School of Engineering and Technology

Department of Computer Engineering and Technology Program: B. Tech in Computer Science and Engineering

Academic Year: 2024-25 Year: Third Year Term: II

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Subject: Python Programming

Assignment No.: 1

Date:

Lab Assignment: 01

Title: Create a binary tree and perform inorder, preorder and postorder traversals.

```
    import java.util.Scanner;

 import java.util.Stack;
 4. class Node {
        int data;
        Node left, right;
 8.
       public Node(int data) {
9.
            this.data = data;
10.
            left = right = null;
14. class BinaryTree {
        Node root;
16.
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
17.
18.
        public void insert(int data) {
19.
            if (root == null) {
20.
                root = new Node(data);
                System.out.println("Inserted as root node.");
21.
22.
                return;
23.
24.
           Node current = root;
26.
           while (true) {
27.
                System.out.print("Enter direction (L/R) from " + current.data + ": ");
28.
                String direction = scanner.next();
                if (direction.equals("L")) {
29.
30.
                    if (current.left == null) {
31.
                        current.left = new Node(data);
32.
                        System.out.println("Inserted at left of " + current.data);
33.
                        break;
34.
                    } else {
35.
                        current = current.left;
36.
                } else if (direction.equals("R")) {
37.
38.
                    if (current.right == null) {
                        current.right = new Node(data);
39.
40.
                        System.out.println("Inserted at right of " + current.data);
41.
                        break;
42.
                    } else {
```

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```
current = current.right;
44.
45.
                 } else {
                     System.out.println("Invalid direction! Enter either 'left' or 'right'.");
46.
47.
48.
49.
50.
        public void inOrderTraversal() {
51.
52.
             if (root == null)
53.
                 return;
54.
55.
             Stack<Node> stack = new Stack<>();
56.
             Node current = root;
57.
58.
            while (current != null || !stack.isEmpty()) {
59.
                // Reach leftmost node of current node
                 while (current != null) {
60.
61.
                     stack.push(current);
62.
                     current = current.left;
63.
64.
65.
                 // Current is null at this point
                 current = stack.pop();
66.
67.
                 System.out.print(current.data + " ");
68.
69.
                // Move to the right subtree
70.
                 current = current.right;
 71.
72.
 73.
 74.
        public void preOrderTraversal() {
            if (root == null)
75.
76.
                 return;
77.
78.
             Stack<Node> stack = new Stack<>();
79.
             stack.push(root);
80.
81.
             while (!stack.isEmpty()) {
82.
                // Pop the top node and print it
83.
                 Node current = stack.pop();
                 System.out.print(current.data + " ");
84.
85.
                 // Push right child first so that left child is processed first
86.
87.
                 if (current.right != null) {
                     stack.push(current.right);
88.
89.
                 if (current.left != null) {
90.
91.
                     stack.push(current.left);
92.
93.
94.
95.
        public void postOrderTraversal() {
96.
97.
            if (root == null)
98.
                 return;
99.
100.
             Stack<Node> stack1 = new Stack<>();
101.
             Stack<Node> stack2 = new Stack<>();
102.
             stack1.push(root);
```

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```
104.
105.
             // First stack to get nodes in reverse post-order
106.
             while (!stack1.isEmpty()) {
                 Node current = stack1.pop();
107.
108.
                 stack2.push(current);
109.
110.
                 if (current.left != null) {
111.
                     stack1.push(current.left);
112.
                 if (current.right != null) {
113.
114.
                     stack1.push(current.right);
115.
116.
117.
             // Second stack has nodes in post-order
118.
119.
             while (!stack2.isEmpty()) {
120.
                 Node current = stack2.pop();
121.
                 System.out.print(current.data + " ");
122.
123.
124.
125.
         // Public methods to call the traversal methods
126.
         public void inOrder() {
             System.out.println("In-order Traversal of the Tree (Iterative):");
127.
128.
             inOrderTraversal();
129.
             System.out.println();
130.
131.
132.
         public void preOrder() {
             System.out.println("Pre-order Traversal of the Tree (Iterative):");
133.
134.
             preOrderTraversal();
135.
             System.out.println();
136.
137.
138.
        public void postOrder() {
             System.out.println("Post-order Traversal of the Tree (Iterative):");
139.
140.
             postOrderTraversal();
141.
             System.out.println();
142.
143. }
144.
145. public class BinaryTreeUserInput {
146.
        public static void main(String[] args) {
147.
             Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
148.
             BinaryTree tree = new BinaryTree();
149.
             int choice;
150.
             boolean exit = false;
151.
152.
             System.out.print("Enter number of nodes for the initial tree: ");
153.
             int n = scanner.nextInt();
154.
             for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
155.
156.
                 System.out.print("Enter value for node: ");
157.
                 int value = scanner.nextInt();
                 tree.insert(value);
158.
159.
160.
161.
             while (!exit) {
                 System.out.println("\nBinary Tree Operations:");
162.
                 System.out.println("1. Insert a node");
163.
                 System.out.println("2. Pre-order traversal");
```

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```
System.out.println("3. In-order traversal");
                 System.out.println("4. Post-order traversal");
166.
167.
                 System.out.println("5. Exit");
                 System.out.print("Enter your choice: ");
168.
169.
170.
                 choice = scanner.nextInt();
171.
172.
                 switch (choice) {
173.
                     case 1:
                         System.out.print("Enter value for new node: ");
174.
175.
                         int value = scanner.nextInt();
176.
                         tree.insert(value);
177.
                         break;
178.
179.
                         tree.preOrder();
180.
                         break;
181.
                     case 3:
182.
                         tree.inOrder();
183.
                         break;
184.
                     case 4:
185.
                         tree.postOrder();
186.
                         break;
187.
                     case 5:
                         exit = true;
188.
189.
                         System.out.println("Exiting program...");
190.
                         break;
191.
192.
                         System.out.println("Invalid choice! Please try again.");
193.
194.
195.
             scanner.close();
196.
197. }
198.
199.
```

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Binary Tree Operations: 1. Insert a node 2. Pre-order traversal 3. In-order traversal 4. Post-order traversal 5. Exit Enter your choice: 2 Pre-order Traversal of the Tree: 10 8 7 5 5 2 6 11 12 8 Binary Tree Operations: 1. Insert a node 2. Pre-order traversal 3. In-order traversal 4. Post-order traversal 5. Exit Enter your choice: 3 In-order Traversal of the Tree: 2 5 5 6 7 8 10 11 8 12 Binary Tree Operations: 1. Insert a node 2. Pre-order traversal In-order traversal 4. Post-order traversal 5. Exit Enter your choice: 4 Post-order Traversal of the Tree: 2 5 6 5 7 8 8 12 11 10