$$\widehat{bcd} \ \widetilde{efg} \ \dot{A} \ \dot{A} \check{t} \ \check{\mathcal{A}} \ i$$

$$\langle a \rangle \left\langle \frac{a}{b} \right\rangle \left\langle \frac{\frac{a}{b}}{c} \right\rangle$$

$$(x+a)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} x^k a^{n-k}$$

## $\underbrace{aaaaaaa}_{\text{Si\'ed\'em}}\underbrace{aaaaa}_{\text{pi\'e\'e}}$

$$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}}}}} = \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}}}}}}}{\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$\aleph_0 < 2^{\aleph_0} < 2^{2^{\aleph_0}}$$

$$x^{\alpha}e^{\beta x^{\gamma}e^{\delta x^{\epsilon}}}$$

$$\begin{split} \oint_{C} \boldsymbol{F} \cdot d\boldsymbol{r} &= \int_{S} \boldsymbol{\nabla} \times \boldsymbol{F} \cdot d\boldsymbol{S} \qquad \oint_{C} \vec{A} \cdot \vec{dr} = \iint_{S} (\boldsymbol{\nabla} \times \vec{A}) \, \vec{dS} \\ &(1+x)^{n} = 1 + \frac{nx}{1!} + \frac{n(n-1)x^{2}}{2!} + \cdots \end{split}$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-x^2} dx = \left[ \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-x^2} dx \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-y^2} dy \right]^{1/2}$$
$$= \left[ \int_{0}^{2\pi} \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-r^2} r dr d\theta \right]^{1/2}$$
$$= \left[ \pi \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-u} du \right]^{1/2}$$
$$= \sqrt{\pi}$$