PRACTICAL 1

SIMPLE SERVLET APPLICATIONS.

Q.1 A) CREATE A SIMPLE CALCULATOR APPLICATION USING SERVLET.

CODE:

INDEX.HTML

```
<html>
    <head>
         <title>CALCULATOR</title>
         <meta charset="UTF-8"
         <meta charset="UTF-8">
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
    </head>
    <body>
        <form action="calculator"/>
        FIRST NUMBER : <input type="Textbox" name="fno"/>
       SECOND NUMBER: <input type="Textbox" name="sno"/>
        <br>
       </select>
        <input type="submit" value="CALCULATE"/>
        </form>
    </body>
</html>
CALCULATOR.JAVA
import java.io.IOException;
import java io PrintWriter
import javax.servlet.ServletException;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
protected void processRequest(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse
response)
             throws ServletException, IOException {
         response.setContentType("text/html; charset=UTF-8");
         try (PrintWriter out = response.getWriter()) {
             int n3;
             int n1=Integer.parseInt(request.getParameter("fno"));
int n2=Integer.parseInt(request.getParameter("sno"));
String op=request.getParameter("opt");
if(op.equals("addition"))
                  n3=n1+n2;
                  out.println("ADDITION IS : "+n3);
             if(op.equals("subtractor"))
                  out.println("SUBTRACT IS : "+n3);
             if(op.equals("multiplication"))
                  n3=n1*n2;
                  out.println("MULTIPLICATION IS : "+n3);
             if(op.equals("division"))
                  n3=n1/n2;
                  out.println("DIVISION IS : "+n3);
             }
```

}

OUTPUT:

FIRST NUMBER: 500

SECOND NUMBER : 250

OPERATOR : ADDITION V

CALCULATE

ADDITION IS: 750

SUBTRACT IS: 250

MULTIPLICATION IS: 125000

DIVISION IS: 2

Q.1 B) CREATE A SERVLET FOR A LOGIN PAGE. IF THE USERNAME AND PASSWORD ARE CORRECT THEN IT SAYS MESSAGE "HELLO" ELSE A MESSAGE "LOGIN FAILED"

CODE:

login failed !!!

```
INDEX.HTML
<html>
     <head>
           <title>LOGIN PAGE </title>
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
      </head>
      <body>
           <form action="loginpage"/>
USERNAME : <input type="Textbox" name="uname"/>
           <br>
           PASSWORD : <input type="Textbox" name="pass"/>
           <input type="submit" value="LOGIN"/>
      </form>
     </body>
</html>
LOGINPAGE.JAVA
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.PrintWriter;
import javax.servlet.ServletException;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
protected void processRequest(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse
response)
           throws ServletException, IOException {
response.setContentType("text/html; charset=UTF-8");
           try (PrintWriter out = response.getWriter()) {
               String u=request.getParameter("uname");
String p=request.getParameter("pass");
if(u.equals("abc")&& p.equals("1234"))
               {
                     out.println("login successfully !!!");
               }
               else
               {
                     out.println("login failed !!!");
           }
OUTPUT:
 USERNAME : abc
 PASSWORD: 1234
  LOGIN
 login successfully !!!
USERNAME : abcd
PASSWORD: 12345
  LOGIN
```

Q.1 C) CREATE A REGISTRATION SERVLET IN JAVA USING JDBC. ACCEPT THE DETAILS SUCH AS USERNAME, PASSWORD, EMAIL, AND COUNTRY FROM THE USER USING HTML FORM AND STORE THE REGISTRATION DETAILS IN THE DATABASE.

CODE:

MYSQL COMMAND FROM MYSQL SOFTWARE: -

- ➤ Select Services → Expand Databases → Right click on MySQL Server at localhost:3306[disconnected] → Click on Connect → Enter Your Password → OK.
- Again, Right Click on MySQL Server at localhost:3306 → Select Create Database
 → Enter Your Database Name and Select the Checkbox to grant permission.
- ➤ Right click on **Table** under your Database.
- Enter Your Table Name by Replacing Untitled. Click on Add Column, and Add Columns as below Mentioned:

```
Name → username, Type → Varchar, Size → 50, Select Checkbox of Primary Key
Name → password, Type → Varchar, Size → 50
Name → email, Type → Varchar, Size → 50
Name → country, Type → Varchar, Size → 50.
```

➤ Add mysql-connector in Libraries folder:

Right click on Libraries folder Select Add JAR/Folder.

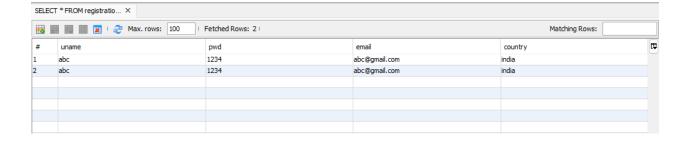
mysql-connector-jar File Download Link

(http://www.java2s.com/example/jar/m/download-mysqlconnectorjava8011jar-file.html#google_vignette)

INDEX.HTML

```
<html>
     <head>
         <title>REGISTRATION FORM</title> <meta charset="UTF-8">
         <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
     </head>
    <body>
          </form>
     </body>
</htm1>
REGISTRATION.JAVA
import java.sql.*;
import java.io.*;
import java.io.PrintWriter;
import javax.servlet.http.*;
import javax.servlet.*;
protected void processRequest(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse
response)
              throws ServletException, IOException {
         response.setContentType("text/html;charset=UTF-8");
         PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
String username=request.getParameter("uname");
String password=request.getParameter("pwd");
         String email=request.getParameter("mail");
         String country=request.getParameter("cntry");
         Connection con=null;
         PreparedStatement pst=null;
         try
              Class.forName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver");
```

CONNECTION DONE SUCCESSFULLY !!! DATA ADDED SUCCESSFULLY !!!



PRACTICAL 2

SERVLET APPLICATIONS WITH COOKIES AND SESSIONS.

Q.2 A) USING REQUEST DISPATCHER INTERFACE CREATE A SERVLET WHICH WILL VALIDATE THE PASSWORD ENTERED BY THE USER, IF THE USER HAS ENTERED "SERVLET" AS PASSWORD, THEN HE WILL BE FORWARDED TO WELCOME SERVLET ELSE THE USER WILL STAY ON THE INDEX.HTML PAGE AND AN ERROR MESSAGE WILL BE DISPLAYED.

CODE:

```
INDEX.HTML
<html>
    <head>
        <title>LOGIN PAGE </title>
        <meta charset="UTF-8">
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
    <body>
         <form action="requestdispatcher"/>
        USERNAME: <input type="Text" name="uname"/>
        PASSWORD : <input type="Textbox" name="pass"/>
        <hr>
         <input type="submit" value="LOGIN"/>
    </form>
    </body>
</html>
REQUESTDISPATCHER.JAVA
import javax.servlet.RequestDispatcher;
protected void processRequest(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse
response)
             throws ServletException, IOException {
         response.setContentType("text/html;charset=UTF-8");
        try (PrintWriter out = response.getWriter()) {
            String u=request.getParameter("uname");
String p=request.getParameter("pass");
if(u.equals("abc")&& p.equals("1234"))
élse
                out.println("LOGIN FAILED !!!");
                RequestDispatcher
rd=request.getRequestDispatcher("/index.html");
                rd.include(request, response);
        }
    }
WELCOMEPAGE.JAVA
protected void processRequest(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse
response)
             throws ServletException, IOException {
         response.setContentType("text/html;charset=UTF-8");
        try (Printwriter out = response.getWriter()) {
   out.print("HELLO WELCOMEE!!!");
        }
    }
```

OUTPUT:
USERNAME : abc
PASSWORD : 1234
LOGIN
HELLO WELCOMEE!!!
USERNAME : abcd
PASSWORD : 12345
LOGIN
LOGIN FAILED !!!
USERNAME :
PASSWORD :
LOGIN

Q.2 B) CREATE A SERVLET THAT USES COOKIES TO STORE THE NUMBER OF TIMES A USER HAS VISITED SERVLET.

```
CODE:
```

You visited 2 Times

```
INDEX.HTML
<html>
    <head>
         <title>COOKIES</title>
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
     </head>
     <body>
          <form action="cookiescount" method="post">
              <input type="submit" value="COUNT"/>
          </form>
     </body>
</html>
COOKIESCOUNT.JAVA
import javax.servlet.http.Cookie;
static int count=1;
    protected void processRequest(HttpServletRequest request,
HttpServletResponse response)
          throws ServletException, IOException {
response.setContentType("text/html; charset=UTF-8");
          PrintWriter out = response.getWriter(); {
    String c=String.valueOf(count);
              Cookie ck=new Cookie("noofvisit",c); response.addCookie(ck);
               int val=Integer.parseInt(ck.getValue());
               if(val==1)
               {
                    out.println("WELCOME !!!");
               }
               else
               {
                    out.println("You visited "+val+" Times");
               count++;
          }
    }
OUTPUT:
  COUNT
WELCOME !!!
```

Q.2 C) CREATE A SERVLET DEMONSTRATING THE USE OF SESSION CREATION AND DESTRUCTION. ALSO CHECK WHETHER THE USER HAS VISITED THIS PAGE FIRST TIME OR HAS VISITED EARLIER ALSO USING SESSIONS.

CODE:

```
SESSIONN.JAVA
```

```
package session;
import java.io.*;
import javax.servlet.*;
import javax.servlet.http.*;
public class session extends HttpServlet {
    private int counter;
    protected void processRequest(HttpServletRequest request,
HttpServletResponse response)
             throws ServletException, IOException {
         response.setContentType("text/html;charset=UTF-8");
         PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
        HttpSession session=request.getSession(true);
         if(session.isNew())
             out.print("THIS IS THE FIRST TIME YOU VISITED THE PAGE");
             ++counter;
         }
         else
             synchronized(session.this)
                 if(counter==10)
                      session.invalidate();
                      counter=0;
                      request.getSession(false);
                 élse
                      out.print("YOU HAVE VISITED THIS PAGE "+(++counter)+"
TIMES");
             }
         }
    }
```

OUTPUT:

THIS IS THE FIRST TIME YOU VISITED THE PAGE

YOU HAVE VISITED THIS PAGE 5 TIMES

PRACTICAL 3

SERVLET IO AND FILE APPLICATIONS.

Q.3 A) CREATE A SERVLET APPLICATION TO UPLOAD AND DOWNLOAD A FILE. CODE:

FILE UPLOADING

```
INDEX.HTML
<html>
     <head>
          <title>FILE UPLOADING</title>
          <meta charset="UTF-8">
          <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
     </head>
     <body>
          <form action="file_uploading" method="post" enctype="multipart/form-</pre>
data">
               SELECT FILE TO UPLOAD : <input type="file" name="file" id="file">
              DESTINATION : <input type="text" value="E:\FileUploadPath"
name="destination">
               <br>
              <input type="submit" value="UPLOAD FILE" name="upload"</pre>
id="upload">
          </form>
     </body>
</html>
FILE UPLOADING.JAVA
package fileupload;
import java.io.*;
import javax.servlet.*;
import javax.servlet.annotation.MultipartConfig;
import javax.servlet.http.*;
@MultipartConfig
protected void doPost(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse
response)
              throws ServletException, IOException
     {
          response.setContentType("text/html;charset=UTF-8");
          PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
                   String path=request.getParameter("destination");
Part filePart=request.getPart("file");
String sfilePart=request.getPart("file").toString();
out.print("<br/>filePart: "+sfilePart);
                   String filename=filePart.getSubmittedFileName().toString();
out.print("<br>out.print("<br>
                   OutputStream os=null;
                   InputStream is=null;
                   try
os=new FileOutputStream(new
File(path+File.separator+filename));
                        is=filePart.getInputStream();
                        int read=0;
                        byte[] b=new byte[1024];
                        while ((read = is.read(b)) != -1)
                             os.write(b, 0, read);
                        out.println("<br>FILE UPLOADED SUCCESSFULLLY !!!");
                   catch(FileNotFoundException e)
                   {
                        out.print(e);
                   }
         }
     }
```

}

INDEX.HTML

FILE DOWNLOADING

```
<html>
     <head>
           <title>FILE DOWNLOADING</title>
          <meta charset="UTF-8">
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
     </head>
     <body>
           <h1>FILE DOWNLOADING APPLICATION</h1>
           Click To Download <a
href="File_Downloading?filename=EJLabManual.pdf">EJ LAB MANUAL</a>
           <br/><br/>
           Click To Download <a
href="File_Downloading?filename=AWPLabManual.pdf">AWP LAB MANUAL</a>
     </body>
</html>
FILE DOWNLOADING.JAVA
package filedownload;
import java.io.*;
import javax.servlet.*;
import javax.servlet.http.*;
protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
                throws ServletException, IOException {
           String filename = request.getParameter("filename");
           int len=0;
           try(ServletOutputStream out = response.getOutputStream())
                ServletContext context= getServletConfig().getServletContext();
response.setContentType((context.getMimeType(filename) != null)?context.getMimeType(filename):"application/pdf"); response.setHeader("Content-Disposition","attachment; filename=\""+ filename+\"");
                InputStream is=context.getResourceAsStream("/" + filename);
                byte[] b= new byte[1024];
                while((is != null) && ((len= is.read(b)) != -1))
                     out.write(b,0,len);
                out.flush();
                is.close();
                out.close();
          }
     }
}
OUTPUT:
 SELECT FILE TO UPLOAD: Choose File | EJLabManual.pdf
                                                               DESTINATION : E:\FileUploadPath
 UPLOAD FILE
filePart: File name=EJLabManual pdf
StoreLocation=C:\Users\VINIT\AppData\Roaming\NetBeans\8.2\config\GF_4.1.1\domain1\generated\jsp\EJ_PRACTICAL_3A\upload_41c1ab5c_18b25234ef7__7ff7_00000009.tmp, size=2009505bytes,
isFormField=false, FieldName=file
file name: EJLabManual.pdf
FILE UPLOADED SUCCESSFULLLY!!!
```

FILE DOWNLOADING

FILE DOWNLOADING APPLICATION

Click To Download EJ LAB MANUAL

Click To Download AWP LAB MANUAL



Q.3 B) DEVELOP SIMPLE SERVLET QUESTION ANSWER APPLICATION USING DATABASE. CODE:

CREATE A TABLE IN MYSQL:

- ➤ Select Services → Expand Databases → Right click on MySQL Server at localhost:3306[disconnected] → Click on Connect → Enter Your Password → OK.
- ➤ Again, Right Click on MySQL Server at localhost:3306 → Select Create Database → Enter Your Database Name and Select the Checkbox to grant permission.
- Right click on **Table** under your Database.
- Enter Your Table Name by Replacing Untitled. Click on Add Column, and Add Columns as below Mentioned:

```
Name → queno, Type → Integer, Constraint → Primary Key
Name → question, Type → Varchar, Size → 200
Name → opt1, Type → Varchar, Size → 50
Name → opt2, Type → Varchar, Size → 50
Name → opt3, Type → Varchar, Size → 50
Name → opt4, Type → Varchar, Size → 50
Name → answer, Type → Varchar, Size → 50
```

> Insert Minimum 2 Records:

Right click on Table → Click on 'View Data' → Right Click on Empty Dataset → Insert a Record → Click on 'Add Row' → OK.

➤ Add mysql-connector in Libraries folder:

Right click on Libraries folder Select Add JAR/Folder.

mysql-connector-jar File Download Link

(http://www.java2s.com/example/jar/m/download-mysqlconnectorjava8011jar-file.html#google_vignette)

INDEX.HTML

```
<html>
      <head>
           <title>QUESTION ANSWER APPLICATION</title>
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
      </head>
      <body>
            <h1><a href="questionss" >CLICK TO START</a></h1>
      </body>
</htm1>
QUESTIONS.JAVA
package servletpack;
import java.io.*;
import java.sql.*;
import javax.servlet.*;
import javax.servlet.http.*;
public class questionss extends HttpServlet {
      public void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse
response)
           throws ServletException, IOException {
response.setContentType("text/html;charset=UTF-8");
PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
out.println("<form action='markss' method='post'>");
try {
      Class.forName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver");
      Connection con =
DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/vinitx67?autoReconnecteture&useSSL=false", "root", "67Xvinit2021");
      Statement stmt = con.createStatement();
```

```
ResultSet res = stmt.executeQuery("select * from dbqueans");
out.println("");
      int qno = 0;
      while (res.next()) {
            ano++;
qno++;
    out.println("" + res.getString(1) + "");
    out.println("" + res.getString(2) + "");
    out.println("" + res.getString(2) + "");
    out.println("" + res.getString(3) + "'>");
    out.println("" + res.getString(3) + "'");
    out.println("" + res.getString(3) + "'");
    out.println("" + res.getString(4) + "'");
    out.println("" + res.getString(4) + "'");
    out.println("" + res.getString(5) + "'");
    out.println("" + res.getString(5) + "'");
    out.println("" + res.getString(6) + "'");
    out.println("" + res.getString(6) + "'");
}
             catch(Exception e)
                  out.println(e);
            out.println("");
out.println("<input type=RESET >");
out.println("<input type=submit value=SUBMIT >");
out.println("</form>");
      }
MARKSS.JAVA
package servletpack;
import java.io.*;
import java.sql.*;
import javax.servlet.*;
import javax.servlet.http.*;
public class markss extends HttpServlet
      public void doPost(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse
response)
                   throws ServletException, IOException
             response.setContentType("text/html; charset=UTF-8");
             PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
             try
                   Class.forName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver");
                   Connection con =
DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/vinitx67?autoReconnecterue&useSSL=false", "root", "67Xvinit2021");
                   Statement stmt = con.createStatement();
                   ResultSet res = stmt.executeQuery("select ans from dbqueans");
                   int count = 0, qno = 0;
                   while (res.next())
                         qno++;
                         String selectedAnswer = request.getParameter("q" + qno);
                         if (selectedAnswer != null &&
selectedAnswer.equals(res.getString(1)))
                               count++;
                               out.println("<h1>CORRECT </h1>");
                         else
                               out.println("<h1>INCORRECT </h1>");
                   out.println("<h1>YOUR MARKS IS " + count + " </h1>");
             catch (Exception e)
                   out.println(e);
             }
```

} }

OUTPUT:

SELECT * FROM dbqueans LI ×										
Matching Rows:										
#	qno	question	op1	op2	op3	op4	ans			
1	1	Who invented Java Programming?	Guido van Rossum	James Gosling	Dennis Ritchie	Bjarne Stroustrup	James Gosling			
2	2	Which component is used to compile, debug and execute the java programs?	JRE	JIT	JDK	JVM	JDK			
3	3	Which one of the following is not a Java feature?	Object-oriented	Use of pointers	Portable	Dynamic and Extensible	Use of pointers			
4	4	Which of these cannot be used for a variable name in Java?	identifier & keyword	identifier	keyword	none of the mentioned	keyword			
5	5	What is the extension of java code files?	.js	.txt	.java	.html	.java			

CLICK TO START

1	Who invented Java Programming?						
0	Guido van Rossum						
0	James Gosling						
0	Dennis Ritchie						
0	Bjarne Stroustrup						
2	Which component is used to compile, debug and execute the java programs?						
0	JRE						
0	JIT						
•	JDK						
0	JVM						
3	Which one of the following is not a Java feature?						
0	Object-oriented						
0	Use of pointers						
•	Portable						
0	Dynamic and Extensible						
4	Which of these cannot be used for a variable name in Java?						
0	identifier & keyword						
0	identifier						
0	keyword						
0	none of the mentioned						
5	What is the extension of java code files?						
0	js						
0	.txt						
•	.java						
0	.html						
Res	Reset SUBMIT						

CORRECT

CORRECT

INCORRECT

INCORRECT

CORRECT

YOUR MARKS IS: 3

Q.3 C) CREATE SIMPLE SERVLET APPLICATION TO DEMONSTRATE NON-BLOCKING READ OPERATION.

CODE:

```
INDEX.HTML
Non Blo <html>
     <head>
          <title>NON-BLOCKING READ OPERATION</title> <meta charset="UTF-8">
          <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
     </head>
     <body>
          <a href="NonBlockingServlet">Non Blocking Servlet</a>
     </body>
</html>
NONBLOCKINGSERVLET.JAVA
package blocking;
import java.io.*;
import java.net.*;
import java.net.HttpURLConnection;
import java.net.URL;
import java.util.logging.Level;
import java.util.logging.Logger;
import javax.servlet.*;
import javax.servlet.annotation.WebServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.*;
public class NonBlockingServlet extends HttpServlet {
     protected void service(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse
response) throws
          ServletException, IOException {
response.setContentType("text/html;charset=UTF-8");
try(PrintWriter out = response.getWriter()){
                out.println("<h1>File Reader</h1>");
String filename="/WEB-INF/demo.txt";
                ServletContext c = getServletContext();
                InputStream in = c.getResourceAsStream(filename);
String path = "http://" + request.getServerName() + ":" +
request.getServerPort() + request.getContextPath() +
 /ReadingNonBlockingServlet'
                URL url = new URL(path);
                HttpURLConnection conn = (HttpURLConnection) url openConnection();
                conn.setChunkedStreamingMode(2);
                conn.setDoOutput(true);
                conn.connect();
                if(in!=null)
                {
                     InputStreamReader inr = new InputStreamReader(in);
                     BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(inr);
String text = "";
                     System.out.println("Reading started...");
BufferedWriter bw = new BufferedWriter(new
OutputStreamWriter(conn.getOutputStream()));
                     while ((text = br.readLine()) != null){
   out.print(text+"<br>");
                           try{
                                Thread.sleep(1000);
                                out flush();
                          catch(InterruptedException ex) {}
                     out.print("Reading Completed....");
                     bw.flush();
                     bw.close();
              }
         }
    }
}
```

READINGNONBLOCKINGSERVLET.JAVA

```
package blocking;
import java.io.*;
import javax.servlet.*;
import javax.servlet.annotation.WebServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.*;
import javax.servlet.AsyncContext;
@webServlet (name = "ReadingNonBlockingServlet", urlPatterns =
{"/ReadingNonBlockingServlet"}, asyncSupported = true )
public class ReadingNonBlockingServlet extends HttpServlet {
     protected void service(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse
response)
                 throws ServletException, IOException
      {
           response.setContentType("text/html");
AsyncContext ac = request.startAsync();
           ServletInputStream in=request.getInputStream();
           in.setReadListener(new ReadingListener(in,ac));
}
READINGLISTNER.JAVA
package blocking;
import java.io.*;
import java.util.logging.Level;
import java.util.logging.Logger;
import javax.servlet.*;
import javax.servlet.ReadListener;
import javax.servlet.AsyncContext;
import javax.servlet.ServletInputStream;
public class ReadingListener implements ReadListener{
    private ServletInputStream input = null;
     private AsyncContext ac = null;
     ReadingListener(ServletInputStream in, AsyncContext c)
           input = in;
           ac = c;
     @override
     public void onDataAvailable() throws IOException {
     public void onAllDataRead() throws IOException
           ac.complete();
     public void onError(final Throwable t)
           ac.complete();
           t.printStackTrace();
     }
}
OUTPUT:
```

Non Blocking Servlet

File Reader

Final is not final in Java. Reading Completed.....

PRACTICAL 4

IMPLEMENT THE FOLLOWING JSP APPLICATIONS.

Q.4 A) DEVELOP A SIMPLE JSP APPLICATION TO DISPLAY VALUES OBTAINED FROM THE USE OF INTRINSIC OBJECTS OF VARIOUS TYPES.

CODE:

```
INDEX.HTML
<html>
       <head>
              <title>INTRINSIC OBJECTS</title>
              <meta charset="UTF-8">
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
       </head>
       <body>
               <form action="intrinsic.jsp">
                      ENTER YOUR NAME : <input type= "text" name="myname"><br>
                      ENTER YOUR EMAIL ID : <input type="text" name="mymailid"><br><input type= "submit" value="SUBMIT">
               </form>
       </body>
</html>
INTRINSIC.JSP
<%@page contentType="text/html" pageEncoding="UTF-8"%>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
              <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=UTF-8">
              <title>JSP PAGE</title>
       </head>
       <body>
              <h1>USE OF INTRINSIC OBJECTS</h1>
              <h1>REQUEST OBJECTS</h1>
              Query String : <%=request.getQueryString() %><br>Context Path : <%=request.getContextPath() %><br>
              Remote Host : <%=request.getRemoteHost()%><br>
              <h1>RESPONSE OBJECT</h1>
              Character Encoding Type: <%=response.getCharacterEncoding()%><br>
              Content Type : <%=response.getContentType()%><br>
              Locale: <=response.getLocale()%><br>
              <h1>SESSION OBJECT</h1>
              ID : <%=session.getId()%><br>
              Creation Time : --creation Time : --continuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinuecontinue<pre
              Last Access Time : <%=new
java.util.Date(session.getLastAccessedTime())%><br>
       </body>
</html>
OUTPUT:
USE OF INTRINSIC OBJECTS
REQUEST OBJECTS
Query String: myname=abc&mymailid=abc%40gmail.com
Context Path : /EJ_PRACTICAL_4A
                                                                 ENTER YOUR NAME : abc
Remote Host: 0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0:1
                                                                 ENTER YOUR EMAIL ID : abc@gmail.com
                                                                 SUBMIT
RESPONSE OBJECT
```

Character Encoding Type : UTF-8 Content Type : text/html;charset=UTF-8 Locale : en_IN

SESSION OBJECT

ID : 615ea65cfd43d63fbdc708cfa854 Creation Time : Mon Oct 16 06:54:47 IST 2023 Last Access Time : Mon Oct 16 06:55:48 IST 2023 Q.4 B) DEVELOP A SIMPLE JSP APPLICATION TO PASS VALUES FROM ONE PAGE TO ANOTHER WITH VALIDATIONS. (NAME-TXT, AGE-TXT, HOBBIES-CHECKBOX, EMAIL-TXT, GENDER-RADIO BUTTON).

CODE:

}

```
INDEX.HTML
<html>
             <head>
                           <title>PASS VALUES FROM ONE PAGE TO ANOTHER WITH VALIDATION</title>
                          <meta charset="UTF-8">
                           <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
             </head>
                       <form action="Validate.jsp">
                                    ENTER YOUR NAME : <input type="text" name="name"><br>
ENTER YOUR AGE : <input type="text" name="age"><br>
ENTER YOUR AGE : <input type="text" name="age"><br>
Input type="text" name="age"><br/>
Input type="text" name="age"><br/
                                                                                                                                                               type="checkbox"
                                    SELECT
                                                                     HOBBIES
                                                                                                                              <input
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                name="hob"
value="Singing">SINGING
                                    <input type="checkbox" name="hob" value="Reading">READING BOOKS
<input type="checkbox" name="hob" value="Football">PLA
                                                                                                                                                                                  value="Football">PLAYING
FOOTBALL<br>
                                    ENTER EMAIL : <input type="text" name="email"><br>
                                   SELECT GENDER: <input type="radio" name="gender" value="male">MALE <input type="radio" name="gender" value="female">FEMALE <input type="radio" name="gender" value="other">OTHER<br> <input type="hidden" name="error" value=""> <input type="submit" value="SUBMIT_FORM">
                       </form>
              </body>
</htm1>
CHECKERBEAN.JAVA
package mypack;
import java.beans.*;
import java.io.Serializable;
import java.util.regex.Matcher;
import java.util.regex.Pattern;
public class CheckerBean {
             String name, hob, email, gender, error; int age;
             public CheckerBean()
                         name="";
hob="";
                          email="":
                          gender="";
                          error="";
                          age=0;
             public void setName(String n)
                         name=n;
             public String getName()
                          return name;
             public void setAge(int a)
                          age=a;
             public int getAge()
                          return age;
             public void setHob(String h)
                          hob=h;
public String getHob()
                          return hob;
```

```
public void setEmail(String e)
        email=e;
    public String getEmail()
        return email;
    public void setGender(String g)
        gender=g;
    public String getGender()
        return gender;
    public String getError()
        return error;
    public boolean validate()
        boolean res=true;
        if(name.trim().equals(""))
            error+="<br>ENTER FIRST NAME";
            res=false;
        if(age<0||age>99)
            error+="<br>AGE INVALID";
            res=false;
                    emailregex="^[A-Za-z0-9-]+(\.[_A-Za-z0-9-]+)*@[A-Za-z0-9-]
        String
]+(\\.[A-Za-z0-9-]+)*(\\.[A-Za-z]{2,})$";
Boolean b=email.matches(emailregex);
        if(!b)
            error+="<br>EMAIL INVALID";
            res=false;
        return res;
    }
}
VALIDATE.JSP
<%@page contentType="text/html" pageEncoding="UTF-8" import="mypack.*"%>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
        <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=UTF-8">
        <title>JSP PAGE</title>
    </head>
    <body>
    <body>
        </jsp:useBean>
<%if(obj.validate())
        {%>
        <jsp:forward page="successful.jsp"/>
        <% }
        else
       {%>
         <jsp:include page="index.html"/>
         <%}%>
<%=obj.getError()%>
    </body>
</html>
SUCCESSFUL.JSP
<%@page contentType="text/html" pageEncoding="UTF-8"%>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
```

<head></head>
<pre><meta content="text/html; charset=utf-8" http-equiv="Content-Type"/> <title>JSP PAGE</title></pre>
<body> <h1>DATA VALIDATED SUCCESSFULLY !!!</h1></body>
OUTPUT:
ENTER YOUR NAME : abc
ENTER YOUR AGE : 18
SELECT HOBBIES: ✓ SINGING ✓ READING BOOKS ✓ PLAYING FOOTBALL
ENTER EMAIL: abc@gmail.com
SELECT GENDER: OMALE OFEMALE OOTHER
SUBMIT_FORM

DATA VALIDATED SUCCESSFULLY !!!

Q.4 C) CREATE A REGISTRATION AND LOGIN JSP APPLICATION TO REGISTER AND AUTHENTICATE THE USER BASED ON USERNAME AND PASSWORD USING JDBC.

CODE:

```
INDEX.HTML
<html>
     <head>
           <title>REGISTRATION AND LOGIN JSP APPLICATION</title>
           <meta charset="UTF-8">
           <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
      </head>
      <body>
           <form action="registration.jsp">
                <h1>NEW USER REGISTRATION PAGE</h1>
                ENTER USER NAME : <input type="text" name="txtName"><br>ENTER PASSWORD : <input type="password" name="txtPass1"><br>
                RE-ENTER PASSWORD : <input type="password" name="txtPass2"><br>
ENTER EMAIL : <input type="text" name="txtEmail"><br>
ENTER COUNTRY NAME : <select name="txtCon">
                      <option>INDIA</option>
                      <option>NORWAY</option>
                      <option>SWITZERLAND</option>
                      <option>ICELAND</option>
                </select><br>
                 <input type="submit" value="REGISTER"><input type="reset"</pre>
value="RESET">
                Already have an account? <a href="login.html">Login</a>
here</a>
           </form>
      </body>
</html>
REGISTRATION.JSP
</@page contentType="text/html" import="java.sql.*"%>
<html>
      <body>
           <h1>REGISTRATION JSP PAGE</h1>
                String uname=request.getParameter("txtName");
String pass1=request.getParameter("txtPass1");
String pass2=request.getParameter("txtPass2");
String email=request.getParameter("txtEmail");
String ctry=request.getParameter("txtCon");
                if(pass1.equals(pass2))
                      try
                           class.forName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver");
Connection con =

DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/vinitx67?autoReconnect=true&useSSL=false", "root", "67Xvinit2021");
                           PreparedStatement stmt=con.prepareStatement("insert into
userinfo values(?,?,?,?)");
                           stmt.setString(1,uname);
                           stmt.setString(2,pass1)
                           stmt.setString(3,email);
stmt.setString(4,ctry);
                           int row=stmt.executeUpdate();
                           if(row==1)
                                 out.println("REGISTRATION SUCCESSFUL");
                           }
                           else
                      out.println("REGISTRATION FAILED!!!!");
           <jsp:include page="index.html"></jsp:include>
     catch(Exception e)
       out.println(e);}
```

```
}
     else
      out.println("<h1>PASSWORD MISMATCH</h1>");
          <jsp:include page="index.html"></jsp:include>
          <%
          %>
     </body>
</html>
LOGIN.HTML
<html>
     <head>
          <title>LOGIN PAGE</title>
          <meta charset="UTF-8">
          <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
     </head>
     <body>
          <h1>LOGIN PAGE</h1>
          <form action="login.jsp">
               ENTER USER NAME: <input type="text" name="txtName"><br>
ENTER PASSWORD: <input type="password" name="txtPass"><br>
<input type="submit" value="LOGIN"><input type="RESET">Don't have an account? <a href="index.html">Create</a>
Account</a>
          </form>
     </body>
</html>
LOGIN.JSP
<%@page contentType="text/html" import="java.sql.*"%>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
     <body>
          <h1>LOGIN JSP PAGE</h1>
               String uname=request.getParameter("txtName");
String pass=request.getParameter("txtPass");
               ResultSet rs=null;
               try
               {
                    Class.forName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver");
                    Connection
con=DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/vinitx67?autoReco
nnect=true&useSSL=false", "root", "67xvinit2021");
                    Statement stmt=con.createStatement();
rs=stmt.executeQuery("select pass from userinfo where uname='"+uname+"'");
                    rs.next();
                    if(pass.equals(rs.getString(1)))
                         out.println("<h1>LOGIN SUCCESSFULLL</h1>");
                    }
               else
                    out.println("<h1>PASSWORD DOES NOT MATCH!!!!!</h1>");
          <jsp:include page="index.html"></jsp:include>

               }
           catch(Exception e)
           out.println("<h1>USER DOES NOT EXIST!!!!!</h1>");
            <jsp:include page="index.html"></jsp:include>
     </body>
</html>
```

OUTPUT:

NEW USER REGISTRATION PAGE

ENTER USER NAME : abcd

ENTER PASSWORD :

RE-ENTER PASSWORD :

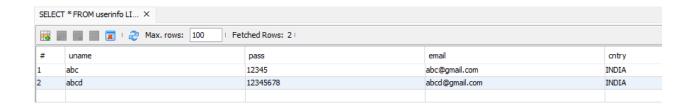
ENTER EMAIL : abcd@gmail.com

ENTER COUNTRY NAME : INDIA

Already have an account? Login here

REGISTRATION JSP PAGE

REGISTRATION SUCCESSFUL



LOGIN PAGE

ENTER USER NAME : abcd
ENTER PASSWORD :

Don't have an account? Create Account

LOGIN JSP PAGE LOGIN SUCCESSFULLL

PRACTICAL 5

IMPLEMENT THE FOLLOWING JSP JSTL AND EL APPLICATIONS.

Q.5 A) CREATE AN HTML PAGE WITH FIELDS, ENO, NAME, AGE, DESG, SALARY. NOW ON SUBMIT THIS DATA TO A JSP PAGE WHICH WILL UPDATE THE EMPLOYEE TABLE OF DATABASE WITH MATCHING ENO.

```
CODE:
```

```
INDEX.HTML
<html>
    <body>
          <form action="emp.jsp" >
              ENTER EMPLOYEE NUMBER : <input type="text" name="emp_no" ><br>ENTER SALARY : <input type="text" name="salary" ><br><input type="reset" value="RESET" ><input type="submit"
value="SUBMIT">
          </form>
     </body>
</html>
EMP.JSP
<%@page contentType="text/html" import="java.sql.*" %>
<html>
     <body>
         <h1>UPDATING EMPLOYEE RECORD</h1>
              String eno = request.getParameter("emp_no");
              String sal = request.getParameter("salary");
                   Class.forName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver");
                   Connection con =
DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/vinitx67?autoReconnect=true&useSSL=false","root","67Xvinit2021");
                   PreparedStatement stmt = con.prepareStatement("select * from
employee where eno=?");
     stmt.setString(1, eno);
                   ResultSet rs = stmt.executeQuery();
                   if (rs.next()) {
                        out.println("<h1> EMPLOYEE " + rs.getString("eno") + "
EXIST </h1>");
PreparedStatement pst = con.prepareStatement("update
employee set sal=? where eno=?");
                        pst.setString(1, sal);
                        pst.setString(2, eno);
                        pst.executeUpdate();
                        out.println("<h1>EMPLOYEE RECORDS UPDATED !!!</h1>");
                   else
                        out.println("<h1>EMPLOYEE RECORD DOES NOT EXIST
!!!</h1>");
                   }
              catch (Exception e)
                   out.println(e);
     </body>
</html>
OUTPUT:
 ENTER EMPLOYEE NUMBER: 1
 ENTER SALARY: 100000
 RESET | SUBMIT
```



UPDATING EMPLOYEE RECORD EMPLOYEE 1 EXIST EMPLOYEE RECORDS UPDATED !!!



Q.5 B) CREATE A JSP PAGE TO DEMONSTRATE THE USE OF EXPRESSION LANGUAGE.

CODE:

YOUR GENDER IS: male

```
INDEX.HTML
<html>
      <head>
           <title>JSP PAGE</title>
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
     </head>
     <body>
           <form action="info.jsp">
    ENTER YOUR NAME : <input type= "text" name="uname"><br>
                 ENTER YOUR EMAIL ID : <input type="text" name="em"><br/>ENTER YOUR AGE : <input type="text" name="ag"><br/>SELECT GENDER : <input type="radio" name="gender"
value="male">MALE
                 <input type="radio" name="gender" value="female">FEMALE
<input type="radio" name="gender" value="other">OTHER<br>
                 <input type= "submit" value="SUBMIT">
           </form>
      </body>
</html>
INFO.JSP
<%@page contentType="text/html" pageEncoding="UTF-8"%>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
     <head>
           <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=UTF-8">
           <title>JSP PAGE</title>
     </head>
      <body>
         YOUR NAME IS: ${param.uname}<br>
YOUR EMAIL IS: ${param.em}<br>
YOUR AGE IS: ${param.ag}<br>
YOUR GENDER IS: ${param.gender}
      </body>
</html>
OUTPUT:
ENTER YOUR NAME : abc
ENTER YOUR EMAIL ID : abc@gmail.com
ENTER YOUR AGE: 18
 SELECT GENDER: ● MALE ○ FEMALE ○ OTHER
 SUBMIT
YOUR NAME IS: abc
YOUR EMAIL IS: abc@gmail.com
YOUR AGE IS: 18
```

Q.5 C) CREATE A JSP APPLICATION TO DEMONSTRATE THE USE OF JSTL.

```
CODE:
```

```
INDEX.HTML
```

```
ADD JSTL JAR FILE ( http://www.java2s.com/Code/Jar/j/Downloadjstl12jar.htm )
<html>
     <head>
          <title>JSP APPLICATION FOR USE OF JSTL</title>
          <meta charset="UTF-8"
          <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
     </head>
     <body>
          <a href="satDemo.jsp"> SetDemo</a><br><a href="Maxif.html"> Maxif</a><br>
          <a href="forEachDemo.jsp"> ForEachDemo</a><br><a href=" outDemo.jsp "> OutDemo</a><br>
          <a href="forEachDemo.jsp"> ForEachDemo</a><br><a href="forEachDemo.jsp"> OutDemo</a><br><a href="forEachDemo.jsp"> URLDemo</a><br><a href="choose_when_otherwise.jsp"> choose_when_otherwise</a><br>
     </body>
</html>
SATDEMO.JSP
<%@page contentType="text/html" pageEncoding="UTF-8"%>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
     <head>
          <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=UTF-8">
          <title>SET DEMO</title>
     </head>
     <body>
          <%@taglib prefix="c" uri="http://java.sun.com/jstl/core" %>
<c:set var="pageTitle" scope="application"</pre>
                   value="INDIAN PREMIERE LEAGUE: REGISTRATION" />
          ${pageTitle}
     </body>
</html>
MAXIF.HTML
<html>
     <head>
          <title>MAX IF</title> <meta charset="UTF-8">
          <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
     </head>
     <body>
          <form action ="IFDemo.jsp">
    x=<input type="text" name="x" /><br>
    y=<input type="text" name="y" /><br>
    <input type="submit" value="Check Max" />
          </form>
     </body>
</html>
IFDEMO.JSP
<%@page contentType="text/html" pageEncoding="UTF-8"%>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
          <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=UTF-8">
          <title>IF DEMO</title>
     </head>
          <c:out value="${x} is greater than ${y}"/>
          </c:if>
     </body>
</html>
```

```
FOREACHDEMO.JSP
```

```
<%@page contentType="text/html" pageEncoding="UTF-8"%>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
    <head>
        <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=UTF-8">
        <title>FOR EACH DEMO</title>
    </head>
    <body>
        <%@taglib prefix="c" uri="http://java.sun.com/jsp/jstl/core" %>
<c:forEach begin="1" end="10" var="i">
             The Square of <c:out value=" ${i}=${i*i}"/><br>
         </c:forEach>
    </body>
</html>
OUTDEMO.JSP
<%@page contentType="text/html" pageEncoding="UTF-8"%>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
    <head>
        <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=UTF-8">
        <title>OUT DEMO</title>
    </head>
    <body>
        <%@taglib prefix="c" uri="http://java.sun.com/jsp/jstl/core" %>
        <c:set var="name" value="ABC"/>
        My name is: <c:out value= "${name}" />
    </body>
</html>
URLDEMO.JSP
<%@page contentType="text/html" pageEncoding="UTF-8"%>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
    <head>
        <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=UTF-8">
        <title>URL DEMO</title>
    </head>
    <body>
        <%@taglib prefix="c" uri="http://java.sun.com/jsp/jstl/core" %>
         <c:url value="/index.html"/>
    </body>
</html>
CHOOSE WHEN OTHERWISE.JSP
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
        <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=UTF-8">
        <title>CHOOSE WHEN OTHERWISE</title>
    </head>
    <body>
        <%@taglib prefix="c" uri="http://java.sun.com/jsp/jstl/core" %>
<c:set var="income" value="${40000*4}"/>
        YOUR INCOME IS : <c:out value="${income}"/>
        <c:choose>
             <c:when test="${income <=1000}">
                 INCOME IS NOT GOOD !!!
             </c:when>
                 <c:when test="${income > 10000}">
                     INCOME IS VERY GOOD !!!
                 </c:when>
                     <c:otherwise>
                          INCOME IS UNDETERMINED !!!
                     </c:otherwise>
         </c:choose>
    </body>
</htm1>
```

OUTPUT:

<u>SetDemo</u>

<u>Maxif</u>

ForEachDemo

OutDemo

<u>URLDemo</u>

choose when otherwise

INDIAN PREMIERE LEAGUE: REGISTRATION

x= 111 y= 11 Check Max

The Ans is:

111 is greater than 11

The Square of 1=1

The Square of 2=4

The Square of 3=9

The Square of 4=16

The Square of 5=25

The Square of 6=36

The Square of 7=49

The Square of 8=64

The Square of 9=81

The Square of 10=100

My name is: ABC

/EJ_PRACTICAL_5C/index.html

YOUR INCOME IS: 160000 INCOME IS VERY GOOD!!!

YOUR INCOME IS: 400 INCOME IS NOT GOOD!!!

YOUR INCOME IS: 1600 INCOME IS UNDETERMINED!!!

PRACTICAL 6

IMPLEMENT THE FOLLOWING EJB APPLICATIONS.

Q.6 A) CREATE A CURRENCY CONVERTER APPLICATION USING EJB.

CODE:

```
INDEX.HTML
```

STEP 1:

Create a **Session Bean** Named as **CCBean** in the **Package** Named **ejb**. Select the option **Stateless** and click on **Local** Interface.

Here you will find **Two** files Created in the ejb Package Named as **CCBean.java** and **CCBeanLocal.java**

CCBEANLOCAL.JAVA

```
package mybeans;
import javax.ejb.Local;
@Local
public interface CCBeanLocal
    public double r2Dollar(double r);
    public double d2Rupees(double d);
CCBEAN.JAVA
package mybeans;
import javax.ejb.Stateless;
@Stateless
public class CCBean implements CCBeanLocal
    public double r2Dollar(double r)
        return r/81.5;
    public double d2Rupees(double d)
        return d*81.5;
}
```

STEP 2:

Create a Servlet file Named as ccservlet.java.

CCSERVLET.JAVA

```
package mypackage;
import java.io.*;
import java.io.PrintWriter;
import javax.servlet.*;
import javax.servlet.http.*;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
import javax.ejb.EJB;
import mybeans.CCBeanLocal;
public class CCServlet extends HttpServlet {
     @EJB CCBeanLocal obj;
     protected void processRequest(HttpServletRequest request,
HttpServletResponse response)
          throws ServletException, IOException {
response.setContentType("text/html;charset=UTF-8");
try (PrintWriter out = response.getWriter()) {
               double amt = Double.parseDouble(request.getParameter("amt"));
               if(request.getParameter("type").equals("r2d"))
                    out.println("<h1>"+amt+ " Rupees = "+obj.r2Dollar(amt)+"
Dollars</h1>"):
               if(request.getParameter("type").equals("d2r"))
                    out.println("<h1>"+amt+ " Dollars = "+obj.d2Rupees(amt)+"
Rupees</h1>
          }
     }
OUTPUT:
ENTER AMOUNT: 999
SELECT CONVERSION TYPE O Rupees TO Dollar O Dollar TO Rupees
Reset | CONVERT
```

999.0 Dollars = 81418.5 Rupees

ENTER AMOUNT : 999				
SELECT CONVERSION TYPE	Rupees TO	Dollar	O Dollar TO	Rupees
Reset CONVERT				

999.0 Rupees = 12.257668711656441 Dollars

Q.6 B) DEVELOP A SIMPLE ROOM RESERVATION SYSTEM APPLICATION USING EJB CODE:

```
INDEX.HTML
<html>
    <head>
        <title>ROOM RESERVATION SYSTEM</title><meta charset="UTF-8">
        <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
    </head>
    <body>
        </form>
    </body>
</htm1>
ROOMBEANLOCAL.JAVA
package ejb;
import javax.ejb.Local;
@Local
public interface RoomBeanLocal {
    public int checkin(int no);
    public int checkout(int no);
}
ROOMBEAN.JAVA
package ejb;
import javax.ejb.Stateless;
import java.sql.*;
@Stateless
public class RoomBean implements RoomBeanLocal {
   public int checkin(int no) {
       try
            Class.forName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver");
           Connection
Statement st=con.createStatement();
           ResultSet rs=st.executeQuery(sql1);
           rs.next();
            int total=rs.getInt(1);
            int occ=rs.getInt(2);
            int free=total-occ
           System.out.println(total);
            System.out.println(free);
           if (free>=no)
            {
               String sql2="update rooms set occ=?";
               PreparedStatement ps=con.prepareStatement(sql2);
               ps.setInt(1, occ+no);
               int res=ps.executeUpdate();
               return res;
           else return 0;
        catch(Exception e)
           return 0;
    public int checkout(int no) {
        try
            Class.forName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver");
```

```
Connection
Statement st=con.createStatement();
             ResultSet rs=st.executeQuery(sql1);
             rs.next();
             int total=rs.getInt(1);
             int occ=rs.getInt(2);
             if (occ>=no)
                 String sql2="update rooms set occ=?";
                 PreparedStatement ps=con.prepareStatement(sql2);
                 ps.setInt(1, occ-no);
                 int res=ps.executeUpdate();
                 return res;
            else return 0;
        catch(Exception e)
             return 0;
        }
    }
ROOMCLIENT.JAVA
package servlet;
import ejb.RoomBeanLocal;
import java.io.*;
import javax.ejb.EJB;
import javax.servlet.*;
import javax.servlet.http.*;
import javax.servlet.annotation.*;
@webServlet(name = "RoomClient", urlPatterns = {"/RoomClient"})
public class RoomClient extends HttpServlet {
    @EJB RoomBeanLocal obj;
    protected void doPost(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse
response)
        throws ServletException, IOException {
response.setContentType("text/html");
        PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
        try
             int no=Integer.parseInt(request.getParameter("t1"));
             String b=request.getParameter("btn");
             int res=0;
             if(b.equals("CheckIn"))
                 res=obj.checkin(no);
                 if (res==1)
                     out.println(no + " rooms check-in");
             if(b.equals("CheckOut"))
                 res=obj.checkout(no);
                 if (res==1)
                     out.println(no + " rooms check-out");
                 out.println("Not possible to do Check IN / OUT");
             out.println("<br><a href=index.html> Back </a>"
        finally {
            out.close();
    }
}
```

OUTPUT: NUMBER OF ROOMS 67 CheckIn CheckOut 67 rooms check-in Back NUMBER OF ROOMS 50 CheckIn CheckOut Not possible to do Check IN / OUT Back | NUMBER OF ROOMS 50 CheckIn CheckOut 50 rooms check-out Back NUMBER OF ROOMS 101 CheckIn CheckOut Not possible to do Check IN / OUT Back SELECT * FROM rooms LIMIT... × Max. rows: 100 | Fetched Rows: 1 Matching Rows:

Q.6 C) DEVELOP SIMPLE SHOPPING CART APPLICATION USING EJB [STATEFUL SESSION BEAN]. CODE:

INDEX.HTML

STEP 1 CREATING APPLICATION

File → New project → java Web → Web Application → **Prac6CShoppingCartApp** → Select Use Dedicated Folder for Storing Libraries - Finish.

STEP 2: CREATING A STATEFUL SESSION BEAN

Source Package → New → Other → Enterprise java Beans → Session Bean → Next → New Session Bean → ejb Name: → ShoppingCart → Package: → ejb → Session Type Option → Stateful → Finish.

SHOPPINGCART.JAVA

```
package ejb;
       import java.sql.*;
       import java.util.*;
       import javax.ejb.*;
       @Stateful
       public class ShoppingCart
{ List<String> contents; String customerName; private Connection conn = null; private ResultSet rs;
private Statement stmt = null; private String query = null; public void initialize(String person) \{ if (person != null) \{
       customerName = person; try {
       Class.forName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver").newInstance();
conn = DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/cartdb",
"root"
       "tiger");
} catch(ClassNotFoundException | IllegalAccessException |
InstantiationException | SQLException e) {
       System.err.println("Sorry failed to connect to the Database." +
e.getMessage());
       }
       }
       contents = new ArrayList<>();
       }
       public void addBook(String title) {
       try {
       stmt = conn.createStatement();
       query = "INSERT INTO cart VALUES('" + customerName + "','" + title +
"')"; stmt.executeUpdate(query);
       } catch(SQLException e) {
       System.err.println("Sorry failed to insert values from the database
          + e getMessage());
table.
       }
       }
```

```
public void removeBook(String title) {
       try {
       stmt = conn.createStatement();
query = "DELETE FROM cart WHERE UserName='" + customerName + "' AND
ItemName='" + title + "'";
       stmt.executeUpdate(query);
       } catch(SQLException e) {
       System.err.println("Sorry failed to delete values from the database
          + e getMessage());
table.
       public List<String> getContents() {
       try {
       stmt = conn.createStatement();
       query = "SELECT * FROM cart WHERE UserName='" + customerName + "'";
       rs = stmt.executeQuery(query);
       while(rs.next()) {
       contents.add(rs.getString("ItemName"));
       } catch(SQLException e) {
       System.err.println("Sorry failed to select values from the database
  " + e.getMessage());
table.
       }
       return contents;
       }
       @Remove()
       public void remove() {
       contents = null;
       }
STEP 3: CREATING A WEB CLIENT USING INDEX.JSP
Right Click on Web Pages \rightarrow New \rightarrow JSP \rightarrow Filename \rightarrow Index \rightarrow Finish.
<%@page import="java.util.Iterator, java.util.List,
javax.naming.InitialContext, ejb.ShoppingCart"%>
<%@page contentType="text/html" pageEncoding="UTF-8"%>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<%!
private static ShoppingCart cart;
public void jspInit() {
try {
```

```
InitialContext ic = new InitialContext();
cart = (ShoppingCart)
ic.lookup("java:global/Prac6CShoppingCartApp/ShoppingCart"); } catch
(Exception ex) {
System.out.println("Could not create cart bean." + ex.getMessage());
}
}
%>
<%
if(request.getParameter("txtCustomerName") != null) {
cart.initialize(request.getParameter("txtCustomerName")); } else {
cart.initialize("Guest");
}
if (request.getParameter("btnRmvBook") != null) {
String books[] = request.getParameterValues("chkBook"); if (books != null) {
for (int i=0; i<books.length; i++) {
cart.removeBook(books[i]);
}
}
}
if (request.getParameter("btnAddBook") != null) {
String books[] = request.getParameterValues("chkBook"); if (books != null) { for (int i=0; i<books.length; i++) {
cart.addBook(books[i]);
}
}
}
%>
<html>
<head>
<meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=UTF-8">
<title>Shopping Cart</title>
</head>
<body style="background-color: pink;">
<h1 style="text-align: center;">Books For Sale</h1><br>
<form method="post">
Customer Name: <input type="text" name="txtCustomerName" value=<%=
request.getParameter("txtCustomerName")%> /><br>
<b>Book Titles</b><br>
<input type="checkbox" name="chkBook" value="Struts 2.0 For Beginners">Struts
2.0 For Beginners<br>
```

```
<input type="checkbox" name="chkBook" value="Oracle 11g For
Professionals">Oracle 11g For Professionals<br/><br/>
<input type="checkbox" name="chkBook" value="Hibernate 3 For
Beginners">Hibernate 3 For Beginners<bre>
<input type="checkbox" name="chkBook" value="Java Persistence API In EJB 3 For
Beginners">Java Persistence API In EJB 3 For Beginners
<br>
<input type='submit' value='Add To My Basket' name='btnAddBook'>
<input type='submit' value='Remove From My Basket'</pre>
name='btnRmvBook'><br><br><br>
if(cart!=null)
{
out.print("<b>Basket</b><br>");
List<String> bookList = cart.getContents();
Iterator iterator = bookList.iterator();
while (iterator.hasNext())
{
String title = (String) iterator.next();
%>
<%= title %><br>
<%
}
}
%>
</form>
</body>
</html>
```

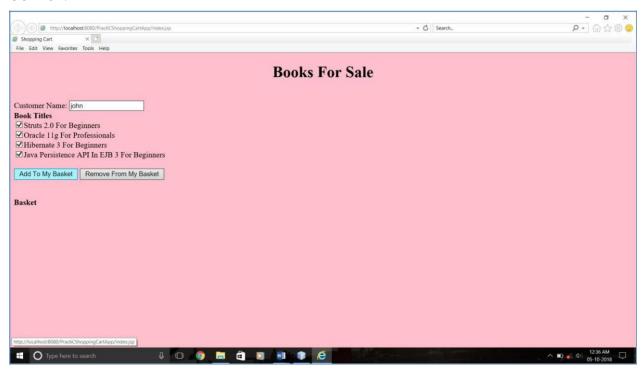
STEP 4: CREATE DATABASE AND DATABASE TABLE

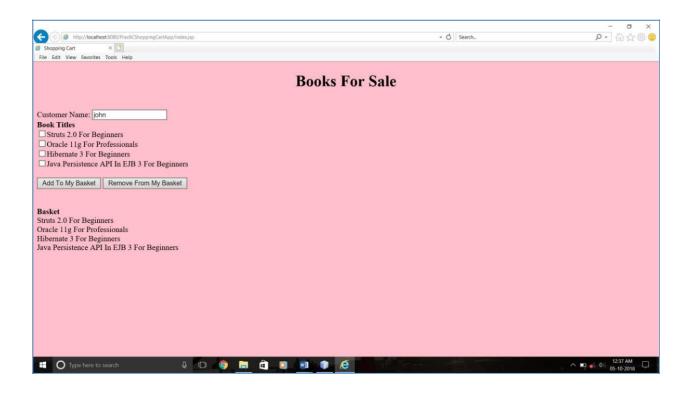
Services → Create Database → cartdb → Select cartdb → Right Click → Create Table → Cart \rightarrow UserName varchar 35, ItemName varchar 50 \rightarrow Finish.

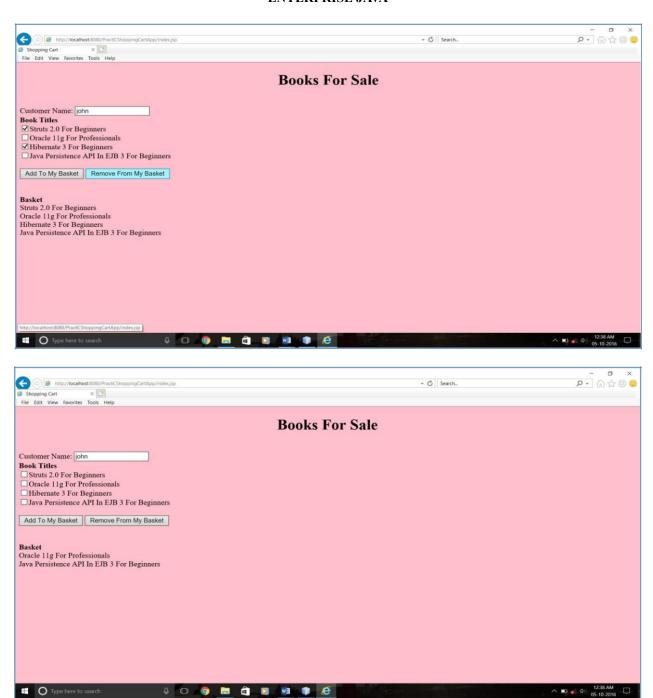
STEP 5: ADD MYSQL CONNECTOR TO THE LIBRARY UNDER PROJECT TAB.

STEP 6: BUILD AND RUN THE APPLICATION.

OUTPUT:







PRACTICAL 7

IMPLEMENT THE FOLLOWING EJB APPLICATIONS WITH DIFFERENT TYPES OF BEANS.

Q.7 A) DEVELOP SIMPLE EJB APPLICATION TO DEMONSTRATE SERVLET HIT COUNT USING SINGLETON SESSION BEANS.

CODE:

STEP 1:

Java Web → Web Application → **Pract7AServletHitsSingltonApp** → Finish.

INDEX.HTML

STEP 2:

Create a Session Bean Named as CountServletHitsBean \rightarrow Select Singleton \rightarrow Package Name as ejb (do not select Local or Remote).

COUNTSERVLETHITSBEAN.JAVA

```
package ejb;
import javax.ejb.Singleton;
@Singleton
public class CountServletHitsBean
{
    private int hitCount;
    public synchronized int getCount()
    {
        return hitCount++;
    }
}
```

STEP 3: CREATE A SERVLET FILE

SERVLETCLIENT.JAVA

```
package servlet;
import ejb.CountServletHitsBean;
import javax.ejb.EJB;
import java.io.*;
import java.io.PrintWriter;
import javax.servlet.*;
import javax.servlet.http.*;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
public class ServletClient extends HttpServlet {
     @EJB CountServletHitsBean obj;
     protected void processRequest(HttpServletRequest request,
HttpServletResponse response)
               throws ServletException, IOException
     {
          response.setContentType("text/html;charset=UTF-8");
          try (PrintWriter out = response.getWriter())
               out.print("<b>NUMBER OF TIMES THIS SERVLET IS ACCESSED : </b>
"+obj.getCount());
          }
     }
}
```

OUTPUT:

CLICK HERE

NUMBER OF TIMES THIS SERVLET IS ACCESSED: 6

Q.7 B) DEVELOP SIMPLE EJB APPLICATION TO DEMONSTRATE SERVLET HIT COUNT USING SINGLETON SESSION BEANS.

CODE:

INDEX.HTML

STEP 1:

Web → Web Application → **Pract7BVisitorStatisticsMDBApp** → Select Dedicated Folders For Storing Libraries → **Finish**.

INDEX.JSP

```
<%@page import="javax.jms.JMSException"%>
<%@page import="javax.naming.InitialContext"%>
<%@page import="javax.jms.Connection"%>
<%@page import="javax.jms.TextMessage"%>
<%@page import="javax.jms.MessageProducer"%>
<%@page import="javax.jms.Session"%>
<%@page import="javax.jms.Queue"%>
<%@page import="javax.jms.ConnectionFactory"%>
<%@page contentType="text/html" pageEncoding="UTF-8"%>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<%!
private static ConnectionFactory
connectionFactory; private static Queue
queue; Connection connection=null;
Session mySession=null:
MessageProducer messageProducer=null;
TextMessage message=null;
%>
<html>
  <head>
   <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html;</pre>
   charset=UTF-8"> <title>JSP Page</title>
  </head>
  <body>
   Welcome to My Home Page
   <%
   try{
     InitialContext ic= new InitialContext(); queue=
     (Queue)ic.lookup("jms/Queue");
     connectionFactory=(ConnectionFactory)ic.lookup("jms/Queu
     eFactory");
     connection= connectionFactory.createConnection();
     mySession=connection.createSession(false,
     Session.AUTO_ACKNOWLEDGE);
     messageProducer=mySession.createProducer(queue);
     message=mySession.createTextMessage();
```

```
message.setText(request.getRemoteAddr());
     messageProducer.send(message);
   }
   catch(JMSException e)
   {
   System.out.println("Exception Occoured "+e.toString());
   }
   %>
  </body>
</html>
STEP2: Create a Database Name visitorstat → Create Table Name → userstat → Column
Names:
Firstvisitdt – timestamp
Hostname – varchar 30 Primary Key
Visits – int
STEP 3: Create a Session Bean Named as VisitorStatBean → Select Stateless → Package
Name as ejb, (do not select Local / Remote).
VISITORSTATBEAN
package ejb;
import java.sql.*;
import javax.annotation.PostConstruct;
import javax.annotation.PreDestroy;
import javax.ejb.Stateless;
@Stateless
public class VisitorStatBean {
private Connection conn=null;
private ResultSet rs;
private Statement st=null;
private String query =null;
@PostConstruct
public void connect()
{
try {
Class.forName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver").newInstance();
conn=DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost/visitorstat", "root",
"tiger");
catch (Exception e)
 System.err.println(e.getMessage());
}
}
```

```
@PreDestroy
public void disconnect()
try {
conn.close();
} catch (Exception e) {
System.err.println(e.getMessage());
}
}
public void addVisitor(String host)
{
try {
st= conn.createStatement();
query="insert into userstat (hostname, visits) values ('"+host+"', '1')";
st.executeUpdate(query);
}
catch (SQLException e)
try {
st=conn.createStatement();
query="update userstat set visits=visits+1 where hostname='"+host+"' ";
st executeUpdate(query);
catch (SQLException ex) {
System.err.println("Cannot Update"+e.getMessage());
STEP 4: Right click on Source Packages → Select New → Other → Enterprise Java Bean
→ MessageDrivenBean → EJB Name: BasicMessageBean → Package: ejb → Select
Project Destination → Click on Add Button → Destination Name: jms/Queue →
Destination Type select the option Queue \rightarrow click on OK \rightarrow Click on Next \rightarrow Activation
Configuration Properties should be as it is. → Click on Finish.
package ejb;
import javax.annotation.Resource;
import javax.ejb.ActivationConfigProperty;
import javax.ejb.EJB;
import javax.ejb.MessageDriven;
import javax.ejb.MessageDrivenContext;
```

```
import javax.jms.JMSException;
import javax.jms.Message;
import javax.jms.MessageListener;
import javax.jms.TextMessage;
@MessageDriven(activationConfig = {
@ActivationConfigProperty(propertyName = "destinationLookup", propertyValue =
"jms/Queue"), @ActivationConfigProperty(propertyName = "destinationType",
propertyValue =
"javax.jms.Queue")
public class BasicMessageBean implements MessageListener { @EJB
VisitorStatBean vs;
@Resource
private MessageDrivenContext mdc;
public BasicMessageBean() {
}
@override
public void onMessage(Message message) {
try {
if(message instanceof TextMessage){
TextMessage msg= (TextMessage) message;
vs.addVisitor(msg.getText());
}
}
catch (JMSException e) {
mdc.setRollbackOnly();
```

STEP 5:

Before Deploying and Running the Application, **Glassfish Server Setting** is Required. Browse the Path:

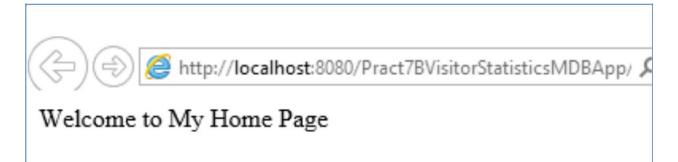
Localhost:4848 on any Browser.

Find Resources → Connectors → Connector Resources Double click on Connector Resources → click on 'New' Button → Write JNDI name as → ims/QueryFactory.

Find Admin Object Resources and Double click on that \rightarrow click on 'New' Button \rightarrow Write JNDI Name as \rightarrow ims/Queue.

Now run index.jsp file.

OUTPUT:



Q.7 C) DEVELOP SIMPLE MARKS ENTRY APPLICATION TO DEMONSTRATE ACCESSING DATABASE USING EJB.

CODE:

INDEX.HTML

STEP 1: Create Web Application as **pract7CMarksApp**.

STEP 2: Create Database marksdb

STEP 3: Create Tables marks in marksdb Database as:

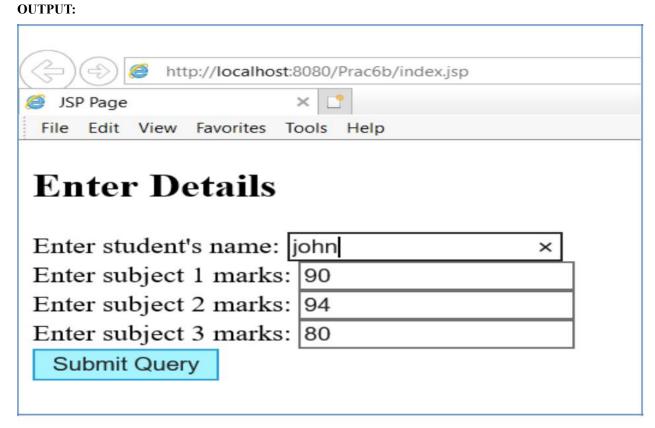
create table marks (id int primary key auto_increment, sname varchar(35), marks1 int, marks2 int, marks3 int);

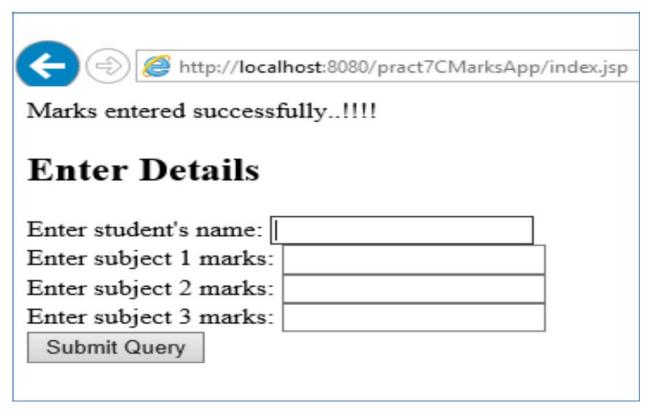
INDEX.JSP

```
<%@page import="ejb.MarksEntryBean"%>
<%@page import="javax.naming.InitialContext"%>
<%@page contentType="text/html" pageEncoding="UTF-8"%>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<%!
private static MarksEntryBean obj;
public void jspInit()
{
try
{
InitialContext ic=new InitialContext();
obj=(MarksEntryBean)ic.lookup("java:global/Pract7CMarksApp/MarksEntryBean");
}
catch(Exception e)
System.out.println(e);
}
}
%>
<%
if(request.getParameter("InsertMarks")!=null)
String sname;
int marks1, marks2, marks3;
sname = request.getParameter("sname");
marks1=Integer.parseInt(request.getParameter("m1"));
marks2=Integer.parseInt(request.getParameter("m2"));
obj.addMarks(sname,marks1,marks2,marks3); out.print("Marks entered successfully..!!!!");
%>
```

```
<html>
<head>
<meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=UTF-8"> <title>JSP
Page</title>
</head>
<body>
<h2>Enter Details</h2>
<form name="result" method="post">
Enter student's name: <input type='text' name="sname" /><br>
Enter subject 1 marks: <input type='text' name="m1" /><br>
Enter subject 2 marks: <input type='text' name="m2" /><br> Enter subject 3 marks: <input type='text' name="m3" /><br> <input type='submit' name="InsertMarks" /><br>
</form>
</body>
</html>
STEP 4:
Create Stateful java Bean as Select Source Package → Session Bean → Class Name →
MarksEntryBean \rightarrow Package \rightarrow ejb \rightarrow bean type \rightarrow stateful \rightarrow don't select Local /
Remote \rightarrow finish.
MARKSENTRYBEAN.JAVA
package ejb;
import java.sql.*;
import javax.ejb.Stateful;
@Stateful
public class MarksEntryBean {
String sname;
int m1, m2, m3;
Connection con=null;
Statement st=null;
String query="";
public void addMarks(String sname,int m1,int m2,int m3)
{
try
class.forName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver");
con=DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/marksdb",
"root","tiger");
st=con.createStatement();
query="insert into marks (sname,marks1,marks2,marks3) values
('"+sname+"','"+m1+"','"+m2+"','"+m3+"')";
st.executeUpdate(query);
System.out.print("Marks entered sucessfully!!");
```

```
}
catch(Exception e){System.out.println(e);}
}
```





PRACTICAL 9

IMPLEMENT THE FOLLOWING JPA APPLICATIONS WITH ORM AND HIBERNATE.

 $\ensuremath{\text{Q.9}}\ \ensuremath{\text{A}})$ DEVELOP A JPA APPLICATION TO DEMONSTRATE USE OF ORM ASSOCIATIONS.

```
CODE:
```

INDEX.HTML

```
<html>
<head>
<title>TODO supply a title</title>
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
</head>
<body>
<form action="userview.jsp" >
Name <input type="text" name="uname" maxlength="20"><br> User Type <input type="text" name="utype" maxlength="20">
<br><input type="submit" value="submit">
</form>
</body>
</html>
USERVIEW.JSP
</@page import="java.util.List"%>
<%@page import="java.util.Iterator"%>
</@page import="hibernate.User"%>
<%!
SessionFactory sf;
org.hibernate.Session ss;
List<hibernate.User> User;
%>
<%
sf = new Configuration().configure().buildSessionFactory();
ss= sf.openSession();
Transaction tx=null:
User ur=new User();
try
tx=ss.beginTransaction();
String uname=request.getParameter("uname");
String utype=request.getParameter("utype");
```

```
ur.setUname(uname);
ur.setUtype(utype);
ss.save(ur);
tx.commit();
}
catch(Exception e){ out.println("Error"+e.getMessage()); }
try
{
ss.beginTransaction();
User=ss.createQuery("from User").list();
}
catch(Exception e){ }
%>
<html>
<head>
<title>Guest View</title>
</head>
<body>
Guest View
Click here to go <a href="index.html"> BACK </a> <br><br>
<%
Iterator it=User.iterator();
while(it.hasNext())
user eachrecord=(User)it.next();
out.print(eachrecord.getUid()+" ");
out.print(eachrecord.getUname()+"<br>");
out.print(eachrecord.getUtype()+"<br></r>);
}
%>
</body>
</html>
HIBERNATE.REVENGE.XML
<hibernate-reverse-engineering>
<schema-selection match-catalog="userdb"/>
<table-filter match-name="user"/>
</hibernate-reverse-engineering>
```

HIBERNATE.CFG.XML

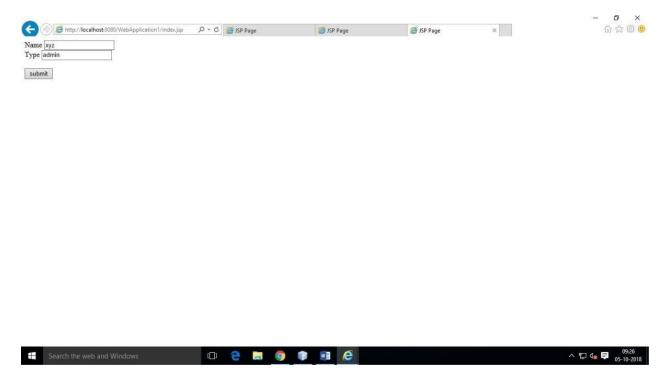
```
<hibernate-configuration>
<session-factory>
cproperty
name="hibernate.dialect">org.hibernate.dialect.MySQLDialect</property>
name="hibernate.dialect">org.hibernate.dialect.MySQLDialect</property>
cproperty
name="hibernate.connection.url">jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/userdb?zeroDateTim
eBehavior=conve
rtToNull</property>
</session-factory>
</hibernate-configuration>
USER.HBM.XML
<hibernate-mapping>
<class optimistic-lock="version" catalog="userdb" table="user"
name="hibernate.User">
<id name="uid" type="java.lang.Integer">
<column name="uid"/>
<generator class="identity"/>
</id>
cproperty name="uname" type="string">
<column name="uname" length="20"/>
</property>
cproperty name="utype" type="string">
<column name="utype" length="100"/>
</property>
</class>
</hibernate-mapping>
USER.JAVA
package hibernate;
public class User implements java.io.Serializable {
private Integer uid;
private String uname;
private String utype;
public User() {
public User(String uname, String utype) {
this.uname = uname;
this.utype = utype;
}
public Integer getUid() {
```

```
return this.uid;
}
public void setUid(Integer uid) {
this.uid = uid;
}
public String getUname()
return this.uname;
public void setUname(String uname)
this.uname = uname;
public String getUtype()
{
return this.utype;
}
public void setUtype(String utype)
{
this.utype = utype;
}
}
OUTPUT:
```









Q.9 B) DEVELOP A HIBERNATE APPLICATION TO STORE FEEDBACK OF WEBSITE VISITOR IN MYSQL DATABASE.

CODE:

INDEX.HTML

HIBERNATE – FEEDBACK OF WEBSITE VISITOR (ON INDEX PAPER)

STEP 1: MYSQL COMMAND: -

Select Services → Right click on Database → Connect → Password → ok → Again Right click on Database → Create Database → db → ok. Expand db → Select and Right Click table → click on Execute command →

Create table guestbook (no int primary key auto_increment, name varchar(20), msg varchar(100), dt varchar(40));

STEP 2: CREATE A HIBERNATE PROJECT: -

File \rightarrow New Project \rightarrow Java Web \rightarrow Web application \rightarrow Next \rightarrow give the project name \rightarrow browse the location as required \rightarrow select the checkbox \rightarrow "dedicated folder for storing libraries" \rightarrow Next Select glassfish server \rightarrow next Select frame work \rightarrow Hibernate \rightarrow select the respective database connection \rightarrow finish.

STEP 3: ADDING REVERSE ENGINEERING FILE:-

Right click on Project \rightarrow new \rightarrow other \rightarrow select Hibernate \rightarrow Hibernate Reverse Engineering wizard file type \rightarrow next \rightarrow file name (hibernate.reveng), folder \rightarrow click on browse and select src \rightarrow java \rightarrow next \rightarrow select guestbook table name from the available tables option \rightarrow click add (select the checkbox – include related files) \rightarrow finish.

STEP 4: ADDING HIBERNATE MAPPING FILES AND POJOS FROM DATABASE FILE TYPE:-

Right click on Project \rightarrow new \rightarrow other \rightarrow select Hibernate \rightarrow Hibernate mapping files and POJOs from Database file type) \rightarrow next \rightarrow keep the default configuration file name file name (hibernate.cfg) and Hibernate Reverse Engineering File (hibernate.reveng) \rightarrow type the package name (hibernate) \rightarrow finish.

STEP 5: CREATING JSP FILE:-

Right click on project \rightarrow new -> JSP \rightarrow filename \rightarrow guestbookview \rightarrow select radiobutton \rightarrow JSP file (Standard syntax) \rightarrow Finish.

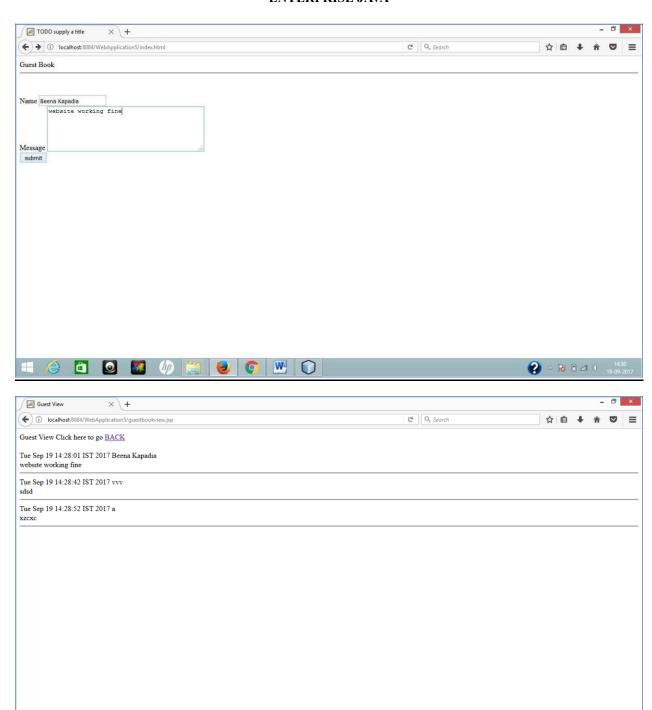
GUESTBOOK.JAVA

```
package hibernate;
public class Guestbook implements java.io.Serializable { private Integer no;
private String name;
private String msg;
private String dt;
public Guestbook() {
}
public Guestbook(String name, String msg, String dt) { this.name = name;
this.msg = msg;
this.dt = dt;
}
public Integer getNo() {
return this.no;
```

```
}
public void setNo(Integer no) {
this.no = no:
public String getName() {
return this.name;
}
public void setName(String name) {
this.name = name;
}
public String getMsg() {
return this.msg;
}
public void setMsg(String msg) {
this.msg = msg;
}
public String getDt() {
return this.dt;
}
public void setDt(String dt) {
this.dt = dt;
}
}
HIBERNATE.CFG.XML
<hibernate-configuration>
<session-factory>
property
name="hibernate.dialect">orq.hibernate.dialect.MySQLDialect</property>
property
name="hibernate.connection.driver_class">com.mysql.jdbc.Driver</property>
name="hibernate.connection.url">jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/db</property>
cproperty name="hibernate.connection.username">root</property>
cproperty name="hibernate.connection.password">root/property>
<mapping resource="hibernate/Guestbook.hbm.xml"/>
</session-factory>
</hibernate-configuration>
GUESTBOOK.HBM.XML
<hibernate-mapping>
<class name="hibernate.Guestbook" table="guestbook" catalog="db"> <id
name="no" type="java.lang.Integer"> <column name="no" />
<generator class="identity" />
</id>
cproperty name="name" type="string">
<column name="name" length="20" />
```

```
</property>
cproperty name="msg" type="string">
<column name="msg" length="100" />
</property>
cproperty name="dt" type="string">
<column name="dt" length="40" />
</property>
</class>
</hibernate-mapping>
INDEX.JSP
<html>
<head>
<title>Guest Book</title>
</head>
<body>
<form action="guestbookview.jsp" >
Name <input type="text" name="name" maxlength="20"><br>
Message <textarea rows="5" cols="40" maxlength="100" name="msg"></textarea>
<br><input type="submit" value="submit">
</form>
</body>
</html>
GUESTBOOKVIEW.JSP
<%@page import="org.hibernate.SessionFactory"%> <%@page</pre>
import="org.hibernate.Session"%> <%@page
import="org.hibernate.cfg.Configuration"%> <%@page
import="org.hibernate.Transaction"%> <%@page
import="java.util.List"%> <%@page
import="java.util.List"%> <%@page
import="java.util.List"%> <%@page
<%@page import="hibernate.Guestbook"%>
<%!
SessionFactory sf;
org.hibernate.Session ss;
List<hibernate.Guestbook> gbook;
%>
<%
sf = new Configuration().configure().buildSessionFactory();
ss= sf.openSession();
Transaction tx=null:
Guestbook gb=new Guestbook();
try
{
```

```
tx=ss.beginTransaction();
String name=request.getParameter("name");
String msg=request.getParameter("msg");
String dt=new java.util.Date().toString();
gb.setName(name);
gb.setMsg(msg);
gb.setDt(dt);
ss.save(gb);
tx.commit();
}
catch(Exception e){ out.println("Error"+e.getMessage()); } try
{ ss.beginTransaction();
gbook=ss.createQuery("from Guestbook").list();
catch(Exception e){ }
%>
<html>
<head>
<title>Guest View</title>
</head>
<body>
Guest View
Click here to go <a href="index.jsp"> BACK </a> <br><br>
      Iterator it=gbook.iterator();
while(it.hasNext())
{
Guestbook eachrecord=(Guestbook)it.next();
out.print(eachrecord.getDt()+" ");
out.print(eachrecord.getName()+"<br>");
out.print(eachrecord.getMsg()+"<br>>');
}
%>
</body>
</html>
OUTPUT:
```



2 - 14:30 19-09-2017

Q.9 C) DEVELOPA HIBERNATE APPLICATION TO STORE AND RETRIEVE EMPLOYEE DETAILS IN MYSQL DATABASE.

```
CODE:
```

```
INDEX.HTML
<html>
<head>
<title>Employee Details</title>
</head>
<body>
<form action="empview.jsp" >
Name <input type="text" name="name" maxlength="20"><br>
Salary <input type="text" name="salary" maxlength="20"><br>
Designation <input type="text" name="designation" maxlength="20">
<br><input type="submit" value="submit">
</form>
</body>
</html>
EMPVIEW.JSP
<%@page import="org.hibernate.SessionFactory"%> <%@page</pre>
import="org.hibernate.Session"%> <%@page
import="org.hibernate.Cfg.Configuration"%> <%@page
import="org.hibernate.cfg.Configuration"%> <%@page
import="org.hibernate.Transaction"%> <%@page import="java.util.List"%> <%@page
import="java.util.Iterator"%>

**@page import="bibernate.Transaction"%>

**@page import="java.util.Iterator"%>
<%@page import="hibernate.Emp"%>
<%!
SessionFactory sf;
org.hibernate.Session ss;
List<hibernate.Emp> Emplist;
%>
<%
sf = new Configuration().configure().buildSessionFactory();
ss= sf.openSession();
Transaction tx=null;
Emp em=new Emp();
try
{
tx=ss.beginTransaction();
String Name=request.getParameter("name");
String Salary=request.getParameter("salary");
String Designation=request.getParameter("designation");
System.out.print("Name ....."+Name+" "+Salary+" "+Designation);
```

```
em.setName(Name);
em.setSalary(Salary);
em.setDesignation(Designation);
System.out.print("set done .....");
ss.save(em);
System.out.print("save done .....");
tx.commit();
System.out.print("commit done .....");
}
catch(Exception e){ out.println("Error"+e.getMessage()); }
try
{
ss.beginTransaction();
Emplist=ss.createQuery("from Emp").list();
}
catch(Exception e){ }
%>
<html>
<head>
<title>Employee View</title>
</head>
<body>
Employee View
Click here to go <a href="index.html"> BACK </a> <br><br>
<%
Iterator it=Emplist.iterator();
while(it.hasNext())
Emp eachrecord=(Emp)it.next(); out.print(eachrecord.getName()+"<br>");
out.print(eachrecord.getSalary()+"<br>
out.print(eachrecord.getDesignation()+"<br></hr>"); }
%>
HIBERNATE.REVENGE.XML
<hibernate-reverse-engineering>
<schema-selection match-catalog="employeedb"/>
<table-filter match-name="emp"/>
</hibernate-reverse-engineering>
HIBERNATE1.CFG.XML
```

```
<hibernate-configuration>
<session-factory>
cproperty
name="hibernate.dialect">org.hibernate.dialect.MySQLDialect</property>
name="hibernate.connection.driver_class">com.mysql.jdbc.Driver
cproperty
name="hibernate.connection.url">jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/employeedb?zeroDat
eTimeBehavior=c
onvertToNull</property>
cproperty name="hibernate.connection.username">root
</session-factory>
</hibernate-configuration>
EMP.HBM.XML
<hibernate-mapping>
<class optimistic-lock="version" catalog="employeedb" table="emp"
ame="hibernate.Emp">
<id name="id" type="java.lang.Integer">
<column name="id"/>
<generator class="identity"/>
</id>
cproperty name="name" type="string">
<column name="name" length="20"/>
</property>
cproperty name="salary" type="string">
<column name="salary" length="20"/>
</property>
cproperty name="designation" type="string">
<column name="designation" length="20"/>
</property>
</class>
</hibernate-mapping>
EMP.JAVA
package hibernate;
public class Emp implements java.io.Serializable {
private Integer id;
private String name;
private String salary;
private String designation;
public Emp() { }
```

```
public Emp(String name, String salary, String designation) {
this.name = name;
this.salary = salary;
this.designation = designation;
}
public Integer getId() {
return this.id;
public void setId(Integer id) {
this.id = id;
public String getName() {
return this.name;
public void setName(String name) {
this.name = name;
}
public String getSalary() {
return this.salary;
}
public void setSalary(String salary) {
this.salary = salary;
public String getDesignation() {
return this.designation;
}
public void setDesignation(String designation) {
this.designation = designation;
}
}
OUTPUT:
```

