

## Standard Exceptions

Here is a list of Standard Exceptions available in Python. –

S.No.	Exception Name & Description
1	<b>Exception</b> Base class for all exceptions
2	<b>StopIteration</b> Raised when the next() method of an iterator does not point to any object.
3	<b>SystemExit</b> Raised by the sys.exit() function.
4	<b>StandardError</b> Base class for all built-in exceptions except StopIteration and SystemExit.
5	<b>ArithmeticError</b> Base class for all errors that occur for numeric calculation.
6	<b>OverflowError</b> Raised when a calculation exceeds maximum limit for a numeric type.
7	<b>FloatingPointError</b> Raised when a floating point calculation fails.
8	<b>ZeroDivisonError</b> Raised when division or modulo by zero takes place for all numeric types.
9	<b>AssertionError</b> Raised in case of failure of the Assert statement.
10	<b>AttributeError</b> Raised in case of failure of attribute reference or assignment.
11	<b>EOFError</b> Raised when there is no input from either the raw_input() or input() function and the end of file is reached.
12	<b>ImportError</b> Raised when an import statement fails.
13	<b>KeyboardInterrupt</b> Raised when the user interrupts program execution, usually by pressing Ctrl+c.



14	<b>LookupError</b> Base class for all lookup errors.
15	<b>IndexError</b> Raised when an index is not found in a sequence.
16	<b>KeyError</b> Raised when the specified key is not found in the dictionary.
17	<b>NameError</b> Raised when an identifier is not found in the local or global namespace.
18	<b>UnboundLocalError</b> Raised when trying to access a local variable in a function or method but no value has been assigned to it.
19	<b>EnvironmentError</b> Base class for all exceptions that occur outside the Python environment.
20	<b>IOError</b> Raised when an input/ output operation fails, such as the print statement or the open() function when trying to open a file that does not exist.
21	<b>OSError</b> Raised for operating system-related errors.
22	<b>SyntaxError</b> Raised when there is an error in Python syntax.
23	<b>IndentationError</b> Raised when indentation is not specified properly.
24	<b>SystemError</b> Raised when the interpreter finds an internal problem, but when this error is encountered the Python interpreter does not exit.
25	<b>SystemExit</b> Raised when Python interpreter is quit by using the sys.exit() function. If not handled in the code, causes the interpreter to exit.
26	<b>TypeError</b> Raised when an operation or function is attempted that is invalid for the specified data type.



27	<b>ValueError</b> Raised when the built-in function for a data type has the valid type of arguments, but the arguments have invalid values specified.
28	<b>RuntimeError</b> Raised when a generated error does not fall into any category.
29	<b>NotImplementedError</b> Raised when an abstract method that needs to be implemented in an inherited class is not actually implemented.

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