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P346 (Computational Physics Lab)
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[1]: import mylibrary
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Question 1

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[2]: A = []
     b = \prod
     mat_a = open("a.txt", "r+")
     mat_ab = open("a_b.txt", "r+")
     #calling matrix from txt file
     for line in mat_a:
         x = line.split()
         y = []
         for i in range(len(x)):
             y.append(float(x[i]))
         A.append(y)
     for line in mat_ab:
         elem = line.split()
         for i in range(len(elem)):
             b.append(float(elem[i]))
     crout_result = mylibrary.solveLU(A,b,1)
     doolittle_result = mylibrary.solveLU(A,b,2)
```

```
[3]: print("Result of LU decomposition using Crout's method:")
    print("x_1 = " + str(crout_result[0]))
    print("x_2 = " + str(crout_result[1]))
    print("x_3 = " + str(crout_result[2]))
    print("x_4 = " + str(crout_result[3]))
```

Result of LU decomposition using Crout's method:

```
x_1 = 1.0

x_2 = -1.0

x_3 = 1.0

x_4 = 2.0
```

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[4]: L_1,U_1 = mylibrary.crout(A)
    print("L matrix generated using Crout's method:")
    mylibrary.displayMatrix(L_1)
    print("U matrix generated using Crout's method:")
```

```
mylibrary.displayMatrix(U_1)
    L matrix generated using Crout's method:
    [1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0]
    [0.0, 1.0, 0.0, 0.0]
    [1.0, 2.0, 2.0, 0.0]
    [2.0, 1.0, 3.0, -3.0]
    U matrix generated using Crout's method:
    [1, 0.0, 1.0, 2.0]
    [0.0, 1, -2.0, 0.0]
    [0.0, 0.0, 1, -1.0]
    [0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1]
[5]: print("Result of LU decomposition using Doolittle's method:")
     print("x_1 = " + str(doolittle_result[0]))
     print("x_2 = " + str(doolittle_result[1]))
     print("x_3 = " + str(doolittle_result[2]))
     print("x_4 = " + str(doolittle_result[3]))
    Result of LU decomposition using Doolittle's method:
    x_1 = 1.0
    x_2 = -1.0
    x_3 = 1.0
    x_4 = 2.0
[6]: L_2,U_2 = mylibrary.doolittle(A)
     print("L matrix generated using Doolittle's method:")
     mylibrary.displayMatrix(L_2)
     print("U matrix generated using Doolittle's method:")
     mylibrary.displayMatrix(U_2)
    L matrix generated using Doolittle's method:
    [1, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0]
    [0.0, 1, 0.0, 0.0]
    [1.0, 2.0, 1, 0.0]
    [2.0, 1.0, 1.5, 1]
    U matrix generated using Doolittle's method:
    [1.0, 0.0, 1.0, 2.0]
    [0.0, 1.0, -2.0, 0.0]
    [0.0, 0.0, 2.0, -2.0]
    [0.0, 0.0, 0.0, -3.0]
    Ouestion 2
[7]: B = []
     mat_b = open("b.txt", "r+")
     #calling matrix from txt file
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for line in mat_b:
       x = line.split()
       y = []
       for i in range(len(x)):
          y.append(float(x[i]))
       B.append(y)
    print("Inverse of the matrix is: ")
    B_inv = mylibrary.LU_inverse(B)
    mylibrary.displayMatrix(B_inv)
   Inverse of the matrix is:
   [0.08333333333333337, -0.666666666666667, 0.8333333333333333, 0.0]
   [-0.083333333333333333, 0.66666666666666, 0.1666666666666666, 0.0]
[8]: #we verify the obtained inverse
    P = mylibrary.productMatrix(B_inv,B)
    mylibrary.displayMatrix(P)
   [1.0, 0.0099999999999787, 0.010000000000000, 0.0099999999999787]
   [0.0, 1.01, 0.0100000000000000, 0.0099999999999787]
   [0.0, 0.0100000000000000, 1.01, 0.00999999999999898]
   Question 3
[9]: C = []
    b = \prod
    mat_c = open("c.txt", "r+")
    mat_cb = open("c_b.txt", "r+")
    #calling matrices from txt files
    for line in mat_c:
       x = line.split()
       y = []
       for i in range(len(x)):
          y.append(float(x[i]))
       C.append(y)
    for line in mat_cb:
       elem = line.split()
       for i in range(len(elem)):
          b.append(float(elem[i]))
```

```
L = mylibrary.choleskydecomp(C)
L_T = mylibrary.transpose(L)
cholesky_result = mylibrary.solveCholesky(L, L_T, b)

print("Solution using Cholesky decomposition is: ")
print("x_1 = " + str(cholesky_result[0]))
print("x_2 = " + str(cholesky_result[1]))
print("x_3 = " + str(cholesky_result[2]))
print("x_4 = " + str(cholesky_result[3]))
```

Solution using Cholesky decomposition is:

 $x_1 = 0.1$

 $x_2 = 0.2$

 $x_3 = 0.3$

 $x_4 = 0.4$