RAVEENA PRABAKARAN

TIGER ANALYTICS

Building an ETL Pipeline using Azure Data Services

DESCRIPTION

Use the data analytics stack to build a data pipeline using Data Factory, Databricks and Synapse.

Problem Statement:

As a Data Engineer, you've been asked to access the services that can help with ETL of data in the cloud data storage to enable analytics through Synapse. In this POC, we will be collecting the data from SQL Database using ADF and the transformed data will be the source for databricks to run complex transformations and once data is analysed using Databricks, it is synced into synapse analytics data warehouse as historical dataset for enabling various analytics.

Domain: Analytics

Steps for building ETL pipeline:

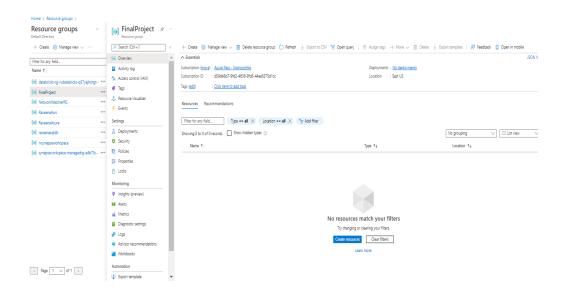
In this project, perform the following steps:

Create a Resource Group.



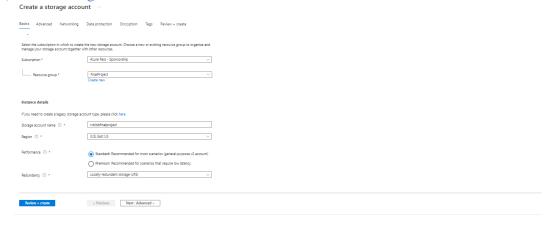


Resource Group → FinalProject

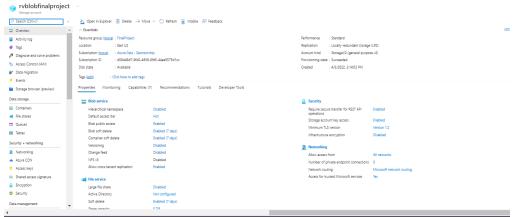


Create a Storage account.

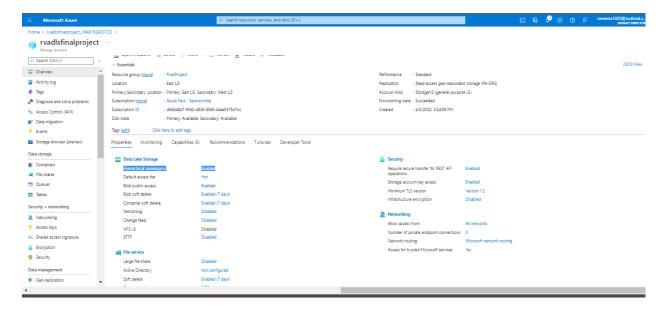
a) Blob Storage



Blob storage → rvblobfinalproject

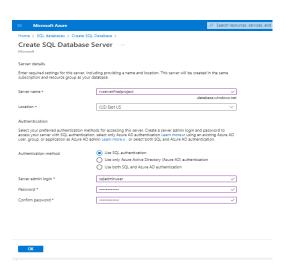


b) Azure Data Lake Storage → rvadlsfinalproject

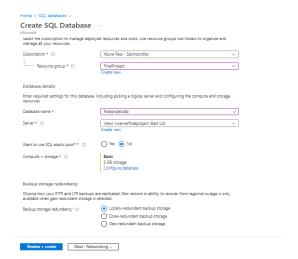


Create an Azure SQL Database.

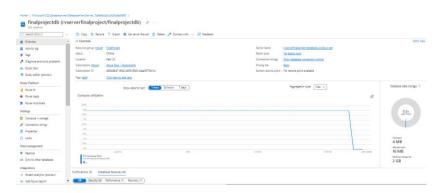
Server



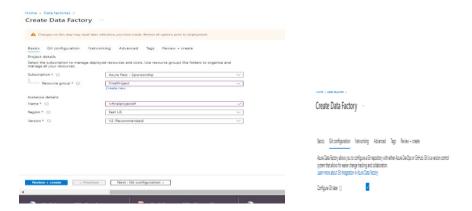
Sql Database



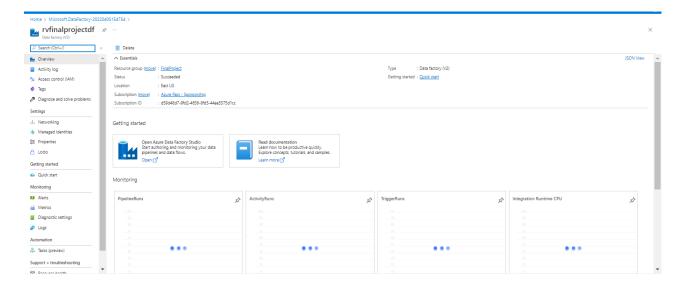
Sql Database --> finalprojectdb



• Create a data factory.

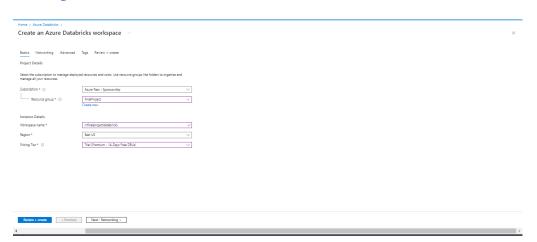


Data Factory → rvfinalprojectdf

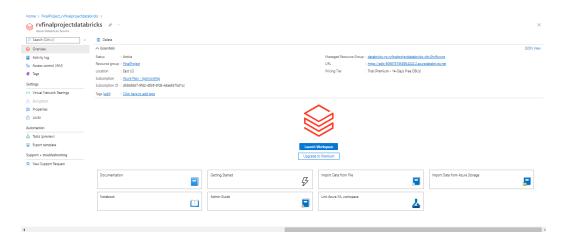


• Configure Databricks cluster

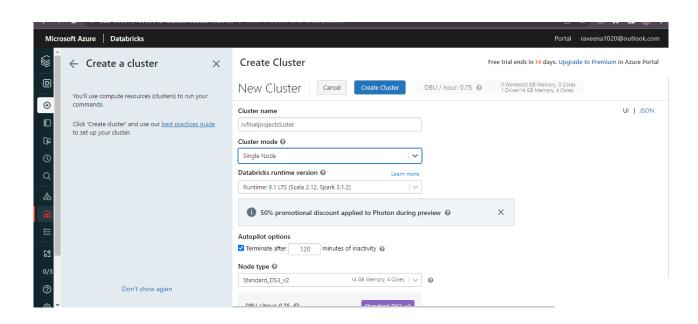
Creating Azure Databricks

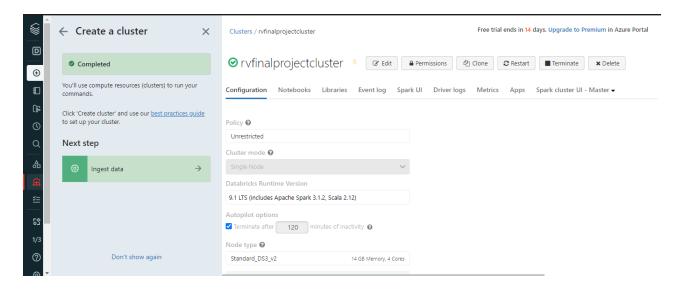


Databricks → rvfinalprojectdatabricks

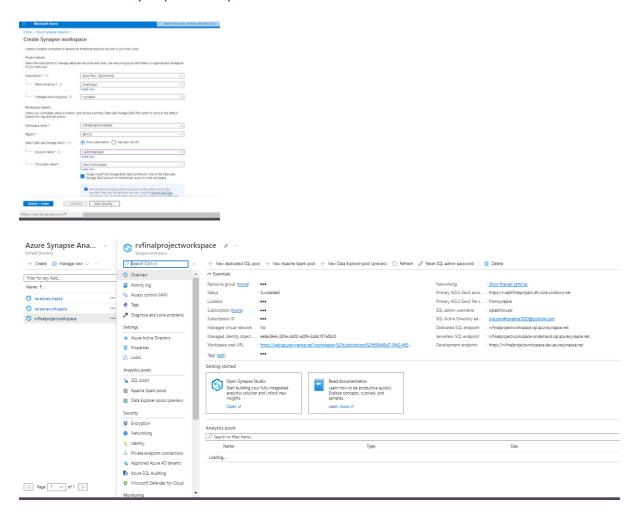


Creating Cluster → rvfinalprojectcluster

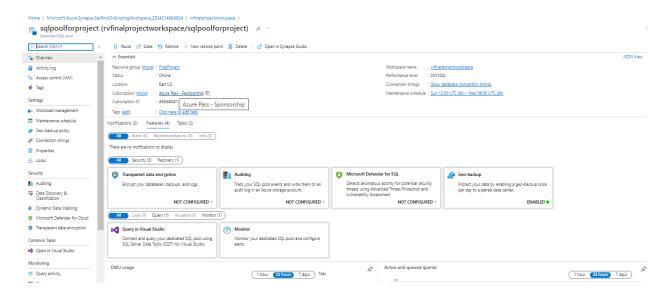




Create Synapse analytics Data Warehouse.



SQLPOOL



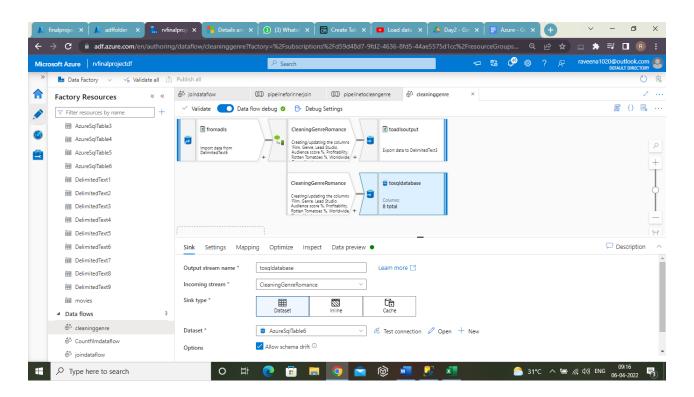
- Use the different Azure data factory tools to build a pipeline (SQL Database-> Copy-> ADLS Gen 2 -> Transform using Databricks -> Copy to Synapse DW).
- Use Databricks notebook for mounting ADLS Gen 2 storage, transforming the data (clean, join, filter, aggregate, pivot) and persist result to ADLS.
- Schedule and Monitor the pipeline and activity runs.

Questions that need to be answered/Evaluation steps while building the ETL Pipeline

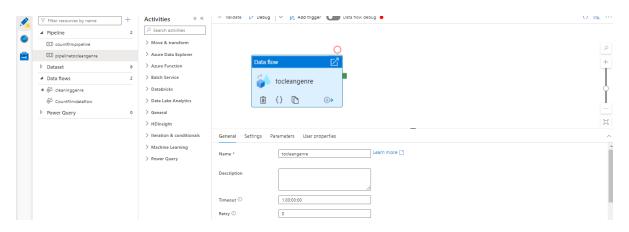
Task 1: Create a dataflow with the following requirement:

1. Create a data stream named CleaningGenreRomance and perform data cleansing on the Genrecolumn using Derived Column and case expression. (While collecting data it was observed that some genres have spelling mistakes like romance, Romence for Romance, comedy, Comdy for Comedy.)

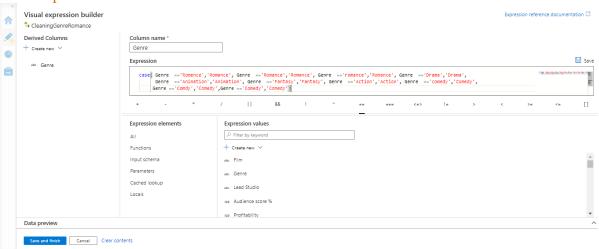
Dataflow cleaninggenre



Datapipeline pipelinetocleangenre

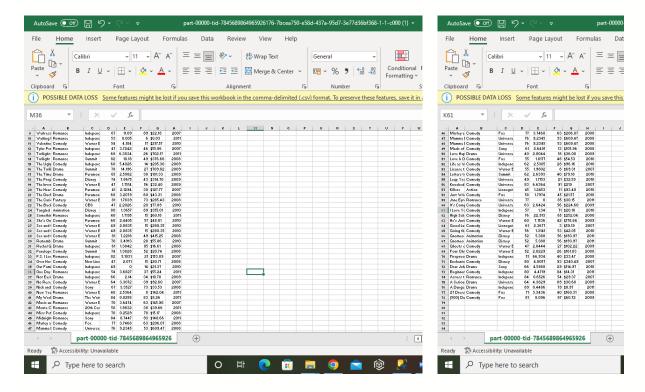


Case Expression

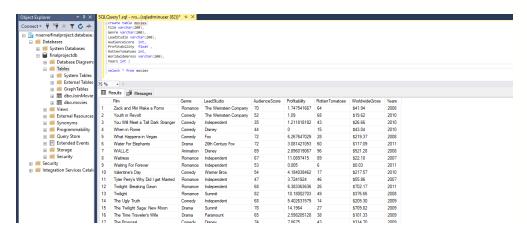


```
case( Genre =='Romence', 'Romance', Genre =='Romance', 'Romance', Genre =='romanc
e', 'Romance', Genre =='Drama', 'Drama', Genre =='Animation', 'Animation', Genre ==
'Fantasy', 'Fantasy', Genre =='Action', 'Action', Genre =='comedy', 'Comedy', Genre
=='Comdy', 'Comedy', Genre =='Comedy', 'Comedy')
```

Output in ADLS:

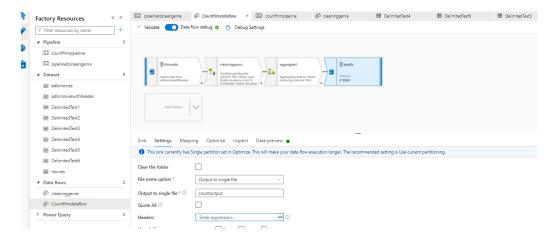


Output in Sql Database :



2. Create a data stream named CountMoviesBasedOnGenre that can calculate number of films foreach genre and store it as a separate dataset in ADLS under folder name "solution/genreCount"

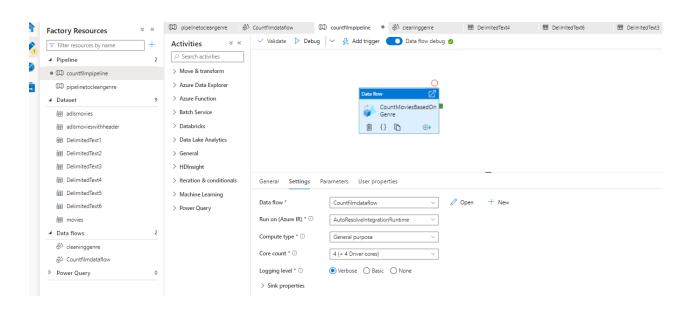
Data Flow: Countfilmdataflow

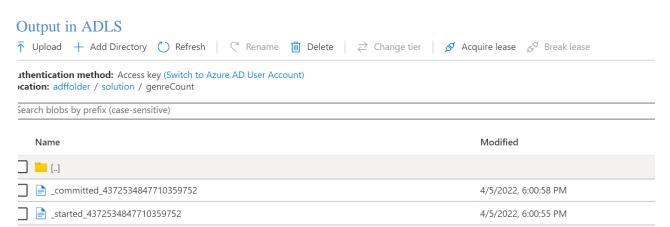


Datapipeline: countfilmpipeline

SUCCESS

countoutput





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Countoutput file

```
countoutput · Notepad

File Edit Format View Help

Genre, Film

Drama, 13

Action, 1

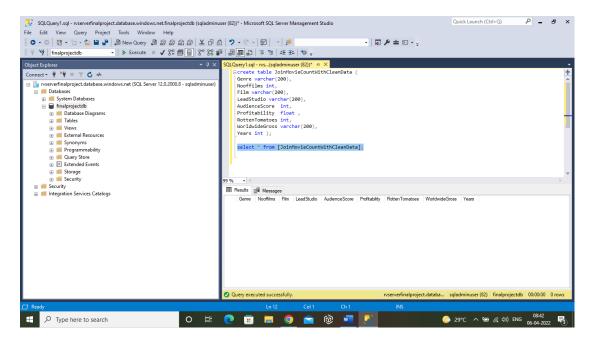
Fantasy, 1

Comedy, 43

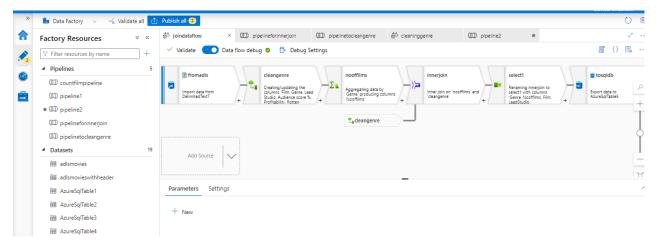
Animation, 4

Romance, 15
```

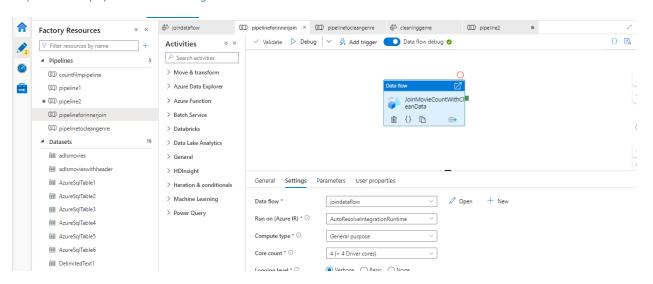
3. Create a new stream named JoinMovieCountWithCleanData. Perform join operation on CountMoviesBasedOnGenre with CleaningGenreRomance stream and store the same in the AzureSQL Database.



```
create table JoinMovieCountWithCleanData (
Genre varchar(200),
Nooffilms int,
Film varchar(200),
LeadStudio varchar(200),
AudienceScore int,
Profitability float ,
RottenTomatoes int,
WorldwideGross varchar(200),
Years int );
```

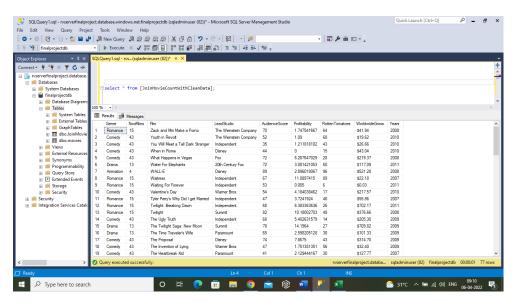


Pipeline : pipelineforinnerjoin



Outptut in SQL

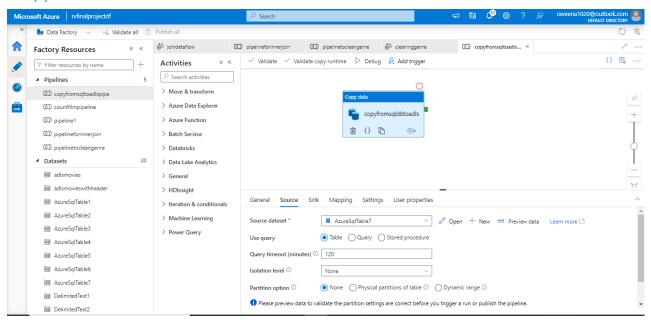
Database:



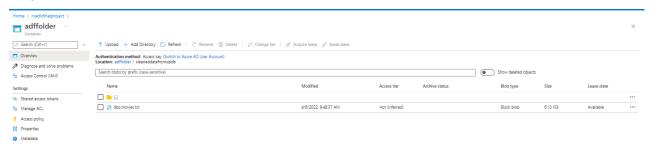
Task 2: Create the following activity pipeline

1. Get the clean data from Azure SQL DB. Create an activity that can copy the data from SQLDB to ADLS Gen2.

Datapipeline:



Output in ADLS:



2. Create an activity that can use Azure Databricks to read the data from the ADLS Gen2 and performrank operation on the Genre column. Ensure this activity gets activated only after the data is stored in ADLS from SQL DB. The result of Databricks must be stored in the ADLS.

```
account name = "rvadlsfinalproject"
container_name = "adlstoadls"
input_relative_path = "input"
output_relative_path = "output"
adls_path = 'abfss://%s@%s.dfs.core.windows.net/%s' % (container_name, account_name,input_relative_path)
adls_output_path= 'abfss://%s@%s.dfs.core.windows.net/%s' % (container_name,
    account_name,output_relative_path)
spark.conf.set("fs.azure.account.auth.type.%s.dfs.core.windows.net" %account_name, "SharedKey")
spark.conf.set("fs.azure.account.key.%s.dfs.core.windows.net" %account_name
    ,"HwZ0JciEFkqRHSNQGYECXjD+94YMR5SJMwjDJ5E/MIrgBebJa+jx7q3PWxqmKNN/H6bGjAvziNrB+
    AStx1PzSA==")
from pyspark.sql.types import StructType,StructField,IntegerType,StringType,DoubleType
txnSchema = StructType([
  StructField("Film",StringType(),True),
  StructField("Genre", StringType(), True),
  StructField("LeadStudio", StringType(), True),
  StructField("AudienceScore",IntegerType(),True),
  StructField("Profitability", DoubleType(), True),
  StructField("RottenTomatoes",IntegerType(),True),
```

StructField("WorldwideGross",StringType(),True),
StructField("Years",IntegerType(),True),

])

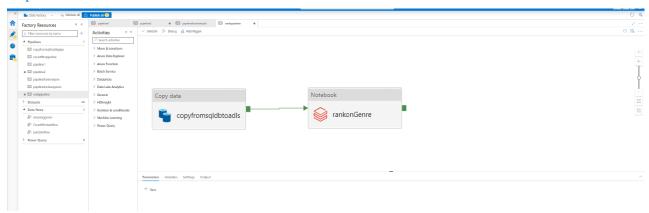
dfmovies = spark.read.option('header', 'true').option('delimiter', ',').schema(txnSchema).csv(adls_path)

dfmovies.registerTempTable("movies")

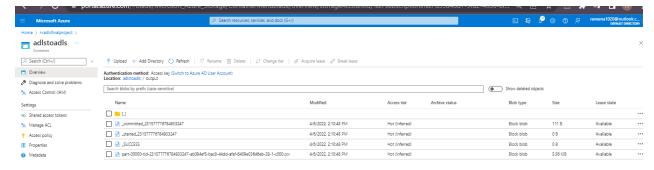
resultmovies = spark.sql("SELECT *, RANK () OVER (ORDER BY Genre) AS Rank_no FROM movies ")

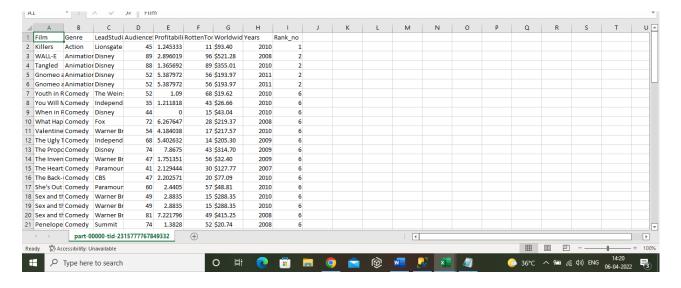
resultmovies.write.option('header', 'true').option('delimiter', ',').csv(adls_output_path)

Pipeline:



Output in ADLS:

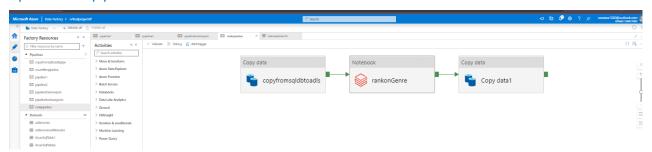




3. Create a final activity that will read the output of previous activity in ADLS and store the same in Synapse.

```
create table movies(
Genre varchar(200),
FilmCount int,
Film varchar(200),
LeadStudio varchar(200),
AudienceScore int,
Profitability float ,
RottenTomatoes int,
WorldwideGross varchar(200),
Years int,
Rank no int)
```

Pipeline: rankpipeline



Output in Synapse:

