

Software Test Plan (STP) - API Rate Limiter

Project: API Rate Limiter

Version: 1.1

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Status: Approved

1. Introduction

Purpose:

This test plan defines testing objectives, scope, strategy, resources, schedule and responsibilities for API Rate Limiter v1.0 — the middleware service that enforces configurable rate limits on API endpoints to prevent abuse and protect backend services.

Scope:

Testing scope covers the Rate Limiter's functional modules: client identification (API key, IP), rate enforcement (multi-window and algorithmic enforcement), analytics & monitoring (headers, alerts, dashboard), configuration management (dynamic rule updates, validation, precedence), request forwarding behavior and security controls (MFA/RBAC, encryption, logging). Excluded: backend application logic of protected services, third-party monitoring tools, and underlying datastore implementation correctness (assumed vendor-tested).

References:

- Codevengers SRS — API Rate Limiter v1.0.
- Design Specifications v1.0 (project repo)
- Security & TLS standards (TLS 1.2+), encryption at rest (AES-256).

Definitions:

- **API** — Application Programming Interface.
- **Rate Limiting** — Controlled restriction of API request rates within configured time-windows.
- **Token Bucket / Leaky Bucket / Sliding Window** — supported limiting algorithms.
- **Client** — application or service consuming APIs via the limiter.
- **Admin** — operator managing limiter policies, dashboards and exceptions.

2. Test Items

- Client Identification module (API key, IP, allow/block lists)
- Rate Limit Enforcement module (multi-window, algorithms, per endpoint/IP/API key)
- Request Forwarding module (proxying with header/body preservation)
- Analytics & Monitoring module (alerts, headers, dashboard counters)
- Configuration Management module (dynamic updates, validation, precedence, blocking, error customization)
- Security Controls (MFA/RBAC, encryption, logging, anonymization)

3. Features to be Tested

Features mapped to SRS requirement IDs:

- **RL-F-001:** Identify clients using API keys
- **RL-F-002:** Identify clients using IP-based matching (CIDR ranges)
- **RL-F-003:** Support IP allowlists and blocklists
- **RL-F-004:** Enforce multi-window rate limits (second, minute, hour, day)
- **RL-F-005:** Support different rate-limiting algorithms (token bucket, sliding window, fixed window)
- **RL-F-006:** Allow rate limits per endpoint, IP, or API key
- **RL-F-007:** Forward approved requests while preserving headers and body
- **RL-F-008:** Trigger alerts when clients exceed 80% of their rate limits
- **RL-F-009:** Provide custom response headers with rate-limit information
- **RL-F-010:** Display real-time request counters on the admin dashboard
- **RL-F-011:** Support dynamic rule updates without service restart
- **RL-F-012:** Validate configuration syntax and semantics before applying changes
- **RL-F-013:** Enforce rule precedence with client-specific overrides
- **RL-F-014:** Allow manual blocking of sources by an administrator
- **RL-F-015:** Allow custom error messages for blocked/throttled requests
- **RL-NF-001:** Maintain latency overhead <= 10ms per request
- **RL-NF-002:** Provide 99.9% system availability
- **RL-NF-003:** Store and retrieve request count data per client and endpoint
- **RL-NF-004:** Maintain accuracy of rate limiting within ± 5% deviation
- **RL-NF-005:** Handle at least 1000 requests per minute under peak load
- **RL-SEC-001:** Require MFA and RBAC for administrative APIs
- **RL-SEC-002:** Log and alert on rate-limit bypass attempts
- **RL-SEC-003:** Encrypt sensitive data (API keys, tokens) at rest with AES-256
- **RL-SEC-004:** Validate request signatures to prevent tampering
- **RL-SEC-005:** Anonymize client IPs and identifiers beyond 30 days

4. Features Not to be Tested

- Backend application logic of protected APIs (assumed tested by backend owners).
- Underlying datastore implementation correctness (Redis/Memcached) — only integration and failure handling will be tested.
- Third-party monitoring/alerting platform internals (e.g., Prometheus, ELK stack) — only integration points validated.
- External API gateway features (routing, load balancing, authentication beyond rate limiting).
- Network infrastructure outside the controlled test environment.

5. Test Approach / Strategy

Levels:

- Unit tests (module-level)
- Integration tests (Client -> Rate Limiter -> Backend API)
- System tests (end-to-end rate limiting functionality)
- Acceptance tests (UAT)

Types:

- Functional testing (core features)
- Regression testing
- Performance testing (response time, load)
- Usability testing (UI clarity, accessibility)

Entry Criteria: Stable build delivered, test data available, test environment ready.

Exit Criteria: 100% of planned test cases executed, 0 critical defects open, all acceptance criteria satisfied.

5.1 Security Validation

- **API Key & Client Identification** – Validate secure handling, parsing, and anonymization of client identifiers.
- **TLS 1.2+ verification** - Ensure all communications (client ↔ limiter, admin ↔ limiter, limiter ↔ backend) are encrypted.
- **Configuration Security** – Validate encryption of sensitive configuration data (AES-256 at rest)
- Verify MFA + RBAC for admin APIs.
- Penetration testing of authentication flows and assess exposure of usage metrics and request logs.

6. Test Environment

Hardware: Cloud VM or local PC.

Software: API Rate Limiter app v1.0, mock backend API.

Tools: Postman , JMeter , Jira.

Test Data: Sample API keys, 10-20 test requests, basic config file.

7. Test Schedule

Milestones:

- Test case design: 05-Sep-2025
- Environment setup: 07-Sep-2025
- Test execution start: 08-Sep-2025
- Test execution end: 20-Sep-2025
- UAT: 22-Sep-2025 to 25-Sep-2025

8. Test Deliverables

- Test Plan (this document)
- Test Cases (manual & automated)
- Test Scripts
- Test Data
- Test Execution Logs
- Defect Reports
- Test Summary Report

9. Roles and Responsibilities

| Role | Name | Responsibility |
|---------------|----------------|--|
| QA Lead | Rishav Ghosh | Prepare plan, coordinate execution |
| Test Engineer | Roshit Sharma | Design & execute test cases, log defects |
| Developer | Raunak Bagaria | Support defect fixes and triage |
| Product Owner | R Jeevith | Approve test results, sign-off readiness |

10. Risks and Mitigation

| Risk | Mitigation |
|--|---|
| Delay in stable build delivery | Request early smoke builds from dev team |
| Test environment downtime | Maintain backup environment on cloud VM |
| Performance bottlenecks under load (latency >10ms, throughput <1000 requests/min) | Run early load/performance tests with synthetic traffic |

11. Assumptions & Dependencies

Assumptions: Mock backend API works; test data (API keys, requests).

Dependencies: API Rate Limiter app build is stable; basic network access available.

12. Suspension & Resumption Criteria

Suspend Criteria:

If the test environment is unavailable for more than four consecutive hours, testing must be suspended to prevent invalid or incomplete results

If the delivered build quality is too unstable, blocking more than 30% of planned test cases from execution, testing is suspended until the issues are addressed..

Resume testing if:

- Testing will resume once critical defects have been fixed and verified.
- The test environment must be restored to a stable and functional state, ensuring smooth execution.

13. Test Case Management & Traceability (not updated yet)

RTM ensures mapping of SRS requirements to test cases.

Example:

- ATM-F-001 (PIN validation) → TC-Auth-01, TC-Auth-02
- ATM-F-010 (Withdrawal) → TC-WD-01, TC-WD-02
- ATM-NF-001 (Response time) → TC-Perf-01

14. Test Metrics & Reporting

Metrics collected:

- % test cases executed
- % passed/failed
- Defect density

- Defect aging
- Requirement coverage

Reports:

- Daily execution status
- Final Test Summary Report

15. Approvals

| Role | Name | Signature / Date |
|---------------|----------------|----------------------|
| QA Lead | Rishav Ghosh | Rishav (03-11-2025) |
| Dev Lead | Raunak Bagaria | Raunak (03-11-2025) |
| Product Owner | R Jeevith | Jeevith (03-11-2025) |

16. Test Cases

This section lists the test cases for the API Rate Limiter.

| Test Case ID | Test Scenario / Description | Preconditions | Test Steps / Input Data | Expected Result | Postconditions / Remarks |
|--------------|---|--|--|--|---|
| TC-RL-01 | Enforce per-second rate limit for free tier | Rate limiter initialized with default limits; client identified as free tier | 1. Make 1 request as free tier client 2. Immediately make second request within same second | First request allowed (200 OK); Second request blocked (429 Too Many Requests) | Free tier per-second limit is 1 request |
| TC-RL-02 | Enforce per-minute rate limit | Rate limiter initialized; client tier = free (limit: 10/minute) | 1. Make 10 requests within 60 seconds 2. Make 11th request within same minute | First 10 requests allowed; 11th request blocked with 429 status | Minute window correctly enforces limit |

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| TC-RL-03 | Enforce per-hour rate limit | Rate limiter initialized; client tier = free (limit: 100/hour) | 1. Make 100 requests within 60 minutes 2. Make 101st request within same hour | 100 requests allowed; 101st request blocked | Hour window tracking works correctly |
| TC-RL-04 | Enforce per-day rate limit | Rate limiter initialized; client tier = free (limit: 1000/day) | 1. Make 1000 requests within 24 hours 2. Make 1001st request within same day | 1000 requests allowed; 1001st blocked with retryAfter time | Day window enforced correctly |
| TC-RL-05 | Different tier limits - premium vs free | Rate limiter initialized; two clients with different tiers | 1. Free client makes 2 requests/second 2. Premium client makes 51 requests/second | Free client blocked after 1st; Premium client blocked after 50th request | Tier-based limits enforced correctly |
| TC-RL-06 | Calculate retryAfter header correctly | Free tier client at per-second limit | 1. Exceed per-second limit 2. Check retryAfter value in response | 429 response with retryAfter \leq 1 second | Retry-After header provides accurate wait time |
| TC-RL-07 | Isolate rate limits per client | Rate limiter tracking multiple clients | 1. Client A exceeds limit 2. Client B makes request | Client A blocked; Client B allowed | Per-client isolation maintained |
| TC-RL-08 | Allow requests after time window expires | Free tier client at per-second limit | 1. Make 1 request 2. Wait 1.1 seconds | First request allowed; After wait | second request also allowed |

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| | | | 3. Make another request | | |
| TC-RL-09 | Track requests in all windows simultaneously | Rate limiter initialized | 1. Make 3 requests 2. Check statistics for client | All windows (second/minute/hour/day) show count = 3 | Concurrent window tracking accurate |
| TC-RL-10 | Reset client rate limits via admin API | Rate limiter with client at limit | 1. Client exceeds limit 2. POST /admin/rate-limits/:client/reset 3. Client makes new request | Client blocked before reset; Allowed after reset | Reset operation successful |
| TC-API-01 | Validate correct API key | API key manager loaded with test clients; clients.csv contains valid keys | 1. Send request with header X-API-Key: test-key-123 2. Validate key | API key validated successfully; Returns clientName and tier | Client identity retrieved |
| TC-API-02 | Reject invalid API key | API key manager initialized | 1. Send request with invalid-key-999 2. Validate key | Validation fails; Returns error 'API key not found' | Invalid keys properly rejected |
| TC-API-03 | Reject empty API key | API key manager initialized | 1. Send request with empty X-API-Key header 2. Validate key | Returns error 'Invalid API key format'; 401 Unauthorized | Empty keys rejected |

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| TC-API-04 | Reject null API key | API key manager initialized | 1. Send request without X-API-Key header 2. Validate key | Returns error message; 401 Unauthorized response | Missing API key handled gracefully |
| TC-API-05 | Handle API keys with whitespace | API key manager loaded; valid key with spaces | 1. Send X-API-Key: 'test-key-123' 2. Validate key | Whitespace trimmed; Key validated successfully | Whitespace handling works |
| TC-API-06 | Reload API keys from file | API key manager initialized; clients.csv modified | 1. Initial key count = 5 2. Modify CSV to add new client 3. Call reloadClients() 4. Validate new key | New key validated successfully; Client count updated | Hot-reload functionality works |
| TC-API-07 | Handle duplicate API keys in CSV | API key manager; CSV contains duplicate keys | 1. Load clients.csv with duplicate keys 2. Validate duplicate key | Only first occurrence loaded; Duplicate ignored | Duplicate handling prevents conflicts |
| TC-API-08 | Validate all supported tiers | API key manager with clients of all tiers | 1. Validate free tier key 2. Validate basic tier key 3. Validate standard tier key 4. Validate premium tier key | All tiers validated correctly with proper classification | All 5 tiers supported |

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| | | | 5. Validate enterprise tier key | | |
| TC-CI-01 | Identify client with valid API key and IP | Client identifier initialized; request with valid API key | 1. Create mock request with X-API-Key: key123 2. Set req.ip = 192.168.1.1 3. Call identifyClient(r eq) | Returns valid ClientIdentity with clientName and tier | Client identification successful |
| TC-CI-02 | Track client IP addresses | Client identifier with IP tracking enabled | 1. Client makes request from 192.168.1.100 2. Check learned IPs | IP address recorded in client_ips.csv with timestamp | IP learning and tracking works |
| TC-CI-03 | Match IP against CIDR ranges | Client identifier with CIDR rules; 192.168.1.0/24 defined for client | 1. Request from 192.168.1.50 2. Identify client | Client identified via CIDR match; Returns client name | CIDR range matching functional |
| TC-CI-04 | Handle missing API key header | Client identifier initialized | 1. Send request without X-API-Key header 2. Attempt identification | Returns invalid identity; Error message provided | Missing API key handled gracefully |
| TC-IP-01 | Block request from blocklisted IP | IP blocklist contains 192.168.1.100 | 1. Request from IP 192.168.1.100 2. Check IP status | Request blocked with 403 Forbidden; Reason: 'IP address is blocklisted' | Blocklist enforcement works |

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| TC-IP-02 | Allow request from allowlisted IP | IP allowlist contains 172.16.0.50 | 1. Request from IP 172.16.0.50 2. Check IP status | IP allowlisted; Request logged and allowed | Allowlist detection works |
| TC-IP-03 | Process IP not in any list | IP manager initialized; IP not in allow/block lists | 1. Request from IP 1.2.3.4 2. Check IP status | Returns action=NONE; Process according to normal rules | Unlisted IPs handled correctly |
| TC-IP-04 | Prioritize blocklist over allowlist | IP in both allowlist and blocklist | 1. Add 192.168.1.100 to both lists 2. Request from this IP 3. Check status | Request blocked; Blocklist takes precedence | Blocklist priority enforced |
| TC-IP-05 | Match IP in CIDR range - allowlist | Allowlist contains 192.168.1.0/24 | 1. Request from 192.168.1.50 2. Check allowlist status | IP detected in allowlisted CIDR range; Allowed | CIDR matching in allowlist works |
| TC-IP-06 | Match IP in CIDR range - blocklist | Blocklist contains 10.0.0.0/8 | 1. Request from 10.0.5.100 2. Check blocklist status | IP detected in blocklisted CIDR range; Blocked | CIDR matching in blocklist works |
| TC-IP-07 | Handle IPv6 addresses | IP manager with IPv6 support | 1. Add 2001:db8::1234 to allowlist 2. Request from this IPv6 address | IPv6 address allowlisted; Request allowed | IPv6 support functional |

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| | | | 1. POST /admin/allowlist/add | | |
| TC-IP-08 | Add IP to allowlist via admin API | IP manager initialized | 2. Body: {ip: '5.6.7.8', description: 'Test'} 3. Verify addition | IP added successfully; Saved to CSV file | Dynamic allowlist management works |
| TC-IP-09 | Remove IP from blocklist via admin API | IP manager with IPs in blocklist | 1. DELETE /admin/blocklist/remove 2. Body: {ip: '192.168.1.100'} 3. Verify removal | IP removed; No longer in blocklist; Saved to CSV | Dynamic blocklist management works |
| TC-IP-10 | Track request counts for listed IPs | IP manager tracking requests | 1. Allowlisted IP makes 5 requests 2. Check statistics | Request count = 5 for that IP in allowlist stats | Request counting accurate |
| TC-POL-01 | Match client-specific policy (highest priority) | Policy manager with multiple policies; request with API key | 1. Request: api_key=client1 23, endpoint=/api/users 2. Policies exist for: client-specific, endpoint-specific, global 3. Select best policy | Client-specific policy selected; Score > 10000; Limit applied | Client-specific priority enforced |

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| TC-POL-02 | Match endpoint-specific policy | Policy manager initialized; request without API key | 1. Request: endpoint=/api/users 2. Policies: endpoint-specific and global tier 3. Select best policy | Endpoint-specific policy selected; Score ~1000 | Endpoint-specific priority over global |
| TC-POL-03 | Fall back to global tier policy | Policy manager initialized; request with only tier | 1. Request: tier=free (no endpoint/API key match) 2. Only global tier policy exists 3. Select policy | Global tier policy selected; Score = 50 | Global tier fallback works |
| TC-POL-04 | Match parameterized endpoint | Policy manager with parameterized endpoints | 1. Request: endpoint=/api/users/123 2. Policy: /api/users/:id 3. Select policy | Parameterized endpoint matched; Correct limit applied | Parameter matching functional |
| TC-POL-05 | Match wildcard endpoint | Policy manager with wildcard policy | 1. Request: endpoint=/api/anything 2. Policy: /api/* (wildcard) 3. Select policy | Wildcard policy matched; Applied correctly | Wildcard endpoint matching works |
| TC-POL-06 | Match exact IP address | Policy manager with IP-specific policy | 1. Request: ip=192.168.1.100 2. Policy for exact IP exists | IP-specific policy selected; Score = 332 | Exact IP matching works |

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| | | | 3. Select policy | | |
| TC-POL-07 | Match CIDR range in policy | Policy manager with CIDR policy | 1. Request: ip=192.168.1.50 2. Policy: 192.168.1.0/24 3. Select policy | CIDR-based policy matched; Applied to request | CIDR-based policies work |
| TC-POL-08 | Resolve conflict with overlapping rules | Policy manager with all rule types | 1. Request matches client-specific, endpoint-specific, and global 2. Calculate scores 3. Select highest | Client-specific wins; Deterministic selection | Conflict resolution deterministic |
| TC-POL-09 | Return null when no policies match | Policy manager initialized; unmatched request | 1. Request: endpoint=/unknown, tier=unknown 2. No matching policies exist 3. Attempt selection | Returns null; No policy applied | No-match scenario handled |
| TC-POL-10 | Handle case-insensitive tier matching | Policy manager with tier-based policy | 1. Policy: tier=premium 2. Request: tier=PREMIUM (uppercase) 3. Match policy | Policy matched; Case ignored in tier comparison | Case-insensitive matching works |
| TC-HR-01 | Detect file changes and trigger reload | Config manager with file watching enabled; rate_limit_policies.csv | 1. Modify rate_limit_policies.csv | File change detected; Configuration | Hot-reload detection works |

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| | | ies.csv monitored | 2. Wait 2 seconds 3. Check reload triggered | reloaded within 5 seconds | |
| TC-HR-0 2 | Validate configuration before applying | Config manager initialized; invalid CSV prepared | 1. Update CSV with invalid data 2. Trigger reload 3. Check status | Validation fails; Old configuration retained; Error logged | Validation prevents bad config |
| TC-HR-0 3 | Rollback to previous version | Config manager with version history | 1. Current version = v5 2. POST /admin/policies/rollback 3. Check active version | Rolled back to v4; Previous configuration active | Rollback functionality works |
| TC-HR-0 4 | Maintain version history (last 10) | Config manager; make 12 configuration changes | 1. Make 12 successive reloads 2. Check version history 3. Verify count | Only last 10 versions retained; Oldest discarded | Version history management correct |
| TC-HR-0 5 | Apply atomic configuration updates | Config manager; simultaneous requests during reload | 1. Trigger configuration reload 2. Send requests during reload 3. Verify consistency | All requests use either old or new config; No mixed state | Atomic updates maintained |

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| TC-HR-06 | Reload multiple CSV files together | Config manager monitoring multiple files | 1. Update clients.csv 2. Update rate_limit_policies.csv 3. Trigger reload | Both files reloaded; All changes applied together | Multi-file reload works |
| TC-HR-07 | Handle reload failures gracefully | Config manager; CSV file deleted during reload | 1. Delete CSV file 2. Attempt reload 3. Check system state | Reload fails; Previous configuration retained; System stable | Error handling prevents crashes |
| TC-HR-08 | Track reload statistics | Config manager with statistics tracking | 1. Perform 5 successful reloads 2. Perform 2 failed reloads 3. GET /admin/policies/stats | Stats show: total=7 | success=5 |
| TC-EM-01 | Return custom error message for rate limit | Error message manager initialized; rate limit exceeded | 1. Client exceeds rate limit 2. System generates error response 3. Check message | Custom branded error message with retryAfter; Contains {{clientName}} replacement | Custom error messages work |
| TC-EM-02 | Substitute template variables correctly | Error message manager with template | 1. Template: 'Client {{clientName}} exceeded {{limit}}' | Message: 'Client TestClient exceeded 100' | Variable substitution accurate |

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| | | | 2. Variables: clientName='TestClient', limit=100 | 3. Generate message | |
| TC-EM-03 | Handle missing template gracefully | Error message manager; template for 'custom_error' not defined | 1. Request error message for 'custom_error' type 2. Check fallback | Returns default generic error message; System doesn't crash | Missing template fallback works |
| TC-EM-04 | Update error message via admin API | Error message manager initialized | 1. PUT /admin/error-messages/rate_limit 2. Body: new template 3. Verify update | Message updated; Saved to CSV; Subsequent errors use new template | Dynamic message updates work |
| TC-EM-05 | Reset error message to default | Error message manager; custom message set | 1. Custom message active 2. POST /admin/error-messages/rate_limit/reset 3. Check message | Message reset to default template; Custom version discarded | Reset to defaults works |
| TC-EM-06 | Update contact email in all messages | Error message manager with {{contactEmail}} templates | 1. PUT /admin/error-messages/contact-email | All messages containing {{contactEmail}} updated with new email | Global email update works |

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| | | | 2. Body: {email: 'support@example.com'} | |
| | | | 3. Check messages | |
| TC-EM-07 | Handle multiple variable substitutions | Error message manager with complex template | 1. Template with {{var1}}, {{var2}}, {{var3}} 2. Provide all variables 3. Generate message | All variables substituted correctly in order Multiple substitutions handled |
| TC-CV-01 | Validate correct rate limit configuration | Configuration validator initialized; valid config object | 1. Config with all required fields 2. Validate against rateLimitConfig schema 3. Check result | Validation passes; result.valid=true; No errors Valid config accepted |
| TC-CV-02 | Reject configuration with missing required fields | Configuration validator; config missing 'tiers' field | 1. Submit config without 'tiers' 2. Validate 3. Check errors | Validation fails; Error type: MISSING_REQUIRED; Field: 'tiers' Missing fields detected |
| TC-CV-03 | Reject configuration with negative limits | Configuration validator; config with negative values | 1. Config: tier.free.limits.second = -1 2. Validate 3. Check errors | Validation fails; Error type: RANGE_ERROR ; Message mentions 'below minimum' Negative values rejected |

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| TC-CV-04 | Detect tier hierarchy violations | Configuration validator; premium tier with lower limits than free | 1. Config: free.second=1 0, premium.second=5 2. Validate semantic rules 3. Check errors | Validation fails; Error type: TIER_HIERARCHY_VIOLATION | Hierarchy validation works |
| TC-CV-05 | Detect time window logic errors | Configuration validator; illogical window limits | 1. Config: second=100, minute=50 2. Validate (100*60 > 50) 3. Check errors | Validation fails; Error type: WINDOW_LOGIC_ERROR | Window logic validated |
| TC-CV-06 | Detect duplicate API keys in client config | Configuration validator; clientConfig with duplicate keys | 1. Two clients with same API key 2. Validate clientConfig 3. Check errors | Validation fails; Error type: DUPLICATE_API_KEY | Duplicate detection works |
| TC-CV-07 | Detect IP list conflicts | Configuration validator; IP in both allowlist and blocklist | 1. IP 192.168.1.100 in both lists 2. Validate ipListConfig 3. Check errors | Validation fails; Error type: IP_LIST_CONFLICT | IP conflict detection works |
| TC-CV-08 | Detect invalid CIDR masks | Configuration validator; invalid CIDR notation | 1. Config: ip_or_cidr='192.168.1.0/40' (invalid mask) 2. Validate 3. Check errors | Validation fails; Error type: INVALID_CIDR_MASK | CIDR validation accurate |

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| TC-CV-09 | Parse and validate JSON configuration | Configuration validator; JSON string input | 1. Submit valid JSON string 2. Parse and validate 3. Check result | JSON parsed successfully; Validation passes | JSON parsing works |
| TC-CV-10 | Detect JSON syntax errors | Configuration validator; malformed JSON | 1. Submit '{ invalid json' 2. Parse 3. Check errors | Parsing fails; Error type: SYNTAX_ERROR; Descriptive message | Syntax error detection works |
| TC-AB-01 | Block IP address permanently | Admin block manager initialized | 1. POST block: source='1.2.3.4' , type='ip', admin='alice' 2. Check if blocked 3. Verify persistence | IP blocked; Returns true; Saved to CSV file | Permanent IP blocking works |
| TC-AB-02 | Block API key temporarily with expiry | Admin block manager; time-based blocking | 1. Block API key with expiry=100ms 2. Check immediately: isBlocked() 3. Wait 150ms 4. Check again | Initially blocked; After expiry | no longer blocked |
| TC-AB-03 | Block CIDR range and match IPs within | Admin block manager with CIDR support | 1. Block: source='10.0.0.0/24', type='cidr' 2. Check IP 10.0.0.5 3. Check IP 10.0.1.5 | 10.0.0.5 blocked (in range); 10.0.1.5 not blocked | CIDR-based blocking works |

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| | | | 1. Block IP 1.2.3.4 | | |
| TC-AB-0 4 | Unblock previously blocked source | Admin block manager with blocked IP | 2. Verify blocked 3. Unblock IP 1.2.3.4 4. Verify unblocked | Initially blocked; After unblock | returns false |
| TC-AB-0 5 | Track block audit trail | Admin block manager with audit logging | 1. Block IP with reason='suspicious' 2. Unblock IP with reason='resolved' 3. Check audit file | Audit file contains both actions with timestamps and admins | Audit trail maintained |
| TC-AB-0 6 | List all active blocks | Admin block manager with multiple blocks | 1. Block 3 different sources 2. Call listBlocks() 3. Verify count | Returns array with 3 blocks; Contains all sources and types | List operation accurate |
| TC-AB-0 7 | Handle IPv6 CIDR blocking | Admin block manager; IPv6 support | 1. Block: source='2001:db8::/32', type='cidr' 2. Check IP 2001:db8::5 3. Verify blocked | IPv6 IP in CIDR range blocked; Matching works | IPv6 CIDR blocking works |
| TC-AB-0 8 | Persist blocks across restarts | Admin block manager | 1. Create manager | IP still blocked after reload; | Block persistence works |

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| | | | instance; block IP | Persistence works | |
| | | | 2. Destroy instance | | |
| | | | 3. Create new instance; check IP | | |
| TC-SYS-01 | Complete request flow - successful | System running; valid client; within limits | 1. Send GET /data with valid API key 2. Check response status 3. Verify headers | 200 OK response; Data returned; Rate limit headers present | End-to-end flow successful |
| TC-SYS-02 | Complete request flow - rate limited | System running; client at rate limit | 1. Exceed per-second limit for free tier 2. Send additional request 3. Check response | 429 Too Many Requests; Error message with retryAfter; Custom branded message | Rate limiting in full flow works |
| TC-SYS-03 | Complete request flow - invalid API key | System running; invalid API key provided | 1. Send GET /data with invalid-key-999 2. Check response 3. Verify error | 401 Unauthorized; Error message: 'API key not found' | Authentication failure handled |
| TC-SYS-04 | Complete request flow - blocklisted IP | System running; IP in blocklist | 1. Send request from blocklisted IP 192.168.1.100 | 403 Forbidden; Message: 'IP address is blocklisted'; Request | IP blocking in full flow works |

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| | | | 2. Check response | blocked before rate limit check | |
| TC-SYS-05 | Health endpoint returns status | System running | 1. Send GET /health 2. Check response | 200 OK; Response body: {status: 'healthy'} | Health check functional |
| TC-SYS-06 | Admin endpoint - Get client statistics | System running; client has made requests | 1. GET /admin/rate-limits/:clientName 2. Check response | 200 OK; Statistics showing request counts per window; Remaining requests | Admin stats endpoint works |
| TC-SYS-07 | Admin endpoint - Update tier limits | System running; admin privileges | 1. PUT /admin/rate-limits/tier/free 2. Body: {second: 2, minute: 20} 3. Verify changes | 200 OK; Tier limits updated; Subsequent requests use new limits | Dynamic tier updates work |
| TC-SYS-08 | Admin endpoint - Reset client rate limits | System running; client at limit | 1. Client blocked by rate limit 2. POST /admin/rate-limits/:client/reset 3. Client makes new request | Reset successful; Client allowed to make requests again | Admin reset in full flow works |
| TC-SYS-09 | Multiple clients concurrent requests | System running; 3 clients making simultaneous requests | 1. Client A, B, C send requests at same time 2. Check all responses | All clients processed independently; Limits isolated per client; No interference | Concurrent handling works |

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| | | | 3. Verify isolation | | |
| TC-SYS-10 | Request with rate limit headers | System running; client makes request | 1. Send valid request 2. Check response headers 3. Verify headers present | Response contains: X-RateLimit-Limit | X-RateLimit-Remaining |
| TC-INT-01 | Policy hierarchy with multiple matching rules | Policy manager integration test; multiple policy levels | 1. Create client-specific, endpoint-specific, and global policies 2. Send request matching all three 3. Verify selected policy | Client-specific policy selected with highest score; Correct limit enforced | Hierarchy integration works |
| TC-INT-02 | Hot-reload propagation to rate limiter | Integration of config manager and rate limiter | 1. Initial limits: free.second=1 2. Update config: free.second=5 3. Trigger reload 4. Test with 3 requests/second | First 3 requests allowed after reload; New limits active | Hot-reload propagation works |
| TC-INT-03 | Client identification with IP tracking | Integration of client identifier and IP manager | 1. Client makes first request 2. Check client_ips.csv | IP recorded after first request; Second request recognizes IP; | IP tracking integration works |

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| | | | 3. Client makes second request from same IP | seen_count incremented | |
| TC-INT-04 | Policy validation before reload | Integration of validator and config manager | 1. Prepare invalid policy CSV 2. Attempt reload via /admin/policies/reload 3. Check configuration version | Reload rejected; Validation errors returned; Old config still active | Validation integration works |
| TC-INT-05 | Error message customization in rate limit flow | Integration of error message manager and rate limiter | 1. Configure custom rate limit message 2. Exceed rate limit 3. Check error response | Custom error message in response; Variables substituted; Branded content | Error message integration works |
| TC-PERF-01 | Handle 1000 requests per client | Performance test; single client | 1. Client sends 1000 sequential requests 2. Track response times 3. Verify limits enforced | All requests processed; Average response time < 5ms; Limits enforced correctly | Performance acceptable for high load |
| TC-PERF-02 | Handle 100 concurrent clients | Performance test; multiple clients simultaneously | 1. 100 clients each send 10 requests concurrently 2. Track throughput | All 1000 requests processed; No errors; Per-client limits maintained | Concurrent client handling scales |

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| | | | 3. Verify correctness | | |
| TC-PERF-03 | Configuration reload under load | Performance test; reload during active traffic | 1. Start continuous request flow (100 req/sec) 2. Trigger config reload 3. Verify no request failures | Reload completes in < 50ms; Zero requests failed; Seamless transition | Reload doesn't impact availability |
| TC-PERF-04 | Large configuration file handling | Performance test; 1000 policies loaded | 1. Load CSV with 1000 policies 2. Make request matching last policy 3. Track selection time | Policy selected correctly; Selection time < 10ms | Large configs handled efficiently |
| TC-EDG E-01 | Handle empty API key header | Edge case; empty string in header | 1. Send X-API-Key: "" 2. Attempt authentication | 401 Unauthorized; Error: 'Invalid API key format' | Empty values rejected |
| TC-EDG E-02 | Handle malformed CIDR notation | Edge case; invalid CIDR in policy | 1. Policy with IP: '192.168.1.0/99' 2. Load configuration 3. Attempt matching | Treated as literal string; No CIDR matching applied; System doesn't crash | Malformed CIDR handled gracefully |
| TC-EDG E-03 | Handle very large rate limits | Edge case; extremely high limit values | 1. Configure tier with | Validation warning generated; | High limits handled without overflow |

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| | | | second=10000 00 2. Validate configuration 3. Apply limits | Limits applied; System functions normally | |
| TC-EDG E-04 | Handle request without IP address | Edge case; req.ip is null/undefined | 1. Mock request with no IP 2. Attempt client identification 3. Check result | System handles gracefully; Continues with other identification methods | Missing IP doesn't crash system |
| TC-EDG E-05 | Handle simultaneous reload requests | Edge case; multiple admin reload calls | 1. Trigger 3 simultaneous /admin/polices/reload calls 2. Monitor reload process 3. Verify consistency | Reloads serialized or deduplicated; Final state consistent; No race conditions | Concurrent reloads handled safely |