Factory method	Returned type	Used to
toList	List <t></t>	Gather all the stream's items in a List.
Example use: List <dish> dishes = menuStream.collect(toList());</dish>		
toSet	Set <t></t>	Gather all the stream's items in a Set, eliminating duplicates.
Example use: Set <dish> dishes = menuStream.collect(toSet());</dish>		
toCollection	Collection <t></t>	Gather all the stream's items in the collection created by the provided supplier.
Example use: Collect	cion <dish> dishes = menuStream.collect(</dish>	coCollection(), ArrayList::new);
counting	Long	Count the number of items in the stream.
Example use: long h	owManyDishes = menuStream.collect(co	unting());
summingInt	Integer	Sum the values of an Integer property of the items in the stream.
Example use: int totalCalories = menuStream.collect(summingInt(Dish::getCalories));		
averagingInt	Double	Calculate the average value of an Integer property of the items in the stream.
Example use: double	e avgCalories = menuStream.collect(avera	
summarizingInt	IntSummary-Statistics	Collect statistics regarding an Integer property of the items in the stream, such as the maximum, minimum, total, and
		average.
Example use: IntSummaryStatistics menuStatistics = menuStream.collect(summarizingInt(Dish::getCalories));		
joining	String	Concatenate the strings resulting from the invocation of the toString method on each item of the stream.
Example use: String shortMenu = menuStream.map(Dish::getName).collect(joining(", "));		
maxBy	Optional <t></t>	An Optional wrapping the maximal element in this stream according to the given comparator or Optional.empty() if
		the stream is empty.
Example use: Optional <dish> fattest = menuStream.collect(maxBy(comparingInt(Dish::getCalories)));</dish>		
minBy	Optional <t></t>	An Optional wrapping the minimal element in this stream according to the given comparator or Optional.empty() if the stream is empty.
Example use: Option	al <dish> lightest = menuStream.collect(r</dish>	ninBy(comparingInt(Dish::getCalories)));
reducing	The type produced by the reduction	Reduce the stream to a single value starting from an initial value used as accumulator and iteratively combining it with
	operation	each item of the stream using a BinaryOperator.
Example use: int totalCalories = menuStream.collect(reducing(0, Dish::getCalories, Integer::sum));		
collectingAndThen	The type returned by the transforming function	Wrap another collector and apply a transformation function to its result.
Example use: int howManyDishes = menuStream.collect(collectingAndThen(toList(), List::size));		
groupingBy	Map <k, list<t="">&gt;</k,>	Group the items in the stream based on the value of one of their properties and use those values as keys in the resulting Map.
Example use: Map <dish.type, list<dish="">&gt; dishesByType = menuStream.collect(groupingBy(Dish::getType));</dish.type,>		
partitioningBy	Map <boolean, list<t="">&gt;</boolean,>	Partition the items in the stream based on the result of the application of a predicate to each of them.
	-	menuStream.collect(partitioningBy(Dish::isVegetarian));
1 1 2 0 minutes and a second an		