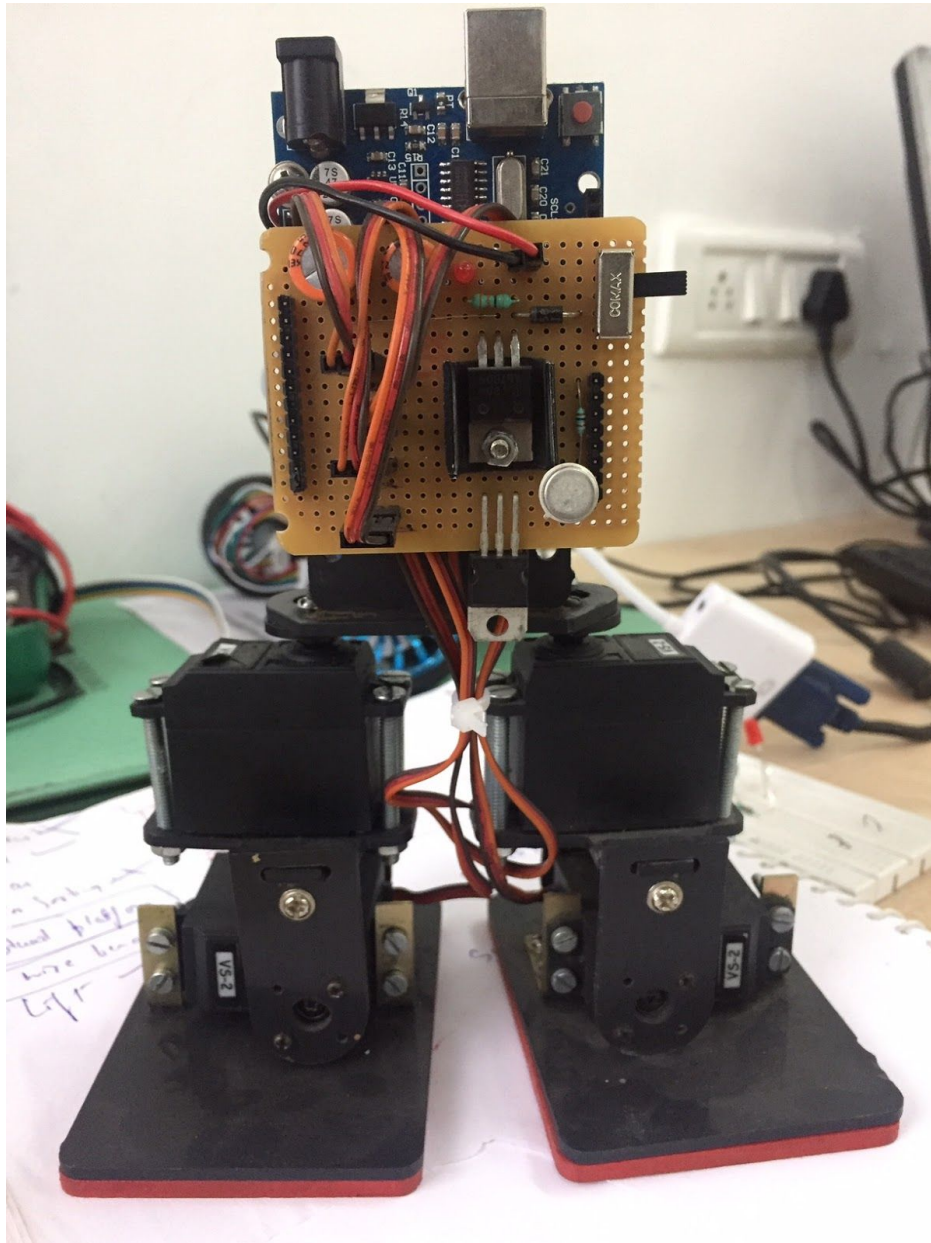


BI-PED



INTRODUCTION:

This 4-DOF Bi-ped robot for is the simplest form of a two-legged walking robot. Using an Arduino Uno board its controller, this robot uses just 4 servo motors to mimic the walking procedure. While two servos are used for the hip joints, the remaining two are used for the ankles. Employing an open-ended design, there is a lot of room for

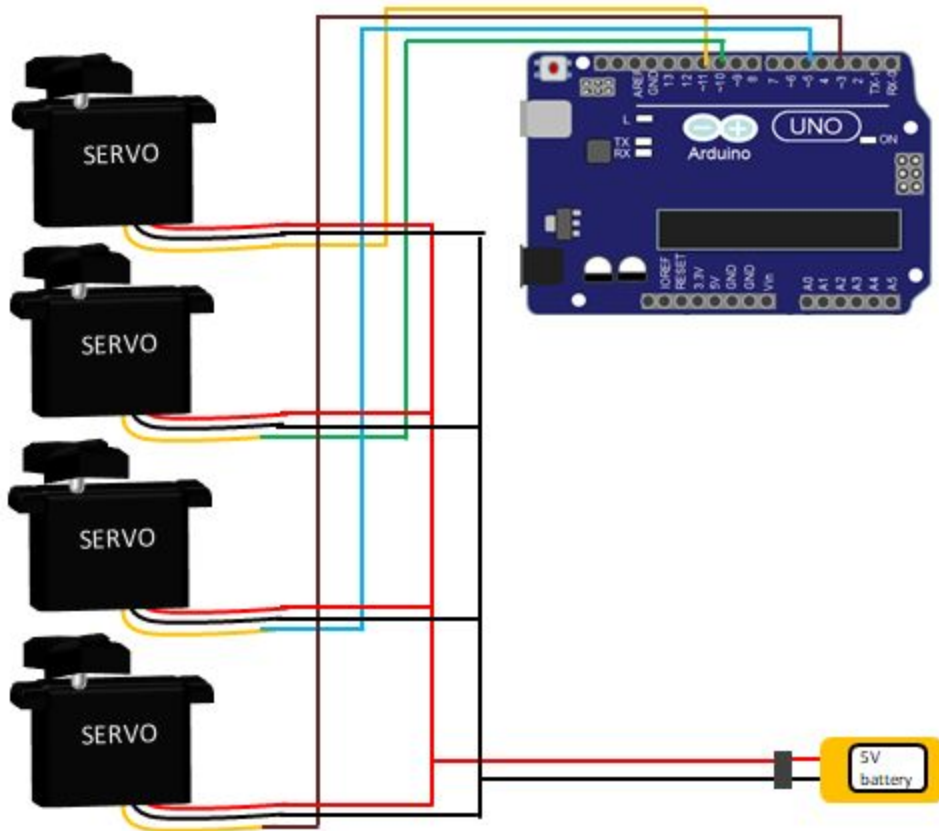
enhancements like obstacle detection (using IR sensors or Ultrasonic sensors), and additional servos (like knee-joints) for improving the gait. It can also be adapted to receive voice commands.

Although running on 5 volts, the Bi-Ped is equipped with an on-board regulator for running on higher-voltage batteries.

COMPONENTS REQUIRED:

1. Arduino Uno
 2. 5V Battery or larger battery with a 5V regulator
- 4 servos (MG995R)**R**

Circuit diagram:



Arduino sketch:

```
#include <Servo.h>
```

```
Servo myservoA; // create servo object to control a servo
```

```
Servo myservoB; // twelve servo objects can be created on most boards
Servo myservoC;
Servo myservoD;
```

```
int posA; // Target servoA position (Left Ankle)
int posB; // Target servoB position (Left Hip)
int posC; // Target servoC position (Right Ankle)
int posD; // Target servoD position (Right Hip)
```

```
int posa; // Current servoA position
int posb; // Current servoB position
int posc; // Current servoC position
int posd; // Current servoD position
int count;
void setup()
{
  pinMode(7, OUTPUT);
  digitalWrite(7, LOW);
  myservoA.attach(5); // attaches myservoA to pin10
  myservoB.attach(3); // attaches myservoB to pin12
  myservoC.attach(10);
  myservoD.attach(11);
```

```
  count = 0;
}
```

```
void loop()
{
  digitalWrite(7, HIGH);
  count = (count + 1);
  if (count <= 500) // Stand Erect
  {
    posA = 93; //RA
    posB = 83; //RH
    posC = 95; //LA
    posD = 85; //LH
  }
  else if ((count >500) && (count <= 550)) // Tilt Right
  {
    posA = 138; //RA
    posB = 83; //RH
    posC = 140; //LA
    posD = 85; //LH
  }
}
```

```

}
else if ((count >550) && (count <= 600)) //Right Hip forward
{
    posA = 138; //RA
    posB = 47; //RH
    posC = 140; //LA
    posD = 55; //LH
}
else if ((count >600) && (count <= 650)) // Level off
{
    posA = 93; //RA
    posB = 47; //RH
    posC = 95; //LA
    posD = 55; //LH
}
else if ((count >650) && (count <= 700)) // Tilt Left
{
    posA = 48; //RA
    posB = 49; //RH
    posC = 50; //LA
    posD = 55; //LH
}
else if ((count >700) && (count <= 750)) // Left Hip Forward
{
    posA = 48; // RA
    posB = 119; //RH
    posC = 50; //LA
    posD = 115; //LH
}

else if ((count > 750) && (count <=800)) // Level Off
{
    posA = 93; // RA
    posB = 119; //RH
    posC = 95; //LA
    posD = 115; //LH
}
else if (count > 800)
{ count = 500; // repeat entire sequence
}

if (posa < posA)
{

```

```
    posa = (posa + 1);    // in steps of 1 degree  
}
```

```
else if (posa > posA)
```

```
{  
    posa = (posa - 1);  
}
```

```
else
```

```
{  
    posa = posA;  
}
```

```
myservoA.write(posa);  
delay(4);
```

```
if (posb < posB)
```

```
{  
    posb = (posb + 1);    // in steps of 1 degree  
}
```

```
else if (posb > posB)
```

```
{  
    posb = (posb - 1);  
}
```

```
else
```

```
{  
    posb = posB;  
}
```

```
myservoB.write(posb);  
delay(4);
```

```
if (posc < posC)
```

```
{  
    posc = (posc + 1);    // in steps of 1 degree  
}
```

```
else if (posc > posC)
```

```
{
  posc = (posc - 1);
}

else
{
  posc = posC;
}
myservoC.write(posc);
delay(4);

if (posd < posD)

{
  posd = (posd + 1);    // in steps of 1 degree
}

else if (posd > posD)

{
  posd = (posd - 1);
}

else
{
  posd = posD;
}
myservoD.write(posd);
delay(4);
}
```