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## **Experiment - 04**

### Aim-

We have to implement 2 different sorting algorithms and study the time complexities for each of them and draw graphs of their best, worst and average case.

- Counting sort
- Radix sort

## Tools & Language Used-

- ☐ Java for coding the algorithm and calculating time
- □ Python for plotting graphs using matplotlib module.

# Code & Analysis-

### Counting Sort

❖ Code

```
import java.io.BufferedWriter;
import java.io.File;
import java.io.FileWriter;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.util.Arrays;
import java.util.List;
import java.util.Random;

public class CountingSort {

    public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {

        File f=new File("D:\\Algorithm time Complexity
analysis\\counting_sort_analysis.txt");
```

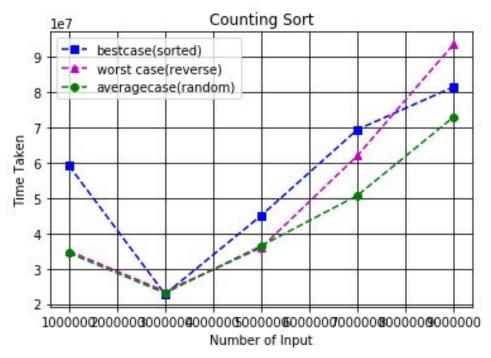
```
BufferedWriter bw=new BufferedWriter(new FileWriter(f,false),2);
       //1000000, 3000000, 5000000, 7000000, 9000000
       List<Integer> TestCase=Arrays.asList(1000000, 3000000, 50000000, 70000000,
9000000);
       int[] best;
       int[] worst;
       int[] avg;
       int k=0;
       bw.write(" \tNumber_of_Input\tTime_Taken\n");
       while(k < TestCase.size()) {</pre>
              int arrSize=TestCase.get(k);
              best=new int[arrSize];
              worst=new int[arrSize];
              avg=new int[arrSize];
              Random rand=new Random();// To Generate Random Numbers...
              for(int i=0;i<arrSize;i++) {</pre>
                    avg[i]=rand.nextInt(1001);
                                                             //Filling Numbers in
the range of (0, ....., 1000) in array of size arrSize
              for(int i=0;i<arrSize;i++) {</pre>
                    best[i]=avg[i];
              Arrays.sort(best);
                                                            // To make a sorted
array... which we will use for best case..
              for(int i=0;i<arrSize;i++) {</pre>
                    worst[i]=best[arrSize-1-i];  // To make reverse order of
the Best case ... to Check the worst case..
              // For Best Case
              long initialTime=System.nanoTime();
              best=counting_sort(best,arrSize);
              long TimeTaken=System.nanoTime()-initialTime;
              bw.write(String.format("Best_Case\t%d\t%d\n",arrSize,TimeTaken));
              // For Worst case
```

```
initialTime=System.nanoTime();
      worst=counting_sort(worst,arrSize);
      TimeTaken=System.nanoTime()-initialTime;
      bw.write(String.format("Worst_Case\t%d\t%d\n",arrSize,TimeTaken));
      // For Average case
      initialTime=System.nanoTime();
      avg=counting_sort(avg,arrSize);
      TimeTaken=System.nanoTime()-initialTime;
      bw.write(String.format("Avg_Case\t%d\t%d\n",arrSize,TimeTaken));
      //For TESTING only...
      if(k==0) {
             for(int i=0;i<arrSize;i++) {</pre>
                    System.out.print(best[i] +" ");
             System.out.println();
             for(int i=0;i<arrSize;i++) {</pre>
                    System.out.print(worst[i] +" ");
             System.out.println();
             for(int i=0;i<arrSize;i++) {</pre>
                    System.out.print(avg[i] +" ");
             System.out.println();
      System.out.println("Success");
bw.close();
```

# # Main Code

```
private static int[] counting_sort(int[] arr, int n) {
   int max=Integer.MIN_VALUE;
          if(arr[i] > max) {
                 max=arr[i];
   int[] count=new int[max+1];
   Arrays.fill(count,₀);
   for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {</pre>
          count[arr[i]]++;
   for(int i=1;i<count.length;i++) {</pre>
          count[i]=count[i]+count[i-1];
   int[] res=new int[n];
          res[count[arr[i]]-1]=arr[i];
          count[arr[i]]--;
   return res;
```

#### ❖ Graph



#### ❖ Analysis

- ➤ Best case Complexity= O(n+k)
- ➤ Worst case Complexity= O(n+k)
- ➤ Average case Complexity= O(n+k)

Where, **n**=number of Element in Array **k**=Base of Element (For Example for Number =10 and For Alphabets=26)

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### • Radix Sort

#### ❖ Code

```
import java.io.BufferedWriter;
import java.io.File;
import java.io.FileWriter;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.util.Arrays;
import java.util.List;
import java.util.Random;

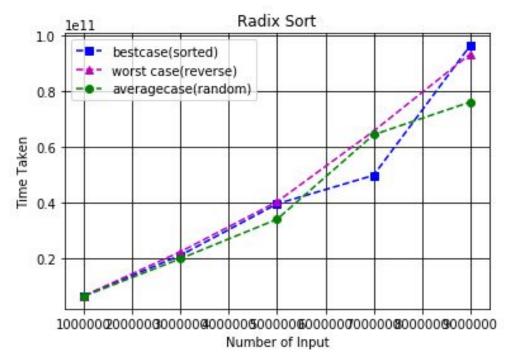
public class RadixSort {
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {
       File f=new File("D:\\Algorithm time Complexity
analysis\\Radix sort analysis.txt");
       BufferedWriter bw=new BufferedWriter(new FileWriter(f,false),2);
       //1000000, 3000000, 5000000, 7000000, 9000000
       List<Integer> TestCase=Arrays.asList(1000000, 3000000, 5000000, 7000000,
9000000);
       String[] best;
       String[] worst;
       String[] avg;
       int k=0;
       bw.write(" \tNumber_of_Input\tTime_Taken\n");
       while(k < TestCase.size()) {</pre>
              int arrSize=TestCase.get(k);
              best=new String[arrSize];
              worst=new String[arrSize];
              avg=new String[arrSize];
              Random rand=new Random();// To Generate Random Numbers...
              char[] chars = "abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz".toCharArray();
              for(int i=0;i<arrSize;i++) {</pre>
                    StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder(20);
                     for (int j = 0; j < 20; j++) {
                          char c = chars[rand.nextInt(chars.length)];
                          sb.append(c);
                     String output = sb.toString();
                     avg[i]=output;
                                               //Filling Numbers in the range of
(0, arrSize*10-1) in array of size arrSize
              for(int i=0;i<arrSize;i++) {</pre>
                    best[i]=avg[i];
              Arrays.sort(best);
                                                             // To make a sorted
array... which we will use for best case..
              for(int i=0;i<arrSize;i++) {</pre>
```

```
worst[i]=best[arrSize-1-i];  // To make reverse order of
the Best case ... to Check worst case..
              // For Best Case
              long initialTime=System.nanoTime();
              radix_sort(best,arrSize);
              long TimeTaken=System.nanoTime()-initialTime;
              bw.write(String.format("Best_Case\t%d\t%d\n",arrSize,TimeTaken));
              // For Worst case
              initialTime=System.nanoTime();
              radix_sort(worst,arrSize);
              TimeTaken=System.nanoTime()-initialTime;
              bw.write(String.format("Worst_Case\t%d\t%d\n",arrSize,TimeTaken));
              // For Average case
              initialTime=System.nanoTime();
              radix_sort(avg,arrSize);
              TimeTaken=System.nanoTime()-initialTime;
              bw.write(String.format("Avg_Case\t%d\t%d\n",arrSize,TimeTaken));
              //For TESTING only...
              if(k==0) {
                     for(int i=0;i<arrSize;i++) {</pre>
                           System.out.print(best[i] +" ");
                     System.out.println();
                     for(int i=0;i<arrSize;i++) {</pre>
                           System.out.print(worst[i] +" ");
                     System.out.println();
                     for(int i=0;i<arrSize;i++) {</pre>
                           System.out.print(avg[i] +" ");
                     System.out.println();
```

```
System.out.println("Success");
       bw.close();
#Main Code
       int maxLen=getMaxLen(arr);
       for(int pos=maxLen;pos >= 1;pos--) {
              countingSort(arr,pos);
   private static void countingSort(String[] arr, int pos) {
       String[] res=new String[arr.length];
       int n=arr.length;
       int[] count=new int[26];
       for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {</pre>
              count[(int)(arr[i].charAt(pos-1)-97)]++;
       for(int i=1;i<26;i++) {
              count[i]=count[i]+count[i-1];
       for(int i=n-1;i>=0;i--) {
              res[--count[(int)(arr[i].charAt(pos-1)-97)]]=arr[i];
       for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {</pre>
              arr[i]=res[i];
   private static int getMaxLen(String[] arr) {
       int max=0;
       for(int i=0;i<arr.length;i++) {</pre>
              if(arr[i].length() > max) {
```

#### ❖ Graph



#### ❖ Analysis

- ➤ Worst case Complexity= O((n+b)\*d)
- ➤ Best case Complexity= O((n+b)\*d)
- ➤ Average case Complexity= O((n+b)\*d)

Where, **n**=number of Element in Array **b**=Base of Element (For Example for Number =10 and For Alphabets=26)

d=log(max(element)) base=b