1t}^{2}}{1 - \beta_{1t}^{2}} \left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{-1/4} m_{t} \right\|^{2} + \frac{\alpha_{t}}{1 - \beta_{1t}^{2}} \left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{-1/4} g_{t} \right\|^{2} + \frac{\beta_{1t}^{2}\alpha_{t}}{2\left(1 - \beta_{1t}^{2}\right)} \left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{-1/4} m_{t-1} \right\|^{2}$$

$$+ \frac{\beta_{1t}^{2}}{2\alpha_{t}\left(1 - \beta_{1t}^{2}\right)} \left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{1/4}\left(x_{t} - x^{*}\right) \right\|^{2} \right).$$

$$(A5)$$

The first inequity follows from the convexity of function f_t . The second inequality is due to (A4).

We now bound the term $\sum_{t=1}^{T} \alpha_t \left\| \hat{V}_t^{-1/4} g_t \right\|^2$. We have

$$\begin{split} &\sum_{t=1}^{T} \alpha_{t} \left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{-1/4} g_{t} \right\|^{2} = \sum_{t=1}^{T-1} \alpha_{t} \left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{-1/4} g_{t} \right\|^{2} + \alpha_{T} \sum_{i=1}^{d} \frac{g_{T,i}^{2}}{\sqrt{\hat{v}_{T,i}}} \\ &\leq \sum_{t=1}^{T-1} \alpha_{t} \left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{-1/4} g_{t} \right\|^{2} + \alpha_{T} \sum_{i=1}^{d} \frac{g_{T,i}^{2}}{\sqrt{v_{T,i}}} \leq \sum_{t=1}^{T-1} \alpha_{t} \left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{-1/4} g_{t} \right\|^{2} + \frac{\alpha}{\sqrt{T}} \sum_{i=1}^{d} \frac{g_{T,i}^{2}}{\sqrt{(1-\beta_{2})} \sum_{j=1}^{T} \beta_{2}^{T-j} g_{j,i}^{2}} \\ &\leq \sum_{t=1}^{T-1} \alpha_{t} \left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{-1/4} g_{t} \right\|^{2} + \frac{\alpha}{\sqrt{T} (1-\beta_{2})} \sum_{i=1}^{d} |g_{T,i}| \leq \frac{\alpha}{\sqrt{1-\beta_{2}}} \sum_{t=1}^{T} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{t}} \sum_{i=1}^{d} |g_{t,i}| \right) \\ &\leq \frac{\alpha}{\sqrt{1-\beta_{2}}} \sum_{i=1}^{d} \|g_{1:T,i}\|_{2} \sqrt{\sum_{t=1}^{T} \frac{1}{t}} \leq \frac{\alpha\sqrt{1+\log(T)}}{\sqrt{1-\beta_{2}}} \sum_{i=1}^{d} \|g_{1:T,i}\|_{2}. \end{split} \tag{A6}$$

In (A6), the third inequity is follows from the definition of v_t , the fifth inequality is due to Cauchy-Schwarz inequality. The final inequality is due to the following bound on harmonic sum: $\sum_{t=1}^{T} 1/t \le 1 + \log(T)$.

By definition, we have $1 - \beta_{1t} (1 - \mu_t) = (1 - \beta_{1t}) (1 + \eta_t)$. From (A5), (A6), and Lemma A2, which bound $\sum_{t=1}^{T} \alpha_t \left\| \hat{V}_t^{-1/4} m_t \right\|^2$, we further bound the regret as

$$R_{T} \leq \sum_{t=1}^{T} \left(\frac{1}{2\alpha_{t} (1 - \beta_{1t}) (1 + \eta_{t})} \left(\left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{1/4} (x_{t} - x^{*}) \right\|^{2} - \left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{1/4} (x_{t+1} - x^{*}) \right\|^{2} \right) \\ + \frac{\alpha_{t} \beta_{1t}^{2}}{1 - \beta_{1t}^{2}} \left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{-1/4} m_{t} \right\|^{2} + \frac{\alpha_{t} \beta_{1t}^{2}}{2 (1 - \beta_{1t}^{2})} \left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{-1/4} m_{t-1} \right\|^{2} \\ + \frac{\beta_{1t}^{2}}{2\alpha_{t} (1 - \beta_{1t}^{2})} \left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{1/4} (x_{t} - x^{*}) \right\|^{2} \right) + \frac{\alpha \sqrt{1 + \log(T)}}{(1 - \beta_{1}^{2}) \sqrt{1 - \beta_{2}}} \sum_{i=1}^{d} \|g_{1:T,i}\|_{2} \\ \leq \sum_{t=1}^{T} \left(\frac{1}{2\alpha_{t} (1 - \beta_{1t}) (1 + \eta_{t})} \left(\left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{1/4} (x_{t} - x^{*}) \right\|^{2} - \left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{1/4} (x_{t+1} - x^{*}) \right\|^{2} \right) \\ + \frac{\beta_{1t}^{2}}{2\alpha_{t} (1 - \beta_{1t}^{2})} \left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{1/4} (x_{t} - x^{*}) \right\|^{2} \right) + \sum_{t=1}^{T} \frac{\alpha_{t} \beta_{1t}^{2}}{1 - \beta_{1t}^{2}} \left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{-1/4} m_{t} \right\|^{2} \\ + \sum_{t=1}^{T-1} \frac{\alpha_{t} \beta_{1t}^{2}}{2 (1 - \beta_{1t}^{2})} \left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{-1/4} m_{t} \right\|^{2} + \frac{\alpha \sqrt{1 + \log(T)}}{(1 - \beta_{1}^{2}) \sqrt{1 - \beta_{2}}} \sum_{i=1}^{d} \|g_{1:T,i}\|_{2} \\ \leq \sum_{t=1}^{T} \left(\frac{1}{2\alpha_{t} (1 - \beta_{1t})} \left(\left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{1/4} (x_{t} - x^{*}) \right\|^{2} \right) + \frac{3\beta_{1}^{2}}{2 (1 - \beta_{1}^{2})} \sum_{t=1}^{T} \alpha_{t} \left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{-1/4} m_{t} \right\|^{2} \\ + \frac{\alpha \sqrt{1 + \log(T)}}{(1 - \beta_{1}^{2}) \sqrt{1 - \beta_{2}}} \sum_{i=1}^{d} \|g_{1:T,i}\|_{2} \\ \leq \sum_{t=1}^{T} \left(\frac{1}{2\alpha_{t} (1 - \beta_{1t}) (1 + \eta_{t})} \left(\left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{1/4} (x_{t} - x^{*}) \right\|^{2} - \left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{1/4} (x_{t+1} - x^{*}) \right\|^{2} \right) \\ + \frac{\beta_{1t}^{2}}{2\alpha_{t} (1 - \beta_{1t})} \left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{1/4} (x_{t} - x^{*}) \right\|^{2} \right) \\ + \frac{\beta_{1t}^{2}}{2\alpha_{t} (1 - \beta_{1t})} \left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{1/4} (x_{t} - x^{*}) \right\|^{2} \right) \\ + \left(\frac{3\beta_{1}^{2}}{2 (1 - \beta_{1}) (1 - \gamma)} + 1 \right) \frac{\alpha \sqrt{1 + \log(T)}}{(1 - \beta_{1}^{2}) \sqrt{1 - \beta_{2}}} \sum_{i=1}^{d} \|g_{1:T,i}\|_{2}.$$

The second inequity is due to $\beta_{1t} \geq \beta_{1t+1}$ and $\hat{v}_{t,i}^{1/2}/\alpha_t \geq \hat{v}_{t-1,i}^{1/2}/\alpha_{t-1}$ by definition. We also have

$$\sum_{t=1}^{T} \left(\frac{1}{2\alpha_{t} (1 - \beta_{1t}) (1 + \eta_{t})} \left(\left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{1/4} (x_{t} - x^{*}) \right\|^{2} - \left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{1/4} (x_{t+1} - x^{*}) \right\|^{2} \right) + \frac{\beta_{1t}^{2}}{2\alpha_{t} (1 - \beta_{1t}^{2})} \left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{1/4} (x_{t} - x^{*}) \right\|^{2} \right)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2\alpha_{1}(1-\beta_{1})(1+\eta_{1})} \left\| \hat{V}_{1}^{1/4}(x_{1}-x^{*}) \right\|^{2} + \sum_{t=2}^{T} \left(\frac{1}{2(1-\beta_{1t})(1+\eta_{t})\alpha_{t}} \left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{1/4}(x_{t}-x^{*}) \right\|^{2} \right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{2(1-\beta_{1t-1})(1+\eta_{t-1})\alpha_{t-1}} \left\| \hat{V}_{t-1}^{1/4}(x_{t}-x^{*}) \right\|^{2} + \sum_{t=1}^{T} \frac{\beta_{1t}^{2}}{2\alpha_{t}(1-\beta_{1t}^{2})} \left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{1/4}(x_{t}-x^{*}) \right\|^{2}$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2(1-\beta_{1}^{2})\alpha_{1}} \left\| \hat{V}_{1}^{1/4}(x_{1}-x^{*}) \right\|^{2} + \sum_{t=1}^{T} \frac{\beta_{1t}^{2}}{2\alpha_{t}(1-\beta_{1t}^{2})} \left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{1/4}(x_{t}-x^{*}) \right\|^{2}$$

$$+ \sum_{t=2}^{T} \frac{1}{2(1-\beta_{1t})(1+\eta_{t})} \left(\frac{1}{\alpha_{t}} \left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{1/4}(x_{t}-x^{*}) \right\|^{2} - \frac{1}{\alpha_{t-1}} \left\| \hat{V}_{t-1}^{1/4}(x_{t}-x^{*}) \right\|^{2} \right)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2(1-\beta_{1}^{2})} \left(\frac{1}{\alpha_{1}} \left\| \hat{V}_{1}^{1/4}(x_{1}-x^{*}) \right\|^{2} - \frac{1}{\alpha_{t-1}} \left\| \hat{V}_{t-1}^{1/4}(x_{t}-x^{*}) \right\|^{2} \right)$$

$$+ \sum_{t=2}^{T} \left(\frac{1}{\alpha_{t}} \left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{1/4}(x_{t}-x^{*}) \right\|^{2} - \frac{1}{\alpha_{t-1}} \left\| \hat{V}_{t-1}^{1/4}(x_{t}-x^{*}) \right\|^{2} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2(1-\beta_{1}^{2})} \left(\frac{1}{\alpha_{1}} \sum_{i=1}^{d} \hat{v}_{1,i}^{1/2}(x_{1,i}-x_{i}^{*})^{2} + \sum_{t=1}^{T} \sum_{i=1}^{d} \frac{\beta_{1t}^{2}(x_{t,i}-x_{i}^{*})^{2}}{\alpha_{t}} \hat{v}_{t,i}^{1/2}} \right)$$

$$+ \sum_{t=2}^{T} \left(\sum_{i=1}^{d} (x_{t,i}-x_{i}^{*})^{2} \left(\frac{\hat{v}_{t,i}^{1/2}}{\alpha_{t}} - \frac{\hat{v}_{t-1,i}^{1/2}}{\alpha_{t-1}} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\leq \frac{D_{\infty}^{2}}{2(1-\beta_{1}^{2})} \left(\frac{1}{\alpha_{1}} \sum_{i=1}^{d} \hat{v}_{1,i}^{1/2} + \sum_{t=2}^{T} \left(\sum_{i=1}^{d} \left(\frac{\hat{v}_{t,i}^{1/2}}{\alpha_{t}} - \frac{\hat{v}_{t-1,i}^{1/2}}{\alpha_{t-1}} \right) \right) + \sum_{t=1}^{T} \sum_{i=1}^{d} \frac{\beta_{1t}^{2} \hat{v}_{t,i}^{1/2}}{\alpha_{t}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{D_{\infty}^{2}}{2(1-\beta_{1}^{2})} \alpha_{T} \sum_{i=1}^{d} \hat{v}_{T,i}^{1/2} + \frac{D_{\infty}^{2}}{2(1-\beta_{1}^{2})} \sum_{t=1}^{T} \sum_{i=1}^{d} \frac{\beta_{1t}^{2} \hat{v}_{t,i}^{1/2}}{\alpha_{t}} \right)$$

In (A8), the second inequity follows from the assumption $\eta_t \geq \beta_{1t}$ and $(1 - \beta_{1t})(1 + \eta_t) \geq (1 - \beta_{1t-1})(1 + \eta_{t-1})$, the third and the last inequality is due to $\hat{v}_{t,i}^{1/2}/\alpha_t \geq \hat{v}_{t-1,i}^{1/2}/\alpha_{t-1}$ by defini-

Combining (A7), (A8), and the assumption $\alpha_t = \alpha/\sqrt{t}$, we obtain

$$R_{T} \leq \frac{D_{\infty}^{2}\sqrt{T}}{2\alpha\left(1-\beta_{1}^{2}\right)} \sum_{i=1}^{d} \hat{v}_{T,i}^{1/2} + \frac{D_{\infty}^{2}}{2\left(1-\beta_{1}^{2}\right)} \sum_{t=1}^{T} \sum_{i=1}^{d} \frac{\beta_{1t}^{2} \hat{v}_{t,i}^{1/2}}{\alpha_{t}} + \left(\frac{3\beta_{1}^{2}}{2\left(1-\beta_{1}\right)\left(1-\gamma\right)} + 1\right) \frac{\alpha\sqrt{1+\log(T)}}{\left(1-\beta_{1}^{2}\right)\sqrt{1-\beta_{2}}} \sum_{i=1}^{d} \left\|g_{1:T,i}\right\|_{2}.$$
(A9)

The proof is complete.

The Lemmas used in the proof are as follows:

Lemma A1. [McMahan and Streeter, 2010]

For any $Q \in \mathcal{S}^d_+$ and convex feasible set $\mathcal{F} \in R^d$, suppose $\hat{u}_1 = \min_{x \in \mathcal{F}} \left\| Q^{1/2} \left(x - z_1 \right) \right\|$ and $\hat{u}_2 = \min_{x \in \mathcal{F}} \left\| Q^{1/2} \left(x - z_2 \right) \right\|$ then we have $\left\| Q^{1/2} \left(\hat{u}_1 - \hat{u}_2 \right) \right\| \leq \left\| Q^{1/2} \left(z_1 - z_2 \right) \right\|$.

Lemma A2. [Reddi et al., 2018]

For the parameter settings and conditions assumed in Theorem 1, which is the same as Theorem 4 in Reddi et al. [2018], we have

$$\sum_{t=1}^{T} \alpha_{t} \left\| \hat{V}_{t}^{-1/4} m_{t} \right\|^{2} \leq \frac{\alpha \sqrt{1 + \log T}}{(1 - \beta_{1}) (1 - \gamma) \sqrt{1 - \beta_{2}}} \sum_{i=1}^{d} \left\| g_{1:T,i} \right\|_{2}.$$

The proofs of Lemma A1 and A2 are described in Reddi et al. [2018].

2 Hyper-parameters settings in the experiments

We use constant hyper-parameters in the experiments. For ADAM, NADAM, AMSGRAD, and NAMSG, the hyper-parameters $(\alpha, \beta_1, \beta_2)$ are selected from $\{0.0005, 0.001, 0.002, 0.005, 0.01\} \times \{0.9\} \times \{0.99, 0, 999\}$ by grid search. For SGD, the hyper-parameters (α, β) are selected from $\{0.01, 0.02, 0.05, 0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1.0, 2.0\} \times \{0.9\}$ by grid search. Table A1 shows the hyper-parameters selected.

Table A1: The hyper-parameters in the experiments

	MINIST		CIFAR-10
Methods	Logistic regression	CNN	Resnet-20
SGD ADAM NADAM AMSGRAD NAMSG	$ \begin{array}{c} (1.0,0.9) \\ (0.005,0.9,0.99) \\ (0.005,0.9,0.99) \\ (0.005,0.9,0.999) \\ (0.005,0.9,0.999) \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} (1.0,0.9) \\ (0.001,0.9,0.999) \\ (0.001,0.9,0.999) \\ (0.002,0.9,0.99) \\ (0.002,0.9,0.99) \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c} (0.2,0.9) \\ (0.001,0.9,0.99) \\ (0.001,0.9,0.999) \\ (0.001,0.9,0.999) \\ (0.001,0.9,0.99) \end{array} $

In the experiments of the strategies for NAMSG to promote generalization on CIFAR-10, we assign the hyper-parameters without grid search. The relatively large step size is $\alpha=0.0015,\,\beta_1$ and β_2 are the same as NAMSG.

References

H. Brendan McMahan and Matthew J. Streeter. Adaptive bound optimization for online convex optimization. *CoRR*, abs/1002.4908, 2010. URL http://arxiv.org/abs/1002.4908.

Sashank J. Reddi, Satyen Kale, and Sanjiv Kumar. On the convergence of Adam and beyond. In *International Conference on Learning Representations*, 2018. URL https://openreview.net/forum?id=ryQu7f-RZ.