

Measurement

- We are now entering the wide field era
- Single gains no longer adequate
- Gains are direction dependant

Components of DDEs

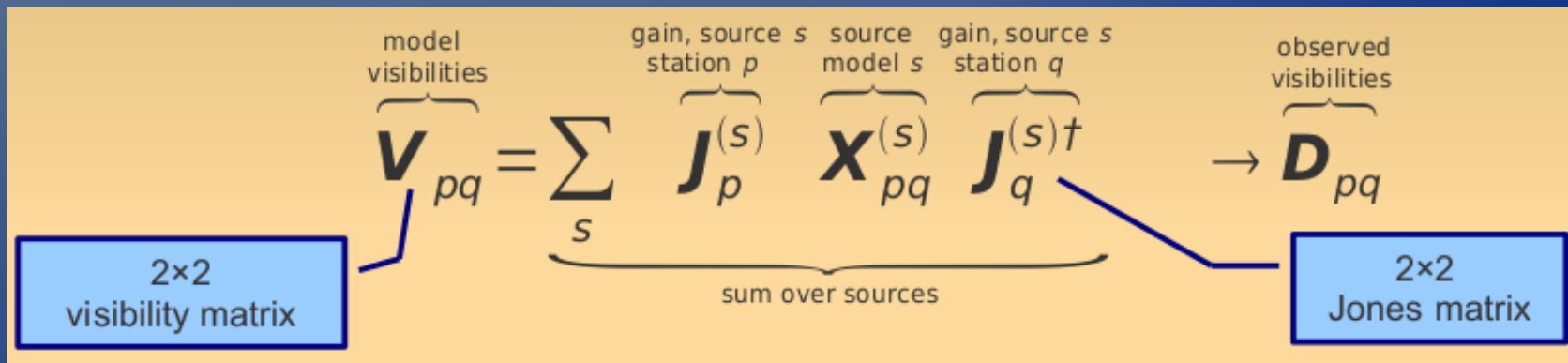
- Beams
- Pointing errors
- Atmosphere

Open Loop vs Closed Loop

- Open Loop
 - Measurement separated from target observations
 - Holography, pan & scan
- Closed Loop
 - Beam determined by the target field

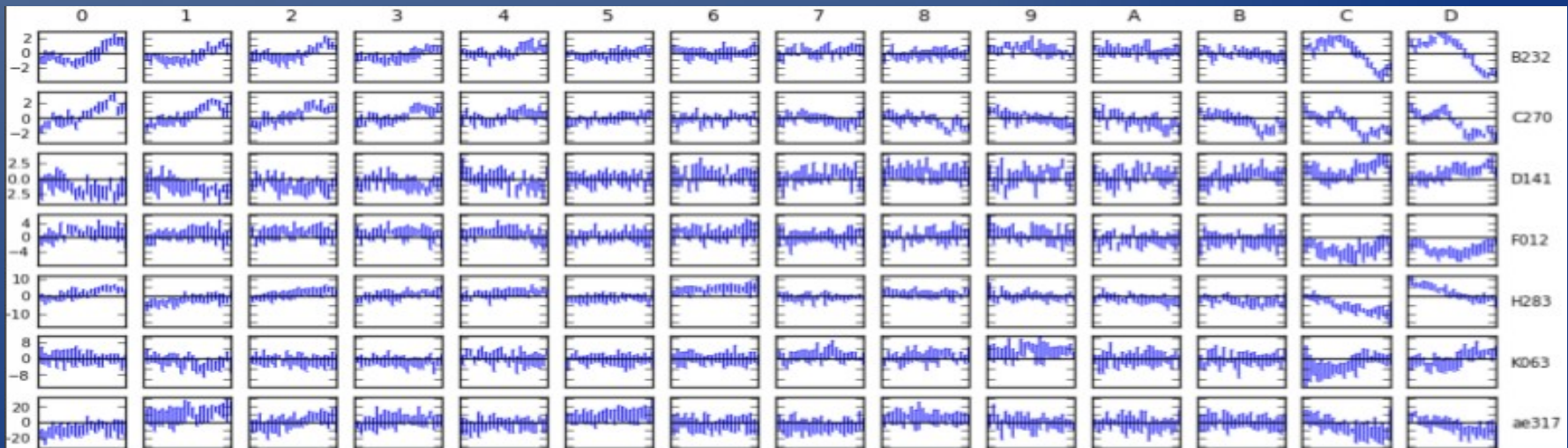
Smirnov's DDEs

- Extensive analysis of WSRT DDEs with MeqTrees

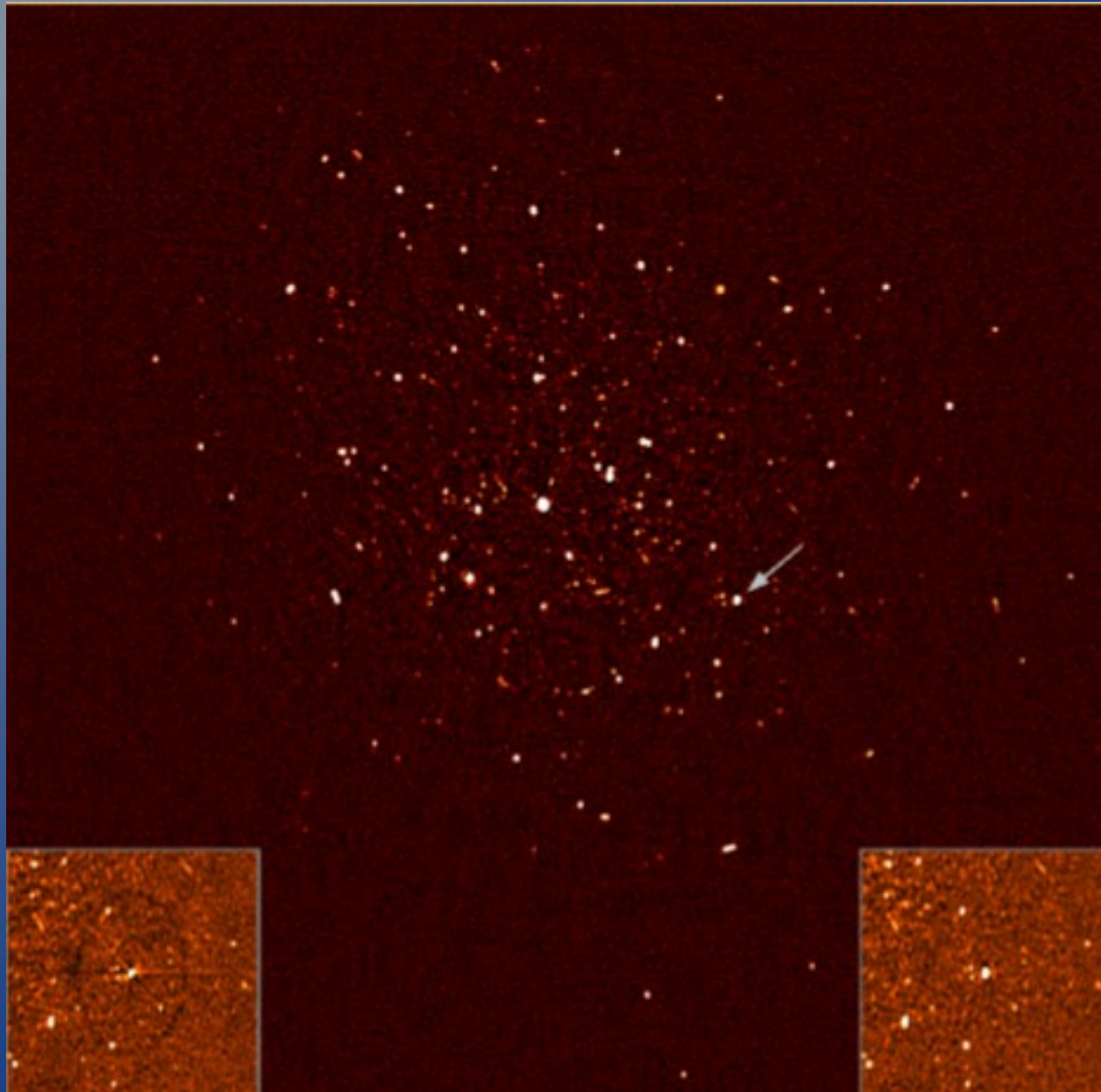


Differential Gains

$$\mathbf{V}_{pq} = \overbrace{\mathbf{G}_p}^{\text{overall gain}} \underbrace{\left(\sum_s \overbrace{d\mathbf{E}_p^{(s)}}^{\text{differential gain}} \overbrace{\mathbf{E}_p^{(s)}}^{\text{nominal beam}} \overbrace{\mathbf{X}_{pq}^{(s)}}^{\text{source model}} \mathbf{E}_q^{(s)\dagger} d\mathbf{E}_q^{(s)\dagger} \right)}_{\text{sum over sources}} \mathbf{G}_q^\dagger$$



V. High Dynamic Range



dE

- The Good
 - Fly swatter approach
 - Great maps
- The Bad
 - Rolls up beam, atmosphere, source structure
 - Computational cost
 - Degrees of freedom

Seperating beam and sky

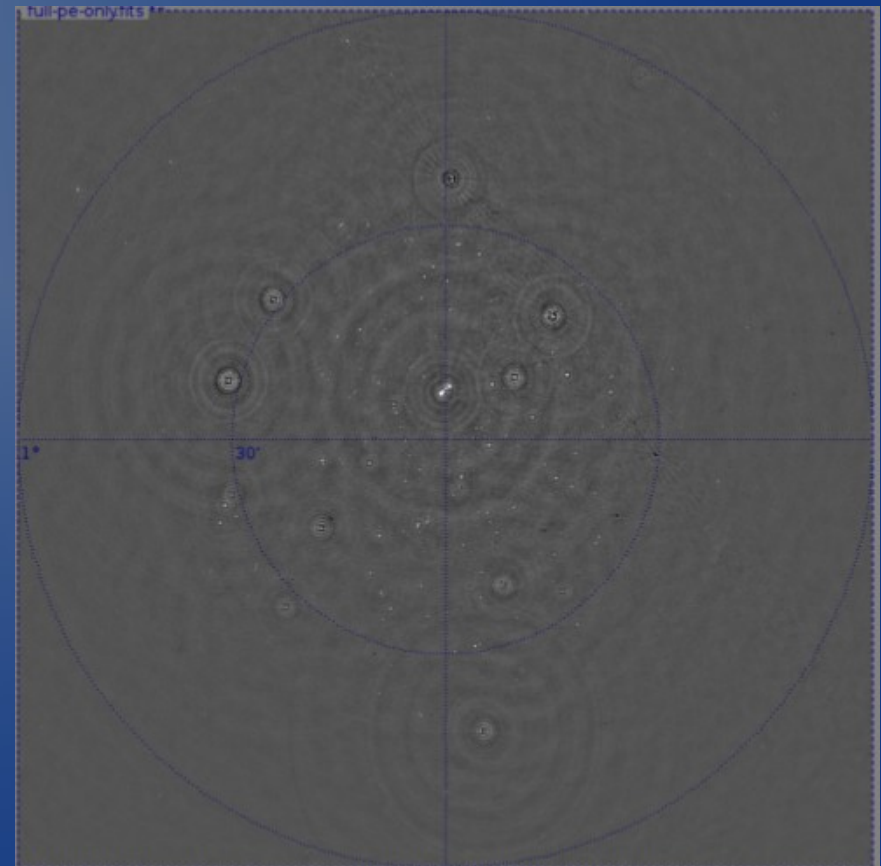
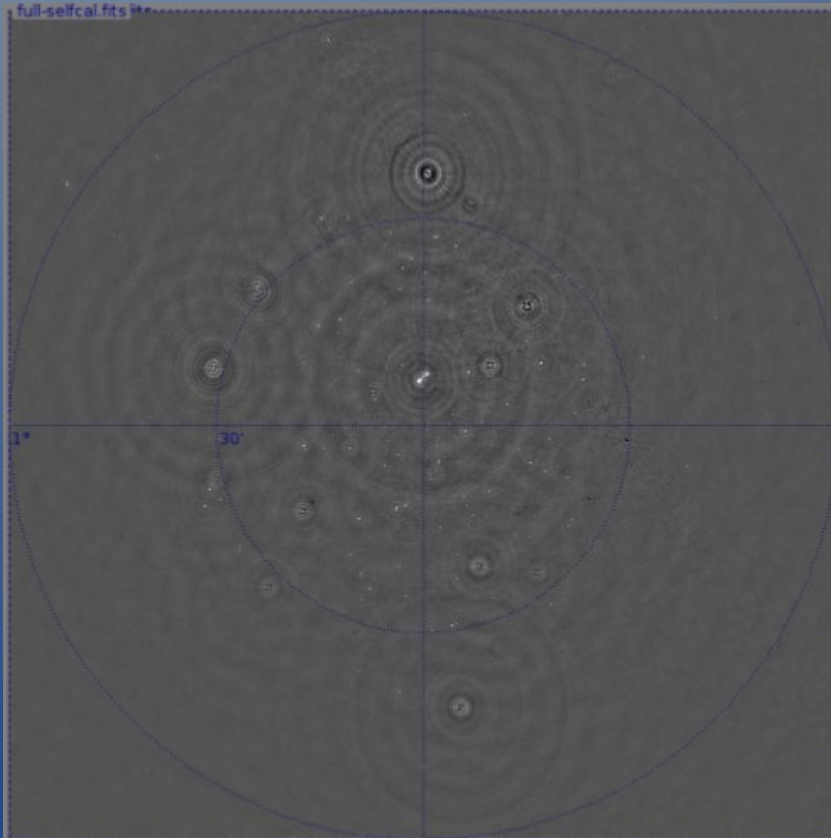
- The beams can only be determined realatively with a good sky model
- Brisken suggested scanning around the sky to trace the flux over the beam by linked tracks of sources

Pointing Self-Cal

- Given a beam model solve for pointing errors
- Low number of solvable terms
 - 2 reals per antenna vs. 1 complex per source
- Our beam models are quite poor, does not consider the atmosphere

Pointing Self-Cal

- Results were poor

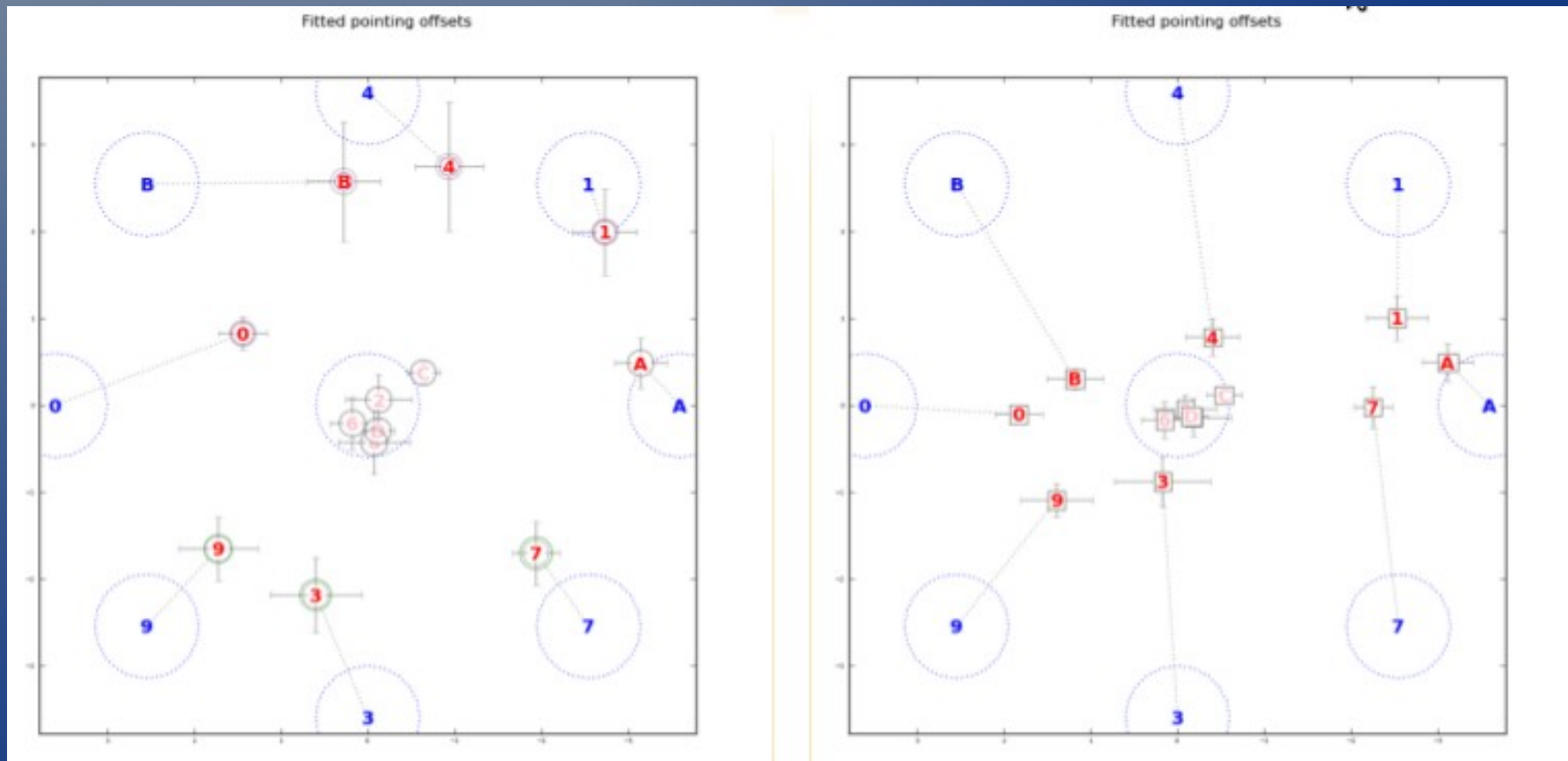


Pointing Self-Cal

- Not sufficient to model the effects
- Scale parameter absorbs some of this
- Need better beam models and combine with atmospheric models

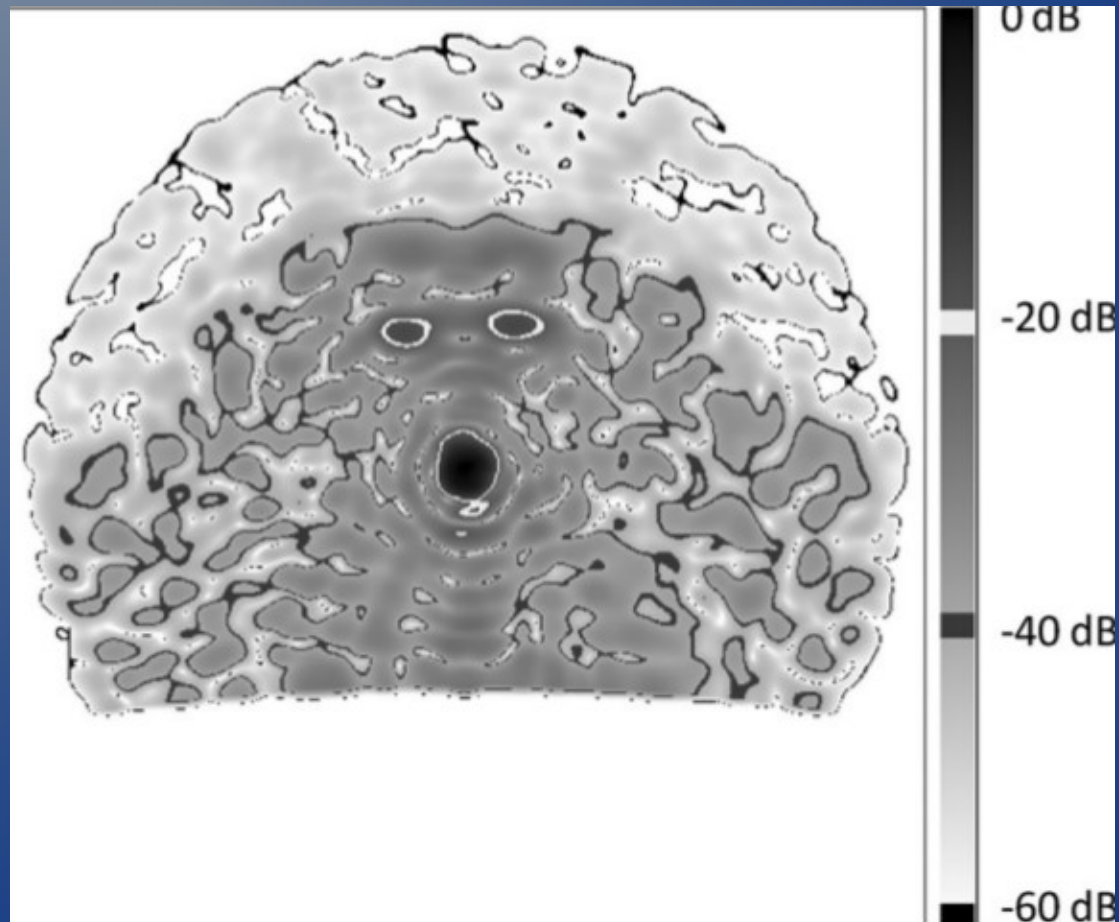
Pointing Self-Cal success story

- WSRT pointing analysis
- The WSRT wobble

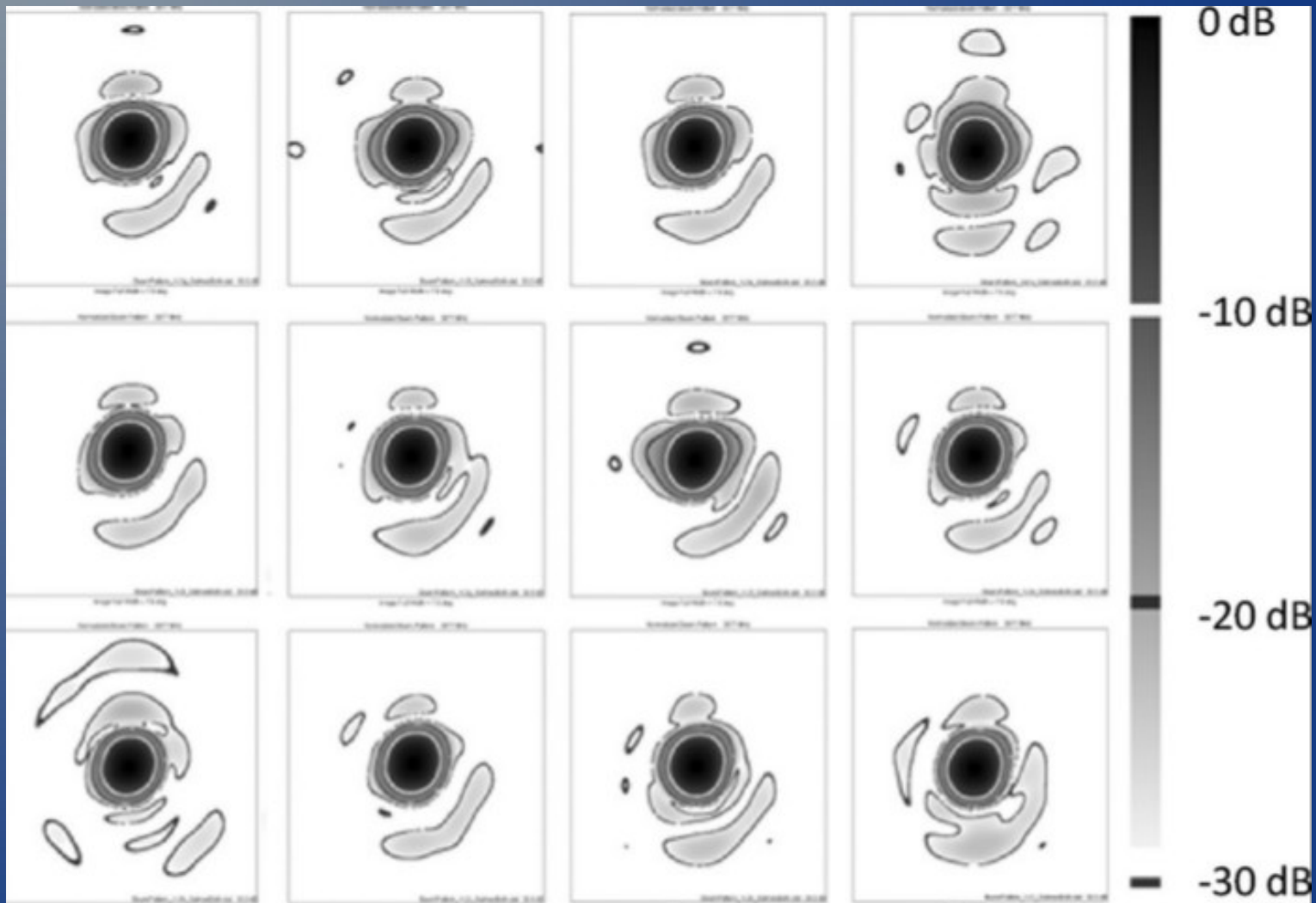


ATA Beams

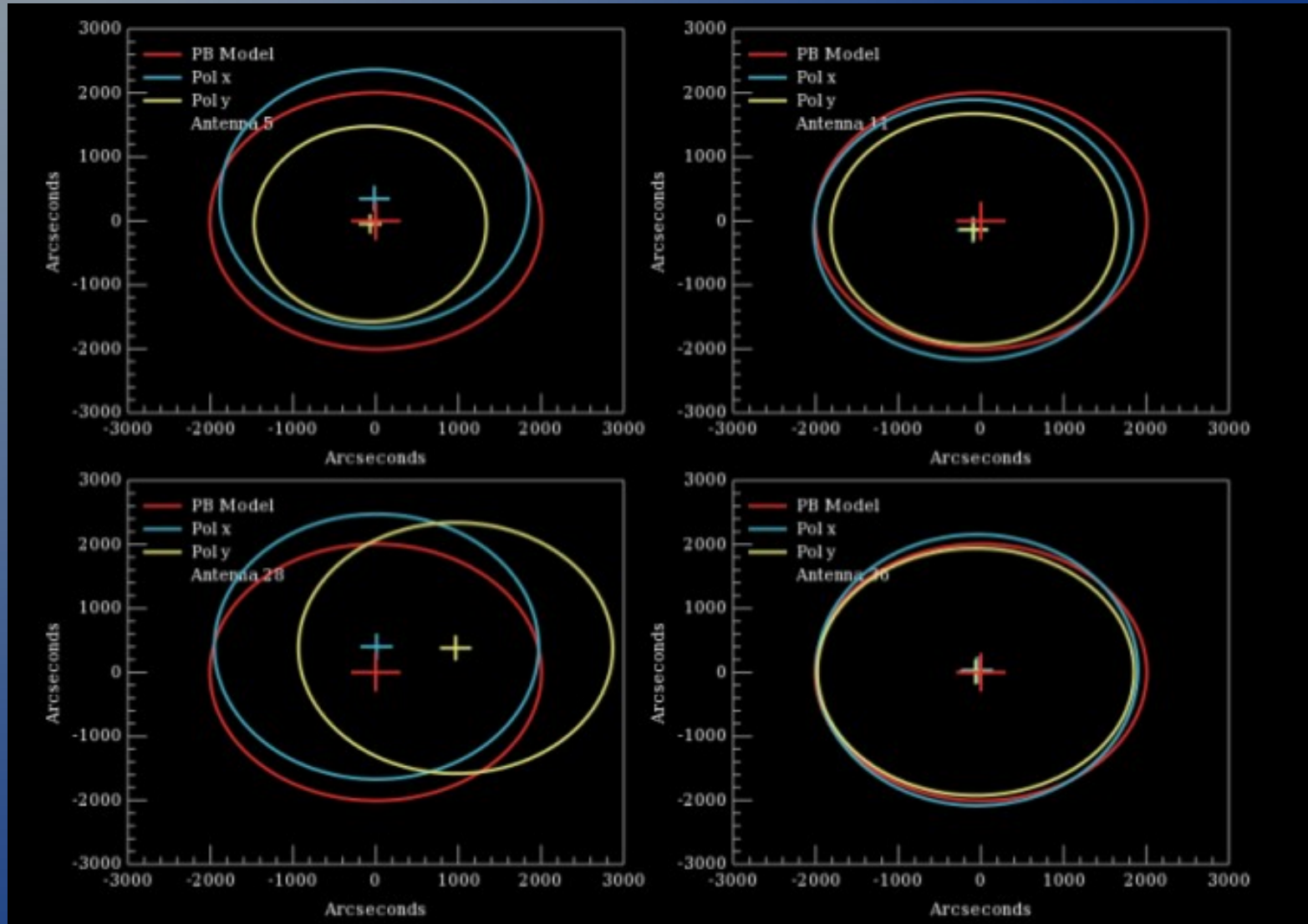
- Open loop measurements



ATA Beams



ATA Squint



Summary

- Beam measurement is not easy
- Can constrain our calibration models
- Limits degrees of freedom in our solutions