$$\widehat{bcd}$$
  $\widetilde{efg}$   $\dot{A}$   $\dot{R}$   $\dot{A}$   $\check{t}$   $\check{\mathcal{M}}$   $\check{a}$   $i$ 

$$\langle a \rangle \left\langle \frac{a}{b} \right\rangle \left\langle \frac{a}{b} \right\rangle$$

$$(x+a)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \int_{t_1}^{t_2} \binom{n}{k} x^k a^{n-k} f(x) dx$$

$$\bigcup_{a=0}^b \bigcap_{c}^d E \underset{ab}{\rightarrow} F' \underset{cd}{\Rightarrow} G$$

$$\underbrace{\overbrace{aaaaaaa}_{\text{Siedém}}\underbrace{\overbrace{aaaaa}_{\text{pięć}}}$$

$$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}}}} = \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}}}}}}{\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$\aleph_0<2^{\aleph_0}<2^{2^{\aleph_0}}$$

$$x^{\alpha}e^{\beta x^{\gamma}}e^{\delta x^{\epsilon}}$$

$$\oint_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r} = \oint_S \mathbf{\nabla} \times \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{S} \qquad \oint_C \vec{A} \cdot \vec{dr} = \iint_S (\nabla \times \vec{A}) \, d\vec{S}$$

$$(1+x)^n = 1 + \frac{nx}{1!} + \frac{n(n-1)x^2}{2!} + \cdots$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-x^2} dx = \left[ \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-x^2} dx \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-y^2} dy \right]^{1/2}$$

$$= \left[ \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-r^2} r \, dr \, d\theta \right]^{1/2}$$

$$= \left[ \pi \int_0^{\infty} e^{-u} du \right]^{1/2}$$

 $=\sqrt{\pi}$