## **Data Science 1 Month Handson Workshop Session Coverage**

## **Main Modules**

1	Introduction to AI Big Data Analytics and Foundational Statistics
2	Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)
3	Data Cleaning and Preprocessing
4	Python Programming
5	Data visualization
6	Machine Learning Basics
7	Database Management
8	Data Warehousing
9	Probability Concepts
10	Time Series Analysis
11	Employability Skills
12	Soft Skills

## **Modules in Detail**

Module 1	Introduction to AI Big Data Analytics and Foundational Statistics	Duration: 24 Hrs
Key Learning Out comes	<ul> <li>Explain the relevance of AI &amp; Big Data Analytics for the society</li> <li>Explain the various use-cases of AI &amp; Big Data in the industry</li> <li>Define "general" and "narrow" AI</li> <li>Describe the fields of AI such as image processing, computer visetc.</li> <li>Outline a career map for roles in AI &amp; Big Data Analytics</li> <li>Analyse the differences between key terms such as Supervised Unsupervised Learning and Deep Learning</li> <li>Distinguish between different probability distributions such as I Exponential, Bernoulli, etc.</li> <li>Identify correlation between variables using scatterplots and ot techniques</li> <li>Apply basics of descriptive statistics including measures of cent mean, median and mode</li> <li>Apply different correlation techniques such as Pearson's Correlation of Least Squares etc.</li> <li>Apply different techniques for regression analysis including line lasso, etc.</li> <li>Use hypothesis testing to draw inferences and measure statistic Distinguish between prior and posterior measures of probabilit Comprehend the difference between supervised and unsupervi Describe the suitable statistical models for structured and unstreadel</li> <li>Apply the concepts of conditional probability including Bayes the Discover the basics of using statistical software packages and ID Jupyter Notebooks</li> <li>Apply basic functions and libraries present in statistical software Make use of statistical packages, frameworks and libraries such Pandas in developing applications</li> </ul>	Learning, Normal, Poisson, ther graphical ral tendency such as ation Coefficient, ar, logistic, ridge, cal significance y sed learning ructured data s of a statistical neorem DES such as RStudio, e packages and IDEs

Module 2 & 5	Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) & Data Visualization	Duration: 18 Hrs	
Key Learning Out	Identify the type of data, volume of data, and variables required for the analysis		
comes	<ul> <li>Distinguish between different types of data such as numeri</li> </ul>	cal, categorical, etc.	
	<ul> <li>Identify common open and paid data sources</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Discuss the uses and characteristics of different open source</li> </ul>	e and paid data	
	sources		
	<ul> <li>Describe the purpose of metadata</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Describe various Data validation tools and processes</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Demonstrate the process of capturing various types of data</li> </ul>	Demonstrate the process of capturing various types of data such as enterprise	
	data, consumer data etc. from various data sources	data, consumer data etc. from various data sources	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	onduct the process of importing data from both public and private databases	
	or data stores and store it in datasets or data frames	or data stores and store it in datasets or data frames	
	<ul> <li>Organize and map metadata as per the needs of the analys</li> </ul>	is	
	<ul> <li>Perform data profiling for data quality assessment and valid</li> </ul>	dation	
	9 1	statistical graphics and other methods to summarize the main	
	characteristics of a dataset,	characteristics of a dataset,	
	<ul> <li>Uncover patterns and relationships</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Use statistical techniques like descriptive statistics (mean, r</li> </ul>		
	deviation) and data visualization methods (charts, graphs, e	etc.)	

Module 3	Data Cleaning and Preprocessing	Duration: 18 Hrs	
Key Learning Out	<ul> <li>Differentiate the unprocessed and processed data</li> </ul>	Differentiate the unprocessed and processed data	
comes	<ul> <li>Explain the impact of unprocessed data on subsequen operations</li> </ul>	Describe the various anomalies that may be found in unprocessed data (e.g. missing values, incorrect data types, and redundant data)  Explain the Data Normalization techniques and concepts	
	•		
	<ul> <li>Explain the Data Normalization techniques and concept</li> </ul>		
	• •		
	<ul> <li>Analyze unprocessed data to discover anomalies such incorrect data types, etc.</li> </ul>	as missing values,	
	<ul> <li>Apply different techniques and functions to clean unp including removing missing values, transforming incor</li> <li>Apply different approaches to normalize datasets such</li> </ul>	rect data types, etc.	
	<ul><li>etc.</li><li>Apply appropriate tools and techniques to perform privalidation</li></ul>	e-processed data	

Module 4 & 6	Python Programming & Basics of Machine Learning	Duration: 24 Hrs	
Key Learning Out comes	<ul> <li>line or scripting languages to develop machine learning</li> <li>Select the most suitable programming languages to de the statistical machine learning algorithm</li> <li>Use object-oriented programming concepts such as ab encapsulation, modularity, etc. to write user defined for classes</li> </ul>	ect-oriented programming concepts such as abstraction, ulation, modularity, etc. to write user defined functions and ynamic programming concepts to solve complex optimization as a streaming model to compute real-time or large amounts of data anot be stored in the memory at the objective of the analysis and define the suitable predesigned ams, libraries, packages, frameworks, applications to address the	
	<ul> <li>Use the streaming model to compute real-time or larg that cannot be stored in the memory</li> <li>Identify the objective of the analysis and define the su algorithms, libraries, packages, frameworks, applicatio objective</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>engines, chatbots, image annotation</li> <li>Distinguish between the pros and cons of different operand packages to satisfy specific use cases</li> <li>Apply algorithms to specific use cases and scenarios surrecognition, image recognition, natural language processuitable open-source libraries selected</li> <li>Validate the models implemented using appropriate to</li> <li>Optimize and iterate algorithm models to achieve qual</li> </ul>	uch as vision, text essing based on pols and processes	

Module 7 & 8	Database Management & Data Warehousing	Duration: 12 Hrs
Key Learning Out	<ul> <li>Introduction to Structured and non-structured databa</li> </ul>	se management
comes	system.	
	<ul> <li>Data Modelling/Relationship</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Database and Objects</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Handling Structured data using MySQL/Oracle/ etc.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Handling NO-SQL data handling using MongoDB</li> </ul>	

Module 9 & 10	Probability Concepts & Time Series Analysis	Duration: 18 Hrs
Key Learning Out	Intro (2 Hrs)	
comes	Collect data points at regular intervals over time	
	Build a model that represents the data	
	Validate the model	
	<ul> <li>Use the model to predict future values or impute miss</li> </ul>	sing values
	Graph Algorithms (6 Hrs)	
	Evaluate different algorithms for decomposing graphs	=
	Evaluate different algorithms for finding shortest path      broadth first sourch, shortest path trop. Dillette's algorithms	
	breadth-first search, shortest-path-tree, Dijkstra's algo Ford algorithm	oriumm and Beilman-
		n and Prim's
	Evaluate greedy algorithms such as Kruskal's algorithm algorithm to solve minimum spanning tree problems	ii aliu Filili S
	Apply the basics behind undirected graphs such as rep	resenting and
	exploring graphs, previsit and postvisit orderings etc.	reserring and
	<ul> <li>Apply the basics behind directed graphs such as acycli</li> </ul>	c graphs.
	topological sorting and computing strongly connected	• .
		'
	String Algorithms (4 Hrs)	
	<ul> <li>Summarize the concepts behind algorithms such as su</li> </ul>	ffix trees that are
	used for pattern matching	
	Use brute force approaches for pattern matching	
	<ul> <li>Use algorithms such as suffix arrays and Burrows-Whe</li> </ul>	eler Transform for
	approximate pattern matching	
	Use algorithms such as Knutt-Morris-Pratt for exact page 1	=
	<ul> <li>Apply different techniques to construct suffix trees an</li> </ul>	d arrays
	Neural Networks (6 Hrs)	
	Distinguish between different types of recurrent neurons	al networks and
	commonly used variants such as GRUs and LSTMs	
	Summarize the concepts behind convolutional neural	networks and
	recurrent neural networks	
	<ul> <li>Build shallow and deep neural networks using techniq</li> </ul>	ues such as forward
	propagation and back propagation	
	Apply the foundational layers of convolutional neural	
	pooling and convolutions and stack them properly in a	deep network to
	solve multi-class image classification problems	
	Build convolutional neural networks and apply it to ob problems.	oject detection
	problems	re to train recurrent
	<ul> <li>Use word vector representations and embedding laye neural networks</li> </ul>	is to train recurrent
	<ul> <li>Apply attention model intuition and trigger word dete</li> </ul>	ction to speech
	recognition problems	ction to speech
	recognition problems	

Module 11	Employability Skills	Duration: 18 Hrs
Key Learning Out	<ul> <li>Career Development and Goal Setting (2 Hrs)</li> </ul>	
comes	<ul> <li>Environment, health, and safety (EHS) (4 Hrs)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Getting Ready for Apprenticeship and Jobs (4 Hrs)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Inclusive and environmentally sustainable workplaces</li> </ul>	(8 Hrs)

Module 12	Soft Skills	Duration: 18 Hrs
Key Learning Out	<ul> <li>Practical Communication Skills (6 Hrs)</li> </ul>	
comes	<ul> <li>Essential Digital Skills with Office Etiquettes (4 Hrs)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Getting Ready for Apprenticeship and Jobs (4 Hrs)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Introduction to Entrepreneurship (4 Hrs)</li> </ul>	

Total Duration: 150 Hrs - 25 Days hands on workshop with 6 hrs per day sessions.