Assignments **Navdeep Kaur**

Docker Lab1 Solution

git clone https://github.com/technoavengers/docker_fundamentals.git

cd docker_fundamentals/python-flask-demo

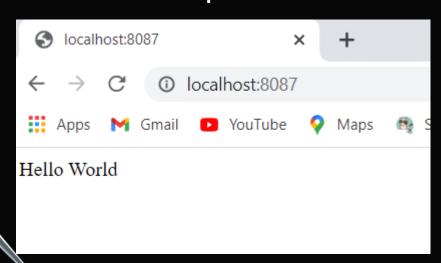
docker build -t navjoy220161/python-flask:1.0.0.

docker login

docker push navjoy220161/python-flask:1.0.0

docker rmi navjoy220161/python-flask:1.0.0

docker run -p 8087:5000 -d --name python-flask navjoy220161/python-flask:1.0.0







Pods Solution

1. Create a new pod with the nginx image and name nginx-pod without using a yaml file.

```
kubectl run nginx-pod --image nginx
```

- 2. Check solution in kubernetes_solutions\pod\2.yaml
- 3. Create a new pod by running below command

```
kubectl run httpd-pod --image httpd-new
```

4. There is some issue in the above Pod. Fix the issue in above pod and apply the changes.

```
kubectl get pod

NAME READY STATUS RESTARTS AGE httpd-pod 0/1 ImagePullBackOff 0 33s

kubectl get pod httpd-pod -o yaml > httpd.yaml

kubectl delete pod httpd-pod
```

Edit httpd.yaml

```
spec:
    containers:
    - image: httpd
        imagePullPolicy: Always
        name: httpd-pod
        resources: {}
kubectl create -f .\httpd.yaml
```



ReplicaSet Solutions

- 1. Check solution in kubernetes_solutions\replicaset\1.yaml
- 2. Delete one of the pod created by replicaset and check the pod status

```
kubectl delete pod nginx-rs-5wmsd
kubectl get pod
NAME
               READY
                      STATUS
                               RESTARTS
                                         AGE
nginx-rs-4w958 1/1
                      Running 0
                                         21s
nginx-rs-tnwpm 1/1
                      Running 0
                                         105s
nginx-rs-xthg7
               1/1
                      Running
                                         105s
```

3. Add one more replica in the replicaset and check the pods

```
kubectl scale --replicas=4 -f 1.yaml
```



Deployment Solutions

- 1. Check solution in kubernetes_solutions\deployment\1.yaml
- 2. Edit the deployment and change its update Strategy to "Recreate"
 - > kubectl edit deployment nginx-deployment

```
strategy:
    type: Recreate
    template:
    metadata:
        creationTimestamp: null
```

3. In above deployment, set the image to nginx-junk and check the status

kubectl set image deployment nginx-deployment nginx-container=nginx-junk --record

- kubectl rollout status deployment nginx-deployment
- > kubectl get pod

NAME	READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE
nginx-deployment-68494758b4-2rwqt	0/1	ErrImagePull	0	116s
nginx-deployment-68494758b4-6dlbg	0/1	ImagePullBackOff	0	116s
nginx-deployment-68494758b4-s86fn	0/1	ImagePullBackOff	0	116s

4. Now check the history of all rollouts

kubectl rollout history deployment nginx-deployment

5. Now rollback to previous version and check status

kubectl rollout undo deployment nginx-deployment



ConfigMap Solutions



1. Create a configmap for a gaming app using command with below properties name: gameconfigmap -> enemies=aliens, lives=3

kubectl create configmap gameconfigmap --from-literal=enemies=aliens --from-literal=lives=3

2. Check solution in kubernetes_solutions\configmap\2.yaml



3. Check solution in kubernetes_solutions\configmap\3.yaml

Secret Solution



1. Create a secret for the same gaming app using command with below properties. name: dbsecret => db_host=mongoDB , db_user=root,db_pass=mongo123

```
kubectl create secret generic dbsecret --from-literal=db_host=mongoDB --from-literal=db_user=root
--from-literal=db_pass=mongo123
```

- 2. Check the solution in kubernetes_solutions\secret\2.yaml
- 3. Check the solution in kubernetes_solutions\secret\3.yaml
- 4. Check the solution in kubernetes_solutions\secret\4.yaml

