
Appendix

Code Manual

The code consists of two python scripts - `attacker.py` and `server.py` and a c file `flushreload.c`. The `flushreload.c` file performs flush+reload on the 5 addresses mentioned in section 4.2. The `server.py` just accepts messages on a port, signs them and sends back. The `attacker.py` first generates random messages, sends them to server to get them signed, executes `flushreload.c` to perform side channel, store valid samples to finally solve the HNP and extract the private key.

Installation

The following packages need to be installed for the code to work -

1. Mastik - download from <https://cs.adelaide.edu.au/~yval/Mastik/>
2. `apt install pkg-config`
3. `apt install libfpdll-dev`
4. Following python 2.7 packages -
 - (a) Cython
 - (b) `cysignals`
 - (c) `fpdll`
 - (d) `cryptography`

It might be convenient to install these packages using Anaconda environment as we faced a lot of trouble installing `fpdll` manually. More information on how to use anaconda to manage python packages can be found here - <https://www.digitalocean.com/community/tutorials/how-to-install-the-anaconda-python-distribution-on-ubuntu-16-04>

Running the code

First make following changes to the code for it to be able to work on your machine -

1. Change the shebang in `attacker.py` and `server.py` to point to anaconda's python and system's python respectively (If packages are not installed via anaconda, change shebang in both files to point to system's python)
2. Change line 51 in `attacker.py` to `/path/to/libcrypt.so.1.1/provided/by/us`

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3. You may need to change the THRESHOLD global variable in flushreload.c as it varies across machines

Perform the following steps to run the attack -

1. Generate keypair and set their privilege level -

- (a) `sudo rm -f private.pem public.pem`
- (b) `openssl ecparam -genkey -name prime256v1 -noout -out private.pem`
- (c) `openssl req -new -x509 -key private.pem -out public.pem`
- (d) `chmod 666 public.pem`
- (e) `chmod 400 private.pem`
- (f) `sudo chown root:root private.pem`

2. Build Flush+Reload binary -

`gcc -Imastik/src -Lmastik/src -o flushreload flushreload.c -lmastik`

3. In one terminal do the following -

- (a) `export LD_PRELOAD=$LD_PRELOAD:/path/to/libcrypt.so.1.1/provided`
`/by/us`

This ensures that the cryptographic libraries find this particular libcrypt file in path before others and so uses this

- (b) `sudo ./server.py &`

4. In another terminal do -

`./attacker.py numsamples knownbits`

Here, numsamples and knownbits denote the number of samples required to be collected by the attacker and the minimum known bits derived from a signature to consider it to formulate the HNP respectively.