

# Principal Component Analysis (PCA)

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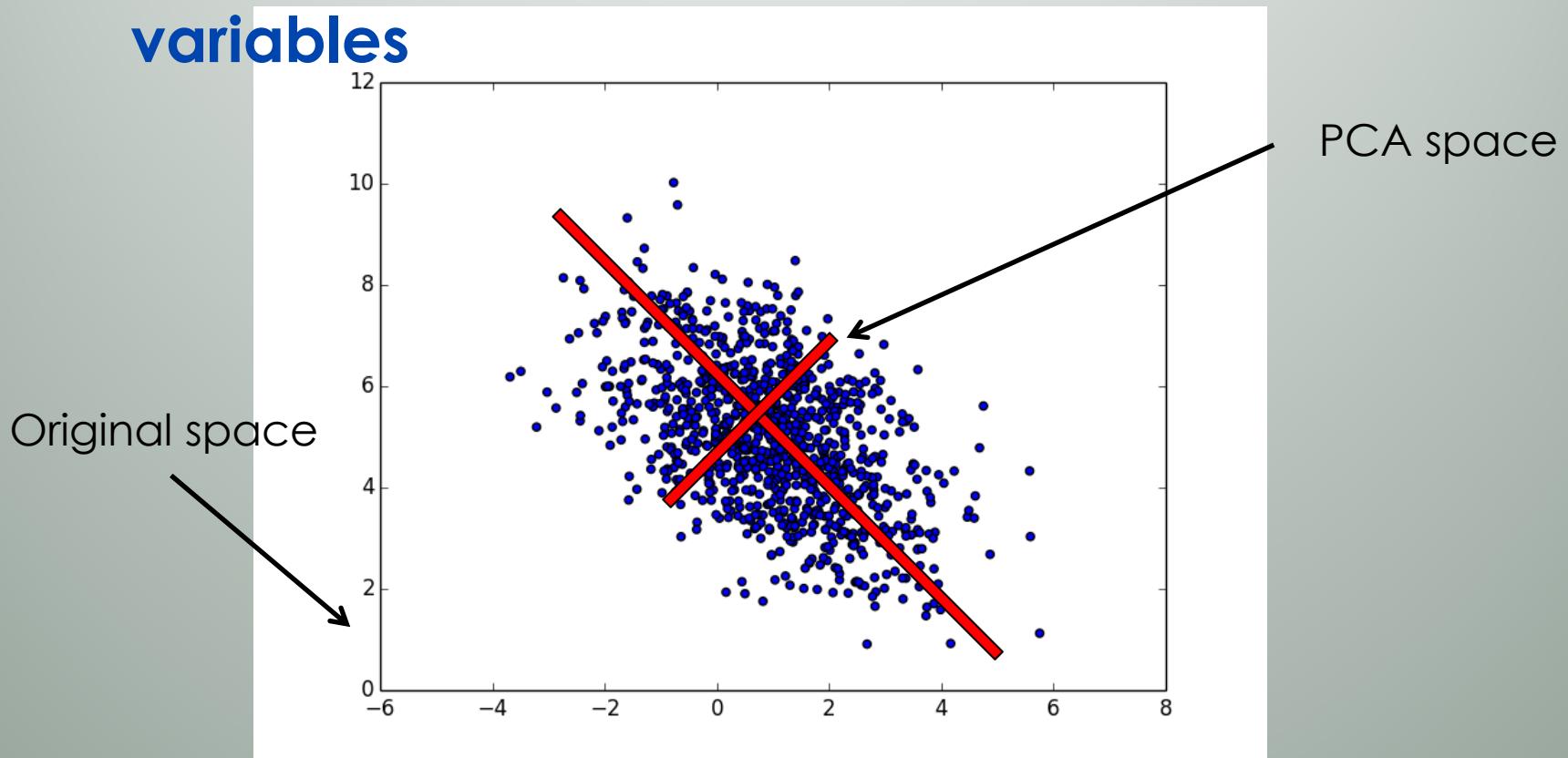
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# PCA: The idea

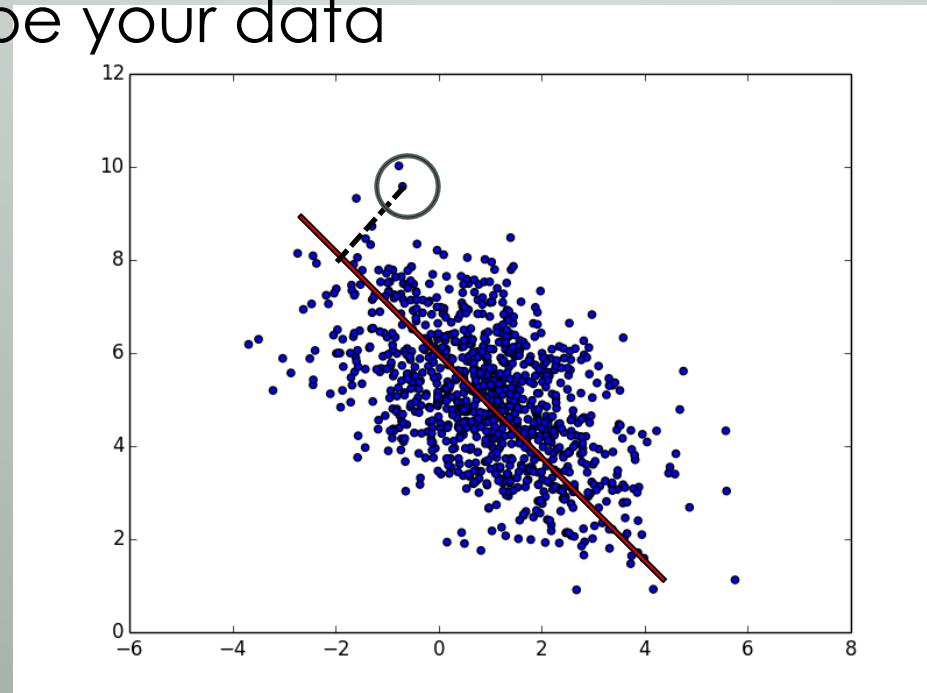
**Dimensionality reduction:**

- Simplify the description of your data
- Linear transformation of the original variables



# PCA: The idea

- Keep only the most relevant components (How many?)
- Project each data point into the PCA subspace
- Use the projection as a new variable to describe your data



# Mathematical formulation:

**Data:** n variables, m observations

$$A_{m \times n} = \begin{pmatrix} x_1^1 & x_2^1 & \cdots & x_n^1 \\ x_1^2 & x_2^2 & \cdots & x_n^2 \\ x_1^3 & x_2^3 & \cdots & x_n^3 \\ \vdots & & & \\ x_1^m & x_2^m & \cdots & x_n^m \end{pmatrix}$$

variables

observations

**Covariance matrix of data:**

$$C_{n \times n} = (A - \bar{A})^T (A - \bar{A})$$

# Procedure

1. Diagonalize covariance matrix:

$$C \cdot \vec{v}_i = \lambda_i \cdot \vec{v}_i, \quad i = 1 \dots n$$

Eigenvectors  $\vec{v}_i$  : Coordinates of the PCA space

Eigenvalues  $\lambda_i$  : Relevance of each PCA coordinate

2. Keep PCA components by the variance of data explained by each component:

$$100 * \frac{\lambda_i}{\sum_{i=1}^n \lambda_i}$$

$$P_i = A \cdot v_i$$

3. Project data into PCA subspace:

Projection of data into the PCA coordinate associated to eigenvector  $\vec{v}_i$

# Python Implementation

## Approach 1: do it manually (scipy)

```
21 # Obtain covariance matrix:  
22 A1 = A - A.mean(0)  
23 matcov = dot(A1.transpose(),A1)  
24  
25 # Diagonalization of covariance matrix:  
26 valp,vecp = linalg.eig(matcov)  
27  
28 ind_creciente = argsort(valp) # sort eigenvalues
```

## Approach 2: Use sklearn tools

```
46 # Use sklearn routines to obtain PCA projection:  
47  
48 from sklearn.decomposition import PCA  
49  
50 # Projection into 1d PCA space:  
51 pca = PCA(n_components=1)  
52 #X_r = pca.fit(A).transform(A)  
53 X_r = pca.fit_transform(A)
```

# More information

**Scipy linear algebra-eigenvalues:**

[http://docs.scipy.org/doc/numpy/reference  
/generated/numpy.linalg.eig.html](http://docs.scipy.org/doc/numpy/reference/generated/numpy.linalg.eig.html)

**Sklearn tools:**

[http://scikit-  
learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklear  
n.decomposition.PCA.html](http://scikit-<br/>learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklear<br/>n.decomposition.PCA.html)