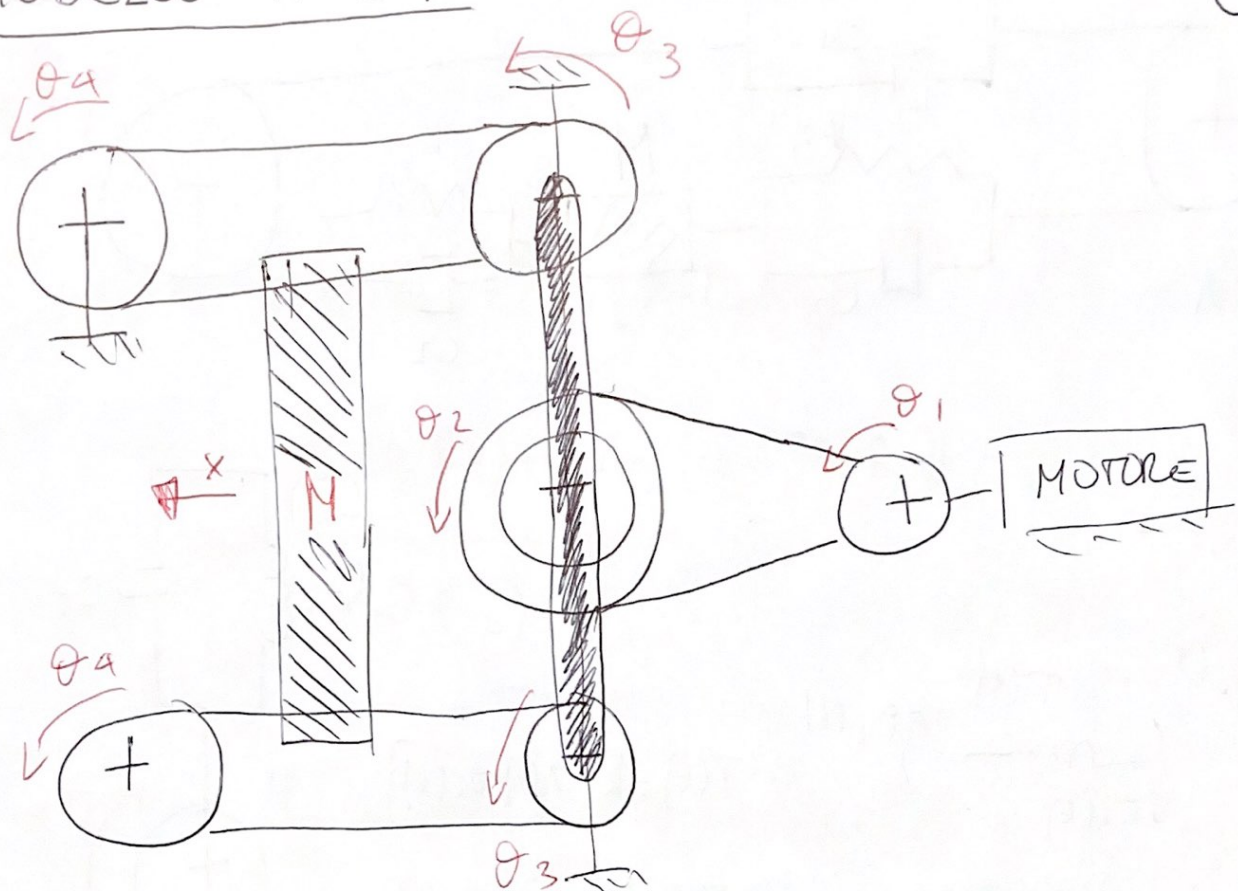


MODELLO ASSE Y

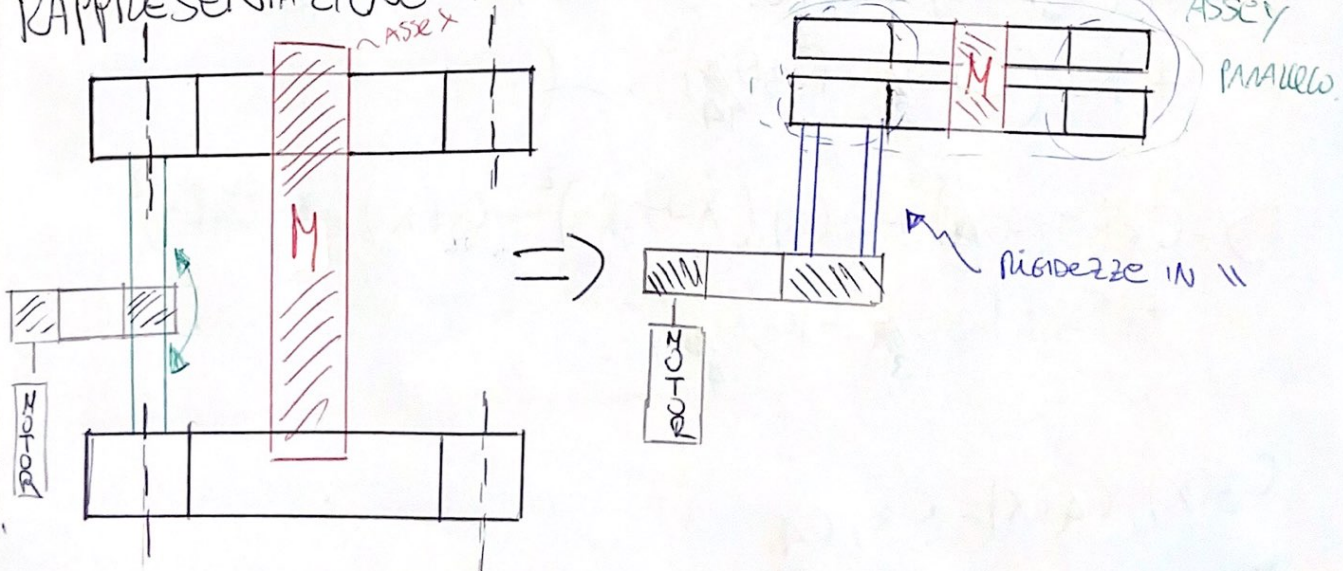
①

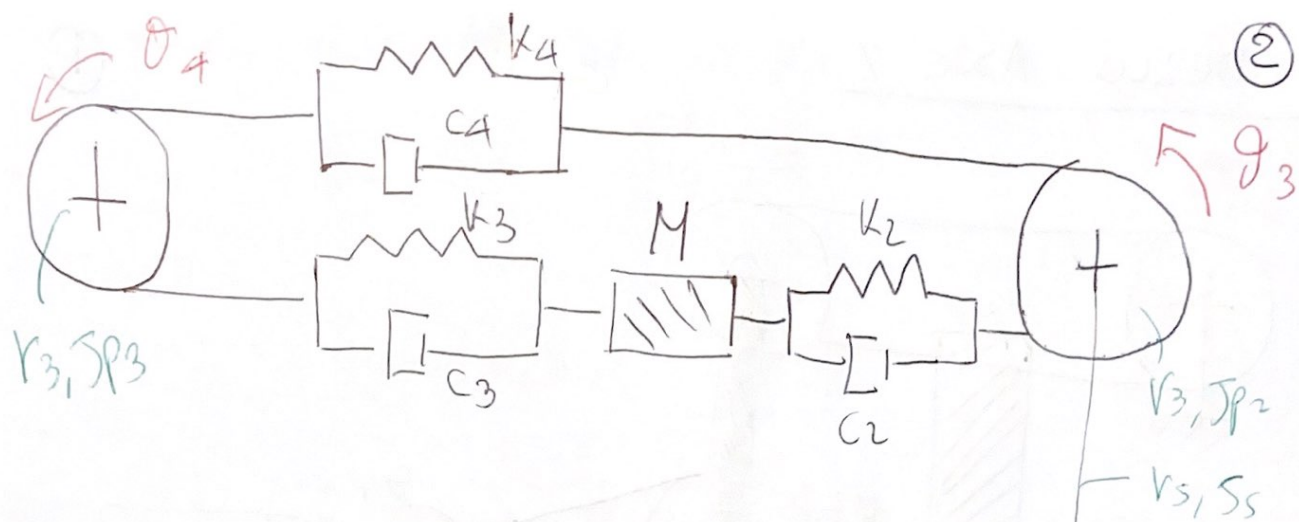


TRATTO ② SIMMETRICO

TRATTO ② IDENTICO MODELLO ASSE X, TRATTO ②

RAPPRESENTAZIONE NON FISICA DEL MODELLO:





N.B

$$\int_{\theta_1(t)}^{\theta_2(t)} T(t) dt$$

$$T(t) = k[\theta_1(t) - \theta_2(t)]$$

{1} PULEGGIA 2

{2} PULEGGIA 3

{2} PULEGGIA 4

{1} MASSA

{2} ALBERO

$$T = \frac{1}{2} J_{p2} \dot{\theta}_2^2 + J_{p3} \dot{\theta}_3^2 + J_{p3} \dot{\theta}_4^2 + \frac{1}{2} M \dot{x}^2 + J_s \dot{\theta}_2^2$$

$$U = k_T (\theta_3 - \theta_2)^2 + k_2(x) (\lambda - \theta_3 R_3)^2 + k_3(x) (x - \theta_4 R_3)^2 + k_4 (R_3 \theta_3 - R_3 \theta_4)^2$$

$$D = c_T (\dot{\theta}_3 - \dot{\theta}_2)^2 + c_2(x) (\dot{x} - \dot{\theta}_3 R_3)^2 + c_3(x) (\dot{x} - \dot{\theta}_4 R_3)^2 + c_4 (R_3 \dot{\theta}_3 - R_3 \dot{\theta}_4)^2$$

$$c_3(x), c_2(x) = c_3, c_2$$

$$k_3(x), k_2(x) = k_3, k_2$$

COORDINATE LIBRE: $x, \theta_2, \theta_3, \theta_4$

(3)

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial x} = 0, \quad \frac{\partial T}{\partial \dot{x}} = M \dot{x}, \quad \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial \dot{x}} \right) = M \ddot{x}$$

$$\frac{\partial U}{\partial x} = 2k_2 (x - \theta_3 R_3) + 2k_3 (x - \theta_4 R_3)$$

$$\frac{\partial U}{\partial \dot{x}} = 2c_2 (\dot{x} - \dot{\theta}_3 R_3) + 2c_3 (\dot{x} - \dot{\theta}_4 R_3)$$

$$M \ddot{x} + 2 \cdot [k_2 (x - \theta_3 R_3) + k_3 (x - \theta_4 R_3) + c_2 (\dot{x} - \dot{\theta}_3 R_3) + c_3 (\dot{x} - \dot{\theta}_4 R_3)] = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial \theta_2} = 0, \quad \frac{\partial T}{\partial \dot{\theta}_2} = J_2 \dot{\theta}_2 + 2J_5 \dot{\theta}_2 = \dot{\theta}_2 (J_2 + 2J_5)$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial \dot{\theta}_2} \right) = \ddot{\theta}_2 (J_2 + 2J_5)$$

$$\frac{\partial U}{\partial \theta_2} = -2k_T (\theta_3 - \theta_2)$$

$$\frac{\partial U}{\partial \dot{\theta}_2} = -2c_T (\dot{\theta}_3 - \dot{\theta}_2)$$

$$\ddot{\theta}_2 (J_2 + 2J_5) - 2 \cdot [k_T (\theta_3 - \theta_2) + c_T (\dot{\theta}_3 - \dot{\theta}_2)] = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial \dot{\theta}_3} = 0, \quad \frac{\partial T}{\partial \dot{\theta}_3} = 2 J p_3 \dot{\theta}_3, \quad \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial \dot{\theta}_3} \right) = \ddot{\theta}_3 (2 J p_3) \quad (4)$$

$$\frac{\partial U}{\partial \theta_3} = 2 k_T (\theta_3 - \theta_2) - 2 R_3 k_2 (x - \theta_3 R_3) + 2 R_3 k_4 (R_3 \theta_3 - R_3 \theta_4)$$

$$\frac{\partial D}{\partial \dot{\theta}_3} = 2 c_T (\dot{\theta}_3 - \dot{\theta}_2) - 2 R_3 c_2 (\dot{x} - \dot{\theta}_3 R_3) + 2 R_3 c_4 (R_3 \dot{\theta}_3 - R_3 \dot{\theta}_4)$$

$$\ddot{\theta}_3 (2 J p_3) + 2 \cdot \left\{ \left[k_T (\theta_3 - \theta_2) + c_T (\dot{\theta}_3 - \dot{\theta}_2) \right] + R_3 \cdot \left[-k_2 (x - \theta_3 R_3) + k_4 (R_3 \theta_3 - R_3 \theta_4) - c_2 (\dot{x} - \dot{\theta}_3 R_3) + c_4 (R_3 \dot{\theta}_3 - R_3 \dot{\theta}_4) \right] \right\} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial \dot{\theta}_4} = 0, \quad \frac{\partial T}{\partial \dot{\theta}_4} = 2 J p_3 \dot{\theta}_4, \quad \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial \dot{\theta}_4} \right) = (2 J p_3) \ddot{\theta}_4$$

$$\frac{\partial U}{\partial \theta_4} = -2 R_3 k_3 (x - \theta_4 R_3) - 2 R_3 k_4 (R_3 \theta_3 - R_3 \theta_4)$$

$$\frac{\partial D}{\partial \dot{\theta}_4} = -2 R_3 c_3 (\dot{x} - \dot{\theta}_4 R_3) - 2 R_3 c_4 (R_3 \dot{\theta}_3 - R_3 \dot{\theta}_4)$$

$$\ddot{\theta}_4 (2 J p_3) - 2 R_3 \cdot \left[k_3 (x - \theta_4 R_3) + k_4 (R_3 \theta_3 - R_3 \theta_4) + c_3 (\dot{x} - \dot{\theta}_4 R_3) + c_4 (R_3 \dot{\theta}_3 - R_3 \dot{\theta}_4) \right] = 0$$

TRATTO 1:

⑤

$$\ddot{\theta}_1 (\mathcal{I}_{P1} + \mathcal{I}_{cm}) + 2R_1 \left[k_1 (\theta_2 R_2 - \theta_1 R_1) - c_1 (\dot{\theta}_2 R_2 - \dot{\theta}_1 R_1) \right] = C_m$$

$$\ddot{\theta}_2 (\mathcal{I}_{P2}) + 2R_2 \left[k_1 (\theta_2 R_2 - \theta_1 R_1) + c_1 (\dot{\theta}_2 R_2 - \dot{\theta}_1 R_1) \right] = 0$$

UNISCO I 2 MODELLI...

$$M\ddot{x} + 2 \left[k_2 (x - \theta_3 R_3) + k_3 (x - \theta_4 R_3) + c_2 (\dot{x} - \dot{\theta}_3 R_3) + c_3 (\dot{x} - \dot{\theta}_4 R_3) \right] = 0$$

$$\ddot{\theta}_1 (\mathcal{I}_{P1} + \mathcal{I}_{cm}) + 2R_1 \left[k_1 (\theta_2 R_2 - \theta_1 R_1) - c_1 (\dot{\theta}_2 R_2 - \dot{\theta}_1 R_1) \right] = C_m$$

$$\ddot{\theta}_2 (\mathcal{I}_{P2} + 2\mathcal{I}_s) - 2 \left[k_T (\theta_3 - \theta_2) + c_T (\dot{\theta}_3 - \dot{\theta}_2) \right]$$

$$+ 2R_2 \left[k_1 (\theta_2 R_2 - \theta_1 R_1) + c_1 (\dot{\theta}_2 R_2 - \dot{\theta}_1 R_1) \right] = 0$$

$$\ddot{\theta}_3 (2\mathcal{I}_{P3}) + 2 \left\{ \left[k_T (\theta_3 - \theta_2) + c_T (\dot{\theta}_3 - \dot{\theta}_2) \right] + R_3 \left[-k_2 (x - \theta_3 R_3) + k_4 (R_3 \theta_3 - R_3 \theta_4) - c_2 (\dot{x} - \dot{\theta}_3 R_3) + c_4 (R_3 \dot{\theta}_3 - R_3 \dot{\theta}_4) \right] \right\} = 0$$

$$\ddot{\theta}_4 (2\mathcal{I}_{P3}) - 2R_3 \left[k_3 (x - \theta_4 R_3) + k_4 (R_3 \theta_3 - R_3 \theta_4) \right]$$

$$+ c_3 (\dot{x} - \dot{\theta}_4 R_3) + c_4 (R_3 \dot{\theta}_3 - R_3 \dot{\theta}_4) = 0$$

NOTAZIONE MATRICIALE

⑥

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} M & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & (Jp_1 + Jm) & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & (Jp_2 + 2J_s) & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 2Jp_3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 2Jp_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$K = \begin{bmatrix} 2(k_2 + k_3) & 0 & 0 & -2R_3k_2 & -2R_3k_3 \\ 0 & 2R_1^2k_1 & -2R_1R_2k_1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -2R_2R_1k_1 & 2(k_1 + R_2^2k_1) & -2k_1 & 0 \\ -2R_3k_2 & 0 & -2k_1 & 2[k_1 + R_3^2(k_2 + k_4)] & -2R_3^2k_4 \\ -2R_3k_3 & 0 & 0 & -2R_3^2k_4 & -2R_3^2(k_3 + k_4) \end{bmatrix}$$

K è UNA MATRICE SIMMETRICA

⑦

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 2(c_2 + c_3) & 0 & 0 & -2R_3 C_2 & -2R_3 C_3 \\ 0 & 2R_1^2 C_1 & -2R_1 R_2 C_1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -2R_2 R_1 C_1 & 2(C_T + R_2^2 C_1) & -2C_T & 0 \\ -2R_3 C_2 & 0 & -2C_T & 2[C_T + R_3^2 (C_2 + C_4)] & -2R_3^2 K_4 \\ -2R_3 C_3 & 0 & 0 & -2R_3^2 K_4 & -2R_3^2 (C_3 + C_4) \end{bmatrix}$$

C è UNA MATRICE DIAGONALE. -

$$M \ddot{X} + K X + C \dot{X} = F$$

$$F = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ C_m \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$