

Tema 6 - limite ale funcției

ex 1

$$a) \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x \cos^2 \frac{x+2}{x}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x \cdot \cos^2 x \left(1 + \frac{2}{x}\right)^0$$

$$= \infty \cdot \cos 1 = \infty$$

$$b) \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x}{x^2 + 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x}{x^2 \left(1 + \frac{1}{x^2}\right)} = \frac{1}{1+1} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$c) \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2 + 5}{x^3} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^3 \left(\frac{1}{x} + \frac{5}{x^3}\right)}{x^3} = \frac{0}{1} = 0$$

$$d) \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(x+2)(2x+1)}{x^2 + 3x + 5}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2x^2 + x + 4x + 2}{x^2 + 3x + 5}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2x^2 + 5x + 2}{x^2 + 3x + 5} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2 \left(2 + \frac{5}{x^2} + \frac{2}{x^2}\right)}{x^2 \left(1 + \frac{3}{x^2} + \frac{5}{x^2}\right)}$$

$$= 2.$$

$$e) \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^2 - 1}{x^3 - 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^3 \left(\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x^3} \right)}{x^3 \left(1 + \frac{1}{x^3} \right)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(x-1)(x+1)}{(x-1)(x^2+x+1)}$$

$$= \frac{2}{3}$$

$$f) \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \left(\frac{1}{2-x} - \frac{2x}{4-x^2} \right)$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{1}{2-x} - \frac{2x}{(2-x)(2+x)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{2+x-2x}{(2-x)(2+x)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{2-x}{(2+x)(2-x)} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$g) \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1+x+x^2+\dots+x^{n-1}}{x-1} \quad n \in \mathbb{N}$$

$$S_m = l \cdot \frac{q^{m-1}}{q-1} = \frac{x^m-1}{x-1}$$

Avere \bullet p-g cu radice $x \Rightarrow S_m = \frac{x^m-1}{x-1}$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\frac{x^m-1}{x-1} - (n+1)}{x-1} \Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(x^n-1) - (n+1)(x-1)}{(x-1)^2}$$

$$h) \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x + x^2 + \dots + x^{n-m}}{x + x^2 + \dots + x^{m-n}} \quad \forall m, n \in \mathbb{N}$$

$$\stackrel{0}{\stackrel{0}{\text{L'H}}} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1 + 2x + 3x^2 + \dots + nx^{n-1}}{1 + 2x + 3x^2 + \dots + mx^{m-1}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{1 + 2 + \dots + n}{1 + 2 + \dots + m} = \frac{n(n+1)}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{m(m+1)} \\ &\approx \frac{n(n+1)}{m(m+1)} \end{aligned}$$

$$g) \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1 + x + x^2 + \dots + x^{n-(m+1)}}{x - 1}$$

$$\stackrel{0}{\stackrel{0}{\text{L'H}}} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1 + 2x + 3x^2 + \dots + nx^{n-1}}{1}$$

$$\approx 1 + 2 + \dots + n = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$$

$$i) \lim_{x \rightarrow 27} \frac{x-27}{\sqrt[3]{x}-3} \stackrel{0}{\stackrel{0}{\text{L'H}}}$$

~~$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 27} \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x^2}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 27} 3\sqrt[3]{(x-3)^2}$$~~

~~$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 27} \frac{1}{1/\sqrt[3]{x^2}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 27} 3 \cdot \sqrt[3]{x^2} = 27$$~~

$$j) \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sqrt[5]{x} - 1}{\sqrt[4]{x} - 1} \stackrel{0}{=} 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\frac{1}{3\sqrt[3]{x^2}}}{\frac{1}{4\sqrt[4]{x^3}}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{4\sqrt[4]{x^3}}{3\sqrt[3]{x^2}} \\ &\approx \frac{4}{3} \end{aligned}$$

$$k) \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt{ax^3 + x^2 + bx + c} - (bx + c), \text{ für } a, b, c > 0$$

ex 2

$$a) \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{\frac{5x+1}{2x+4}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{\frac{x(5+\frac{1}{x})}{x(2+\frac{4}{x})}}$$

$$\approx 0^{\frac{5}{2}} = 0.$$

$$b) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{3 \sin x - \ln x}{x} \right) \stackrel{\frac{\sin x - 2x}{x}}{=}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(3 \underbrace{\frac{\sin x}{x}}_1 - \underbrace{\frac{\ln x}{x}}_1 \right) \stackrel{\frac{\sin x - 2x}{x}}{=} \underbrace{\frac{\sin x}{x}}_1 + 2$$

$$= 2^3 = 8$$

$$c) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 + \cos x)^{\frac{1}{x^2}}$$

$$\approx (1+1)^\infty = 2^\infty = \infty$$

$$d) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (e^x - x + 1)^{\frac{1}{1 - \cos x}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (e^x - x + 1)^{\frac{1 + \cos x}{1 - \cos^2 x}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (e^x - x + 1)^{\frac{1 + \cos x}{\sin^2 x}}$$

$$\Rightarrow (1 - 1 \in 1)^{\frac{2}{0}} = (1^\infty)$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 + e^x - x)^{\frac{1 + \cos x}{\sin^2 x} \cdot \frac{1}{e^x - x} (e^x - x)}$$

$$\approx \ell \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1 + \cos x)(e^x - x)}{\sin^2 x}$$

$$= \ell^\infty = \infty.$$

$$e) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 + \sin x)^{\frac{1}{x}} = 1^\infty$$

$$\approx \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 + \sin x)^{\frac{1}{\sin x} \cdot \sin x \cdot \frac{1}{x}}$$

$$\geq \ell \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} = \ell$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 f) \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{x+7}{x} \right)^x &= \\
 &= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{x \left(1 + \frac{7}{x} \right)}{x} \right)^x \\
 &= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{7}{x} \right)^{x \cdot \frac{x}{7} \cdot \frac{7}{x}} \\
 &= e \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x \cdot \frac{7}{x} = e^7
 \end{aligned}$$

ex 3:

$$\begin{aligned}
 a) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 + \sin^2 x + \sin^2 2x + \dots + \sin^2 nx)^{\frac{1}{n^3 x^2}} \right] & \\
 l = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 + \sin^2 x + \dots + \sin^2 nx)^{\frac{1}{n^3 x^2}} & \\
 l = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 + \sin^2 x + \dots + \sin^2 nx) \frac{\frac{1}{n^2 x^2} (\sin^2 x + \dots + \sin^2 nx)}{\sin^2 x + \dots + \sin^2 nx} \frac{1}{n^3 x^2} & \\
 \approx \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin^2 x + \dots + \sin^2 nx}{n^3 x^2} & \\
 \approx \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \cos^2 & \\
 \approx e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \cos^2} & \\
 \approx e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{n^3} \left(\frac{\sin^2 x}{x^2} + \frac{\sin^2 2x}{x^2} + \dots + \frac{\sin^2 nx}{x^2} \right)} & \\
 \approx e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{n^3} \left(\left(\frac{\sin x}{x} \right)^2 + 4 \left(\frac{\sin 2x}{2x} \right)^2 + 9 \left(\frac{\sin 3x}{3x} \right)^2 + \dots + n^2 \left(\frac{\sin nx}{nx} \right)^2 \right)} &
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= e^{\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n^3} (1+2^2+3^2+\dots+n^2)}$$

$$= e^{\frac{1}{n^3} (1+2^2+3^2+\dots+n^2)}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} l = e^{\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1+2^2+3^2+\dots+n^2}{n^3}}$$

$$= e^{\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6n^3}}$$

$$= e^{\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2n^3+3n^2+n}{6n^3}}$$

$$= e^{\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^2(2+\frac{3}{n}+\frac{1}{n^2})}{6n^2}}$$

$$= e^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

6) $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left\{ \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 + \ln(1+x) + \ln(1+2x) + \dots + \ln(1+nx)) \right\}$

$$l = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 + \ln(1+x) + \dots + \ln(1+nx)) \frac{\ln(1+x) + \dots + \frac{1}{nx}}{\ln(1+x) - \frac{1}{nx}}$$

$$l = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln(1+x) + \dots + \ln(1+nx)}{nx}$$

$$l = e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{nx} \left(\frac{\ln(1+x)}{x} + \frac{2\ln(1+2x)}{2x} + \dots + \frac{n\ln(1+nx)}{nx} \right)}$$

$$l = e^{\frac{1+2+\dots+n}{n}}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} e^{\frac{nx(n+1)}{2n^2}}$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} e^{\frac{nx(1 + \frac{1}{n})}{2n}} = e^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

ex 4:

$$\text{a) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{2x} - 1}{3x} \stackrel{0}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2e^{2x}}{3}$$

$$= \frac{2e^0}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\text{b) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x - \cos x}{3x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x + \sin x}{3}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3}$$