The crop package

Melchior FRANZ

Nov 19, 2017

Abstract

This article describes the **crop** package¹, which provides different forms of crop marks for trimming paper stacks, for camera alignment and for visualizing the page dimensions. There are options for centering the document page on the paper sheet, for mounting pages on a physical sheet, for reflecting and inverting the whole document or printing it upside-down, and for suppressing either text or graphics output.

The package was originally developed for needs of the Austrian Red Cross/Federal Province of Vienna/Department of Radiation Protection.

Contents

1	Introduction How to use the package		2		3.2	Dependencies	9
2			2		The implementation	9	
	2.1	Conventional options	2		4.1	Preamble	9
	2.2	Runtime options	3		4.2	The device drivers	10
	2.3	Loading	5		4.3	Size options	13
		Color support	6		4.4	Runtime options handling	14
		Custom document page			4.5	Axes and page info	15
		size	6		4.6	The marks	16
	2.6	Custom printing paper			4.7	The kernel	18
		sheet size	7		4.8	Mounting	20
	2.7	Defining your own marks	7		4.9	Page manipulation	21
		The configuration file	8		4.10	Color handling	23
		o e			4.11	The graphics commands.	24
3	How the package works		8		4.12	Final settings	25
	3.1	The kernel mechanism	8		4.13	A mount4 example	25

 $^{^{1}}$ This file has version number 1.10, last revised 2017/11/19.

I'd like to thank ROLF NIEPRASCHK for his useful hints and suggestions, which influenced the package substantially. A big thank you also goes to WALTER SCHMIDT for his extensive tests and his expertise on compatibility issues with different devices.

1 Introduction

It is convenient to print documents for smaller logical paper sizes on paper of the printer's standard physical paper size. On the one hand this keeps from changing paper stacks, on the other hand it allows printing close to the logical paper edge and even outside the logical page.

For trimming a whole paper stack or lining up the single pages on printing plates for photographical duplication a set of corner marks is required.

2 How to use the package

2.1 Conventional options

These options may only be used in the preamble and have to be stated as arguments to the \usepackage command (as in \usepackage [mirror] {crop}).

- a0, a1, a2, a3, a4, a5, a6, b0, b1, b2, b3, b4, b5, b6, letter, legal, executive

 These options declare the printing paper dimensions. One of them should
 be specified if the center option or one of the options dvips, pdftex, luatex
 and vtex is used. The size options do not define the logical document page
 size! See section 2.5 for how to achieve this.
- width, height Instead of using one of the pre-defined paper formats as described above, you can also set the physical paper dimensions directly. You may omit the 'true' specifier if you don't plan to scale the document. Example: \usepackage[cam,width=10truecm,height=13truecm]{crop}
- center This option centers the logical document page on the physical printer paper and therefore requires that you declare the sheet size properly. Write, for example, \usepackage[cam,a4,center]{crop} to center a document of any size on ISO-A4 sheets.
- landscape Use this option in addition to the center option if you want to center a document on *landscape oriented* paper. It has nothing to do with LATEX's landscape document class option.
- dvips, pdftex, pdflatex, luatex, lualatex, vtex, nodriver If you are working with dvips, pdftex, luatex or vtex you may want to pass the dimensions of the paper that you are planning to print on to the respective driver program. Especially viewer programs like evince or xpdf make use of this bounding box information. Unfortunately, this can't be done in a generic way—there's no standard. These options select driver specific methods to set the paper size and to rotate and reflect a page.

The crop package tries to find out by itself which driver to use. You find its choice mentioned in the log file. Additionally, you can *suggest* ([dvips]) or *enforce* ([dvips!]) one of the drivers. In the latter case you only have to add an exclamation point to the driver option. The difference is, that

a suggestion may get overruled by the package. Assume you have asked for [dvips], but run the document file through pdflatex. In this case crop will automatically use the pdflatex driver. You can also force crop not to use any of the drivers by requesting the nodriver option. pdflatex is a synonym for pdftex, and lualatex is a synonym for luatex.

mirror This option reflects the whole document, provided that the selected output driver supports the graphics package's \reflectbox command. It doesn't have any effect on the DVI file.

rotate Rotates the document by 180° so that it appears upside-down. This may be useful to circumvent problems with printers, which do not print close enough to the lower paper edge due to their paper feed mechanism.

invert Lets the whole document be printed white onto black background, if the color package can be loaded and the document is output with a color aware device. All further color changing commands stated in the document are disabled. This option doesn't invert pictures, nor does it really swap text and paper color. Red text on green will still become white text on black. invert is stronger than notext.

notext — This option uses the color package to turn text to white color, after which all further color switching commands are disabled. This makes the text disappear from the printout, although it remains in the output file. See the description of the options nographics and graphics on page 5 for an explanation. This option is ignored if option invert was also requested.

2.2 Runtime options

These options may be used in the preamble like the 'conventional' options (see section 2.1), but also as optional arguments to the \crop command everywhere in the document (as in \crop[frame]). Using this command without options implies \crop[cam,noaxes].

This mode provides four different marks (see figure 1), one for each corner. They indicate the logical paper edges without touching them and can thus be printed on every page. These marks are mainly thought for camera alignment. The \crop command selects this mode if no other mode is requested.

cross This mode provides four 4 cm wide crosses (see figure 1), one at each corner, that touch the logical paper edge. That's why they should be printed on an extra page that will be used as a cover page while trimming the whole paper stack. (This is also the *Red Cross* mode;-)

frame This mode draws a frame around the logical page and is mainly thought for visualizing the document page dimensions.

- off This 'option' makes only sense in connection with the \crop command (i. e. at runtime). It disables all markings and is selected by default if the package is input without requesting any of the marks.
- odd, even Use these options to let the crop marks be put on odd/even pages only. They automatically turn on cam marks if no other marks have been requested. Note that only the page number is considered. If you have two subsequent pages both with page number 1, and ask for the odd option, then both pages will have marks.
- axes, noaxes These options enable/disable the output of little marks that indicate the logical page's horizontal and vertical middle axis and may be selected in addition to one of the main modes. These marks might be needed for punching. Note that they are lost after trimming, since they lie outside the logical page. These marks are disabled by default.
- info, noinfo Print the page information consisting of filename, date, time, page number and page index on every sheet (see figure 1). The page index starts with #1 and is incremented with every page info line, hence being more reliable than page numbers, which are not unique and may be negative or contain letters. It can also be seen as a crop marks counter. Pages without crop marks aren't counted. This page information is enabled by default.
- font The page info line uses \normalfont by default. If you are typesetting the document in non-latin glyphs or a decorative, but less legible font, you may want to request a specific font for that info. Just assign a font switching command like \textsf to the font option parameter, leaving the initial backslash away: [font=textsf]. This command may take one argument (like \textsf{}) or stand alone (like \small). You can, of course, define a more complex command first, and assign that one: \newcommand*\infofont[1]{\textcolor{blue}{\textsf{\small#1}}}\crop[font=infofont]
- color You can set the color of crop marks, axes and info text with this option, if the color package could be loaded. The option takes only color names, as in [color=red]. See the color package documentation for how to define custom colors.
- mount1, mount2 If more than one logical page is to be mounted on a physical sheet, you normally don't want marks to appear on the inner edges, where the pages touch each other. The mount2 option prints only the outer marks. There's also a mount1 option that is selected by default. These commands take a number as an optional argument serving as page offset. Type mount2 or mount2=0 for odd pages right and mount2=1 for odd pages left. Since further modes are likely to be document, driver, and printer dependent, it is up to you to implement them yourself. (See a mount4 suggestion on page 25.)



Figure 1: That's what you see on top of a 9 cm wide document page when cam mode is requested: the marks, jobname, date, time, page number and crop marks index.

horigin, vorigin — The top and left margin are by default 1 inch wide. This can be changed using the dimensions \oddsidemargin, \evensidemargin and \topmargin. It's more convenient, though, to let the geometry package define all these and further parameters. The options horigin and vorigin only move the marks and don't change the page contents. Using these options is almost always a mistake, so use them only as a last resort! Both options take a (mandatory) dimension. These dimensions describe the way from the reference point—the upper left corner of the text block—to the upper left corner of the page in a Cartesian coordinate system. As both horigin and vorigin are by default -1 inch, you would for example write horigin=-.6in to move the marks by 0.4 inch to the right.

graphics, nographics — Color printouts are often more expensive than blackand-white ones, while their text quality is sometimes reduced. Therefore
it may be desirable to create two versions of a document, one with only
text and one with only graphics. Now you can feed the concerned pages
to a color printer to print the notext version, and then to a mono laser
printer with the nographics version. The graphics option turns graphics
on again. You may want to mark up all colored pictures so that you can
decide in the preamble, whether they shall be printed or not.

2.3 Loading

Since all marks lie outside the logical page, the horizontal and vertical offset should be set properly. Otherwise the marks are likely to be cut off by the DVI driver or the printer. Provided that you have declared the size of your printing paper, you can use the **center** option to center every logical page on the respective sheet.

There's, however, no harm in centering an A4 page on A4 paper, in which case both offsets are set to 0 pt (unless, of course, you have set $\mbox{\mbox{mag}} \neq 1000$).

```
\documentclass[a5paper]{article}
\usepackage[cam,a4,center]{crop}
\usepackage[a4,center]{crop}
\usepackage[a4,center]{crop}{cross}
\usepackage[a4,cente
```

You get corner markings at every page shipped out after a cam, cross, or frame mode request until you turn them off by typing \crop[off], or the actual grouping level ends. Typing \crop without argument is equivalent to typing \crop[cam,noaxes]. Axis marks appear only together with one of the modes as listed above. If you only want one cover page for trimming, make sure that a page is actually output in the scope of \crop, for example:

```
\newpage
{\crop[cross,axes]\mbox{}\newpage}
```

2.4 Color support

The crop package always tries to load the color package. You can change the color of the physical page as usual by using the \pagecolor command in the preamble. But after that, within the document environment, \pagecolor is redefined to only color the logical page. The color of crop marks, axes marks and page info can independently be set via the color option. The options invert and notext override any color settings.

2.5 Custom document page size

The crop package respects any page layout that you specify by means of IAT_{EX} dimensions. The following example uses the geometry package, which I strongly recommend. Let's assume you want to print a CD booklet $(4^{23}/_{32} \times 4^{3}/_{4} \text{ inch})$ on ISO-A4 paper:

```
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage[dvips=false,pdftex=false,vtex=false]{geometry}
\geometry{
    paperwidth=4.71875in,
    paperheight=4.75in,
    margin=2em,
    bottom=1.5em,
    nohead
}
\usepackage[cam,a4,center,dvips]{crop}
```

```
\begin{document}
...
\end{document}
```

Note that the crop package should always be requested after setting up the 'geometry'. See the geometry documentation for details. Always disable all of geometry's driver options. While this isn't necessary in every case, it doesn't hurt and it makes your document more portable. You never know how the local geometry.cfg file on other workstations looks like!

2.6 Custom printing paper sheet size

If you want to use one of the center, dvips, pdftex, pdflatex, luatex, lualatex or vtex options together with non-standard printing paper, you can set it via the width and height option, or simply add the respective paper definition to your crop.cfg file (see 2.8). Let's for example define a new weird paper format, whereby the first dimension shall describe the paper width. Don't forget to request true dimensions, otherwise you will get really weird results with scaled documents.

```
\DeclareOption{weird}{\CROP@size{12truecm}{34truecm}}
```

Now you can use your new printing paper format like the pre-defined ones.

```
\usepackage[frame,weird,center]{crop}
```

If you don't need that format regularly or don't want to depend on a crop.cfg file, then you might prefer to declare the dimensions in the document:

\usepackage[frame,width=12truecm,height=34truecm,center]{crop}

2.7 Defining your own marks

\cropdef

If you need a funny mode, you can easily define it with only a couple of macros. The \cropdef command defines the mode switch. It takes as arguments: the name of a macro providing the page info (optional; enclosed in brackets), four macro names to be assigned to the upper left, the upper right, the lower left, and the lower right corner, each representing a picture with zero width and height, or \relax, and finally the mode name. The optional brackets may also be empty, if no page info is wanted, or contain the info code instead of a macro name.

```
\newcommand*\funnymarkB{% % a bullet
\begin{picture}(0,0)
   \unitlength1pt
   \put(0,0){\circle*{5}}
\end{picture}}
\newcommand*\funnyinfo{funny page info}
```

\rewcommand*\funnyinfo\funny page info; \cropdef[\funnyinfo]\relax\funnymarkA\relax\funnymarkB{funny}

Now you can select your new mode by typing \crop[funny].

Each of the axis marks is a picture that you can easily replace by some custom definition. There's no setup command like \cropdef, though. The kernel provides two 'hooks' that can be used to add local extensions. These are macros that default to \relax. The first, \CROP@user@a, is executed at every page, no matter if marks are shown or not, while the second, \CROP@user@b is only executed at pages that contain crop marks. Local definitions and modifications are ideally put into a local configuration file:

2.8 The configuration file

If you want to change the predefined settings or add new features, then create a file named 'crop.cfg' and put it in a directory, where TeX can find it. This configuration file will then be loaded at the end of the crop.sty file, so you can redefine any settings or commands therein, select package options and even introduce new ones. But if you intend to give your documents to others, don't forget to give them the required configuration files, too! That's how such a file could look like:

```
% define a new printing paper size
\DeclareOption{special}{\CROP@size{22truecm}{37truecm}}

% make the internal time string (used in the page
% information) accessible in the whole document
\let\Time\CROP@time

% let's use a different font for the predefined page
% information (we could also have written
% \newcommand*\CROP@font[1]{\textsf{#1}})
\crop[font=textsf]
\endinput
```

3 How the package works

3.1 The kernel mechanism

TeX outputs a page via the \shipout command. The crop package redefines \shipout to insert the requested marks before it outputs the page contents. It is

carefully designed to coexist peacefully with other packages, which use the same method (like the everyshi package by Martin Schröder, from whom I have in fact borrowed some ideas).

In addition to the crop marks every page gets an info line containing the jobname, the current date and time, the page number and an index number printed on top. This line can be turned off (noinfo) and on (info) anywhere in the document.

3.2 Dependencies

3.2.1 latex.ltx

The package works with all \LaTeX 2ε standard classes (tested with \LaTeX 2ε 1997/12/01 and sporadically with later versions), it does not work with plain \Tau X.

The crop package uses (and relies on) the internal LATEX tokens \hb@xt@, \filename@parse, \@classoptionslist, \@ifundefined, \@height, \@depth, \filename@base \@width, \z@, \@ne, \z@skip, \p@, \c@page, \@namedef, \@nameuse, \strip@pt, \two@digits, \count@, \dimen@, \@for, \@empty, \@gobble and \@undefined, all of which are expected to keep their current meaning in future LATEX 2ε releases. The crop package will, however, be supported at least for some years, so you needn't worry about it.

3.2.2 color.sty

crop's color handling depends on the color package. The following internal macros are used directly: \@declaredcolor, \current@color, \set@color, \set@page@color (Tested with color.sty, version 1.0i as of 1999/02/16.)

3.2.3 graphics.sty

crop's driver detection, as well as the options rotate mirror, and nographics depend on the graphics package. The following internal macros are used directly: \Gin@PS@raw, \Ginclude@graphics, \Gin@driver (Tested with graphics.sty, version 1.0l as of 1999/02/16.)

3.2.4 ifluatex.sty

crop's driver detection depends on the ifluatex package.

4 The implementation

4.1 Preamble

\stockwidth \stockheight \CROP@index \CROP@font Make sure that \stockwidth and \stockheight are \dimen registers that hold the physical paper size. They are initially set to the paper size, but will be changed by the size options. These registers are also used/provided by the memoir class

and the hyperref package. The \CROP@font macro is by default empty and can be changed through the font option.

```
1 (*package)
2 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
3 \ProvidesPackage{crop}[2017/11/19 1.10 crop marks (mf)]
4 \RequirePackage{ifluatex}
5 \expandafter\ifx\csname stockwidth\endcsname\relax
      \newdimen\stockwidth
      \stockwidth\paperwidth
8 \fi
9 \expandafter\ifx\csname stockheight\endcsname\relax
      \newdimen\stockheight
10
11
      \stockheight\paperheight
12 \fi
13 \newcount\CROP@index
14 \CROP@index\z@
15 \newcommand*\CROP@font{}
```

\CROP@stockcolor \CROP@pagecolor \CROP@needscolor Try to load the color package. It is needed for the invert and the notext option and, of course, for the modified \pagecolor command. Changing the meaning of \current@color looks dangerous, but it is only done if the color package couldn't be loaded, anyway.

```
16 \let\CROP@stockcolor\@empty
17 \let\CROP@pagecolor\@empty
18 \IfFileExists{color.sty}{%
19
      \RequirePackage{color}%
20
      \let\CROP@needscolor\@empty
21 }{%
      \newcommand*\CROP@needscolor{%
22
          \PackageError{crop}{%
23
               The 'invert' and 'notext' options require the \MessageBreak
24
               'color' package, which doesn't seem to be installed%
25
          }{%
26
               Install the 'color' package or don't use the 'invert'
27
               \MessageBreak or 'notext' option.
28
29
30
          \let\CROP@needscolor\relax
31
32
      \let\current@color\relax
33 }
```

4.2 The device drivers

\CROP@detdriver \CROP@Ginclude@graphics \CROP@ps The options graphics and nographics depend on the graphics package, which, if configured appropriately, also tells us which output device is preferred on the system. Show a warning, if the package couldn't be loaded, because we have to use a less portable PS 'driver' then.

```
34 \let\CROP@detdriver\@empty
```

```
35 \IfFileExists{graphics.sty}{%
                         \RequirePackage{graphics}%
                  36
                         \let\CROP@Ginclude@graphics\Ginclude@graphics
                  37
                         \ifx\Gin@driver\@empty\else
                  38
                             \filename@parse{\Gin@driver}%
                  39
                  40
                             \edef\CROP@detdriver{\filename@base}%
                  41
                         \fi
                         \let\CROP@ps\Gin@PS@raw
                  42
                  43 }{%
                         \PackageWarning{crop}{I couldn't find the 'graphics' package, so
                  44
                             I'll use\MessageBreak my internal PostScript interface%
                  45
                  46
                         \newcommand*\CROP@ps[1]{\special{ps: ##1}}%
                  47
                  48 }
\CROP@reqdriver Define options that suggest ...
                  49 \let\CROP@reqdriver\@empty
                  50 \DeclareOption{vtex}{\def\CROP@reqdriver{vtex}}
                  51 \DeclareOption{pdftex}{\def\CROP@regdriver{pdftex}}
                  52 \DeclareOption{pdflatex}{\def\CROP@reqdriver{pdftex}}
                  53 \DeclareOption{luatex}{\def\CROP@reqdriver{luatex}}
                  54 \DeclareOption{lualatex}{\def\CROP@reqdriver{luatex}}
                  55 \DeclareOption{dvips}{\def\CROP@reqdriver{dvips}}
    \CROP@driver ... or enforce a graphics driver. Note the exclamation points!
                  56 \let\CROP@driver\@empty
                  57 \DeclareOption{vtex!}{\def\CROP@driver{vtex}}
                  58 \DeclareOption{pdftex!}{\def\CROP@driver{pdftex}}
                  59 \DeclareOption{pdflatex!}{\def\CROP@driver{pdftex}}
                  60 \DeclareOption{luatex!}{\def\CROP@driver{luatex}}
                  61 \DeclareOption{lualatex!}{\def\CROP@driver{luatex}}
                  62 \DeclareOption{dvips!}{\def\CROP@driver{dvips}}
                  63 \DeclareOption{nodriver}{\def\CROP@driver{none}}
                  64 \DeclareOption{!}{\def\CROP@driver{none}}
\CROP@evaldriver If \CROP@driver wasn't already set, decide \AtBeginDocument which graphics
                  driver to use. A detected driver takes precedence over a 'suggested' one. Show a
                  warning if the user's choice is ignored.
                  65 \newcommand*\CROP@evaldriver{%
                         \ifx\CROP@driver\@empty
                  66
                             \PackageInfo{crop}{requested driver: '\CROP@reqdriver'}%
                  67
                  68
                             \ifluatex
                                 \def\CROP@detdriver{luatex}%
                  69
                  70
                             \else
                                 \ifx\pdfoutput\@undefined\else
                  71
                                     \ifx\pdfoutput\relax\else
                  72
                                         \ifcase\pdfoutput\else
                  73
                  74
                                              \def\CROP@detdriver{pdftex}%
                  75
                                         \fi
```

```
\fi
 76
                \fi
 77
            \fi
 78
            \ifx\VTeXversion\@undefined\else
 79
                \ifx\VTeXversion\relax\else
 80
                    \def\CROP@detdriver{vtex}%
 81
 82
                \fi
           \fi
 83
            \PackageInfo{crop}{detected driver: '\CROP@detdriver'}%
 84
            \ifx\CROP@reqdriver\@empty\else
 85
                \ifx\CROP@reqdriver\@empty\else
 86
                    \ifx\CROP@reqdriver\CROP@detdriver\else
                         \PackageWarningNoLine{crop}{%
                             You requested the '\CROP@reqdriver' driver
 89
                             but I think that\MessageBreak the
 90
                             '\CROP@detdriver' driver works better in the
 91
                             current\MessageBreak context. You can force
 92
                             me to respect your decision\MessageBreak
 93
 94
                             by adding an exclamation point as in
 95
                             [\CROP@reqdriver!]%
 96
                        }%
                    \fi
 97
                \fi
 98
            \fi
 99
100
            \ifx\CROP@detdriver\@empty
                \let\CROP@driver\CROP@reqdriver
101
102
                \let\CROP@driver\CROP@detdriver
103
            \fi
104
       \fi
105
        \let\CROP@evaldriver\relax
106
107 }
108 \AtBeginDocument{\CROP@evaldriver}
```

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \texttt{\colored} & \texttt{\colored} & \texttt{\colored} \\ \texttt{\colo$

These macros prepare the **crop** package for one of the supported graphics drivers. They don't do anything spectacular, they just select the proper rotate and mirror macro and hand the physical paper size over to the driver program.

```
109 \newcommand*\CROP@init@dvips{%
       \PackageInfo{crop}{using 'dvips' graphics driver}%
111
       \AtBeginDvi{%
112
           \special{papersize=\the\stockwidth,\the\stockheight}%
       }%
113
114 }
115 \newcommand*\CROP@init@pdftex{%
       \PackageInfo{crop}{using 'pdftex' graphics driver}%
116
117
       \let\CROP@reflect\CROP@genreflect
       \let\CROP@rotate\CROP@genrotate
118
       \newcommand*\CROP@shiphook{%
119
           \pdfpagewidth\stockwidth
120
```

```
\pdfpageheight\stockheight
121
122
       }%
123 }
124 \newcommand*\CROP@init@luatex{%
       \PackageInfo{crop}{using 'luatex' graphics driver}%
125
       \pagewidth\stockwidth
126
127
       \pageheight\stockheight
128
       \let\CROP@reflect\CROP@genreflect
       \let\CROP@rotate\CROP@genrotate
129
130 }
131 \newcommand*\CROP@init@vtex{%
       \PackageInfo{crop}{using 'vtex' graphics driver}%
132
       \mediawidth\stockwidth
133
134
       \mediaheight\stockheight
       \let\CROP@reflect\CROP@genreflect
135
       \let\CROP@rotate\CROP@genrotate
136
137 }
138 \newcommand*\CROP@init@none{%
139
       \PackageInfo{crop}{not using any graphics driver}%
140 }
```

4.3 Size options

\CROP@size \CROP@opt@width \CROP@opt@height These options set different standard printing paper sizes, which are needed for centering and as a hint for the dvips, pdftex, luatex or vtex program. Since the physical paper dimensions must not undergo a possible scaling, true dimensions are used. The landscape option exchanges the \hoffset and \voffset values.

```
141 \newcommand*\CROP@size[2]{\stockwidth#1 \stockheight#2 }
142 \DeclareOption{landscape}{%
143
       \def\CROP@size#1#2{\stockheight#1 \stockwidth#2 }%
144 }
145 \DeclareOption{a0}{\CROP@size{841truemm}{1189truemm}}
146 \DeclareOption{a1}{\CROP@size{594truemm}{841truemm}}
147 \DeclareOption{a2}{\CROP@size{420truemm}{594truemm}}
148 \DeclareOption{a3}{\CROP@size{297truemm}{420truemm}}
149 \DeclareOption{a4}{\CROP@size{210truemm}{297truemm}}
150 \DeclareOption{a5}{\CROP@size{148truemm}{210truemm}}
151 \DeclareOption{a6}{\CROP@size{105truemm}{148truemm}}
152 \DeclareOption{b0}{\CROP@size{1000truemm}{1414truemm}}
153 \DeclareOption{b1}{\CROP@size{707truemm}{1000truemm}}
154 \DeclareOption{b2}{\CROP@size{500truemm}{707truemm}}
155 \DeclareOption{b3}{\CROP@size{353truemm}{500truemm}}
156 \DeclareOption{b4}{\CROP@size{250truemm}{353truemm}}
157 \DeclareOption{b5}{\CROP@size{176truemm}{250truemm}}
158 \DeclareOption{b6}{\CROP@size{125truemm}{176truemm}}
159 \DeclareOption{letter}{\CROP@size{8.5truein}{11truein}}
160 \DeclareOption{legal}{\CROP@size{8.5truein}{14truein}}
161 \DeclareOption{executive} {\CROP@size{7.25truein}{10.5truein}}
162 \newcommand\CROP@opt@width{\stockwidth\CROP@@}
```

163 \newcommand\CROP@opt@height{\stockheight\CROP@@}

\CROP@center

The center option sets \voffset and \hoffset so that the document pages are centered on the printing paper sheets.

```
164 \DeclareOption{center}{\AtBeginDocument{\CROP@center}}
165 \newcommand*\CROP@center{%
166 \voffset\stockheight
167 \advance\voffset-\paperheight
168 \voffset.5\voffset
169 \hoffset\stockwidth
170 \advance\hoffset-\paperwidth
171 \hoffset.5\hoffset
172 }
```

4.4 Runtime options handling

Pass every unknown option to the macro \CROP@execopt.

173 \DeclareOption*{\CROP@execopt\CurrentOption}

\crop

The \crop macro allows options to be used both in the preamble and throughout the document. Every argument of the optional argument list is passed to the macro \CROP@execopt. The options cam and noaxes are selected by default.

\CROP@execopt

Every execution of this macro with an argument n leads to the execution of a macro $\CROP@opt@n$ or a warning if no such exists. Optional arguments (separated by an equal sign) are cut off and stored in $\CROP@0$. The macro tolerates even arguments for options that are not prepared to handle arguments (e.g. $\c cross=garbage$), or more than one argument (e.g. $\c mount2=1=garbage$). This makes the design simpler and doesn't hurt.

```
177 \newcommand*\CROP@execopt[1]{%
       \def\CROP@##1=##2=##3\@nil{\def\CROP@{##1}\def\CROP@@{##2}}%
178
       \expandafter\CROP@#1==\@nil%
179
180
       \@ifundefined{CROP@opt@\CROP@}{%
181
           \PackageError{crop}{%
182
                Requested option '#1' not provided%
           }{%
183
                Note that the '*center' options are obsolete. You have to
184
                request\MessageBreak e.g. [a4,center] instead of
185
                [a4center].
186
           }%
187
188
       }{%
189
            \@nameuse{CROP@opt@\CROP@}%
190
       }%
191 }
```

\cropdef The \cropdef macro defines a mode switch (see section 2.7). It supports only corner marks and the page info, but not the axis marks, mainly for hysterical raisins.

```
192 \newcommand*\cropdef[6][\CROP@@info]{%
        \@namedef{CROP@opt@#6}{%
193
           \def\CROP@info{#1}%
194
           \let\CROP@ulc#2
195
           \let\CROP@urc#3
196
197
            \let\CROP@11c#4
            \let\CROP@lrc#5
198
            \let\CROP@@@marks\CROP@marks
199
200
       }%
201 }
```

4.5 Axes and page info

```
The standard definitions for the axes option.
 \CROP@@laxis
 \CROP@@raxis
                202 \newcommand*\CROP@@laxis{%
\CROP@@upaxis
                         \begin{picture}(0,0)
\CROP@@loaxis
                204
                              \unitlength\p@\thinlines
                              \t(-2,0){\t(-1,0){11}}
                205
                         \end{picture}%
                206
                207 }
                208 \newcommand*\CROP@@raxis{%
                         \begin{picture}(0,0)
                209
                             \unitlength\p@\thinlines
                210
                             \put(2,0){\line(1,0){11}}
                211
                         \end{picture}%
                212
                213 }
                214 \newcommand*\CROP@@upaxis{%
                215
                         \begin{picture}(0,0)
                              \unitlength\p@\thinlines
                216
                              \begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \end{array} \end{array} \end{array}
                217
                         \end{picture}%
                218
                219 }
                220 \newcommand*\CROP@@loaxis{%
                         \begin{picture}(0,0)
                221
                              \unitlength\p@\thinlines
                222
                              \t(0,-2){\t(0,-1){11}}
                223
                         \end{picture}%
                224
                225 }
```

\CROP@time \CROP@@info \CROP@opt@font This macro prints the jobname, the current date and time, the page number and an index number at the top of the logical page.

```
226 \newcommand*\CROP@time{}
227 \bgroup
228 \count@\time
229 \divide\time60
```

```
230
        \count\@ne\time
        \multiply\time60
231
        \advance\count@-\time
232
       \xdef\CROP@time{\the\count\@ne:\two@digits{\count@}}
233
234 \egroup
235 \newcommand*\CROP@@info{{%
236
        \global\advance\CROP@index\@ne
        \def\x{\discretionary{}{}{\hbox{\kern.5em---\kern.5em}}}%
237
        \advance\paperwidth-20\p@
238
       \dimen@4pt
239
       \ifx\CROP@pagecolor\@empty
240
241
       \else
            \advance\dimen@\CROP@overlap
242
       \fi
243
       \hb@xt@\z@{%
244
            \hss
245
            246
                \centering
247
248
                \hsize\paperwidth
249
                \vss
                \normalfont
250
                \normalsize
251
                \expandafter\csname\CROP@font\endcsname{%
252
                     ''\jobname''\x
253
                    \theta \simeq \pi/\theta \to \pi/\theta \times \pi
254
255
                    \CROP@time\x
                    page\kern.5em\thepage\x
256
                    \#\the\CROP@index
257
                    \strut
258
                }%
259
                \vskip\dimen@
260
261
            }%
262
            \hss
       }%
263
264 }}
265 \newcommand*\CROP@opt@font{\let\CROP@font\CROP@@}
```

4.6 The marks

The following four macros provide different marks for the cam mode. They do not touch the logical page and can, thus, be printed on every single sheet.

\CROP@@ulc The cam mode corner mark for the upper left corner.

```
266 \newcommand*\CROP@@ulc{%

267 \begin{picture}(0,0)

268 \unitlength\p@\thinlines

269 \put(-30,0){\circle{10}}

270 \put(-30,-5){\line(0,1){10}}

271 \put(-35,0){\line(1,0){30}}
```

```
272
                               \begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \end{array}
                 273
                               \t(-5,30){\{\t(1,0)\{10\}\}}
                               \begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \end{array}
                 274
                          \end{picture}%
                 275
                 276 }
   \CROP@@urc The cam mode corner mark for the upper right corner.
                 277 \newcommand*\CROP@@urc{%
                 278
                          \begin{picture}(0,0)
                 279
                               \unitlength\p@\thinlines
                 280
                               \put(30,0){\circle{10}}
                 281
                               \put(30,-5){\line(0,1){10}}
                               \t(35,0){\t(-1,0){30}}
                 282
                               \begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \end{array}
                 283
                 284
                               \poline{1,0}{10}
                 285
                               \put(0,35){\line(0,-1){30}}
                 286
                          \end{picture}%
                 287 }
                 The cam mode corner mark for the lower left corner.
   \CROP@@llc
                 288 \newcommand*\CROP@@llc{%
                          \begin{picture}(0,0)
                 289
                 290
                               \unitlength\p@\thinlines
                               \t(-30,0){\circle{10}}
                 291
                               \put(-30,-5){\line(0,1){10}}
                 292
                 293
                               \put(-35,0){\line(1,0){30}}
                               \t(0,-30){\circle{10}}
                 294
                 295
                               \t(-5,-30){\t(1,0){10}}
                               296
                          \end{picture}%
                 297
                 298 }
   \CROP@@lrc
                The cam mode corner mark for the lower right corner.
                 299 \newcommand*\CROP@@lrc{%
                 300
                          \begin{picture}(0,0)
                 301
                               \unitlength\p@\thinlines
                               \put(30,0){\circle{10}}
                 302
                 303
                               \put(30,-5){\langle (0,1) (10) \rangle}
                               \poline(-1,0){30}
                 304
                               \put(0,-30){\circle{10}}
                 305
                               \put(-5,-30){\line(1,0){10}}
                 306
                 307
                               \put(0,-35){\line(0,1){30}}
                          \end{picture}%
                 308
                 309 }
\CROP@opt@cam Define the cam mode switch with four different marks.
```

310 \cropdef\CROP@@ulc\CROP@@urc\CROP@@llc\CROP@@lrc{cam}

\CROP@@cross This macro provides a 4 cm wide cross.

\CROP@opt@cross

Define the cross mode switch with four times the same mark.

318 \cropdef\CROP@@cross\CROP@

\CROP@@frame

The frame mode draws a simple frame around the logical page. The frame mark is designed to be used in the upper left corner. Since graphics commands expect numbers without dimensions, \paperwidth and -height are transformed to numbers (representing printer's points). This is done by stripping off the unit pt.

```
319 \newcommand*\CROP@@frame{%
          \begin{picture}(0,0)
320
321
               \unitlength\p@\thinlines
               \begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \end{array}
322
323
               \put(0,0){\line(0,-1){\strip@pt\paperheight}}
               \put(\strip@pt\paperwidth,0){\line(0,-1){\strip@pt\paperheight}}
324
325
               \put(0,-\strip@pt\paperheight){\line(1,0){\strip@pt\paperwidth}}
326
          \end{picture}%
327 }
```

\CROP@opt@frame

Define the frame mode switch with only one mark. The other corners may \relax.

328 \cropdef\CROP@@frame\relax\relax\relax{frame}

4.7 The kernel

\CROP@shipout \shipout \CROP@ship \CROP@shiplist \CROP@gship These macros redefine the T_EX primitive \shipout to insert the contents of the macro \CROP@shiplist on top of the box which contains the page contents ready for output, after which the original \shipout command is executed.

```
329 \let\CROP@shipout\shipout
330 \renewcommand*\shipout{%
331
        \afterassignment\CROP@ship
332
        \setbox\@cclv=%
333 }
334 \newcommand*\CROP@ship{%
       \ifvoid\@cclv
335
            \expandafter\aftergroup
336
337
        \CROP@@ship
338
339 }
340 \newcommand*\CROP@shiplist{%
        \lineskip\z@
341
```

```
\baselineskip\z@
                   343
                           \CROP@kernel
                   344
                           \box\@cclv
                   345
                   346 }
                   347 \newcommand*\CROP@@ship{%
                   348
                           \csname CROP@shiphook\endcsname
                           \CROP@shipout\vbox{\CROP@shiplist}%
                   349
                   350 }
    \CROP@shipadd
                    This macro adds a page manipulation command to the shiplist, which gets every
                    ready page as argument.
                   351 \newcommand*\CROP@shipadd[1]{%
                   352
                           \bgroup
                               \toks@\expandafter{\expandafter#1\expandafter{\CROP@shiplist}}%
                   353
                   354
                               \xdef\CROP@shiplist{\the\toks@}%
                   355
                           \egroup
                   356 }
      \CROP@kernel
                    \CROP@kernel essentially contains a \vbox with zero width and height. The
       \CROP@marks
                    \CROP@hook command—which normally equals \relax—allows to insert com-
     \CROP@@@marks
                    mands that modify the behavior of the selected mode (see the options mount1
                    and mount2). \CROP@user@a and \CROP@user@b are user definable hooks.
\CROP@setmarkcolor
      \CROP@user@a
                   357 \newcommand*\CROP@kernel{%
      \CROP@user@b
                           \CROP@opt@horigin
                               \vskip\CROP@vorigin
\CROP@opt@vorigin
                               \hb@xt@\z@{%}
                   360
                                   \hskip\CROP@horigin
                   361
                   362
                                   \vbox to\paperheight{%
                                       \let\protect\relax
                   363
                   364
                                       \hsize\paperwidth
                                       \CROP@hook
                   365
                                       \CROP@user@a
                   366
                                       \CROP@drawstockcolor
                   367
                   368
                                       \CROP@drawpagecolor
                   369
                                       \CROP@@@marks
                                   }%
                   370
                   371
                                   \hss
                               }%
                   372
                               \vss
                   373
                           }%
                   374
                   375 }
                   376 \newcommand*\CROP@marks{%
                           \CROP@setmarkcolor
                   377
                   378
                           \CROP@user@b
                           \CROP@ulc\null\hfill\CROP@@@info\CROP@upedge\hfill\null\CROP@urc
                   379
                   380
                   381
                           \CROP@ledge\hfill\CROP@redge
                   382
                           \vfill
```

\lineskiplimit\z@

342

```
\CROP@llc\null\hfill\CROP@loedge\hfill\null\CROP@lrc
                 383
                 384 }
                 385 \let\CROP@@@marks\CROP@marks
                 386 \newcommand*\CROP@setmarkcolor{%
                         \let\current@color\CROP@markcolor
                 387
                 388
                         \set@color
                 389 }
                 390 \let\CROP@user@a\relax
                 391 \let\CROP@user@b\relax
                 392 \newcommand*\CROP@opt@horigin{\let\CROP@horigin\CROP@@}
                 393 \newcommand*\CROP@opt@vorigin{\let\CROP@vorigin\CROP@@}
  \CROP@opt@off
                  These macros start and stop the output of crop marks.
   \CROP@opt@odd
                 394 \newcommand*\CROP@opt@off{%
  \CROP@opt@even
                         \let\CROP@@@marks\vfil
                 395
                 396 }
                 397 \newcommand*\CROP@opt@odd{%
                         \def\CROP@@@marks{\ifodd\c@page\CROP@marks\else\vfil\fi}%
                 398
                 399 }
                 400 \newcommand*\CROP@opt@even{%
                         \def\CROP@@@marks{\ifodd\c@page\vfil\else\CROP@marks\fi}%
                 401
                 402 }
                 Enable and disable the output of axis marks and page info.
    \CROP@@@info
 \CROP@opt@info
                  403 \newcommand*\CROP@@@info{}
\CROP@opt@noinfo
                 404 \end{\command*\cROP@opt@info{\cROP@cinfo}} \label{cROP}
  \verb|\CROP@opt@axes|_{405} \verb|\newcommand*\CROP@opt@noinfo{\let\CROP@@@info\relax}|
\CROP@opt@noaxes 406 \newcommand*\CROP@opt@axes{%
                 407
                         \let\CROP@ledge\CROP@@laxis
                         \let\CROP@redge\CROP@@raxis
                 408
                         \let\CROP@upedge\CROP@@upaxis
                 409
                  410
                         \let\CROP@loedge\CROP@@loaxis
                 411 }
                 412 \newcommand*\CROP@opt@noaxes{%
                 413
                         \let\CROP@ledge\relax
                         \let\CROP@redge\relax
                 414
                 415
                         \let\CROP@upedge\relax
                         \let\CROP@loedge\relax
                 416
                 417 }
```

4.8 Mounting

\CROP@opt@mount1 \CROP@opt@mount2

Since \newcommand doesn't allow macro names to contain non-letters, we need a construction with \csname, \endcsname, and \expandafter. \Cnamedef would have worked, too, but it would not have made a check for redefinitions.

```
418 \exp 2 CROP@ \ CROP@opt@mount1\endcsname{% 419 \ \let\CROP@hook\relax 420 }
```

```
421 \newcount\CROP@offset
422 \expandafter\newcommand\expandafter*\csname CROP@opt@mount2\endcsname{%
        \CROP@offset=\ifx\CROP@@\@empty\z@\else\CROP@@\fi
423
        \def\CROP@hook{%
424
            \count@\c@page
425
426
            \advance\count@\CROP@offset
427
            \ifodd\count@
                \let\CROP@ulc\relax
428
                \let\CROP@llc\relax
429
                \let\CROP@ledge\relax
430
            \else
431
432
                \let\CROP@urc\relax
433
                \let\CROP@lrc\relax
                \let\CROP@redge\relax
434
            \fi
435
       }%
436
437 }
```

4.9 Page manipulation

\CROP@genreflect \CROP@genreflect \CROP@rotate \CROP@genrotate The mirror and rotate options add a macro to the *shiplist*, which then gets every output page and embeds it in a Postscript environment (dvips) or lets the graphics package reflect or rotate it (pdftex or luatex). We could also use the generic operations \CROP@genreflect and \CROP@genrotate for the dvips mode. They would produce correct PS documents, the intermediate DVI document, however, would be unreadable.

```
438 \DeclareOption{mirror}{%
       \AtBeginDocument{\CROP@shipadd\CROP@reflect}
439
440 }
   \newcommand*\CROP@reflect[1]{%
441
        \vbox to\z@{%
442
            \vskip\CROP@vorigin
443
            \hb@xt@\z@{%}
444
                \hskip\CROP@horigin
445
446
                \CROP@ps{gsave currentpoint}%
447
                \kern\paperwidth
                \CROP@ps{currentpoint}%
448
                \hss
449
            }%
450
            \vss
451
       }%
452
        \CROP@ps{translate -1 1 scale neg exch neg exch translate}%
453
        \vbox{#1}%
454
        \CROP@ps{grestore}%
455
456 }
457 \newcommand*\CROP@genreflect[1]{%
        \leavevmode
458
459
        \dimen0\CROP@horigin
460
        \kern2\dimen0
```

```
\reflectbox{%
461
            \hb@xt@\paperwidth{\%}
462
                \vbox to\paperheight{%
463
                    #1%
464
                     \vss
465
                }%
466
467
                \hss
            }%
468
       }%
469
470 }
471 \verb|\DeclareOption{rotate}{ } { \% }
        \AtBeginDocument{\CROP@shipadd\CROP@rotate}
472
473 }
474 \newcommand*\CROP@rotate[1]{%
        \hb@xt@\z@{%
475
            \hskip\CROP@horigin
476
            477
                \vskip\CROP@vorigin
478
479
                \CROP@ps{gsave currentpoint}%
480
                \kern\paperheight
                \hb@xt@\z@{%}
481
                     \kern\paperwidth
482
                    \CROP@ps{currentpoint}%
483
                     \hss
484
                }%
485
486
                \vss
487
            }%
            \hss
488
489
        \CROP@ps{translate 180 rotate neg exch neg exch translate}%
490
        \vbox{#1}%
491
492
        \CROP@ps{grestore}%
493 }
494 \newcommand*\CROP@genrotate[1]{\%
        \dimenO\CROP@vorigin
495
        \kern2\dimen0
496
        \leavevmode
497
        \dimen0\CROP@horigin
498
499
        \kern2\dimen0
500
        \rotatebox{180}{%
501
            \hb@xt@\paperwidth{%
502
                \vbox to\paperheight{%
                    #1%
503
                     \vss
504
505
                }%
506
                \hss
507
            }%
       }%
508
509 }
```

4.10 Color handling

552

```
These macros care for the color of crop marks and of the logical and the physical
    \CROP@stockcolor
                       page. The overlap value is the amount that the logical page is drawn over the
     \CROP@pagecolor
     \set@page@color
                       page boundaries on each side. This is necessary to get good results on imprecise
    \CROP@needscolor
                       cutting machines.
  \CROP@defmarkcolor
                      510 \newcommand*\CROP@defmarkcolor[1]{{%
     \CROP@opt@color
                      511
                              \def\set@color{\global\let\CROP@markcolor\current@color}%
\CROP@drawstockcolor _{512}
                              \@declaredcolor{#1}%
 \CROP@drawpagecolor 513 }}
       \CROP@overlap 514 \ifx\CROP@needscolor\@empty
                              \renewcommand*\set@page@color{%
   \CROP@opt@overlap 515
                                  \global\let\CROP@stockcolor\current@color
                      516
                              }%
                      517
                      518
                              \AtBeginDocument{%
                      519
                                  \def\set@page@color{%
                                      \global\let\CROP@pagecolor\current@color
                      520
                                  }%
                      521
                              }%
                      522
                              \CROP@defmarkcolor{black}%
                      523
                      524
                              \let\CROP@needscolor\relax
                      525 \fi
                      526 \newcommand*\CROP@opt@color{%
                      527
                              \CROP@needscolor
                      528
                              \expandafter\CROP@defmarkcolor\expandafter{\CROP@@}%
                      529 }
                      530 \newcommand*\CROP@drawstockcolor{%
                      531
                              \ifx\CROP@stockcolor\@empty
                      532
                              \else
                      533
                                  \rlap{%
                                      \smash{%
                      534
                                          \raise\voffset\hbox{%
                      535
                                               \let\current@color\CROP@stockcolor
                      536
                                               \set@color
                      537
                      538
                                               \hskip-\hoffset
                      539
                                               \vrule width\stockwidth height\z@ depth\stockheight
                      540
                                          }%
                                      }%
                      541
                                  }%
                      542
                              \fi
                      543
                      544 }
                      545 \newcommand*\CROP@drawpagecolor{%
                      546
                              \ifx\CROP@pagecolor\@empty
                              \else
                      547
                                  \rlap{%
                      548
                                      \sh %
                      549
                                          \dimen@\CROP@overlap
                      550
                                          \advance\paperwidth2\dimen@
                      551
```

\advance\paperheight2\dimen@

```
\raise\dimen@\hbox{%
553
                         \let\current@color\CROP@pagecolor
554
                         \set@color
555
                         \hskip-\dimen@
556
                         \vrule width\paperwidth height\z@ depth\paperheight
557
558
                     }%
                }%
559
            }%
560
561
        \fi
562 }
563 \def\CROP@overlap{3truemm}
564 \verb|\newcommand*\CROP@opt@overlap{\let\CROP@overlap\CROP@0}|
```

\CROP@invert

The invert option simply switches to black background and white text, after which it disables all color switching commands. The notext option does the same with white text on white background. The \@gobble on the last line keeps notext from switching to white background and breaking a prior invert.

```
565 \newcommand*\CROP@invert[1]{%
        \CROP@needscolor
566
        \AtBeginDvi{%
567
            \pagecolor{#1}%
568
            \global\let\set@page@color\relax
569
            \global\let\CROP@setpagecolor\relax
570
       }%
571
        \color{white}%
572
       \DeclareRobustCommand*\color[2][]{}%
573
       \let\pagecolor\color
574
575
       \let\textcolor\color
       \let\CROP@invert\@gobble
576
577 }
578 \DeclareOption{invert}{%
        \CROP@invert{black}%
579
        \let\CROP@setmarkcolor\relax
580
581 }
582 \DeclareOption{notext}{%
       \CROP@invert{white}%
583
584 }
```

4.11 The graphics commands

\CROP@opt@nographics \CROP@opt@graphics

The nographics option redefines the \Ginclude@graphics command from the graphics package, so that it outputs its argument as a phantom. This makes the image invisible but takes up the same amount of white space. The graphics option re-enables graphics.

```
585 \newcommand*\CROP@opt@nographics{%
586  \def\Ginclude@graphics##1{%
587  \phantom{%
588  \CROP@Ginclude@graphics{##1}%
```



Figure 2: Possible mount4 arrangement

```
589 }%
590 }%
591 }%
592 \newcommand*\CROP@opt@graphics{%
593 \let\Ginclude@graphics\CROP@Ginclude@graphics
594 }
```

4.12 Final settings

\CROP@horigin \CROP@vorigin Switch off marks and axes, set one page per sheet, load the local configuration file, and process the requested options. Finally: Exit.

Notice that we cannot simply use \ExecuteOptions to preselect options off, noaxes, info, and mount1, because it does not accept default options declared with \DeclareOption*. \Onameuse doesn't complain if the command sequence is undefined. We let this only be executed \AtBeginDocument, because there are possibly commands from the center option in the queue that have to be processed first.

```
595 \newcommand*\CROP@horigin{-1truein}
596 \newcommand*\CROP@vorigin{-1truein}
597 \crop[cam,off,noaxes,info,mount1]
598 \InputIfFileExists{crop.cfg}{%
599  \PackageInfo{crop}{Local config file crop.cfg used}
600 }{}
601 \ProcessOptions
602 \AtBeginDocument{\@nameuse{CROP@init@\CROP@driver}}
603 \endinput
604 \( /package \)
```

4.13 A mount4 example

Since a mount4 mode is likely to be subject to specific local needs, there's only a suggestion provided, which supports a page arrangement as shown in figure 2.

First of all $\CROP@offset$ is set to the value of the (optional) argument or zero. Then $\CROP@hook$ is defined first to set $\count@$ to the page number increased by this offset: p = pagenumber + offset.

```
\label{local_count_one} $$ \operatorname{\count}_{\coloredge} $$ \advance \count_{\coloredge} \CROP@offset $$
```

Now bits 0 and 1 are checked via $\setminus ifodd$ to get p modulo 4, after which the respective marks are deleted. The comments in the example use for simplicity C-notation in which "%" is the modulo or remainder operator, '==' the equal, and '||' the logical (inclusive) OR operator.

```
\int if odd \count @
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             %% if (p % 4 == 1 // p % 4 == 3)
                                                                                                                                                                                 \label{letCROP@llc} $$ \left( CROP@llc\right) = ax $$
                                                                                                                                                                                 \label{letCROP@ledge} $$ \left( CROP@ledge \right) = ax $$
                                                                                                                                                                                 \divide\count@2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       if (p % 4 == 3)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                %%
                                                                                                                                                                                 \int if odd \count @
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               \label{letCROP@inforelax} $$ \left( \operatorname{CROP@info} \right) = ax $$ (a) $$ (b) $$ (b) $$ (c) $$ 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               \label{letCROPQupedge} $$ \left( CROPQupedge \right) = 1.5 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   if (p % 4 == 1)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                %%
                                                                                                                                                                                 \ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath}\ensuremath{\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremat
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     \label{letCROP@lrc} $$ \left( CROP@lrc \right) = ax $$
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     \label{letCROP@loedge} $$ \left( CROP@loedge \right) = ax $$
                                                                                                                                                                                    \backslash fi
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             %% if (p % 4 == 0 // p % 4 == 2)
                                                                                                      \ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath}\ensuremath{\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremat
                                                                                                                                                                                 \label{letCROPQurc} $$ \left( \ensuremath{\textit{let}} \ensuremath{\textit{CROPQurc}} \right) $$
                                                                                                                                                                                 \label{letCROP@lrc} $$ \left( CROP@lrc \right) = ax $$
                                                                                                                                                                                 \label{letCROPOredge} $$ \left( CROPOredge \right) = ax $$
                                                                                                                                                                                 \divide\count@2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   if (p % 4 == 2)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                %%
                                                                                                                                                                                 \int if odd \count @
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  \label{letCROP@llc} $$ \left( CROP@llc \right) = ax $$
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  \label{letCROP@loedge} \
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   if (p % 4 == 0)
                                                                                                                                                                                 \else
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     \label{letCROPQulc} $$ \end{tabular} $
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  \label{letCROP@inforelax} $$ \left( \operatorname{CROP@info} \right) = ax $$ (a) $$ (b) $$ (b) $$ (c) $$ 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  \verb|\left| CROP@upedge| relax|
                                                                                                                                                                              \backslash fi
\fi
}%
```