Ethernet data protocol

LD-MRS

Table of Content

1	Introdu	ction	2
2	Gener	al information	2
	2.1 Et	hernet configuration	2
	2.2 Da	ata encoding	2 2 2 3
	2.3 D	ata header	3
3	LD-MF	S scan data: Data type 0x2202	4
4	LD-MF	S errors and warnings - Data type 0x2030	6
4	D-MRS	Serrors and warnings - Data type 0x2030	6
		ror register 1	6
		ror register 2	7
		arning register 1	6 7 7 8 9
		arning register 2	8
5		S command interface	
		0-MRS commands and command replies – data types 0x2010/ 0x2020	10
	5.1.1	Reset	10
		Get Status	10
		SaveConfig	11
		Set Parameter	11
		Get Parameter	11
		Reset Default Parameters	12
		Start Measure	12
		Stop Measure	12
		SetNTPTimestampSec	12
		SetNTPTimestampFracSec	13
		0-MRS parameter list	13
_		ample	15
6	lbeo A	PI scan data - Data type 0x2204	15

www.sick.com Page 1 of 17

1 Introduction

This document describes how data is received and transmitted from repectively to the LD-MRS via the Ethernet connection.

Adressed systems are LD-MRS 400001 and LD-MRS 400102 sensors or applications using the current API/software versions (e.g. LD-MRS View).

2 General information

2.1 Ethernet configuration

The LD-MRS uses default ethernet configurations until changed by the user.

LD-MRS use the default IP address 192.168.0.1 with the subnet mask 255.255.25.0. The default port is 12002.

2.2 Data encoding

Attention! See the data type description if little or big endian byte order is used!

NTP64 timestamps represent the time encoded in 8 bytes. In order to decode NTP64 timestamps, the corresponding 8 bytes need to be interpreted as UINT64 to ensure correct data encoding.

The higher 4 bytes are the number of seconds since 1.1.1900 - 0:00:00. The lower 4 bytes represent the fractional seconds with a resolution of 2^{-32} s. These 2 values must be interpreted as UINT32.

www.sick.com Page 2 of 17

2.3 Data header

Each message always starts with a data header. To resync just search for the magic word (0xAFFEC0C2).

The data header is encoded in network byte order / big endian format.

Bytes	Offset	Data header:	datatype	Description
4	0	Magic word (0xAFFEC0C2)	UINT32	The magic word is used for searching lbeo messages and to distinguish between different versions.
4	4	Size of previous messages	UINT32	Helps to navigate backwards through a file. Unused in live data.
4	8	Size of this message	UINT32	Helps to read the message data. Size of message content without this header.
1	12	Reserved	UINT8	-
1	13	DeviceID	UINT8	ID of the connected device. Unused in data received directly from LD-MRS sensors.
2	14	Data type	UINT16	Specifies the data type within this message.
8	16	NTP time	NTP64	Time when this message was created.
	24	Message data	-	Depending on data type.

www.sick.com Page 3 of 17

3 LD-MRS scan data: Data type 0x2202

Scan data available from LD-MRS. Each scan data block starts with a header followed by the scan point list.

The data is encoded in little endian format!

For angle information the unit angle ticks is used. A LD-MRS uses 11520 ticks per rotation (see also Angle ticks per rotation below). Thus the angular resolution is 1/32°. This value is needed to convert angle ticks:

angle =
$$2\pi \frac{\text{angle ticks}}{\text{angle ticks per rotation}}$$

Angles are given in the ISO 8855 / DIN 70000 scanner coordinate system.

2 0	Scan number	UINT16	The number of this scan. The
		0111110	
			number will be increased from
		1	scan to scan.
2 2	Scanner status	bit field 16	0x0007: reserved
		bits	0x0008: set frequency reached
			0x0010: external sync signal detected
			0x0020: sync ok
			0x0040: sync master (instead of
			slave)
			0xFF80: reserved
2 4	Sync phase offset	UINT16	Phase difference (conversion
			factor 409.6 ns) between sync
			signal and scanner mirror
			crossing the synchronization
			angle.
8 6	Scan start time NTP	NTP64	NTP time when the first/last
8 14	Scan end time NTP	NTP64	measurement was done.
2 22	Angle ticks per rotation	UINT16	Number of angle ticks per
0 04	Chart areals	INITAC	rotation.
2 24 26	Start angle	INT16	Start/end angle in angle ticks of
2 26 28	End angle	INT16 UINT16	this scan.
2 28	Scan points	UINTIO	Number of scan point transmitted in this scan.
2 30	Reserved	INT16	transmitted in this scan.
2 32	Reserved	INT16	-
2 34	Reserved	INT16	-
2 36	Reserved	INT16	-
2 38	Reserved	INT16	1
2 40	Reserved	INT16	-
2 42	Reserved	UINT16	-
44	Scan Point List	Scan Point	Array of scan points. See
			number of scan points above
			and point information below.

www.sick.com Page 4 of 17

Bytes	Offset	Scan point:	datatype	Description
1	0	Layer	UINT4	Scan layer of this point (zero-based).
		Echo	UINT4	Echo number of this point (zerobased).
1	1	Flags	Bit field 8 bits	0x01: transparent point 0x02: clutter (atmospheric) 0x08: dirt 0xF: reserved
2	2	Horizontal angle	INT16	Angle of this point in angle ticks in the scanner coordinate system
2	4	Radial distance	UINT16	Distance of this point in the scanner coordinate system in cm
2	6	Echo pulse width	UINT16	Detected width of this echo pulse in cm
2	8	Reserved	UINT16	-
	10			

www.sick.com Page 5 of 17

4 LD-MRS errors and warnings - Data type 0x2030

As soon as a LD-MRSdetects an error or wants to emit a warning, this message is sent. Errors and warning bits are reset after sending this message.

This message will be sent periodically as long as errors of warnings persist.

The data is encoded in little endian format!

Bytes	Offset	LD-MRS error/warning registers:	datatype	Description
2	0	Error register 1	bit field 16 bits	See below
2	2	Error register 2	bit field 16 bits	
2	4	Warning register 1	bit field 16 bits	
2	6	Warning register 2	bit field 16 bits	
2	8	reserved	bit field 16 bits	
2	10	reserved	bit field 16 bits	
2	12	reserved	bit field 16 bits	
2	14	reserved	bit field 16 bits	

4.1 Error register 1

Bytes	Comment
Bit 0-1	Contact support
Bit 2	scan buffer transmitted
	incompletely, decrease scan
	resolution/frequency/range;
	contact support
Bit 3	Scan buffer overflow ,
	decrease scan
	resolution/frequency/range;
	contact support
Bit 4-13	Contact support
Bit 5-7	reserved
Bit 8-9	Bit 9: APD Over
	Temperature, provide
	cooling
	Bit 8: APD Under
	Temperature, provide
	heating
	Bit 8 and 9: APD
	Temperature Sensor defect,
	contact support
D:: 4 4 4 5	
Bit 14-15	Reserved

www.sick.com Page 6 of 17

4.2 Error register 2

Bytes	Comment	
Bit 0-3	Contact support	
Bit 4	Incorrect configuration	
	data, load correct	
	configuration values	
Bit 5	Configuration contains	
	incorrect parameters,	
	load correct	
	configuration values	
Bit 6	Data processing	
	timeout, decrease scan	
	resolution or scan	
	frequency	
Bit 7	Contact support	
Bit 8-15	Reserved	

4.3 Warning register 1

Bytes	Comment
Bit 0	Internal communication error
Bit 1-	Internal warning
2	
Bit 3	Warning temperature very
	low
Bit 4	Warning: temperature very
	high
Bit 5-	Internal warning
6	
Bit 7	Synchronization errer, check
	syncronization- and scan
	frequency
Bit 8-	Reserved
15	

www.sick.com Page 7 of 17

4.4 Warning register 2

Bytes	Comment
Bit 0	Reserved
Bit 1	Ethernet Interface
	blocked, check Ethernet
	connection
Bit 2	Reserved
Bit 3	Contact support
Bit 4	Error receiving Ethernet
	data, check Ethernet
	connection/data
Bit5	Incorrect or forbidden
	command received,
	check command
Bit 6	Memory access failure,
	restart LD-MRS, contact
	support
Bit 7-15	Reserved

www.sick.com Page 8 of 17

5 LD-MRS command interface

For sending commands to the LD-MRS the data type 0x2010 is used. The data is encoded in little endian format!

Bytes	Offset	LD-MRS command	datatype	Description
2	0	Command ID	UINT16	See detailed list of commands and according options/parameters.
2	2	Reserved	UINT16	Unused, but these 2 bytes must be sent for all commands.
	4	Command Data	-	Depending on command. May be completely missing for some commands.

The LD-MRS replies to a command with a dedicated reply message. The datatype is 0x2020. The data is encoded in little endian format!

Bytes	Offset	LD-MRS reply	Content type	Description
2	0	Reply ID	UINT16	If a command succeeded, the reply ID is equal to the corresponding command ID. If a command failed, the reply ID is the command ID + 0x8000. Thus, the most significant bit indicates a failed command.
	2	Reply data	-	Depending on the corresponding command this reply is related to. May be completely missing for some commands and if a command failed. See detailed command description below.

www.sick.com Page 9 of 17

5.1 LD-MRS commands and command replies – data types 0x2010/ 0x2020

5.1.1 Reset

Bytes	Offset	LD-MRS command	datatype	Description
2	0	0x0000	UINT16	ID - Reset DSP
2	2	Reserved0	UINT16	-

In case of command Reset no reply is sent.

5.1.2 Get Status

Bytes	Offset	LD-MRS command	datatype	Description
2	0	0x0001	UINT16	ID - Status request
2	2	Reserved0	UINT16	-

Bytes	Offset	LD-MRS reply	Content type	Description
2	0	0x0001	UINT16	ID - Status request
2	2	Firmware version	UINT16	e. g. 0x1230 = version 1.2.3, 0x123B = version 1.2.3b
2	4	FPGA version	UINT16	e. g. 0x1230 = version 1.2.3, 0x123B = version 1.2.3b
2	6	Scanner status	UINT16	Bit field, with the following meaning for every bit: Bit 156: reserved / internal Bit 5: phase locked Bit 4: external sync signal available Bit 3: frequency locked Bit 2: reserved / internal Bit 1: laser on Bit 0: motor on
4	8		UINT32	reserved / internal
2	12	temperature	UINT16	$T[^{\circ}C] = - \text{ (temperature - 579.2364) / 3.63}$
2	14	serial number 0	UINT16	YYCW (z. B. YYCW = 0x0740 = year '07, calendar week 40)
2	16	serial number 1	UINT16	Counter of serial number
2	18		UINT16	reserved / internal
6	20	FPGA time stamp	[3] * UINT16	YYYY MMDD hhmm (FPGA version state)
6	26	DSP time stamp	[3] * UINT16	YYYY MMDD hhmm (Firmware version state)

www.sick.com Page 10 of 17

5.1.3 SaveConfig

Bytes	Offset	LD-MRS command	datatype	Description
2	0	0x0004	UINT16	Current sensor configuration will be saved permanently. Multiple SetParameter commands may be sent before saving the changes permanently.
2	2	Reserved	UINT16	-

The command SaveConfig will be acknowledged by the same command ID without command reply data.

5.1.4 Set Parameter

Bytes	Offset	LD-MRS command	datatype	Description
2	0	0x0010	UINT16	Set a single Parameter by its index to the sensor memory. Parameter is set only temporarily until a SaveConfig command (see 5.1.3) is sent.
2	2	Reserved	UINT16	-
2	4	Parameter index	UINT16	Refer to LD-MRS parameter list (see 5.2).
4	6	Parameter	UINT32	Set parameter accordingly to parameter list. If e.g. a 2 byte value is set, use the first 2 bytes. Fill the remaining 2 bytes with 0.

The command Set Parameter will be acknowledged by the same command ID without any command reply data.

5.1.5 Get Parameter

Bytes	Offset	LD-MRS command	datatype	Description
2	0	0x0011	UINT16	ID - Read a single
				Parameter with its index
				from the LD-MRS.
2	2	Reserved	UINT16	-
2	4	Parameter index	UINT16	Refer to LD-MRS parameter
				list (see 5.2).

Bytes	Offset	LD-MRS reply	Content type	Description
2	0	0x0011	UINT16	ID - Read a single Parameter by its index from the LD-MRS.
2	2	Parameter index	UINT16	Refer to LD-MRS parameter list (see 5.2).

www.sick.com Page 11 of 17

4	4	Parameter	UINT32	
---	---	-----------	--------	--

5.1.6 Reset Default Parameters

Bytes	Offset	LD-MRS command	datatype	Description
2	0	0x001A		ID - Resets all parameters to the factory defaults.
2	2	Reserved	UINT16	-

The command Reset Default Parameters will be acknowledged by the same command ID without any command reply data.

5.1.7 Start Measure

Bytes	Offset	LD-MRS command	datatype	Description
2	0	0x0020	UINT16	ID - Starts the measurement
				with the current settings.
2	2	Reserved0	UINT16	-

The command Start Measure will be acknowledged by the same command ID without any command reply data.

5.1.8 Stop Measure

Bytes	Offset	LD-MRS command	datatype	Description
2	0	0x0021	UINT16	ID - Stops the measurement.
2	2	Reserved	UINT16	-

The command Stop Measure will be acknowledged by the same command ID without any command reply data.

5.1.9 SetNTPTimestampSec

Bytes	Offset	LD-MRS command:	datatype	Description
2	0	0x0030	UINT16	ID - sets the second of
				NTPtimestamp.
4	2	Reserved	UINT32	-
4	6	Timestamp	UINT32	Seconds (NTP format). The time will be set in the sensor when the fractional seconds command is received (see below).

The command SetNTPTimestampSec will be acknowledged by the same command ID without any command reply data. Timestamp will be used when the SetNTPTimestampFracSec command is received (see below).

www.sick.com Page 12 of 17

5.1.10 SetNTPTimestampFracSec

Attention: Before this command can be executed, first command "SetNTPTimestampSec" (0x0030) must be sent (see 5.1.9)!

Bytes	Offset	LD-MRS command	datatype	Description
2	0	0x0031	UINT16	ID - sets the fractional second of NTPtimestamp.
4	2	Reserved	UINT32	-
6	6	Timestamp	UINT32	Fractional seconds (NTP format).

The command SetNTPTimestampFracSec will be acknowledged by the same command ID without any command reply data.

5.2 LD-MRS parameter list

This table gives an overview of available LD-MRS parameters. Please refer to 5.1.4 and 5.1.5 for details on getting and setting these parameters.

IP address, subnet mask and standard gateway encode the data as UINT32 value which is built like that: aa.bb.cc.dd = 0xaabbccdd. Due to little endian byte order this value must be sent as 0xddccbbaa.

Bytes	Parameter	LD-MRS parameter	datatype	Description
	index			
4	0x1000	IP address	UINT32	Valid: all
2	0x1001	TCP Port	UINT32	Valid: all
4	0x1002	Subnet Mask	UINT32	Valid: all
4	0x1003	Standard gateway	UINT32	Valid: all
2	0x1012	Data Output Flag	16 bit field	Bit true: disable output, false: enable output. 0xFFFF is invalid. bit0: ETH scan data bit1: reserved bit2: reserved bit3: reserved bit4: ETH errors/warnings bit5: reserved bit6: reserved bit715: reservedl
2	0x1100	Start angle	INT16	In 1/32°, in the sensor coordinate system. Valid: 16001919. Start angle > end angle!

www.sick.com Page 13 of 17

Bytes	Parameter index	LD-MRS parameter	datatype	Description
2	0x1101	End angle	INT16	In 1/32°, in the sensor coordinate system. Valid: 15991920. Start angle > end angle!
2	0x1102	Scan frequency	UINT16	In 1/256 Hz. Valid: 3200 (12.5 Hz) 6400 (25.0 Hz) 12800 (50.0 Hz)
2	0x1103	Sync angle offset	INT14 (!) (16 bits transferred)	In 1/32° in the sensor coordinate system. Valid: -5760+5759 (-180°+180°). Bits 14 and 15 are ignored!
2	0x1104	angular resolution type	UINT16	0: focused 1: constant 2: reserved
2	0x1105	angleTicksPerRotati on	UINT16	11520 (read only), constant for LD-MRS

www.sick.com Page 14 of 17

5.3 Example

This example shows how to set the IP address via Ethernet to 10.152.36.200.

Bytes	Offset		Data type	Content
4	0	Big endian byte order!	LUNTOO	0.4555000
4	0	Magic word	UINT32	0xAFFEC0C2
4	4	Size of previous	UINT32	Not mandatory. Set e.g. to 0:
		message		0x0000000
4	8	Size of this message	UINT32	0x000000XX
1	12	Reserved	UINT8	0x00
1	13	Device ID	UINT8	Not mandatory. Set e.g. to 7:
				0x07
2	14	Data type:	UINT16	0x2010
		LD-MRS command		
8	16	NTP timestamp	UINT64	Not mandatory. Set e.g. to 0:
				0x000000000000000
Bytes	Offset	Message data -	Data type	Content
		Little endian byte order!		
2	24	Command ID: Set	UINT16	0x0010
		parameter		(send encoded as 0x1000)
2	26	Reserved	UINT16	0x0000
2	28	Parameter index: IP	UINT16	0x1000
		address		(send encoded as 0x0010)
4	30	Parameter data (here:	UINT32	0x0A9824C8
		10.152.36.200)		(send encoded as
		,		0xC824980A)
	34			

Take care: IP address changes will be effective after the next sensor restart (DSP reset or power cycle). Nevertheless the change can be seen e.g. in LD-MRS View in the device configuration dialog immediately.

Ibeo API scan data - Data type 0x2204

Scan data available from Ibeo API. Each scan data block starts with a header followed by the scanner info list and the scan point list.

Each scan point has a device ID which refers to a sensor in the sensor info list.

The data is encoded in network byte order / big endian format.

Bytes	Offset	Scan header	datatype	Description
8	0	Scan start time	NTP64	NTP time when the first
				measurement was done.
4	8	Scan end time	UINT32	Time difference between last
		offset		and first measurement in us.
4	12	Flags	Bit field:	Bit 0: reserved
			32 bits	Bit 1: dirt labeled
				Bit 2: rain labeled
				Bits 311: reserved
				reserved

www.sick.com Page 15 of 17

2	16	Scan number	UINT16	The number of this scan. The number will be increased from scan to scan. Overflow occurs after 2 ¹⁶ scans.
2	18	Scan points	UINT16	Number of scan points transmitted in this scan.
1	20	Number of scanner infos	UINT8	Number of scanner infos transmitted in this scan.
3	21	Reserved	3 bytes	-
	24	Scanner info list	Scanner info	Array of scanner infos. See number of scanner infos above and scanner info below.
	24 + scanner infos * 40	Scan point List	Scan point	Array of scan points. See number of scan points above and point information below.
	24 + scanner infos * 40 + scan points * 28			

www.sick.com Page 16 of 17

Bytes	Offset	Scanner info	datatype	Description
1	0	Device ID	UINT8	Device ID of this scanner.
1	1	Scanner type	UINT8	6 = LD-MRS
2	2	Scan number	UINT16	The scan number coming from the scanner device. The number will be increased from scan to scan. Overflow occurs after 2 ¹⁶ scans.
4	4	Reserved	4 bytes	-
4	8	Start angle	FLOAT32	Field of view of this scanner
4	12	End angle	FLOAT32	given in its local coordinate system. In radians normalized to $[-\pi, +\pi[$.
4	16	reserved	UINT32	
4	20	reserved	UINT32	
4	24	reserved	UINT32	
4	28	reserved	UINT32	
4	32	reserved	UINT32	
4	36	reserved	UINT32	
	40			

Bytes	Offset	Scan point	datatype	Description
4	0	X position	FLOAT32	X position of this scan point in
	_			m.
4	4	Y position	FLOAT32	Y position of this scan point in
				m.
4	8	Z position	FLOAT32	Z position of this scan point in
				m.
4	12	Echo width	FLOAT32	Echo width of this scan point in
				m.
1	16	Device ID	UINT8	ID of the device measuring this
				point.
1	17	Layer	UINT8	Scan layer of this point (zero-
				based).
1	18	Echo	UINT8	Echo number of this point (zero-
				based).
1	19	Reserved	1 byte	-
4	20	Timestamp (μs)	UINT32	Time offset in µs when this scan
				point was measured based on
				the scan start time.
2	24	Flags	Bit field:	0x0001: reserved
			16 bits	0x0002: dirt
				0x0004: rain/snow/spray/fog/
				0xFFF8: reserved
2	26	Reserved	2 bytes	-
	28			

www.sick.com Page 17 of 17