Physical Science 303 - Activity

1 Forces and Vector addition

1.1 Review

We review the vector addition rule for the two orthogonal vectors. Consider the \vec{A} and \vec{B} orthogonal to each other oriented along x and y axis. Let their magnitude be 8 and 6 units respectively as shown in the figure below

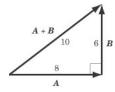


Figure 1: Perpendicular vectors

Then the resultant vector $\vec{C} = \vec{A} + \vec{B}$ has the magnitude

$$|\vec{C}| = \sqrt{|\vec{A}|^2 + |\vec{B}|^2} \tag{1}$$

where $|\vec{A}|$ and $|\vec{B}|$ are the magnitudes of \vec{A} and \vec{B} respectively. This results in $\sqrt{8^2 + 6^2} = 10$. The angle θ that the resultant vector \vec{C} makes with x-axis is

$$\theta = \arctan\left(\frac{|\vec{B}|}{|\vec{A}|}\right) \tag{2}$$

For the given vectors, the resultant vector has the angle $\theta = \arctan\left(\frac{6}{8}\right) = 36.86^{\circ}$. Please make sure to use the setting in degrees while using the calculator.

Newton's II law defines the force in terms of mass and acceleration. The relation is as follows

$$\vec{F}_{\text{Net}} = m\vec{a} \tag{3}$$

where $\vec{F}_{\rm Net}$ is the resultant/net force (use vector addition!). The condition of equlibrium is defined for a system with the total acceleration $\vec{a}=0$. Thus, Newton's II law implies that for a system in mechanical equlibrium, $\vec{F}_{\rm Net}=0$.

1.2 Activity

- 1. Required Box: Box 1
- 2. **Required Items**: 5N Pull Springs, 1N, 2N and 3N Weights, Protractor, Thread Spool and hanging rod

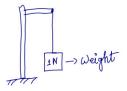


Figure 2: Setup

- 1. Prepare the setup as shown in figure 2 using 1N weight .
- 2. Attach the 5N pull spring in the middle of the thread and stretch it as shown till the marker reads 5N.

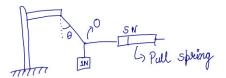


Figure 3: Pull spring

- 3. Measure the angle θ that string makes with the vertical using the protractor.
- 4. Repeat the above steps using 2N and 3N weights and fill the table below.

Weight (N)	θ (°)
1	
2	
3	

1.3 Theoretical Analysis

In this section we aim to determine the angle θ using the vector algebra and Newton's Laws that we covered in the class.

1. Draw the Free Body Diagram for the aparatus (point O) involving the string, the weight and the pull spring. Orient them according to x and y axis and label θ .

2.	Resolve the tension force along x and y axis and write the corresponding magnitude (in terms of θ and
	with appropriate sign):
	$T_x =:$, T_y :

3. Finally, using the above forces, apply Newton's II law of motion along both x and y direction for the mechanical equlibrium condition. You should obtain 2 equations (for each direction) with two unknown variables (tension T and θ). Compute the unknowns for each weight (1N, 2N and 3N).

4. Fill up the table

Weight (N)	θ (°)	Tension (N)
1		
2		
3		

Answer the following questions

- 1. The value of θ without the pull spring is _____
- 2. Is the value of θ dependent on the tension in the string? How or why?