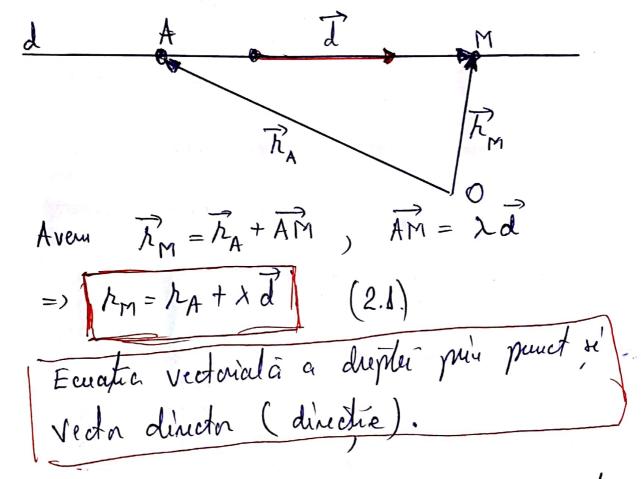
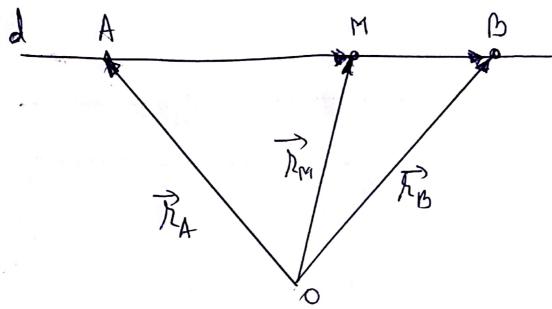
## Ecuative Vectoriale ale cheptelon (Caracteritana vectoriala a cheptelon)

L Fie do cheaptà, A∈d un punct fixet, M∈d un punct variabil si d un vector menuel situat pe cheaptà (d'se memeste vector clinector al duptei).



2. Fie d σ duapta, A,B ∈ d douà puncte distincte fixate »; M ∈ d un punct vaniabil.



Aven  $\vec{R}_{M} = \vec{R}_{A} + \vec{A}\vec{M}$ ,  $\vec{A}M = \vec{A}\vec{B}$   $= \vec{R}_{M} = \vec{R}_{A} + \vec{A}\vec{B}$ .  $\vec{D}$  an,  $\vec{R}_{D} = \vec{R}_{A} + \vec{A}\vec{B}$  (=)  $\vec{A}\vec{B} = \vec{R}_{D} - \vec{R}_{A}$   $= \vec{R}_{M} = \vec{R}_{A} + \vec{A}(\vec{R}_{D} - \vec{R}_{A})$  (=)  $\vec{R}_{M} = (1-\vec{A})\vec{R}_{A} + \vec{A}\vec{R}_{D}$  (2.2.)

Ecuatica vectorialà a diepter data prin doua puncte distincte.

Obs. Daca LE (0,1)=> M = (AB),

pt. d=0 => M = A, pt. L=1 => M=B

pt. d>1 => AM > AB dea MEd\ (BA

pt L<0 => AM si HB an sensur opnise

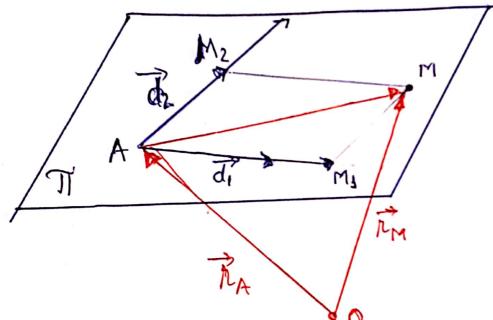
lei M ∈ d\ (AB.

## Ecuatiile vectoriale ale planelod (Caracterizara vectorialà a planelor)

Fie Ti un plan, A E Ti, d's id, doi vectou'

Menueli si necolinian' situati in plans,

M un pund vania bil in plan.



Aven

Tim = Tin + AM. Vedoul AM se descompune

In mod unic dupā vectorii dī si dī:

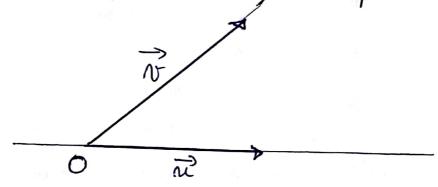
Prin M se duce paralela MM, la dī si

paralela MM, la

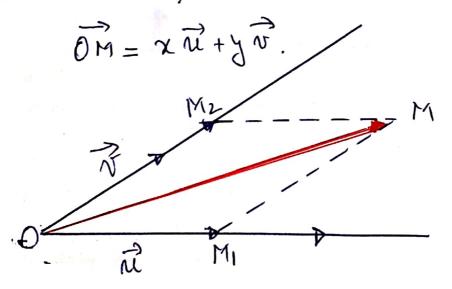
=>  $\overrightarrow{AM} = \lambda_1 \overrightarrow{d}_1 + \lambda_2 \overrightarrow{d}_2 = >$  $\Rightarrow \overrightarrow{h}_{M} = \overrightarrow{h}_{A} + \lambda_{1} \overrightarrow{d}_{1} + \lambda_{2} \overrightarrow{d}_{2}$  (2.3.) (Ecuatra planului prin punet si doi vertori directori. Fie T un plan A, B, C trei puncte fixate in plan, distructe, necoliniare si fie MET un punet Variabil. TM=TAT AM, AM= AMI + AMZ, AMI= 入局, AMZ= MAC => => Tim= Tin+ x. AB + M. AC => C=> RM= RA+A(RB-NA)+4(RC-RA)=> E> Rm=(1-12-12) RA+ 入下的+ 11元 Ecuatia planului prin trui princte recolinime.

## Euratile conterience als deptelos si planels

Definite se numerte rept cartetion (general) in plan multimea  $R = \{0; \vec{n}, \vec{r}\}$  unde 0 est un punct first in plan ion  $\vec{n}$  is it sunt doi vectori menuli si mecoliniani din plan.



Tie M un punet oarecre in plan. Vectoral de positive al lui M the se descompune in mod une intr-o combinative limina a Vedorilor ne si v :



Juh-aderar, OM=OM,+OM2 si J!xeR siJ!yeR astfel încât OM=200, OM2=yor, deci OM=200+yor, a si y find mic detaminate (datorità unicitati paralelela MM, si MM2).

Numerale reale (nimie diferminate) xxi y
se numero overdonatele cartetiene ale punctulu.

M fajà de repend cartetian (general)

D=10; ni, ni ). Se foloseste notatia M(x,y).

Un vector d' se discompune in mod unic

dupà vectoria ni si vi

dupe vicinal  $\vec{d}$   $\vec{d}$ 

d= pri +qr. punen ca pri g sunt componentele son coordonatels vedorului d'fata de vedorii ri si v ai scrim d (p,2).

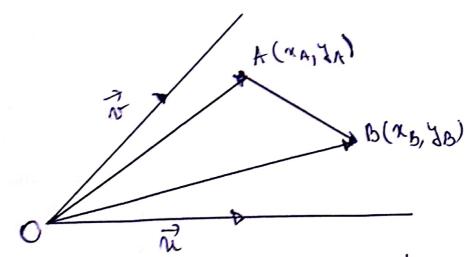
Dora A (MA, JA) x B (MB, JB) atma.

AB (x5-xA, 35-JA).

Jut-advan AB= OB-OA=

 $= \chi_{A}\vec{n} + y_{B}\vec{v} - (\chi_{A}\vec{u} + y_{A}\vec{v}) =$ 

= (x5-xA) + (y5-yA) v.



Eucha contesiava a directio data prin princt si veda directa (directio)

Fie d:  $\vec{R}_M = \vec{R}_A + \lambda \vec{d}$  ecuation vectorialis a dupture d'ada prin prindre A si vectoral director  $\vec{d}$ . Fie repenul  $R = (0:\vec{u}, \vec{v})$ .

Fie \$ (7A, YA) condonatele lin A fata de repend R x' (P,2) componentele lui d' (A(2)), d(p,g)). Atma ocuation vectoriala e some: x 2 + 3 2 = x x 2 + 3 2 + 2 (p2 + 2 2) mde (x,y) sunt coordonatele lui M fatés de R. => )x=x+xp p5 earlib parametice ale y=y+x2 duplied. Elinivand parametral & obtinem: 2-24 = J-JA RG) ecuation conteriourà a chiplir d'
prin punct si vector dividen Observative dara p=0 atmar ecuatic duplui, d'este à = xA. d'este à duaptaparalela en vedoud v'in daca 2=0 ecuation drepthi este y=yA, dreapter d extraparable un vectoul ni.

Ecuatra centeriona a dieptei prin dona punde
File repend R= 10; 72, 74 hi A(x, y, ), B(x, y, ) dona puncte fixate ion M(x, y) un punct veriabil
pe deapte d. Ecuatic vectorialà a depter d= AE esti: d = RA+ & AB =,
(=) x\vert + y\vert = \(\chi_A\vert + \frac{1}{4}\vert + \frac{1}{4}\v
=> $(x - x_A + \lambda (x_B - x_A))(\xi )$ ecutiel penametra ale $(y - y_A)(\xi )$ diepter $AB = d$
Elinia de accomptant de la obtine:
2x-2x = y-yx (2.8) ecuation centeriana a compon 2x-2x yr-yx Ab
Acearta se mai poate soie:
2.9)  24 / (2.9)  25 / (2.9)  26 / (2.9)
Dupa efectuarea culture sub forma:
Dupa efectuares calculelos, ecuatile (2,6), (2,8) sau (2,9) se pot sair sub forms: [2x+by+c =0] (2,10).

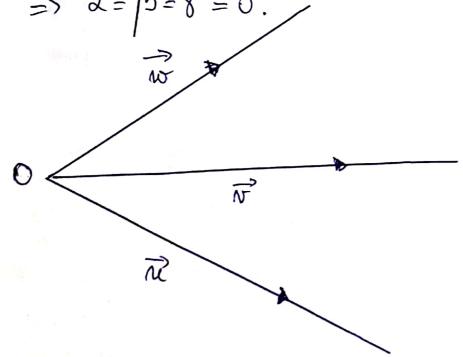
Definitie Se numbrée reper conteriou (general)

în spatie multimes R= {0; v, v, w) unde

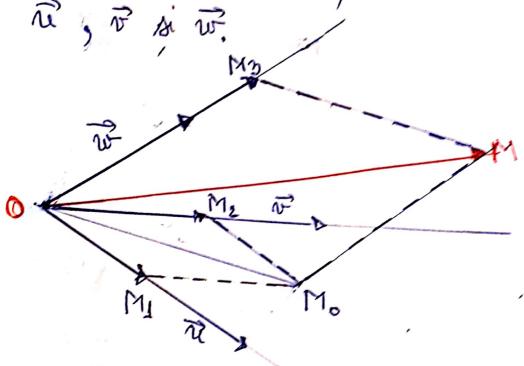
O este un punct fixat lu spatie ion vi, v, w

sunt trei vectori mecoplanai.

Observentir. The vector  $\vec{N}, \vec{J}, \vec{w}$  sont coplani darà si rumai dara unul dette ei se poate sone ca o combinatie liniara a celarlati doi adica (do exemplu) 7 d, p numere reale a.i.  $\vec{N} = d\vec{N} + p\vec{V}$ Thei vectori  $\vec{N}, \vec{V}, \vec{W}$  sont secoplanani darà si rumai darà din  $\vec{N}, \vec{V}, \vec{V} \neq \vec{V} = \vec{V}$   $= d = \vec{N} = \vec{V} = 0.$ 

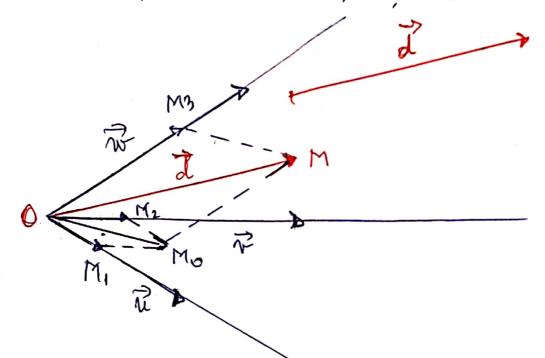


Fie M un punct oanear in spatier. Verloud de positie al lui M se descar pune in mod unic Putro combicité liviarà a vodoiler si si si si.



OM = OMo + OM3 , OMo - OM, + OM2 =) OM = OM, + OM2 + OM3 , day 3!a,y,z ER OM = x 2, OM2 = y 2, OM3 = 22 odice OM = x 2+y 2+2 2.

Numerile real (unic determinate) x, y, z Se numbre coordonatele carteziene ale penetului M fafá de reperul cartezian (cylmeral) R = {0; ~ v, v, v, v. Un vector d' se descompune in mod unic dupà vectorii ni, n' si no.



 $\vec{d} = \vec{0}\vec{M}$   $\vec{0}\vec{M} = \vec{0}\vec{M}_1 + \vec{0}\vec{M}_2 + \vec{0}\vec{M}_3$   $\vec{0}\vec{M} = \vec{0}\vec{M}_1 + \vec{0}\vec{M}_2 + \vec{0}\vec{M}_3$   $\vec{0}\vec{M} = \vec{0}\vec{M}_1 + \vec{0}\vec{M}_2 + \vec{0}\vec{M}_3$   $\vec{0}\vec{M}_3 = \vec{1}\vec{N}\vec{N}$   $\vec{0}\vec{M}_3 = \vec{1}\vec{N}\vec{N}$   $\vec{0}\vec{M}_3 = \vec{1}\vec{N}\vec{N}$   $\vec{0}\vec{M}_3 = \vec{1}\vec{N}\vec{N}$   $\vec{0}\vec{M}_3 = \vec{1}\vec{N}\vec{N}$ 

d = pri + gr + 2 w

Spunem cà (p, 2, r) sunt componentele san coordonatele vectorului d'fatà de repend R si soiem d'(p,2,r).

12-

Daca A(xA, ZA,ZA) ni B(xB, ZB) alma AB (xn-xA, yn-yA) 25-2A). Juti-advain AB - OB - OA = 702 + 702 + 2000 --(2ATI+YAV+ZAW)= = (210-7A) 2 + (415-4A) + (25-2A) w. Ecuatiele cartetiana a duptei prin punct si Victor director. Fie de drapte inspetiu. Tie J (P19,2), A(xA, JA, ZA) & M(x, J,Z). Ecuatra vectoriala a drepter d' deterribrata de A si rectoral director d'este d: 12 = 12 (=) 7 12 + y v + 2 w = x A n + Y v + 2 w + 2 (pn + 9 v + 2 w)  $= \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2}$  equative parameter of the dupter of (Z = ZA + X L Elinuinand 2 intre cele 3 occupie obtinen: ecuatible carterière più pund si vector director  $\frac{\chi - \chi_A}{7} = \frac{\chi - \chi_A}{9} = \frac{\xi - \xi_A}{h}$ -13-

Observatie Daca una delute componentele lui d'este zero, de exemple p=0, atua: ecuatgile cheptei d'sent:

d:  $\chi = \chi_A$  con pland  $\chi = \chi_A$  con est parallel en pland defer
numer de 0 si  $\chi$ ,  $\chi$ .

Daca doua componente suit mule, de exemple p=0 si g=0 atma ecualible chepler d'sent | x=xA ste v cheapter

paralelà cu diapta determinata de Osiw.

Ecuatiile conterieur ale duptei data puin dana purche distincte. Fix deaple d'in spatin. Fie A(xAyAzA), B(xB,yB,ZB) & d douci puncte fixate si M(x, y, t) Ed em punct vanishil, coordonatele fiind reportation a un reper contetion general R=10; N, V, N).

Ecuatia vectorialà a chepter d'este d: TM=RA+ & AB (=) スポ+yが+をが = XAポ+yAが+をAびナ + a[(xb-xA) 22 + (35 JA) 27 + (25-2A) 22] (=> (=)  $\chi = \chi_{A} + \chi (\chi_{B} - \chi_{A})$  Emotile parametrice  $\chi = \chi_{A} + \chi (\chi_{B} - \chi_{A})$  where  $\chi = \chi_{A} + \chi (\chi_{B} - \chi_{A})$ Dace elininan & lute ecuation obtinen

 $\frac{\chi_{-}\chi_{A}}{\chi_{b}-\chi_{A}} = \frac{J-J_{A}}{J_{b}-J_{A}} = \frac{J-J_{A}}{J_{b}-J_{A}}$  ecualiile cartesium ale chepter data pun dana puncte in spatier.