

Canonical Solution: Tic Tac Toe & Minimax

Eckel, TJSST AI 1, Fall 2019

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import sys

win_sets = [[0, 1, 2], [3, 4, 5], [6, 7, 8], [0, 3, 6], [1, 4, 7], [2, 5, 8], [0, 4, 8], [2, 4, 6]]

def print_board(board):
    print("\nCurrent board: \n" + board[0:3] + " 012\n" + board[3:6] + " 345\n" + board[6:9] + " 678\n")

def end_test(state): # Returns 1 for X victory, 0 for tie, -1 for O victory, -2 for unfinished. How does this work?
    for i1, i2, i3 in win_sets:
        if "X" == state[i1] == state[i2] == state[i3]:
            return 1
        if "O" == state[i1] == state[i2] == state[i3]:
            return -1
    if state.count(".") == 0:
        return 0
    return -2

def get_moves(state):
    return [index for index in range(len(state)) if state[index] == "."]

def max_move(state): # Implements the max part of maximin. Read it carefully. How does this work?
    test = end_test(state)
    return test if test >= -1 else max([min_move(state[:move] + "X" + state[move + 1:]) for move in get_moves(state)]) - 1

def min_move(state): # Implements the min part of maximin.
    test = end_test(state)
    return test if test >= -1 else min([max_move(state[:move] + "O" + state[move + 1:]) for move in get_moves(state)]) - 1
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def play_game(state, is_human_player): # Recursive method that plays each round of the game.
    print_board(state)
    test = end_test(state)
    if test > -2:
        return test
    team = state.count(".") % 2 # Numerical representation of current piece; X is 1 and O is 0 (zero)
    piece = "OX"[team] # Character representation of current piece
    moves = get_moves(state)
    if is_human_player:
        print("You can move to any of these spaces: " + ', '.join([str(x) for x in moves]) + ".") # How does this work?
        location = int(input("Your choice? "))
        return play_game(state[:location] + piece + state[location + 1:], False)
    else:
        choice, current_best = moves[0], -1
        for move in moves:
            result = [max_move, min_move][team](state[:move] + piece + state[move + 1:]) # How does this work? :-)
            if team == 0:
                result = -1 * result # So the next three lines are easier, make it so 1 always means victory
            print("Moving at %s results in a %s." % (move, ["loss", "tie", "win"][result + 1]))
            if result > current_best:
                choice, current_best = move, result
        print("\nI choose space %s." % choice)
    return play_game(state[:choice] + piece + state[choice + 1:], True)

def run_game(board):
    player_first = False # Computer moves first by default
    if board == ".::::":
        if input("Should I be X or O? ") == "O": # Player only goes first if board is blank and O is specified
            player_first = True
    victor = play_game(board, player_first) # Plays the game, getting value for victor based on end_test
    if victor == (-1 if player_first else 1): # How does this line work?
        print("I win!")
    elif victor == 0:
        print("We tied!")
    else:
        print("You win!")

run_game(sys.argv[1])

```