

Module 1: Talking About the Market and Food

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Congratulations! You passed!

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Module 1 Review

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1. How would you conjugate the verb *gustar* in the following sentence?

1 / 1 point

A ella le _____ todas las frutas.

- ☐ gusto
- ☐ gustas
- ☐ gusta
- ☒ gustan

✓

Correct

To agree with the subject "las frutas," *gustar* is conjugated as *gustan*.

2. How would you conjugate the verb *gustar* in the following sentence?

1 / 1 point

No te _____ la carne.

- ☒ gusta
- ☐ gusto
- ☐ gustan
- ☐ gustas

✓

Correct

To agree with the subject "la carne," *gustar* is conjugated as *gusta*.

3. How would you translate the following sentence to Spanish?

1 / 1 point

Whom are you calling?

- ☒ ¿A quién llamas?
- ☐ ¿Qué llamas?
- ☐ ¿Qué llamo?
- ☐ ¿A quién llamo?

✓

Correct

A *quién* means 'to whom.' The subject in this sentence is *tú*, so the correct conjugation of the verb *llamar* is *llamas*. This question translates to 'Whom are you calling?' in English.

4. How would you translate the following sentence to Spanish?

1 / 1 point

Where are the melons?

- ☐ ¿Cuánto están los melones?
- ☐ ¿Dónde son los melones?
- ☒ ¿Dónde están los melones?
- ☐ ¿Qué están los melones?

✓

Correct

Dónde means 'where.' *Están* is the correct conjugation of the verb to be—*estar* in this case because the question is talking about location. This question translates to 'Where are the melons?' in English.

5. Listen to or read the following story and answer the question that follows.

1 / 1 point

Anita va al mercado a comprar comida. Ella tiene poco dinero. Solo compra la carne en oferta.



What does Anita buy at the market? ¿Qué compra Anita en el mercado?

- ☐ Leche y poca carne
- ☐ Frutas y verduras
- ☐ Poco dinero
- ☒ La carne en oferta

✓

Correct

La carne en oferta means 'the meat on sale.' In the story, it says, "Solo compra la carne en oferta." She only buys the meat that is on sale.

6. Listen to or read the story and answer the question that follows.

1 / 1 point

Anita va al mercado a comprar comida. Ella tiene poco dinero. Solo compra la carne en oferta.



How much money does Anita have? ¿Cuánto dinero tiene Anita?

- ☐ Mucho dinero
- ☐ Veintisiete dolares
- ☐ Mil pesos
- ☒ Poco dinero



Correct

Poco dinero means 'very little money.' In the story, it says, "Ella tiene poco dinero." She doesn't have much money with her.

7. Listen to or read the story and answer the question that follows.

1 / 1 point

A Carlos le gusta probar comidas diferentes. Él quiere probar carne con mangos.



What food does Carlos want to try? ¿Qué comida quiere probar Carlos?

- ☐ Mangos y leche
- ☐ Carne al gusto
- ☐ Comidas difíciles
- ☒ Carne con mangos



Correct

In the story is states, "Él quiere probar carne con mangos." He wants to try meat with mangoes.

8. Listen to or read the story and answer the question that follows.

1 / 1 point

A Carlos le gusta probar comidas diferentes. Él quiere probar carne con mangos.



What does Carlos like to do? ¿Qué le gusta hacer a Carlos?

- ☒ Probar comidas diferentes
- ☐ Comer carne con mangos
- ☐ Carne al gusto
- ☐ Servir mangos y leche



Correct

In the story is states, "A Carlos le gusta probar comidas diferentes." He likes to try different foods.

9. Select the indirect object pronoun that correctly completes the following sentence:

1 / 1 point

Sí, él ____ (us) sirve bien.

- ☐ les
- ☐ le
- ☐ os
- ☒ nos



Correct

As an indirect object pronoun, *nos* means 'us.' *Sí, él nos sirve bien.* 'Yes, he serves us well.'

10. Select the indirect object pronoun that correctly completes the following sentence:

1 / 1 point

El camarero ____ (you plural, informal) ofrece las bebidas.

- ☐ le
- ☐ nos
- ☐ les
- ☒ os



Correct

As an indirect object pronoun, *os* means 'you' in the second person plural form. *El camarero os ofrece las bebidas.* 'The waiter offers you the drinks.'

11. Select the indirect object pronoun that correctly completes the following sentence:

1 / 1 point

Ellos no ____ (me) invitan a la fiesta.

- ☐ le
- ☐ te
- ☒ me
- ☐ nos



Correct

As an indirect object pronoun, *me* means 'me.' *Ellos no me invitan a la fiesta.* 'They don't invite me (or are not inviting me) to the party.'

12. Select the answer that correctly completes the following sentence:

1 / 1 point

Les invite a _____ a mi fiesta.

- ☐ les
- ☐ a nosotros
- ☒ ustedes
- ☐ a usted



Correct

The indirect object *les* can double up with the pronoun *a ustedes* to clarify to whom the sentence is referring. *Les invite a ustedes a mi fiesta.* 'I invite you all to my party.'

13. How do you make the following request politely in Spanish?

0 / 1 point

Can you please bring me more fruit?

- ☐ ¿Puede usted traerme más fruta?
- ☐ ¿Puede usted traernos más fruta?
- ☐ ¿Puedes tu traerme más fruta?
- ☒ ¿Puede usted traerte más fruta?



Incorrect

Please review lessons "Making Requests Politely" and "More Irregular Verbs in the Present Tense" for more assistance.

14. How do you make the following request politely in Spanish?

1 / 1 point

Can you please go to the market?

- ☐ ¿Por favor, vamos al mercado?
- ☒ ¿Puedes ir al mercado tú?
- ☐ ¿Puedes ir al mercado vosotros, por favor?
- ☐ ¿Puedo ir al mercado yo?



Correct

¿Puedes ir al mercado tú? means 'Can you please go to the market?'

15. Select the answer that correctly completes the following sentence:

1 / 1 point

¿Me _____ traer más agua?

- ☒ quiere
- ☐ pone
- ☐ por favor



Correct

¿Me quiere traer más agua? means 'Can you please bring me more water?'

16. Select the answer that correctly completes the following sentence:

1 / 1 point

¿Nos _____ un café?

- ☒ pones
- ☐ traer
- ☐ poner
- ☐ por favor



Correct

¿Nos pones un café? means 'Can you please bring us a coffee?'

17. How would you conjugate the verb *caer* in the present tense to agree with the subject *ustedes*?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ caigo

- ☐ caien
- ☒ caen
- ☐ cayen

✓ **Correct**
Ustedes caen is the correct conjugation of the verb *caer* in this example.

18. How would you conjugate the verb *producir* in the present tense to agree with the subject *yo*?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ produgo
- ☒ produzco
- ☐ produco
- ☐ produces

✓ **Correct**
Yo produzco is the correct conjugation of the verb *producir* in this example.

19. Which of the following verbs insert a 'g' in the *yo* form?

1 / 1 point

- ☒ Oír, caer, traer
- ☐ Producir, conducir, traducir
- ☐ Caer, conducir, producir
- ☐ Caer, traer, producir

✓ **Correct**
Oír, caer, traer all insert a 'g' in the *yo* form of the verb: *oigo, caigo and traigo*

20. Conjugate the verb indicated to complete the sentence correctly.

1 / 1 point

Mi madre y yo _____(decir) que las peras son mejores que las manzanas.

- ☐ dice
- ☒ decimos
- ☐ decís
- ☐ dicen

✓ **Correct**
Mi madre y yo decimos que las peras son mejores que las manzanas.

'My mother and I (we) say that pears are better than apples.' *Decir* is regular in the *nosotros* form.

21. Conjugate the verb indicated to complete the sentence correctly.

1 / 1 point

Ellos _____(repetir) la lección.

- ☒ repiten
- ☐ repite
- ☐ repetimos
- ☐ repeten

✓ **Correct**
Ellos repiten la lección means 'They repeat the lesson.' *Repetir* is an irregular verb, whose stressed vowel -e changes to -i in the third person form.

22. Which of the following answers means 'to have a good time'?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ Dar un paseo
- ☒ Pasarlo bien
- ☐ Quedar con amigos
- ☐ Dar gato por liebre

✓ **Correct**
Pasarlo bien means 'to have a good time.'

23. Which of the following answers means 'to fool someone'?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ Pasarlo bien
- ☐ Quedar con amigos
- ☒ Dar gato por liebre
- ☐ Dar un paseo



Correct

Dar gato por liebre means 'to fool someone.'

24. Which of the following answers means 'to make a date with friends'?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ Pasar un buen rato
- ☒ Quedar con amigos
- ☐ Dar gato por liebre
- ☐ Dar un paseo



Correct

Quedar con amigos means 'to make a date with friends.'

25. Which of the following answers means 'to have a good time'?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ Quedar con amigos
- ☐ Dar un paseo
- ☐ Dar gato por liebre
- ☒ Pasar un buen rato



Correct

Pasar un buen rato means 'to have a good time.'