Penalized Logistic Regression Approaches to Prediction of CRC

November 29, 2018

Simple Logistic Regression with Variable Selection

```
setwd("~/Documents/Post Geno. Analysis/project")
microbes <- read.csv("microbes.csv", row.names = 1)
metabolites <- read.csv("metabolites.csv", row.names = 1)
combined <-cbind(microbes, metabolites)
samples <- read.csv("samples.csv", row.names = 1)
labels <- samples$case</pre>
```

Microbes Analysis

```
We split the data into 80\% training, and 20\% testing.
```

```
library(caret)
## Loading required package: lattice
## Loading required package: ggplot2
set.seed(42)
training_rows <- createDataPartition(labels, p = 0.8, list = FALSE)
# Split data
y.train <- as.vector(labels[training_rows])</pre>
y.test <- as.vector(labels[-training_rows])</pre>
x.train <- as.matrix(microbes[training rows, ])</pre>
x.test <- as.matrix(microbes[-training_rows, ])</pre>
Run Lasso, Ridge, and Elastic Net:
library(glmnet)
## Loading required package: Matrix
## Loading required package: foreach
## Loaded glmnet 2.0-16
library(pROC)
## Type 'citation("pROC")' for a citation.
##
## Attaching package: 'pROC'
## The following object is masked from 'package:glmnet':
##
##
       auc
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       cov, smooth, var
for (i in 0:10)
  assign(paste("fit", i, sep=""), cv.glmnet(x.train, y.train,type.measure="mse",alpha=i/10,family="binog
yhat0 <- predict(fit0, s=fit0$lambda.min, newx=x.test, type = "class")</pre>
yhat1 <- predict(fit1, s=fit1$lambda.min, newx=x.test, type = "class")</pre>
yhat2 <- predict(fit2, s=fit2$lambda.min, newx=x.test, type = "class")</pre>
yhat3 <- predict(fit3, s=fit3$lambda.min, newx=x.test, type = "class")</pre>
yhat4 <- predict(fit4, s=fit4$lambda.min, newx=x.test, type = "class")</pre>
yhat5 <- predict(fit5, s=fit5$lambda.min, newx=x.test, type = "class")</pre>
yhat6 <- predict(fit6, s=fit6$lambda.min, newx=x.test, type = "class")</pre>
yhat7 <- predict(fit7, s=fit7$lambda.min, newx=x.test, type = "class")</pre>
yhat8 <- predict(fit8, s=fit8$lambda.min, newx=x.test, type = "class")</pre>
yhat9 <- predict(fit9, s=fit9$lambda.min, newx=x.test, type = "class")</pre>
yhat10 <- predict(fit10, s=fit10$lambda.min, newx=x.test, type = "class")</pre>
models <- list(yhat0, yhat1, yhat2, yhat3, yhat4, yhat5, yhat6, yhat7, yhat8, yhat9, yhat10)
for (p in models) {
  accuracy <- 1 - sum(abs(y.test - as.integer(p))) / nrow(y.test)</pre>
 roc obj <- roc(y.test, as.integer(p))</pre>
  print(paste("Accuracy:", accuracy, "AUC:", auc(roc_obj)))
## [1] "Accuracy: AUC: 0.5"
```

Metabolites Analysis

We split the data into 80% training, and 20% testing.

```
library(caret)
set.seed(42)
training_rows <- createDataPartition(labels, p = 0.8, list = FALSE)
# Split data
y.train <- as.vector(labels[training_rows])
y.test <- as.vector(labels[-training_rows])
x.train <- as.matrix(metabolites[training_rows, ])
x.test <- as.matrix(metabolites[-training_rows, ])</pre>
```

Run Lasso, Ridge, and Elastic Net:

```
library(glmnet)
library(pROC)
for (i in 0:10)
  assign(paste("fit", i, sep=""), cv.glmnet(x.train, y.train,type.measure="mse",alpha=i/10,family="binog
yhat0 <- predict(fit0, s=fit0$lambda.min, newx=x.test, type = "class")</pre>
yhat1 <- predict(fit1, s=fit1$lambda.min, newx=x.test, type = "class")</pre>
yhat2 <- predict(fit2, s=fit2$lambda.min, newx=x.test, type = "class")</pre>
yhat3 <- predict(fit3, s=fit3$lambda.min, newx=x.test, type = "class")</pre>
yhat4 <- predict(fit4, s=fit4$lambda.min, newx=x.test, type = "class")</pre>
yhat5 <- predict(fit5, s=fit5$lambda.min, newx=x.test, type = "class")</pre>
yhat6 <- predict(fit6, s=fit6$lambda.min, newx=x.test, type = "class")</pre>
yhat7 <- predict(fit7, s=fit7$lambda.min, newx=x.test, type = "class")</pre>
yhat8 <- predict(fit8, s=fit8$lambda.min, newx=x.test, type = "class")</pre>
yhat9 <- predict(fit9, s=fit9$lambda.min, newx=x.test, type = "class")</pre>
yhat10 <- predict(fit10, s=fit10$lambda.min, newx=x.test, type = "class")</pre>
models <- list(yhat0, yhat1, yhat2, yhat3, yhat4, yhat5, yhat6, yhat7, yhat8, yhat9, yhat10)
for (p in models) {
 accuracy <- 1 - sum(abs(y.test - as.integer(p))) / nrow(y.test)</pre>
 roc_obj <- roc(y.test, as.integer(p))</pre>
  print(paste("Accuracy:", accuracy, "AUC:", auc(roc_obj)))
}
## [1] "Accuracy: AUC: 0.6"
## [1] "Accuracy: AUC: 0.66875"
## [1] "Accuracy: AUC: 0.71875"
## [1] "Accuracy: AUC: 0.71875"
## [1] "Accuracy: AUC: 0.61875"
## [1] "Accuracy: AUC: 0.66875"
## [1] "Accuracy: AUC: 0.61875"
```

Combined Analysis

We split the data into 80% training, and 20% testing.

```
library(caret)
set.seed(42)
training_rows <- createDataPartition(labels, p = 0.8, list = FALSE)
# Split data
y.train <- as.vector(labels[training_rows])
y.test <- as.vector(labels[-training_rows])
x.train <- as.matrix(combined[training_rows, ])
x.test <- as.matrix(combined[-training_rows, ])</pre>
```

Run Lasso, Ridge, and Elastic Net:

```
library(glmnet)
library(pROC)
for (i in 0:10)
{
  assign(paste("fit", i, sep=""), cv.glmnet(x.train, y.train,type.measure="mse",alpha=i/10,family="binor
yhat0 <- predict(fit0, s=fit0$lambda.min, newx=x.test, type = "class")</pre>
yhat1 <- predict(fit1, s=fit1$lambda.min, newx=x.test, type = "class")</pre>
yhat2 <- predict(fit2, s=fit2$lambda.min, newx=x.test, type = "class")</pre>
yhat3 <- predict(fit3, s=fit3$lambda.min, newx=x.test, type = "class")</pre>
yhat4 <- predict(fit4, s=fit4$lambda.min, newx=x.test, type = "class")</pre>
yhat5 <- predict(fit5, s=fit5$lambda.min, newx=x.test, type = "class")</pre>
yhat6 <- predict(fit6, s=fit6$lambda.min, newx=x.test, type = "class")</pre>
yhat7 <- predict(fit7, s=fit7$lambda.min, newx=x.test, type = "class")</pre>
yhat8 <- predict(fit8, s=fit8$lambda.min, newx=x.test, type = "class")</pre>
yhat9 <- predict(fit9, s=fit9$lambda.min, newx=x.test, type = "class")</pre>
yhat10 <- predict(fit10, s=fit10$lambda.min, newx=x.test, type = "class")</pre>
models <- list(yhat0, yhat1, yhat2, yhat3, yhat4, yhat5, yhat6, yhat7, yhat8, yhat9, yhat10)
for (p in models) {
  accuracy <- 1 - sum(abs(y.test - as.integer(p))) / nrow(y.test)</pre>
  roc_obj <- roc(y.test, as.integer(p))</pre>
  print(paste("Accuracy:", accuracy, "AUC:", auc(roc_obj)))
}
## [1] "Accuracy: AUC: 0.6"
## [1] "Accuracy: AUC: 0.6"
## [1] "Accuracy: AUC: 0.65"
## [1] "Accuracy: AUC: 0.65"
## [1] "Accuracy: AUC: 0.65"
## [1] "Accuracy: AUC: 0.61875"
## [1] "Accuracy: AUC: 0.65"
## [1] "Accuracy: AUC: 0.61875"
## [1] "Accuracy: AUC: 0.61875"
## [1] "Accuracy: AUC: 0.66875"
## [1] "Accuracy: AUC: 0.65"
```