Numerical Methods Cheat Sheet

Compiled with LATEX

Root Finding Methods

• Bisection Method: Error bound after n steps:

$$|x_n - x^*| \le \frac{b - a}{2^n}$$

• Newton's Method:

$$x_{n+1} = x_n - \frac{f(x_n)}{f'(x_n)}$$

Requires f'(x) and has quadratic convergence.

• Secant Method: Approximates f'(x):

$$x_{n+1} = x_n - f(x_n) \cdot \frac{x_n - x_{n-1}}{f(x_n) - f(x_{n-1})}$$

Polynomial Interpolation

• Lagrange Interpolation:

$$P(x) = \sum_{j=0}^{n} f(x_j)\ell_j(x), \quad \ell_j(x) = \prod_{i \neq j} \frac{x - x_i}{x_j - x_i}$$

• Error:

$$f(x) - P_n(x) = \frac{f^{(n+1)}(\xi)}{(n+1)!} \prod_{i=0}^{n} (x - x_i)$$

Least Squares Approximation

- Model: $A\beta = y$, where A contains basis functions.
- Solve using Normal Equations:

$$A^T A \beta = A^T y$$

Numerical Integration

• Trapezoid Rule:

$$\int_{a}^{b} f(x)dx \approx \frac{h}{2} \left[f(a) + 2 \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} f(x_i) + f(b) \right]$$

1

• Simpson's Rule:

$$\int_{a}^{b} f(x)dx \approx \frac{h}{3} \left[f(a) + 4 \sum f(x_{\text{odd}}) + 2 \sum f(x_{\text{even}}) + f(b) \right]$$

• Error (Trapezoid):

$$E_T = -\frac{(b-a)^3}{12n^2} f''(\xi)$$

Essential Python Functions

- numpy:
 - np.linspace, np.polyfit, np.polyval
 - np.linalg.solve

• scipy:

plt.legend

• matplotlib.pyplot:

- optimize.newton, integrate.quad

- plt.plot, plt.scatter, plt.grid,

Notebook Index

- Root Finding: 1-RootFinding-Corr.ipynb
 - newton (cell 29, 40), bisection (cell 23), secant (cell 26)
- Polynomial Approximation: 2-Polynomial Approximation-Corr.ipynb
 - interpolation (cell 2, 16), lagrange (cell 16), least squares (cell 39, 40)
- Numerical Integration: 3-NumericalIntegration-Corr.ipynb
 - composite trapezoid (cell 15), simpson (cell 25)