

F179434_Birth rate analysis

Usama Bin Haider

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R Markdown

This is an R Markdown document. Markdown is a simple formatting syntax for authoring HTML, PDF, and MS Word documents. For more details on using R Markdown see <http://rmarkdown.rstudio.com>.

When you click the **Knit** button a document will be generated that includes both content as well as the output of any embedded R code chunks within the document. You can embed an R code chunk like this:

```
download.file("https://cran.r-project.org/src/contrib/Archive/nutshell.audioscrobber/nutshell.audioscrobber_1.0.tar.gz", "nutshell.audioscrobber_1.0.tar.gz")
download.file("https://cran.r-project.org/src/contrib/Archive/nutshell.bbdb/nutshell.bbdb_1.0.tar.gz", "nutshell.bbdb_1.0.tar.gz")
download.file("https://cran.r-project.org/src/contrib/Archive/nutshell/nutshell_2.0.tar.gz", "nutshell_2.0.tar.gz")

install.packages("nutshell.audioscrobber_1.0.tar.gz", repos = NULL)
```

```
## Installing package into 'C:/Users/Usama/Documents/R/win-library/4.1'
## (as 'lib' is unspecified)
```

```
install.packages("nutshell.bbdb_1.0.tar.gz", repos = NULL)
```

```
## Installing package into 'C:/Users/Usama/Documents/R/win-library/4.1'
## (as 'lib' is unspecified)
```

```
install.packages("nutshell_2.0.tar.gz", repos = NULL)
```

```
## Installing package into 'C:/Users/Usama/Documents/R/win-library/4.1'
## (as 'lib' is unspecified)
```

```
library(nutshell)
```

```
## Loading required package: nutshell.bbdb
```

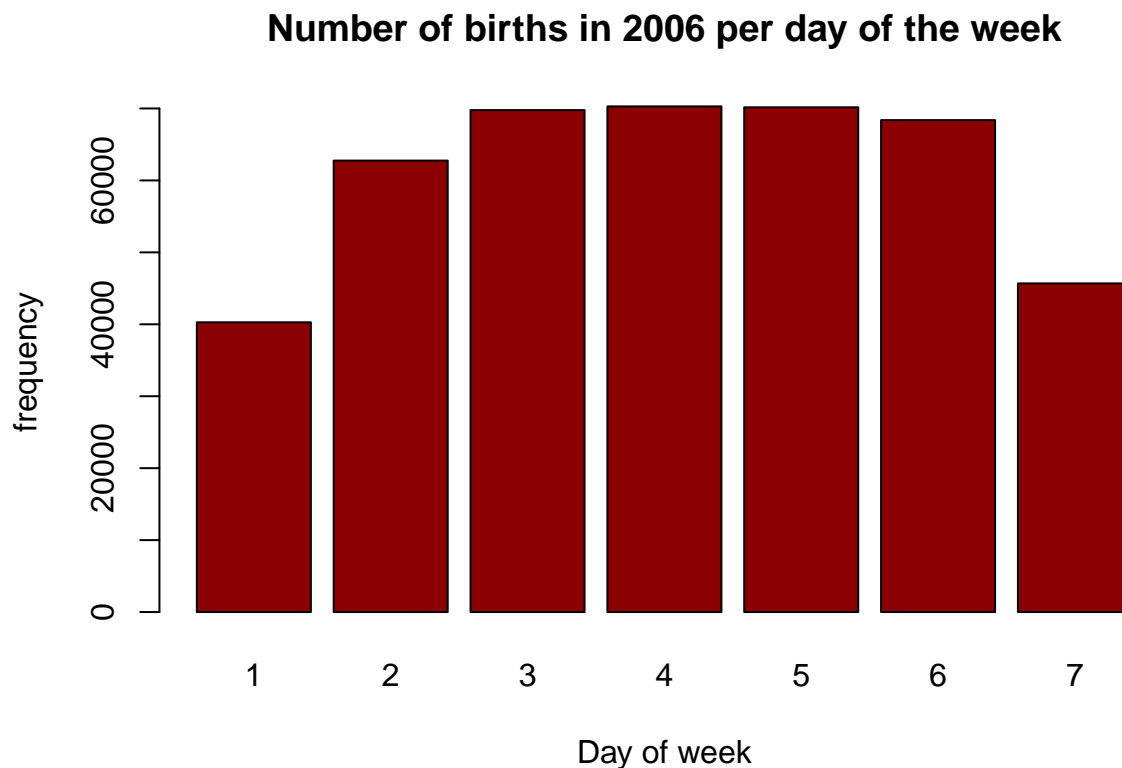
```
## Loading required package: nutshell.audioscrobber
```

```
data(births2006.smpl)
```

```
# First, list the data for the first 5 births.
head(births2006.smpl)
```

```
##      DOB_MM DOB_WK  MAGER  TBO_REC  WTGAIN  SEX  APGAR5      DMEDUC
## 591430      9      1     25         2      NA    F      NA      NULL
## 1827276     2      6     28         2     26    M       9    2 years of college
## 1705673     2      2     18         2     25    F       9      NULL
## 3368269    10      5     21         2      6    M       9      NULL
## 2990253     7      7     25         1     36    M     10 2 years of high school
## 966967      3      3     28         3     35    M       8      NULL
##      UPREVIS  ESTGEST  DMETH_REC  DPLURAL  DBWT
## 591430      10       99   Vaginal 1 Single 3800
## 1827276      10       37   Vaginal 1 Single 3625
## 1705673      14       38   Vaginal 1 Single 3650
## 3368269      22       38   Vaginal 1 Single 3045
## 2990253      15       40   Vaginal 1 Single 3827
## 966967      18       39   Vaginal 1 Single 3090
```

```
# Next, show a bar chart of the frequencies of births according to the day of the week of the birth.
births.dayofweek = table(births2006.smpl$DOB_WK) #Goal of this variable is to speed up the calculations
barplot(births.dayofweek, ylab="frequency", xlab="Day of week", col = "darkred", main= "Number of birth
```



```
# Obtain frequencies for two-way classifications of birth according to the day of the week and the meth
births.methodsVdaysofweek = table(births2006.smpl$DOB_WK,births2006.smpl$DMETH_REC)
head(births.methodsVdaysofweek,7)
```

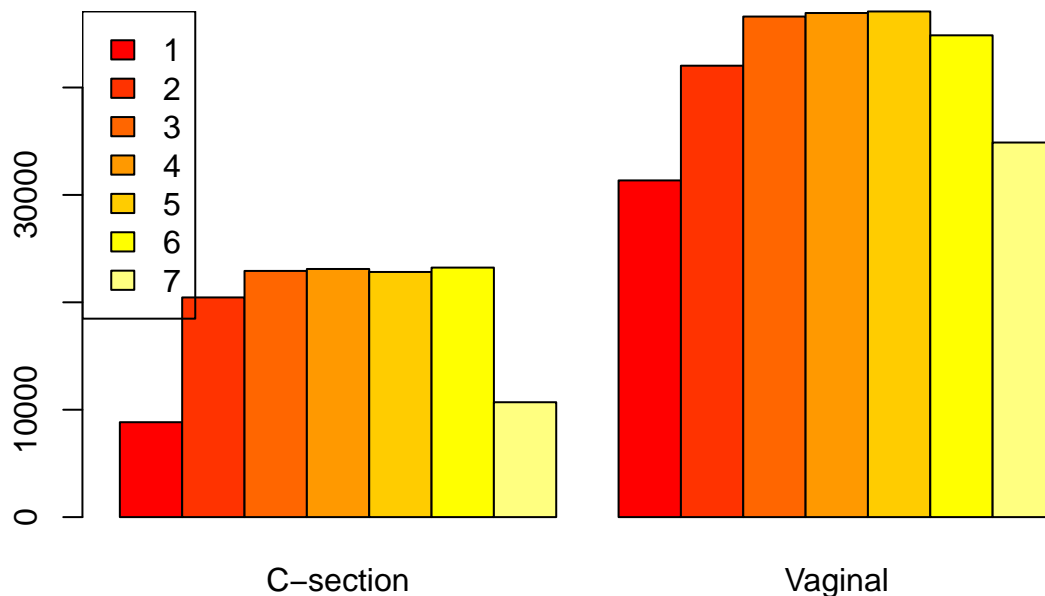
```
##
##      C-section Unknown Vaginal
```

```
## 1      8836      90  31348
## 2     20454     272  42031
## 3     22921     247  46607
## 4     23103     252  46935
## 5     22825     258  47081
## 6     23233     289  44858
## 7     10696     109  34878
```

```
barplot(births.methodsVdaysofweek[,-2], col=heat.colors(length(rownames(births.methodsVdaysofweek))), w
legend ("topleft", fill=heat.colors(length(rownames(births.methodsVdaysofweek))),legend=rownames(births

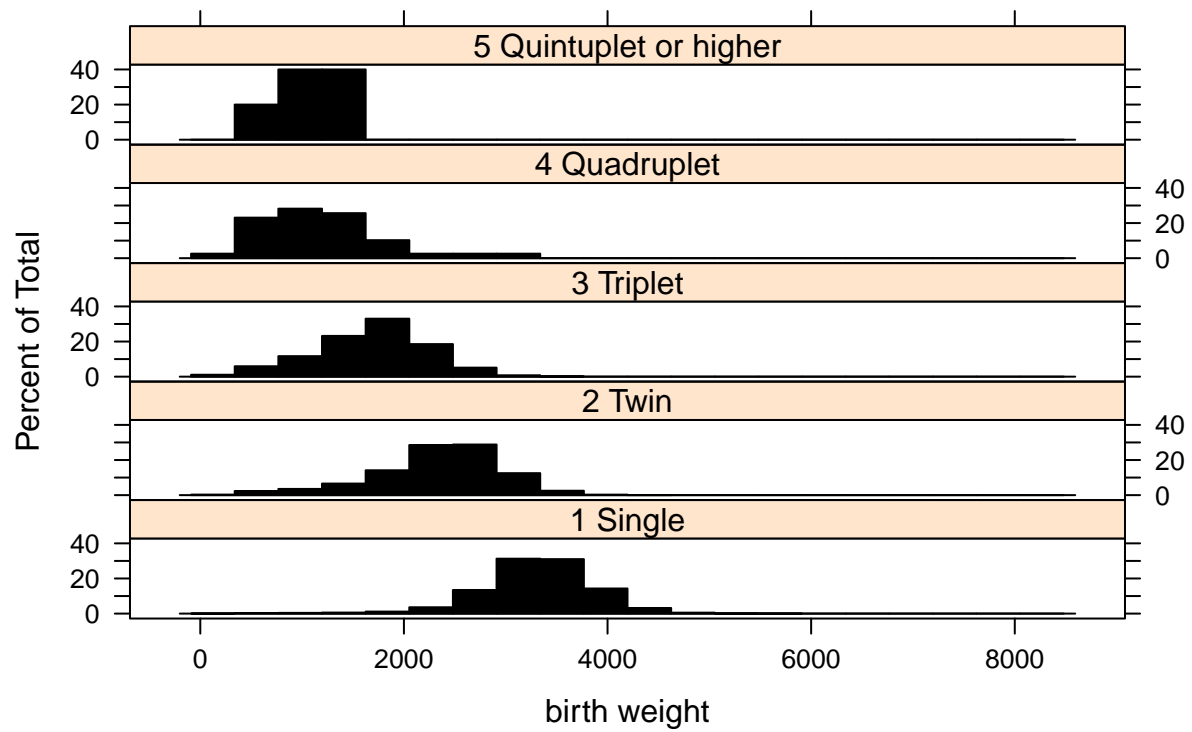
# Use lattice (trellis) graphs (R package lattice) to condition density histograms on the values of a t
library(lattice)
```

bar plot of births per method per day of the week



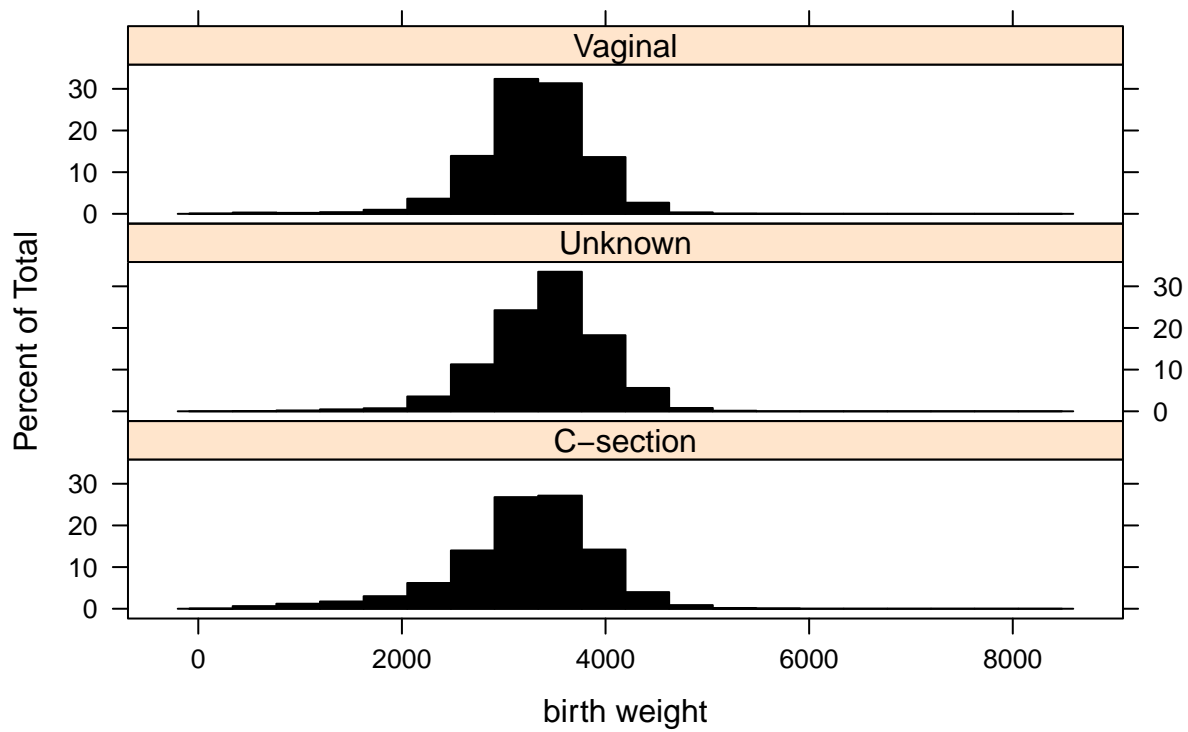
```
# The variable for multiple births and the method of delivery are conditioning variables.
# Separate the histogram of birth weight according to these variable.
histogram(~DBWT|DPLURAL,data=births2006.smp1,layout=c(1,5),col="black", xlab = "birth weight", main = "birth weight by multiple births and method of delivery")
```

trellis plot of birth weight vs birth number



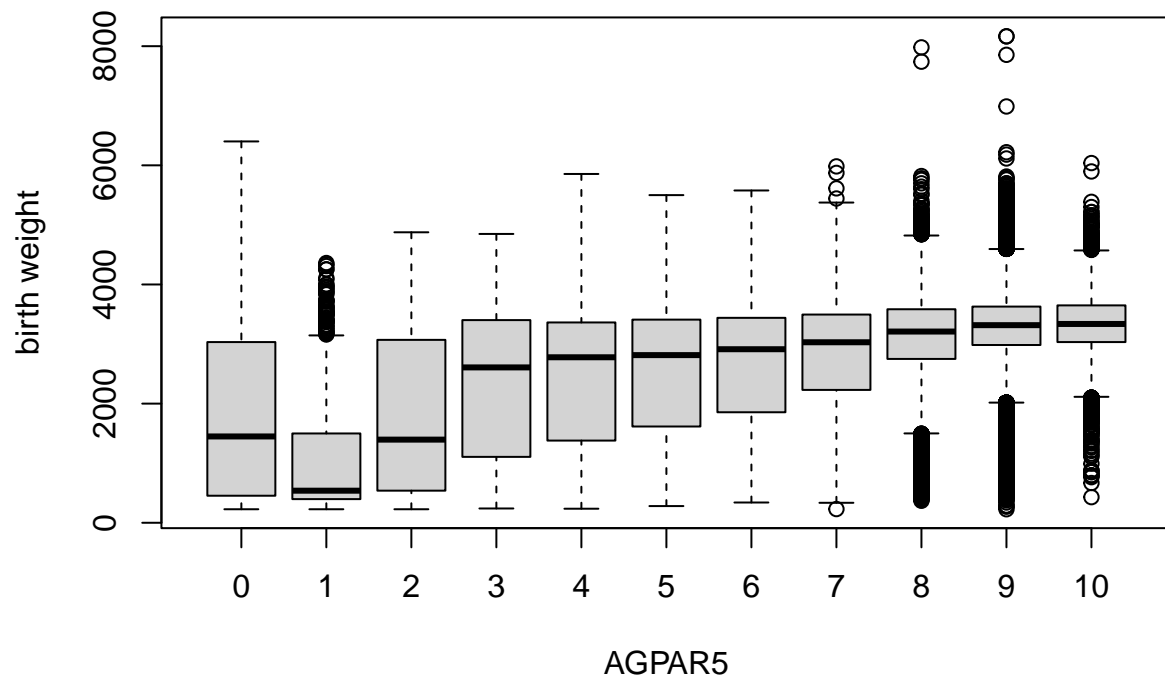
```
histogram(~DBWT|DMETH_REC,data=births2006.smpl,layout=c(1,3),col="black", xlab = "birth weight", main =
```

trellis plot of birth weight vs birth method



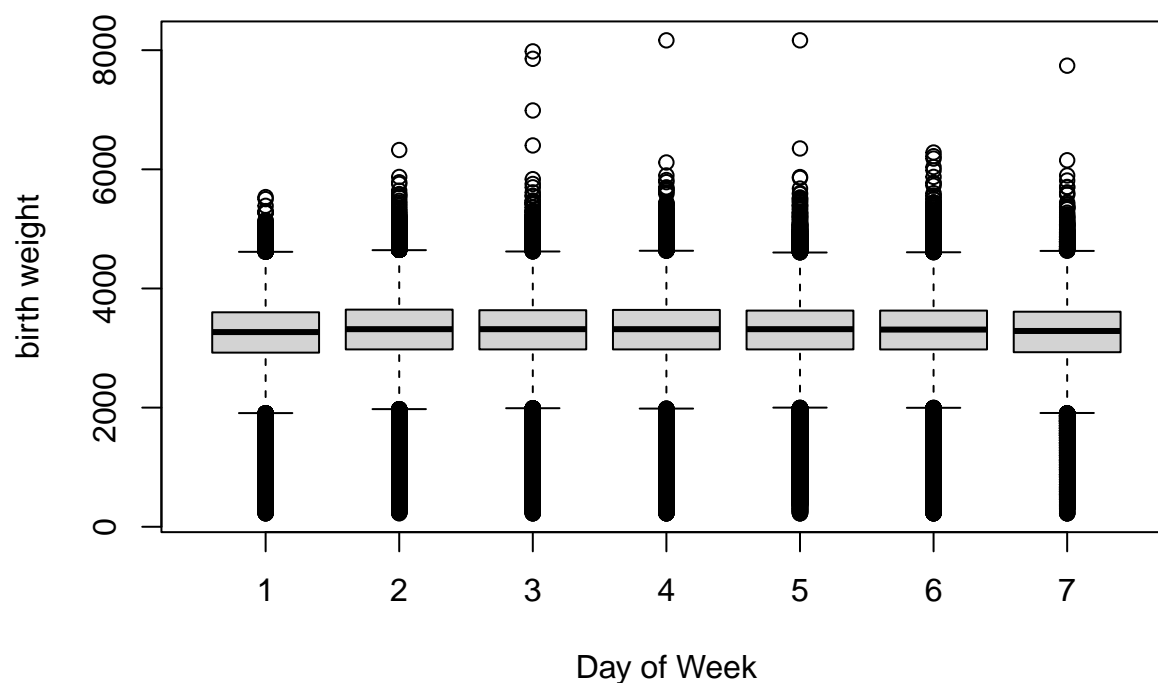
```
# Do a box plot of birth weight against Apgar score and box plots of birth weight by day of week of del
boxplot(DBWT~APGAR5,data=births2006.smpl,ylab="birth weight",xlab="AGPAR5", main="Boxplot of birthweigh
```

Boxplot of birthweight per Apgar score



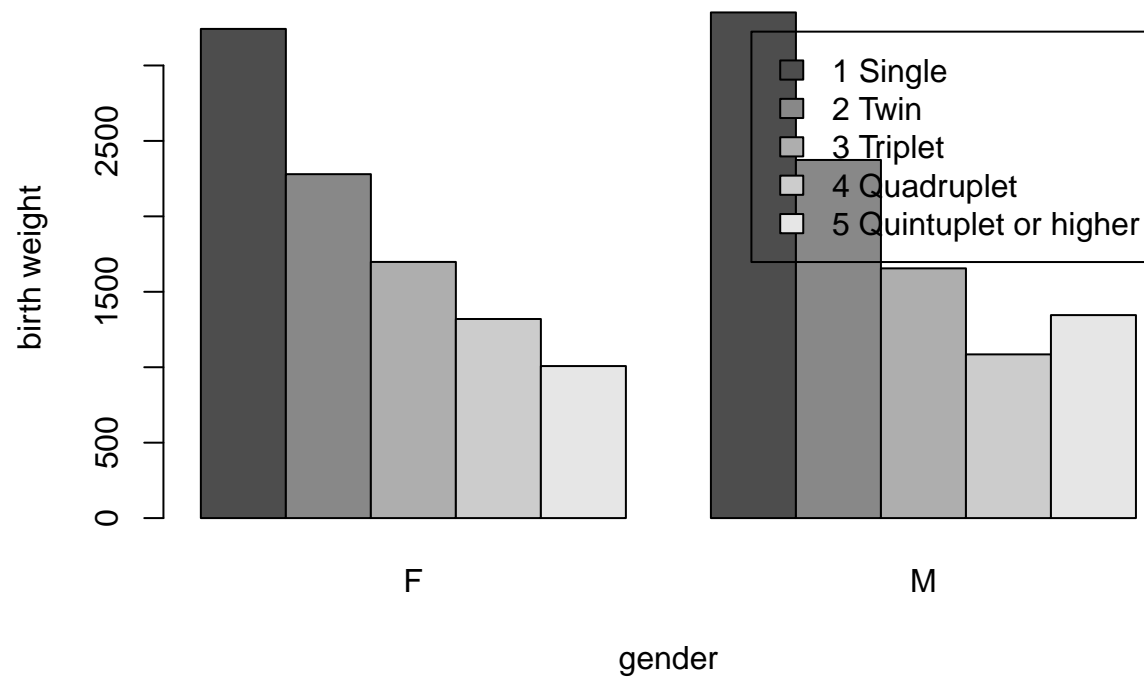
```
boxplot(DBWT~DOB_WK,data=births2006.smp1,ylab="birth weight",xlab="Day of Week", main="Boxplot of birth
```

Boxplot of birthweight per day of week



```
# Calculate the average birth weight as a function of multiple births for males and females separately.
# Use the "tapply" function, and for missing values use the "option nz.rm=TRUE."
listed = list(births2006.smpl$DPLURAL,births2006.smpl$SEX)
tapplication=tapply(births2006.smpl$DBWT,listed,mean,na.rm=TRUE)
barplot(tapplication,ylab="birth weight", beside=TRUE, legend=TRUE,xlab="gender", main = "bar plot of a
```

bar plot of average birthweight per multiple births by gender

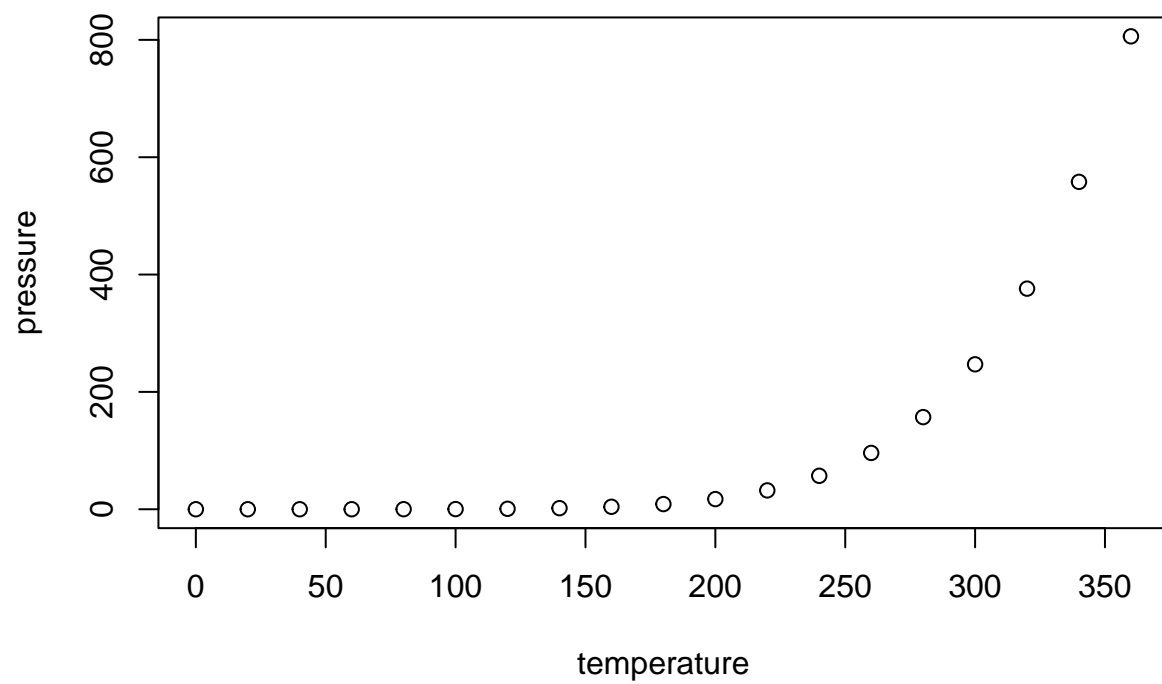


```
summary(cars)
```

```
##      speed      dist
##  Min.   : 4.0    Min.   : 2.00
## 1st Qu.:12.0    1st Qu.: 26.00
## Median :15.0    Median : 36.00
## Mean   :15.4    Mean   : 42.98
## 3rd Qu.:19.0    3rd Qu.: 56.00
## Max.   :25.0    Max.   :120.00
```

Including Plots

You can also embed plots, for example:



Note that the `echo = FALSE` parameter was added to the code chunk to prevent printing of the R code that generated the plot.