Assignment 2 on Fluid Mechanics.

I (a) Determine the constants L, m and n Such that the velocity $\vec{q} = \frac{(x+tr)\hat{i} + (y+mr)\hat{j} + (z+nr)\hat{k}}{r(x+r)}, \text{ Where}$

 $\vec{r} = \sqrt{n^2 + y^2 + z^2}$ and $(z, y, z) \neq (0, 0, 0)$ must satisfy the equation of Continuity for a flow.

(b) Show that the velocity potential

 $\phi(\alpha,y,z) = \frac{\alpha}{2} (\alpha^2 + y^2 - 2z^2), \alpha > 0$

Batisfies Laplace's equation. Also determine the stream lines.

- (c) For an incompressible flow $u = \propto y$, $v = \propto x$, w = 0, show that the surfaces intersecting the Stream lines Orthogonally exist and we the planes through $2-\alpha\kappa$ is, although relocity potential does not exist. Discuss the nature of the flow.
- 2(a). Show that the velocity field

$$u(x,y) = \frac{A(x^2-y^2)}{(x^2+y^2)^2}$$
, $v(x,y) = \frac{2Axy}{(x^2+y^2)^2}$, $w=0$

Satisfies the equation of motion for inviscid incompre skible flow. Determine the associated pressure of the flow field.

(b) Find the vorticity of the fluid motion for below veloci components:

- (i) u=A (2+y), V=-A (2+y)
 - (ii) N= 2Ax2, V= A (c2+x2-22)
 - (iii) u= Ay2 + By + C, v=0, A,B,C are Constants.
- (1) Prove that if the Speed is same everywhere, then streamlines are straight lines.
- 3(a) A steady inviscid in compressible fluid flow has a velocity field $u = \alpha x$, $v = -\alpha y$ and w = 0, where $\alpha > 0$ is a constant Derive an expression for the pressure field p(x,y,z) if the pressure p(x,y,z) = 0, and p(x,y,z) = 0.
 - (b) For a steady motion of inviscid incompressible fluid of uniform density under conservative forces, show that the verticity \vec{v} and the velocity \vec{q} satisfies $(\vec{q} \cdot \vec{v}) \vec{\omega} = (\vec{\omega} \cdot \vec{v}) \vec{q}$.
 - (c) If the motion of an ideal fluid, for which density is a function of pressure ponly, is steady and the external forces were conservative, then I a family of Surfaces which contain the Streamline and vortex lines.

Submit by 17.10.20 by 5PM.