

# PANDAS

This package is required for data preprocessing. It's faster and used for cleaning, restructuring or merging etc.

## **PANDAS OPERATIONS**

- Reading Files
- Data Operations
- GroupBy
- Unstack
- Merge
- Index



import pandas as pd

# **Convert tuples to Series**

- >>> # converting tuple to Series
- >>> h = ('AA', '2012-02-01', 100, 10.2)
- >>> s = pd.Series(h)
- >>> type(s)
- <class 'pandas.core.series.Series'>

#### **Convert dictionaries to Series**

```
>>> # converting dict to Series
>>> d = {'name' : 'IBM', 'date' : '2010-09-08', 'shares' : 100, 'price' :
10.2}
>>> ds = pd.Series(d)
>>> type(ds)
<class 'pandas.core.series.Series'>
```

## **Tuple conversion with custom index**

```
>>> f = ['FB', '2001-08-02', 90, 3.2]
>>> f = pd.Series(f, index = ['name', 'date', 'shares', 'price'])
>>> print(f)
              FB
name
        2001-08-02
date
shares
              90
price
            3.2
dtype: object
```

## **Provide index in list**

```
>>> f['shares']
90
>>> f[0]
'FB'
>>> f[['shares', 'price']]
shares 90
price 3.2
dtype: object
```

#### **Dataframes**

```
>>> data = { 'name' : ['AA', 'IBM', 'GOOG'],
      'date': ['2001-12-01', '2012-02-10', '2010-04-09'],
      'shares' : [100, 30, 90],
      'price': [12.3, 10.3, 32.2]
>>> df = pd.DataFrame(data)
>>> type(df)
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
```

#### **Dataframes**

#### **Add additional Column**

```
>>> df['owner'] = 'Unknown'
```

>>> df

date name price shares owner

- 0 2001-12-01 AA 12.3 100 Unknown
- 1 2012-02-10 IBM 10.3 30 Unknown
- 2 2010-04-09 GOOG 32.2 90 Unknown

# **Change default index of row**

three 2010-04-09 GOOG 32.2 90 Unknown

# **Setting column as index**

## Access data using column index

>>> # access data using column-index

>>> df['shares']

name

**AA** 100

**IBM** 30

GOOG 90

Name: shares, dtype: int64

# **Access data using row index**

>>> # access data by row-index

>>> df.iloc[0]

date 2001-12-01

**price** 12.3

shares 100

owner Unknown

Name: AA, dtype: object

## **Access data using row label**

>>> # access data by row-index

>>> df.loc['AA']

date 2001-12-01

**price** 12.3

shares 100

owner Unknown

Name: AA, dtype: object

## **Access all rows for a column**

- >>> # access all rows for a column
- >>> df.ix[:, 'name']
- O AA
- 1 IBM
- 2 GOOG

Name: name, dtype: object

# Access specific element of a column

>>> # access specific element from the DataFrame,

>>> df.ix[0, 'shares']

100

#### **Del command to delete column**

# **Drop command to delete column**

## **Reading Files**

```
>>> casts = pd.read_csv('cast.csv', index_col=None)
>>> casts.head()
```

>>> titles = pd.read\_csv('titles.csv', index\_col =None)
>>> titles.tail()

## **Set Max Limits**

>>> pd.set\_option('max\_rows', 10, 'max\_columns', 10)

>>> titles

>>> **casts** 

# **Length function**

>>> len(titles)

50000

#### **Access Limited Rows**

>>> titles.head(3)

title year

- 0 The Rising Son 1990
- 1 The Thousand Plane Raid 1969
- 2 Crucea de piatra 1993

#### **Column Selection**

```
>>> t = titles['title']
>>> type(t)
<class 'pandas.core.series.Series'>
>>> t.head()
        The Rising Son
   The Thousand Plane Raid
      Crucea de piatra
            Country
          Gaiking II
```

Name: title, dtype: object

# **Row Selection**

>>> titles.iloc[0]
title The Rising Son
year 1990

Name: 0, dtype: object

>>>

#### Filter data

```
>>> # movies after 1985
>>> after85 = titles[titles['year'] > 1985]
>>> after85.head()
       title year
   The Rising Son 1990
2 Crucea de piatra 1993
       Country 2000
      Gaiking II 2011
     Medusa (IV) 2015
5
```

#### Filter data

```
>>> # movies after 1985
>>> after85 = titles[titles['year'] > 1985]
>>> after85.head()
       title year
   The Rising Son 1990
2 Crucea de piatra 1993
       Country 2000
      Gaiking II 2011
     Medusa (IV) 2015
5
```

## Joining two conditions

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## **Sorting**

```
>>> # find all movies named as 'Macbeth'
>>> t = titles
>>> macbeth = t[ t['title'] == 'Macbeth']
>>> macbeth.head()
    title year
4226 Macbeth 1913
9322 Macbeth 2006
```

#### **Sorting same with sort\_index()**

```
>>> # by default, sort by index i.e. row header
>>> macbeth = t[ t['title'] == 'Macbeth'].sort_index()
>>> macbeth.head()
    title year
4226 Macbeth 1913
9322 Macbeth 2006
```

## **Sorting with sort\_values()**

```
>>> # sort by year
>>> macbeth = t[ t['title'] == 'Macbeth'].sort_values('year')
>>> macbeth.head()
    title year
4226 Macbeth 1913
17166 Macbeth 1997
```

#### **Null Values**

>>> casts.iloc[3:4]

title year name type character n

3 Secret in Their Eyes 2015 \$hutter actor 2002 Dodger Fan
NaN

# isNull

- >>> c = casts
- >>> c['n'].isnull().head()
- 0 False
- 1 False
- 2 False
- 3 True
- 4 True

# **NotNull**

- >>> c['n'].notnull().head()
- 0 True
- 1 True

# Passing condition to get null value

>>> c[c['n'].isnull()].head(3)

title year name type character n

3 Secret in Their Eyes 2015 \$hutter actor 2002 Dodger Fan NaN

## Fill default value using fillna

>>> c\_fill = c[c['n'].isnull()].fillna('NA')

>>> c\_fill.head(2)

## **String Operations**

```
>>> t = titles
>>> t[t['title'] == 'Maa']
title year
38880 Maa 1968
```

## **String Operations**

>>> t[t['title'].str.startswith("Maa ")].head(3)
title year

19 Maa Durga Shakti 1999
3046 Maa Aur Mamta 1970

### **Count Values**

>>> t['year'].value\_counts().head()

2016 2363

2017 2138

#### **Plots**

```
>>> import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
>>> t = titles
>>> p = t['year'].value_counts()
>>> p.plot()
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot object at 0xaf18df6c>
>>> plt.show()
```

### **Sort and Plot**

>>> p.sort\_index().plot()
<matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot object at 0xa9cd134c>
>>> plt.show()

### **GroupBy same as values\_count()**

```
>>> cg = c.groupby(['year']).size()
>>> cg.plot()
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot object at 0xa9f14b4c>
>>> plt.show()
```

## **Group By with multiple values**

>>> cf.groupby(['year', 'title']).size().head()
year title
2003 The In-Laws

## **Group By with Max Rating**

>>> c.groupby(['year']).n.max().head()

year

1912 6.0

1913 14.0

## **Group By with Min Rating**

>>> c.groupby(['year']).n.min().head()

year

1912 6.0

1913 1.0

## **Group By with Mean Rating**

>>> c.groupby(['year']).n.mean().head()

year

1912 6.000000

1913 4.142857

### **Group By with custom field**

```
>>> # decade conversion : 1985//10 = 198, 198*10 = 1980
>>> decade = c['year']//10*10
>>> c_dec = c.groupby(decade).n.size()
>>>
>>> c_dec.head()
year
1910
       669
1920
```

### Create new dataframe based on type

```
>>> c = casts
```

>>> c\_decade = c.groupby( ['type', c['year']//10\*10] ).size()

>>> c\_decade

>>> c\_decade.unstack()

#### Plot new data frame

```
>>> c_decade.unstack().plot() #unstack(0) to plot side by side
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot object at 0xb1cec56c>
>>> plt.show()
>>> c_decade.unstack().plot(kind='bar')
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot object at 0xa8bf778c>
>>> plt.show()
```

### **Merge Data Frames**

```
c_amelia = casts[casts['title'] == 'Amelia']
c_amelia
release = pd.read_csv('release_dates.csv',index_col=None)
release = release[release['title'] == 'Amelia']
c_amelia.merge(release).head()
```

# Merge data with itself

c.merge(casts, on=['title', 'year']).head()

### **Set and Reset Index**

c.set\_index('title')
c.set\_index(['title','Year'])
c.reset\_index('year')

# Importing the libraries import numpy as np import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import pandas as pd

# Importing the dataset
dataset = pd.read\_csv('Data.csv')

X = dataset.iloc[:,:-1].values

y = dataset.iloc[:, 3].values

```
# Taking care of missing data
from sklearn.preprocessing import Imputer
imputer = Imputer(missing_values = 'NaN', strategy = 'mean', axis = 0)
imputer = imputer.fit(X[:, 1:3])
X[:, 1:3] = imputer.transform(X[:, 1:3])
```

```
# Encoding categorical data
# Encoding the Independent Variable
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder, OneHotEncoder
labelencoder_X = LabelEncoder()
X[:, 0] = labelencoder_X.fit_transform(X[:, 0])
onehotencoder = OneHotEncoder(categorical_features = [0])
X = onehotencoder.fit_transform(X).toarray()
```

# Encoding the Dependent Variable
labelencoder\_y = LabelEncoder()
y = labelencoder\_y.fit\_transform(y)

# Splitting the dataset into the Training set and Test set from sklearn.cross\_validation import train\_test\_split X\_train, X\_test, y\_train, y\_test = train\_test\_split(X, y, test\_size = 0.2, random\_state = 0)

```
# Feature Scaling
"""from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc_X = StandardScaler()
X_train = sc_X.fit_transform(X_train)
X_test = sc_X.transform(X_test)
sc_y = StandardScaler()
y_train = sc_y.fit_transform(y_train)"""
```